

UPSC MCQ's 2019

IAS Prelims MCQ's On Polity

Ques 1

Which of the following features of the Constitution have been borrowed from the Government of India Act of 1935?

1. Office of governor
2. Concurrent list
3. Emergency Provisions
4. Rule of law

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 4
- b. 1, 3 and 4 only
- c. 1, 2 and 3 only
- d. All of the above

ANS = b

Ques 2

Consider the following statements regarding the Advocate General of a State:

1. The Advocate General of a State must be qualified to be appointed as a judge of a high court.
2. Constitution specifies the age of Advocate General to be not more than 65 years.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = a

Ques 3

Under the Anti-Defection Law, the Speaker of the Lok Sabha takes decisions on the question of disqualification of a member of the House under which of the following capacity?

- a. Arbitration
- b. Presiding Officer
- c. Administrative Head of the Lok Sabha
- d. Tribunal

ANS = d

Ques 4

Which Schedule of the Constitution is related to allocation of seats in the Rajya Sabha to the States and the Union Territories?

- a. Fourth Schedule
- b. Fifth Schedule
- c. Sixth Schedule
- d. Seventh Schedule

ANS = a

Ques 5

A constitutional amendment to the Fundamental rights

- a) Cannot be challenged in the court of law
- b) Can be challenged on the ground that it violates basic structure of the constitution
- c) Can be challenged under Article 32 on the grounds of violation of Fundamental rights
- d) Is deemed to be a violation to the basic structure of the constitution

ANS = b

Ques 6

Consider the following Statements:

- 1. Sare Jahan Se Acha was written by Muhammad Iqbal.
- 2. National Anthem was written by Bankim Chandra Chatterjee.
- 3. National Song was written by Rabindranath Tagore.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 2 and 3 only
- b. Only 1 and 3
- c. Only 1
- d. All the above

ANS = c

Ques 7

Which of the following is/are the characteristics of the Federal System?

- 1. Division of power between Centre and States
- 2. Supremacy of the Constitution.
- 3. Bicameralism
- 4. Separation of Power

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 1
- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 1, 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 4 only

ANS = c

Ques 8

The subject of 'Urban Local Government' is managed by which of the following Ministries of Government of India?

- 1. Ministry of Panchayati Raj
- 2. Ministry of Urban Development
- 3. Ministry of Home Affairs
- 4. Ministry of Defence

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 1
- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 2, 3 and 4 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3 only

ANS = c

Ques 9

Which of the following pairs are correctly matched?

- i) Seventh schedule – Union, state and concurrent lists
- ii) Third schedule – Provisions so as to the President and Governors of states
- iii) Second schedule – Oaths and affirmations
- iv) Tenth schedule – Provisions for disqualification on the ground of defection

Answers:

- a) i) and iii) only
- b) ii) and iv) only
- c) i), ii) and iii) only
- d) i) and iv) only

ANS = d

Ques 10

Which of the following bodies of India have a quasi-judicial function?

- 1. Comptroller and Auditor General of India
- 2. Finance Commission
- 3. Election Commission of India
- 4. Central Information Commission
- 5. National Human Rights Commission

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1 and 3 only
- b. 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- c. 3, 4 and 5 only
- d. All the above

ANS = d

Ques 11

In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court held Federalism to be a part of the basic structure of the Constitution?

- a. Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala
- b. S.R.Bommai v. Union of India
- c. Minerva Mills v. Union of India
- d. Golak Nath v. State of Punjab

ANS = b

Ques 12

Consider the following statements regarding 'Zero Hour' discussion:

- 1. It is an informal device not mentioned in the Rules of Procedure of the Houses.
- 2. It is directed against an individual member.
- 3. It covers questions raised over matters of public importance.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 2 and 3 only

- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 1 and 3 only
- d. All the above

ANS = d

Ques 13

What are the powers of Gram Sabha in the areas covered under the Panchayat (Extension to the Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996?

- 1. It shall approve all plans for social and economic development for implementation
- 2. It shall identify or select persons as beneficiaries under poverty alleviation schemes.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 14

Which of the following languages is *not* a part of Scheduled Languages under Eighth Schedule of the Constitution?

