NATIONAL TALENT SEARCH EXAMINATION

(MENTALABILITY AND SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST)

Time: 180 Minutes

Mental Ability Test Language 50 Marks
Comprehensive Test Aptitude 50 Marks
Test 100 Marks
Total 200 Marks

Instructions to Candidates:

Read the following instructions carefully before you answer the questions. Answers are to be SHADED on a SEPARATE OMR Answer sheet given, with a **HB pencil**. Read the **Instructions printed on the OMR sheet carefully before answering the questions.**

- Please write your Centre Code No. and Roll No. very cleady (only one digit in one block) on the OMR sheet. as given in your admission card. Please see that no block is unfilled and even zeros appearing in the Centre Code No. are correctly transferred to the appropriate blocks on the OMR sheet as shown in the example given in the OMR sheet. For all the subsequent purpose your Centre Code No. and Roll No. shall remain given on the same as the Admission Card.
- 2. The Test is in THREE PARTS.

 Part.I (Mental Ability) consists of
 50 Questions (Q. Nos. 1 to 50),

 Part. II (Language Comprehensive
 Test) consists of 50. Questions

- (Q. Nos. 51 to 100) and **Part . ill** (Aptitude Test) consists of 100 questions (Q. Nos. 101 to 200)
- 3. All questions carry **one** mark each.
- 4. Since all questions are compulsory, do not try to read through the whole question paper before beginning to answer it.
- 5. Begin with the first question and keep trying one question after another till you finish all three parts.
- 6. If you do not know the answer to any question, do not spend much time or it 'andpass on to the next one. If time permits, you can come back to the questions which you have left in the first instance and try them again.

- 7. Since the time allotted to the question paper is very limited, you should make the best use of it by not spending too much time on any question.
- 8. A blank page is provided for rough work at the end of each part.
- 9. REMEMBER, YOU HAVE TO SHADE ANSWERS ON A SEPARATE OMR SHEET PROVIDED..
- 10. Answer to each question is to be indicated by SHADING the circle having thenumher of the correct alternative in the OMR sheet from among the ones given for the corresponding question in the hooklet.

- 11. Now turn to the next page and start answering the questions.
- 12. Mter the examination, yoti should hand over the OMR sheet to the Invigilator of the room.
- 13. The candidate **need not return** this Question Paper hooklet and can take it after completion of the examination. No candidate should leave the examination hall before the end of the examination.

MAT

Directions Question (1 to 5):

In the Number series given below, one Number is missing. Each series is followed by five alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5). One of them is the right answer. Identify and indicate it as per the "Instructions".

1.	5, 10, 17, 26,	, 50				
	(1) 34	(2) 31	(3) 37	(4) 41	(5) 43	
2.	2, 6, 12, 20, 30,	42, 56 ,				
	(1) 63	(2) 67	(3) 69	(4) 72	(5) 74	
3.	14, 28, 20, 40,	32, 64,				
	(1) 56	(2) 46	(3) 58	(4) 48	(5) 72	
4.	0, 3, 8, 15, 24,.					
	(1) 35	(2) 37	(3) 40	(4) 39	(5) 38	
5.	12, 26, 54, 110	,				
	(1) 222	(2) 224	(3) 220	(4) 228	(5)	226

Questions (6 to 10) are based upon letter analogy. There are two pairs of letter combination in each question. The first (left hand side) pair has some relationship between' its members. In the second pair, one member is missing. Find this out from answers (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) such that this pair has similar relationship as the first pair. Indicate your answer as per the "Instructions".

6.	LKJ: MNO:: DCB:	:?			
	(1) FEG	(2) EGF	(3) FGH	(4) EFG	(5) FGE
7.	ADGJ: BEHK:: KN	IQT :?			
	(1) LOPS	(2) LMRU	(3) LORU	(4) LMPS	(5) LNQT
8.	HJLN: PRTV:: BD	FH :?			
	(1) JKOR	(2) JMOR	(3) JLNP	(4) JMNP	(5) JKOP
9.	QSUW: XZBD:: BI	DFH :?			
	(1) IMOK	(2) IMKO	(3) IKMO	(4) HKMO	(5) JKMO
10.	DRIVEN: NEVIRD	:: BEGUM :?			
	(1) EBGMU	(2) MUGEB	(3) MEUBG	(4) UGMEB	(5) EBGUM

Directions: Questions (11 to 15): In the following questions, letters/letter groups are arranged in a particular order with some underlying criterion. Study the order and choose the answer from the alternatives to fill the gaps.