- 1. Kashmiri
- 2. Nepali
- 3. Tamil
- 4. Mathilli

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 1
- b. 1 and 4 only
- c. 1 and 2 only
- d. None of these

ANS = d

Ques 15

“Rule of Law’ contains which of the following principles:

- 1. No person can be punished or made to suffer in body or goods except for the violation of law.
- 2. No person shall be punished without being heard.
- 3. No person shall be a judge of his own case.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. 2 and 3 only
- c. 1 and 2 only
- d. 1 and 3 only

ANS = a

Ques 16

The National Green Tribunal has jurisdiction over which of the following laws?

1. Air (Prevention and Control Of Pollution) Act
2. Water (Prevention and Control Of Pollution) Act
3. Scheduled Tribes (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act 2005
4. Forest (Conservation) Act
5. Public Liability (Insurance) Act.

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1, 2, 4 and 5 only
- c. 1, 2 and 4 only
- d. 2 and 4 only

ANS = b

Ques 17

The objective(s) of the Theory of Separation of Power is/are:

1. to prevent the concentration of powers of government in a single authority.
2. To safeguard the individual's liberty.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 18

i) Supreme court has jurisdiction over the decisions regarding disqualification of a member of the parliament.

ii) An exemption has been provided to the Speaker and deputy speaker of the House of people to disqualification.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) i) only
- b) ii) only
- c) Both i) and ii)
- d) None

ANS = b

Ques 19

Majority as under Article 368 is needed in which of the following:

1. For the passage of Constitutional Amendment Bill in the Parliament.
2. For the removal of judges of SC and HCs.
3. For the continuation of national emergency.
4. For the removal of Speaker of Lok Sabha.
5. for the removal of Vice-president in Rajya Sabha.

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 1
- b. 1, 2 and 3 only
- c. 1, 4 and 5 only
- d. 4 and 5 only

ANS = b

Ques 20

Which of the following provisions of the Constitution were amended under the Constitution (Ninety-Fifth Amendment) Act, 2009?

- 1. Substituted "Odia" for "Oriya"
- 2. Gave a Constitutional status and protection to co-operative societies.
- 3. extended the reservation of seats for SCs and STs in the Lok Sabha and the State Legislative Assemblies for a further period of 10 years.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Only 3
- d. 1 and 2 Only

ANS = c

Ques 21

Consider the following statements in relation to Article 368 of the constitution.

- i) It deals with power of the Parliament to amend the constitution and its procedure.
- ii) Under this, the Parliament is empowered to amend anything and everything in the constitution.
- iii) Amendment can be done by variation or addition only.

Which of the above statements is correct?

- a) i) only
- b) i) and iii) only
- c) i), ii) and iii)
- d) None of the above

ANS = a

Ques 22

Which of the following is/are NOT full-fledged govt.(s)?

- 1. Cabinet form of government.
- 2. Coalition government
- 3. Minority government
- 4. Care-taker government

ANS = d

Ques 23

The Parliament can make any law for whole or any part of India for implementing International Treaties:

- a. with the consent of all the States
- b. without the consent of any State

- c. with the consent of majority of the States
- d. with the consent of the States concerned

ANS = b

Ques 24

- i) The President is not answerable to any court for exercising the powers and duties of his office.
 - ii) Article 365 empowers the President to hold that a situation of constitutional failure has arisen in a state.
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) i) only
- b) ii) only
- c) Both i) and ii)
- d) None

ANS = c

Ques 25

Consider the following statements:

1. DPSPs are positive obligations of the State.
2. DPSPs are non-justiciable in character.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 26

- i) The official language of the union is to be Hindi written in Devanagari script.
 - ii) State legislatures have the authority to decide on the official language of the state.
 - iii) All proceedings in the Supreme Court have to be in Hindi and English only.
- Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- a) i) only
- b) i) and iii) only
- c) iii) only
- d) ii) and iii) only

ANS = c

Ques 27

Consider the following statements:

1. The Constitution describes India as the "Federation of India".
2. The expression 'Union of India' protects the unity and territorial integrity of India better than the expression "Federation of India".

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2

- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 28

Which among the following ideals in the Preamble to the Constitution of India has been borrowed from the Russian Constitution?

- a. Justice
- b. Liberty
- c. Equality
- d. Fraternity

ANS = a

Ques 29

Which of the following changes were made in the Constitution under 97th Constitutional Amendment Act of 2011:

1. Part IX-B was added to the Constitution.
2. A new DPSP on promotion of co-operative societies was included.
3. Right to form co-operative societies was made a Fundamental right.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 3
- b. 2 and 3 only
- c. 1 and 3 only
- d. All the above

ANS = d

Ques 30

Which of the following provisions makes the Indian Constitution rigid?

1. A Constitutional Amendment Bill shall be passed by a special majority as given under article 368 and not by simple majority.
2. Some of the Constitutional Amendment Bills passed by the Parliament shall have to be ratified by not less than half of the State Legislatures.
3. A Constitutional Amendment Act cannot violate the basic structure of the Constitution.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. Only 2
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. All the above

ANS = b

Ques 31

Consider the following statements regarding District Councils under Sixth Schedule:

1. There should be a District Council for each autonomous district.

2. Out of the 30 members of District Council, not more than 4 persons shall be nominated by the Governor and the rest shall be elected on the basis of adult suffrage.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 32

Consider the following statements regarding the Speaker:

1. The Speaker may be removed by a resolution passed by both the Houses of Parliament by a majority of the Houses.
2. The Speaker may not be a member of the House at the time of his/her election as Speaker, but he/she shall become a member within 6 months.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = d

Ques 33

Consider the following statements :

1. The form of oath or affirmation made by the judges of the Supreme Court and Attorney General is the same.
2. The oath of secrecy is to be made by all the members of Parliament.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = d

Ques 34

The Sixth Schedule of the Constitution is applicable to the States of:

1. Assam
2. Manipur
3. Nagaland
4. Meghalaya
5. Tripura
6. Mizoram

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1, 4, 5 and 6 only
- b. 1, 2, 5 and 6 only

- c. 1, 3, 4 and 5 only
- d. All the above

ANS = a

Ques 35

Which of the following powers is available to the President but not to the Governor of a state?

1. Power to grant pardon in case of death sentence
2. Diplomatic powers
3. Power to veto the bills passed by the state legislature
4. Power to declare emergency

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1 and 4 only
- b. 2 and 3 only
- c. 1, 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 4 only

ANS = d

Ques 36

When the Prime Minister submits his resignation to the President, then which of the following statements is correct?

- a. He can dissolve the Lok Sabha without accepting the resignation.
- b. He can ask the Prime Minister to continue in his caretaker capacity pending the acceptance of his resignation.
- c. It is obligatory for the president to accept the resignation.
- d. He can ask the Prime Minister to reconsider the resignation.

ANS = c

Ques 37

Consider the following statements regarding the Tribes Advisory Council:

1. Tribes Advisory Council is established *only* in states having scheduled tribes.
2. The Tribes Advisory Council consists of not more than 20 members.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 38

Which of the following items are included under the State List in the Seventh Schedule of the Constitution?

1. Markets and fairs
2. Veterinary training and practice
3. Pilgrimages
4. Prisons

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 4
- b. 3 and 4 only
- c. 1 and 4 only
- d. All the above

ANS = d

Ques 39

Consider the following statements :

1. The Anti-Defection Law does not apply if a member goes out of his party as a result of a merger of the party with another party.
2. The Anti-Defection Law does not apply if a member, after being elected as the presiding officer of the House, voluntarily gives up the membership of his party or rejoins it after he ceases to hold that office.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 40

Consider the following statements:

1. Preamble is used to interpret the provisions as to Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.
2. Preamble, although not part a part of the Constitution, can be amended just like any other provision of the constitution.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = a

Ques 41

The members of the council of Ministers are *individually* responsible to which of the following Constitutional authorities?

- a. Prime Minister
- b. Parliament
- c. President
- d. Speaker of the Lok Sabha

ANS = c

Ques 42

When the principle of 'due process of law' is applied which of the following is a necessary condition?

- a. Principle of Natural Justice
- b. Power of judicial review
- c. Doctrine of Procedure established by law
- d. Independence of judiciary

ANS = b

Ques 43

Under which of the following circumstances, a Bill pending before the Parliament does not lapse on the dissolution of the Lok Sabha?