11.	YVP, WTN, URL,.				
	(1) TQL	(2) SRJ	(3) SPJ	(4) TRJ	(5) TPJ
12.	QPO, NML, KJI, H	IGF,			
	(1) ECD	(2) CEG	(3) CDE	(4) CEF	(5) EDC
13.	AB, DEF, HIJK,	, STUVWX			
	(1) MNOPQ	(2) LMNOP	(3) LMNO	(4) MNOP	(5) QRSTU
14.	GTB, CYV, YDP,	QND			
	(1) DIV	(2) UIJ	(3) DDV	(4) UVV	(5) VJK
15.	KJAM, GGWJ,	, YAOD, UXKA			
	(1) CDUI	(2) DFTC	(3) CDTF	(4) CDSG	(5) DEVG

Directions Questions (16 to 20):

In each of the following questions, five words are given. Four of them are alike in some way. One is different from them. Identify it and indicate as per "Instructions".

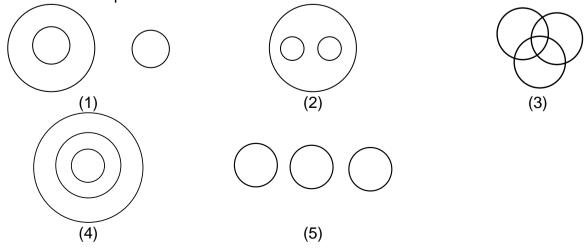
16. (1) Asia (2) Europe (3) Antarctica (4) Africa (5) Austria 17. (1) Brazil (2) Bangladesh (3) China (4) Cambodia (5) Mangolia (1) Hyderabad 18. (2) Itanagar (3) Patna (4) Mysore (5) Trivandram (1) Hard disk 19. (2) Monitor (3) Keyboard (4) Mouse (5) Windows XP 20. (1) Spider (2) Butterfly (3) Cockroach (4) Mosquito (5) Housefly

Directions Questions (21 to 25): In these questions there is a certain relationship between two words on one side of::, and only one word is given on the other side of::, The missing word is to be found out from the given alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5), so that the relationship is the same as for the other pair. Identify the correct answer and indicate it as per "Instructions".

- 21. French: France:: Dutch:?
 (1) Holland
 (2) Norway
 (3) Fiji
 (4) Sweden
 (5) Denmark
 22. India: Mango:: New Zealand: 2
- 22. India: Mango:: New Zealand:?(1) Apple (2) Pineapple (3) Kiwi (4) Grapes(5) Strawberry
- 23. Player: Coach:: Pupil:?
 (1) Word (2) Teacher (3) Class (4) School
 (5) Education
- 24. The Race of My Life: Milkha Singh: The Test of My Life:?
 (1) Gandhi
 (2) Yuvraj Singh
 (3) Sachin Tendulkar
 (4) Kapil Dev
 (5) Ricky Ponting
- 25. TRS: CAR:: SAMAJWADI PARTY:?
 (1) Bow and Arrow (2) Elephant (3) Arrow (4) Bicycle
 - (5) Rising Sun

Directions:

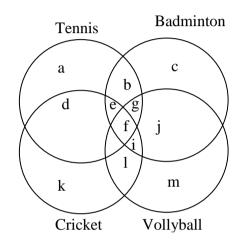
Questions (26 to 30) are based on the following diagrams. Study them carefully and indicate correct answer as per "Instructions."

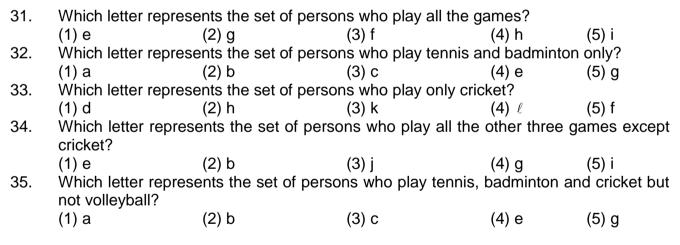


- 26. Doctor, Patient, Human being
- 27. Sparrows, Crows, Eagles
- 28. Artists, Singers, Women
- 29. Hour, Minutes, Seconds.
- 30. Yak, Zebra, Bear

Directions Questions (31 to 35):

With the help of the given diagram, answer the following questions making the right choice from the given alternatives. Indicate the answer as per "Instructions".





Directions Questions (36 to 38): If in certain language CHARCOAL is coded as 45164913 and MORALE is coded as 296137, how are the following words coded? Identify the right answers and indicate it as per the "Instructions".

36.	REAL				
	(1) 6713	(2) 6513	(3) 6719	(4) 6519	(5) 6715
37.	COACH				
	(1) 49148	(2) 48246	(3) 49145	(4) 49246	(5) 49146
38.	COLLER				
	(1) 397758	(2) 497758	(3) 483359	(4) 493376	(5) 395576

Directions Questions (39 to 42): are based on simple arithmetic principles. Find the right answer from the alternatives and indicate it as per the "Instructions".

If $\sqrt{625} = 25$, then value of $16 \times \sqrt{0.000625}$ equal to...... 39.

(1) 0.040

(2) 0.004

(3) 0.400

(4) 4.000

(5) None of these

40.

(1) $\frac{7}{4}$

(2) $\frac{4}{7}$ (3) $\frac{7}{5}$ (4) $\frac{3}{7}$ (5) $\frac{5}{7}$

 $\frac{0.125 + 0.027}{0.5 \times 0.5 + 0.09 - 0.15}$ is equal to....... 41.

(3) 0.08

(4) 0.2

(5) 0.88

If $\frac{x}{4} - \frac{x-3}{6} = 1$, then x=..... 42.

(3) 4

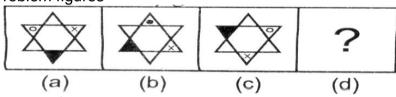
(4) 6

(5)2

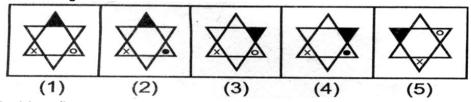
Directions Questions (43 to 46):

Each question has four problem figures a, b, c, and d. Figure 'd' has only a question mark '?' Figure 'b' bears certain relationship to 'a', similarly one of the answer figures bears similar relationship to 'c'. Find out and indicate it as per "Instructions."

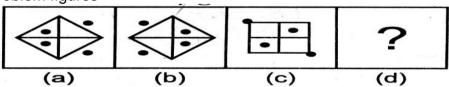
43. Problem figures



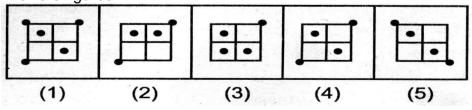
Answers figures



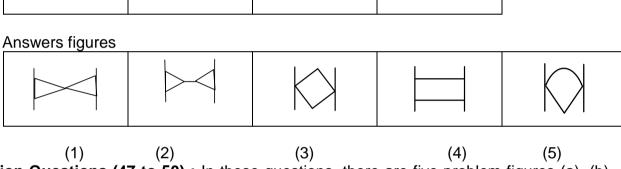
44. Problem figures



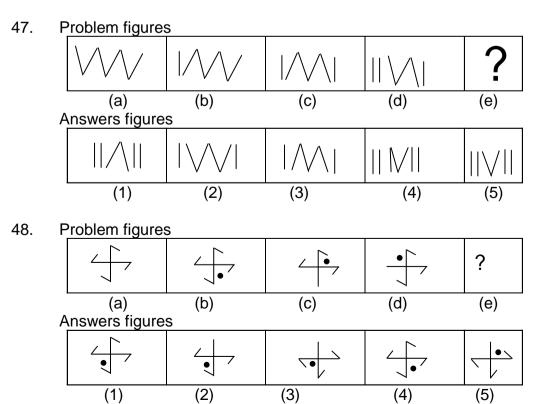
Answers figures

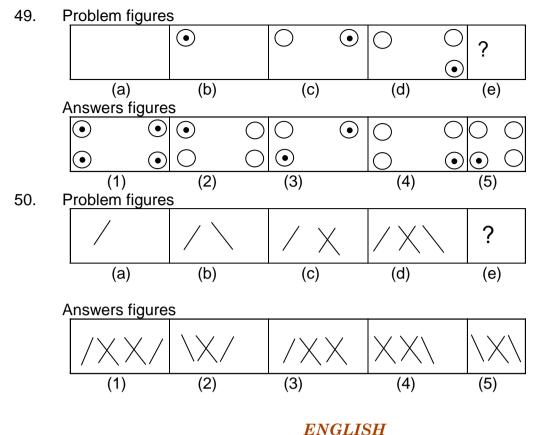


45. Problem figures (a) (b) (c) (d) Answers figures (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)



Direction Questions (47 to 50): In these questions, there are five problem figures (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e). Figure in (e) is, however, missing. You have to select one figure from the five answer figures (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) such that the series is completed. Indicate your answer as per the "Instructions"





ENGLISH

Directions: Questions (51 - 55):

Read the following passage.