- a. A bill introduced in and pending before the Lok Sabha
- b. A Bill passed by the Lok Sabha but pending before the Rajya Sabha.
- c. A Bill passed by the Rajya Sabha but pending before the Lok Sabha.
- d. A Bill referred to a joint sitting of both Houses of the Parliament to resolve the deadlock over the passage of the Bill, before the dissolution of the Lok Sabha.

ANS = d

Ques 44

Which of the following provisions safeguard and ensure the independent and impartial functioning of the UPSC:

- 1. The pension of the Chairman and members of UPSC are charged on the Consolidated Fund of India.
- 2. The members of UPSC are not eligible for further employment.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = a

Ques 45

Consider the following statements regarding National Emergency:

- 1. A proclamation of National Emergency may be applicable to the entire country or only a part of it.
- 2. The President can proclaim a National Emergency only after receiving a written recommendation from the cabinet.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 46

The President can act on his discretion under which of the following situation(s):

- 1. Appointment of Prime Minister when no party has a clear majority in the Lok Sabha.

2. Dissolution of the Lok Sabha if council of ministers has lost its majority.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 47

Consider the following stages through which the budget goes in the Parliament:

1. Presentation of Budget
2. Passing of Financial Bill
3. Scrutiny by Departmental Committee
4. Passing of Appropriation Bill.
5. General Discussion
6. Voting on Demands for Grants

Select the correct code for the passage of Budget:

- a. 1-5-3-6-4-2
- b. 5-1-3-6-4-2
- c. 3-5-1-6-4-2
- d. 3-1-5-6-4-2

ANS = a

Ques 48

Which of the following veto powers are not enjoyed by the President of India?

1. Absolute veto
2. Qualified Veto
3. Suspensive veto
4. Pocket veto

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. 1 and 2 only
- d. All the above

ANS = b

Ques 49

Which of the following taxes are levied by the Centre but collected and appropriated by the states (Art 268)?

1. Taxes on the sale of goods in the course of inter-state trade.
2. Any cess levied for specific purposes.
3. Land Revenue
4. Tolls

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 3

- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 1,2 and 4 only
- d. None of these

ANS = d

Ques 50

The Chief Minister of a State is NOT eligible to vote in the Presidential election if

- a. He himself is a candidate.
- b. He is yet to prove his majority on the floor of the Lower House of the Legislature.
- c. He is a member of the Upper House of the state legislature.
- d. He is a caretaker Chief Minister.

ANS = c

Ques 51

In which of the following matters the powers and status of the Rajya Sabha are equal to the Lok Sabha:

- 1. Introduction and passage of Constitutional Amendment Bills
- 2. Authorizing the Parliament to create new All-India Services
- 3. Election and impeachment of the President
- 4. Removing the council of ministers by passing a no-confidence motion.

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1 and 3 only
- b. 1, 3 and 4 only
- c. 3 and 4 only
- d. 1, 2 and 4 only

ANS = a

Ques 52

The Chief Information Commission members is appointed by President on the recommendation of a committee consisting of:

- 1. Prime Minister
- 2. Leader of Opposition in Lok Sabha
- 3. Chief Justice of India
- 4. Union Cabinet Minister

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1 and 3 only
- b. 1, 2 and 3 only
- c. 1, 3 and 4 only
- d. 1, 2 and 4 only

ANS = d

Ques 53

Consider the following statements regarding Preventive Detention:

- 1. No person shall be taken into Preventive Detention beyond 3 weeks without the approval of an Advisory Board.

2. No person can be taken into Preventive Detention without the authority of law.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 54

Which of the following articles of the constitution deals with Right to consult a legal practitioner of one's choice?

- a. Article 15
- b. Article 20(2)
- c. Article 22
- d. Article 21

ANS = c

Ques 55

Consider the following statements regarding the language of administration:

1. The official language of the Union is Hindi in Devanagari script but the numerals shall be written in International form of Indian numerals.
2. It is necessary that the text of every Act be translated and published in English.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = a

Ques 56

Consider the following statements:

1. The Constitution provides for a fixed tenure of five years to the Lok Sabha.
2. The Constitution provides for a fixed tenure of six years to the Rajya Sabha.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = d

Ques 57

What is the purpose of 'Votes of Credit' provision?

- a. To meet the expenditure arisen due to some new service not contemplated in the budget.

- b. To meet unexpected demand where the magnitude of demand cannot be stated with details in budget.
- c. To meet the situation when money has been spent more than the amount granted in the budget.
- d. To meet expenditure as an advance for part of a financial year pending the completion of the procedure to enact the Appropriation Bill.

ANS = b

Ques 58

- i) Foreign sovereign bodies are immune to Article 14.
- ii) There can be no civil proceeding against the President.

Choose the correct option.

- a) i) is correct but ii) is incorrect
- b) Both i) and ii) are correct
- c) Both i) and ii) are incorrect
- d) i) is incorrect but ii) is correct

ANS = b

Its criminal proceedings

Ques 59

Consider the following statements regarding "Special category State" status:

- 1. It is a constitutional status accorded to certain states.
- 2. It enables a state to receive special central assistance.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 60

Under which circumstances the Indian Citizenship is compulsorily terminated by the central Government:

- 1. When the citizen has shown disloyalty to the constitution of India.
- 2. When the citizen has been ordinarily resident out of India for seven years continuously.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 61

Which of the following statements regarding the advisory jurisdiction of the SC are correct:

- 1. It is binding on the SC to give its opinion on any matter referred to it by the President.
- 2. The full bench of the SC hears any reference made to it under its power of advisory jurisdiction.
- 3. The opinion given by the SC under advisory jurisdiction is not binding on the Govt.

4. Not more than one reference at a time can be made to the SC under its power of advisory jurisdiction.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 and 2
- b. 1 and 3
- c. 2 and 3
- d. 2 and 4

ANS = c

Ques 62

Which of the following Schedules can be amended by a simple majority of the Parliament?

1. Second Schedule
2. Fourth Schedule
3. Fifth Schedule
4. Sixth Schedule

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1, 3 and 4 only
- b. Only 1
- c. 1 and 2 only
- d. None of these

ANS = a

Ques 63

Consider the following statements regarding Speaker Pro Tem:

1. He is appointed by the President on the basis of a convention.
2. The PM administers oath to the Speaker Pro Tem
3. He has all the powers of the Speaker
4. He administers oath to the newly elected members of the Lok Sabha.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 and 4 only
- b. 2, 3 and 4 only
- c. 3 and 4 only
- d. 1, 3 and 4 only

ANS = d

Ques 64

Article 371A of the constitution extends protection to the state of Nagaland against an Act of Parliament in which of the following areas?

1. Naga customary law and procedure.
2. Ownership and transfer of land and its resources.
3. Religious or social practices of the Nagas.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. 1 and 3 only

- c. All the above
- d. None of the above

ANS = c

Ques 65

Consider the following statements:

1. An ordinance can be issued when only one House is in session.
2. If Parliament takes no action at all, an ordinance ceases to operate on the expiry of 6 months from the reassembly of Parliament.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = a

Ques 66

Which of the following were features of the Government of India Act of 1935?

1. Provincial autonomy
2. Dyarchy at the center
3. Provided for the establishment of RBI
4. Introduced direct elections in the country.

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1, 2 and 4 only
- b. 1, 2 and 3 only
- c. 1 and 2 only
- d. 2 and 4 only

ANS = b

Ques 67

Consider the following statements regarding the President of India:

1. All executive actions of the Government of India are formally taken in his name.
2. He can make rules for more convenient transaction of business of Union Govt.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 68

Which of the following Directive Principles enjoy primacy over all the Fundamental Rights:

- a. Art 39 (b) and 39 (c).
- b. Art 38.

- c. Art 44
- d. None

ANS = d

Ques 69

Which of the following is/are the fundamental duties laid down in the constitution?

1. to respect the National Flag
2. to protect the natural environment
3. to provide opportunities for education to his child or ward between the age of 6 and 18 years.
4. to abjure violence.

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1, 2 and 4 only
- b. 1 and 4 only
- c. 1 and 2 only
- d. All the above

ANS = b

Ques 70

When the office of the President falls vacant and the vice-President acts as the President, then:

1. He enjoys all the powers and immunities of the President.
2. He can be impeached only in the same manner as the president is impeached.
3. He stays in the office of President for a term not exceeding 1 year.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. None of the above

ANS = a

Ques 71

Which of the following provisions relating to the office of Speaker of the Lok Sabha is/are not governed by constitutional provisions?