Petroleum products, such as gasoline, kerosene, home heating oil, residual fuel oil and lubricating oils have a common source - crude oil that is found below the Earth's surface and under huge water bodies from a few hundred feet below the surface to as deep as 25,000 feet into the interior of Earth. Sometimes crude oil is secured by drilling a hole through the Earth, but more dry holes are drilled than those producing oil. Crude oil comes to the surface as result of pressure at the source or pumping. Crude oil wells flow at varying rates, from ten to thousands of barrel per hour. Petroleum products are always measured in 42 gallon barrels.

Petroleum products vary greatly in physical appearance: thin, thick, transparent or opaque, but regardless their chemical composition is made up of only two elements: Carbon and Hydrogen which form compounds called Hydrocarbons. Other chemical elements found in union with the hydrocarbons are few and are classified as impurities. Trace elements are also found, but in such minute quantities that they are disregarded. The combination of carbon and hydrogen forms many thousands of compounds which are possible because of the various positions and joinings of these two atoms in the hydrocarbon molecule.

The various petroleum products are refined from the crude oil by heating and condensing the vapours. Light oils such as gasoline, kerosene and distillate oil are the products. The residue remaining after the light oils are distilled is known as heavy or residual fuel oil, and is used mostly for burning under boilers. Additional complicated refining processes rearrange the chemical structure of the hydrocarbons to produce other products, some of which are used to upgrade and increase the octane rating of various types of gasolines.

Now answer the following questions.

- 51. The statement that is not true is ...
 - (1) Crude oil is found below land and water.
 - (2) Crude oil is always found a few hundred feet below the surface.
 - (3) A variety of petroleum products is obtained from crude oil.
 - (4) Pumping and pressure, forces crude oil to the surface.
- 52. Many thousands of hydrocarbons are possible because
 - (1) The petroleum products vary greatly in physical appearance.
 - (2) The atoms in the molecule assume many positions.
 - (3) The pressure needed to force it to the surface causes molecular transformation.
 - (4) Complicated refining processes rearrange the chemical structure.
- 53. The statement that is true is
 - (1) The various petroleum products are produced by filtration.
 - (2) Heating and condensation produces the various products.
 - (3) Chemical separation is used to produce the various products.
 - (4) Mechanical means such as the centrifuge are used to produce the various products.
- 54. The crude oil is brought to the surface through
 - (1) Expansion of the hydrocarbons. (2)
- (2) Pressure and pumping.
 - (3) Vacuum created in the drilling pipe.
 - (4) Expansion and the contraction of Earth's surface
- 55. Which of the following is not listed under light oils?
 - (1) Distillate oil (2) Gasoline (3) Lubricating oil (4) Kerosene

Read the following passage.

When life was rugged and simple, man's needs were few and he could supply them all. As he advanced from lone hunter to farmer and builder and exchanged a solitary existence for greater comfort and security of community life, he realized that he must come to an agreement with his neighbours on a common system of measurement. How can men build a house or a storage hut, or a temple unless all the builders use the same basic measurements?

The very earliest measurements were for length. The bases for the measures were those most natural - a foot, a palm, a span of the hand. When building alone, man could use his own body. But on community projects, a common standard was required. The leader's measurements were taken and marked off on a stick or a stone. Crude copies were made from the original and passed out for use. Later the foot gradually evolved to become twelve inches long.

Now answer the questions given below.

- 56. The best title for the article could be......
 - (1) Building a hut.

- (2) Man's early problems.
- (3) Development of a standardized measurement.
- (4) The growth of communities.
- 57. The advance of man from solitary to common life created
 - (1) a decrease in his needs.
 - (2) the dominance of tribal leaders.
 - (3) a great demand for storage huts.
 - (4) a need for standards of measurement.

- 58. Some standardization of measurement occurred
 - (1) as a result of a dispute over the proper size of a hut.
 - (2) because everyone's foot used to be almost the same length.
 - (3) due to the accidental discovery that a foot equaled twelve inches.
 - (4) when the leader's measurements replaced the individuals.
- 59. The author of the passage develops his point by means of
 - (1) factual explanation.

- (2) comparison and contrast.
- (3) arguments and proof.
- (4) persuasion.
- 60. A person who has a solitary existence lives
 - (1) quietly.
- (2) alone.
- (3) with others.
- (4) in jail.

Read the following passage.

The body of primitive man, a far away and primitive man called Homosapiens, so far as we can reconstruct from the fragmentary evidence we have, was exactly like our own and his brain was as big as that of modern man and quite as complicated in structure. His intelligence and his ability to learn were probably as great as that of the average man today, but he had a very meagre inheritance of knowledge.