1. If the Speaker is elected from the ruling party, the Deputy Speaker shall be elected from the Opposition party.
2. The Speaker shall not preside while a resolution for his removal from office is under consideration.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = a

Ques 72

Which of the following is not an extra-constitutional body?

- a. Delimitation Commission.
- b. Zonal Commission
- c. National Commission for Women
- d. Cabinet Committees.

ANS = d

Ques 73

Consider the following statements regarding Quo Warranto:

1. It can be issued only in case of a substantive public office of a permanent character created by a statute or the constitution.
2. It can be sought only by persons whose legal rights have been infringed.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = a

Ques 74

The theory of Separation of Powers is well founded in:

- a. Federal form of government
- b. Presidential form of government
- c. Parliamentary form of government
- d. All the above

ANS = b

Ques 75

Consider the following statements :

1. When constitutionality of an act is challenged in the court, there is a presumption against the constitutionality of the act.
2. The doctrine of basic feature applies only to the Amendment acts passed after the date of judgement in the Kesavanand Bharati Case.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 76

Which of the following acts enabled the Constituent Assembly of India to enact a constitution of its own free will?

- a. Cabinet Mission Plan 1935
- b. Government of India Act of 1935

- c. Indian Independence Act 1947
- d. Partition of India

ANS = c

Ques 77

As per Representation of People Act 1951, in an election if there is equality of valid votes polled in favour of two or more candidates, then:

- a. The returning officer shall decide between such candidates by drawing a lot.
- b. A re-election is to be held between the candidates who are tied.
- c. A re-election is to be held between all the contesting candidates.
- d. The PM shall exercise casting vote to decide between such candidates.

ANS = a

Ques 78

The power of the President wherein he can reduce rigorous imprisonment to simple imprisonment during the pregnancy period of a woman convict is:

- a. Respite
- b. Reprieve
- c. Remission
- d. Commutation

ANS = a

Ques 79

Consider the following statements:

- i) Fundamental Rights are available to the citizens only.
- ii) They are available against the arbitrary actions of the government only.
- iii) Fundamental Rights can be suspended during emergency.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (a) i) and ii) only
- (b) ii) only
- (c) i) and iii) only
- (d) iii) only

ANS = d

Not all FR can be suspended.

Ques 80

Consider the following statements regarding the Central Vigilance Commission (CVC):

1. CVC is a statutory body
2. the jurisdiction of the CVC extends to the members of All India Services serving in connection with the affairs of the Union and Group A officers Of the Central Government.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 81

Consider the following statements regarding Prime Minister as the head of Council of Ministers:

1. PM is bound by the advice of the ministers.
2. PM enjoys a free hand in the distribution of portfolios.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 82

Which of the following provision(s) ensure independence of CAG:

1. CAG is provided with the security of tenure.
2. His salary and other services conditions are determined by the Parliament.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 83

Which of the following initiatives is/are useful to make India's representative democracy more participatory and inclusive in nature?

1. Rights to Public Service Act
2. System of Social Audit
3. citizens' Charter

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. All the above

ANS = d

Ques 84

Consider the following statements regarding the removal of a judge of the Supreme Court:

1. A motion of removal of a judge does not lapse on the dissolution of the Lok sabha.
2. The SC cannot inquire into the alleged misbehaviour or incapacity of a judge
3. The SC cannot suspend a judge against whom allegations have been made from functioning as a judge.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. 2 and 3 only
- c. 1 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3 only

ANS = d

Ques 85

Which of the following feature(s) is/are an evidence of Democracy in India?

- 1. Universal suffrage
- 2. Equality among all citizens
- 3. Ministerial responsibility to the elected House

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 1
- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. All the above

ANS = d

Ques 86

A money Bill Deals with which of the following matters:

- 1. abolition of any tax
- 2. imposition of fines
- 3. payment of fees for licenses.

Mark the correct response:

- a. Only 1
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. All the above

ANS = a

Ques 87

Which of the following ensure independence of the Supreme Court:

- 1. The salaries of the judges and staff of the SC are charged on the consolidated fund of India.
- 2. The retired judges of the Sc are prohibited from practicing in any court.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 88

Which of the following features of the constitution of India have been based on the constitution of British Constitution?

1. Cabinet system
2. Legislative procedure
3. Prerogative writs
4. Suspension of Fundamental rights during emergency.

Mark the correct response:

- a. 1, 2 and 3 only
- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 2, 3 and 4 only
- d. All the Above

ANS = a

Ques 89

Consider the following regarding the Panchayati raj Institutions (PRI):

1. It provides for reservation of not less than one-third of the total number of seats for women excluding the number of seats reserved for women belonging to SCs and STs.
2. Subjects included under Schedules XI and XII are not compulsory and not binding on the states.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 90

Which of the following is /are the privileges of individual members of Parliament?

1. An MP cannot be summoned to give witness during a session of the Parliament.
2. An MP is exempted from arrest in a civil case only, not in a criminal case, during and 40 days before and 40 days after the meeting of the House.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 91

Which of the following statements are correct?

- i) India is a 'Union of States' implies the indestructible nature of its unity.
- ii) Acquisition of a foreign territory falls within the purview of Article 1.
- iii) Exclusive Economic Zone extends up to 200 km into the sea.

Answers:

(a) i) only

- (b) i) and ii) only
- (c) iii) only
- (d) All of the above

ANS = a

Ques 92

The Supreme Court has held that if an accused/suspect/witness is compelled to undergo narco-analysis, polygraph test, brain-mapping it is violative under article(s):

1. Article 19
2. Article 20
3. Article 21
4. Article 22

Mark the correct Response:

- a. 2 and 3 only
- b. Only 2
- c. Only 3
- d. None of the above

ANS = a

Ques 93

Which of the following rights are part of Article 21:

1. Right to shelter
2. Right against handcuffing
3. Right to travel abroad
4. Right to reputation

Mark the correct Response:

- a. Only 1
- b. 1, 3 and 4 only
- c. 1, 2 and 3 only
- d. All the above

ANS = d

Ques 94

Consider the following regarding the Finance Commission (FC):

1. The members of FC are not eligible for reappointment.
2. The Chairman of the FC should not be more than 60 years of age.

Mark the correct Response:

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = d

Ques 95

It is the duty of the President to cause to be laid before the Parliament which of the following (as per the Constitution):

1. The Annual Financial statement.
2. The report of the delimitation commission

Mark the correct Response:

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = a

Ques 96

Consider the following statements:

1. Article 33 empowers the State Legislature to restrict or abrogate the Fundamental Rights of the members of armed forces, paramilitary forces, police forces, intelligence agencies and analogous forces.
2. Any law made by Parliament under article 33 cannot be challenged in any court on the ground of contravention of any of the Fundamental Rights.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = b

Ques 97

Consider the following statements:

1. The River Boards Act formulated by the Parliament provides for the establishment of river boards for the regulation and development of inter-state river and river valleys.
2. The Supreme Court or any other court does not have jurisdiction in respect of any water dispute referred to an ad hoc tribunal set up under Inter-State Disputes Act.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = c

Ques 98

Which of the following statement is correct regarding the power of Parliament in enacting the Budget?

- a. It cannot increase a tax but can reduce or abolish it.
- b. It can neither increase a tax nor reduce it.
- c. It can increase a tax but not reduce it.
- d. It can increase a tax as well as reduce it.

ANS = a

Ques 99

Consider the following statements:

1. At the state level, the chief electoral officer is appointed by the governor of the State.
2. The condition of services of office of the election commissioners are to be determined by the Parliament.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. Only 1
- b. Only 2
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

ANS = d

Ques 100

Consider the following statements regarding Conditions for recognition of a political party as a National Party:

1. If a party secures six per cent of valid votes polled in any four or more states at a general election to the Lok sabha or to the legislative assembly; and, in addition, it wins 1 seat in the Lok sabha from any state.
2. If a party wins two per cent of seats in the Lok Sabha at a general election; and these candidates are elected from three states.
3. If a part is recognised as a state party in six states.

Which of the above statements is/are correct:

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 2 only
- c. 1 and 3 only
- d. All the above

ANS = b