The use of tools and weapons of a primitive sort was probably passed on from the subhuman creatures, who had learned how to break stones and use the sharp edged pieces for cutting and scraping and how to use a short, heavy stick for a club and a long pointed one for a spear. The subhuman creatures knew how to make use of fire, when they found it, but they did not know how to make it.

They had probably also discovered the advantages of social living; that several families living together in a tribe could offer each other help and protection and that hunters killed more game if they bonded together and had a leader to direct the hunt. The discovery that social living decreased the odds in favour of survival was, perhaps, primitive man's greatest discovery -greater than either the discovery of fire or the invention of the wheel.

Now answer the following questions.

61.	What we know of primitive man is based upon				
	(1) pieces of evidence.	(2) a great deal of evidence.			
	(3) no evidence.	(4) pictures in caves.			
62.	The first real man	· / ·			
	(1) was unintelligent.				
	(2) was incapable of learning.				
	(3) received .very little knowledge	from his ancestors.			
	(4) received a great store of knowl	edge from his ancestors.			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

- 63. According to the passage, man became a social being because.....
 - (1) co-operation was necessary for survival.
 - (2) in prehistoric times only the strongest survived.
 - (3) by nature he is a social being.
 - (4) he was compelled to do so.
- 64. A direct result of primitive man's discovery of the advantages of social living, was
 - (1) family
- (2) tribe
- (3) city
- (4) nation
- 65. According to the passage, we can say that the author is of the opinion that man's discovery of the advantages of social living is ...
 - (1) significant.

(2) of great significance.

(3) insignificant.

(4) well known.

Directions:

In the following passage, there are some numbered blanks. Fill in the blanks by selecting the most appropriate word for each blank from the given options.

The postal service is the government agency <u>66</u> handles the mail. Its job is <u>67</u> letters and packages to people and businesses all over the world. Its <u>68</u> is to see that your mail gets to its destination <u>69</u> possible. People <u>70</u> the postal service to deliver important letters and even valuables 71 time to the right person.

66.	(1) the fact that	(2) whether	(3) of which	(4) that
67.	(1) being delivered		(2) to be delivered	
	(3) having delivere	d	(4) to deliver	
68.	(1) idea	(2) goal	(3) plan	(4) demand
69.	(1) less quickly	(2) too quickly	(3) so quickly that	(4) as quickly as
70.	(1) back out	(2) check out	(3) rely on	(4) figure ouot
71.	(1) to	(2) for	(3) by	(4) on

Questions (72 & 73):

The following sentences come from a paragraph. The first and the last parts/sentences are given. Choose the order in which the three sentences/parts (PQR) should appear to complete the paragraph.

72.	S1 - Of the many questions
	(1) S2
	(2) S3
	(3) S4
	(4) S5
	(5) S5 - than any others.

Choose from the options given below

- P interviewers over the last ten years.
- Q that I have been asked by.

(1)

QRP

R - two have recurred more frequently.

Choose from the options given below.

(2)	PRQ
(3)	QPR
(4)	RQP
73.	S1 - A women lives alone with her little daughter S2
	Q - the woman works as charwoman at a hospital

R - whom she loves very much.

	(1) QRP (2) RQP (3) PRQ (4) RPQ			
Direc	tions Questions (74 For each of the follo	,	words, find the incor	rectly spelt word.
74. 75. 76. 77.	(1) quintescence(1) occasionally	(2) machinery(2) inquisitive(2) quarantine(2) laboratory	(3) reminiscence	(4) reliable(4) withdrawel
Direc	etions Questions (78 Select the most app	•	l in the blanks from th	ne given alternatives.
78. 79.	I am writing this ess (1) in Rahul thinks that hi	say blue ink. (2) with s car is than	(3) from mv car.	(4) on
80.	(1) expensive Have you ever	(2) more expensive		(4) more expensive(4) to
81. 82.	(A) even if	(B) further more	(C) on grounds that	high rank in the military (D) despite ention on the banks of the
83.	(!) discovered (2	2) invented bedkar is knov (2) famous	(3) covered wn Baba Saheb Amb (3) popularly	edkar.
84. 85.	I am the owne (1) seal The inhabitants of lives crossing the d	r of this company. (2) sole our village claim tha	(3) sale at pedestrians have	(4) popular (4) soul no choice but to risk their estrian bridgea cross
	walk. (1) not only / but al (3) neither / nor	so	(2) both / and (4) no sooner / than	1
Direc	tions Questions (86	6 to 90) :		
Choo	se the one which bes	st expresses the mea	aning of the given ph	rase.
86. 87.	break into (1) to enter by force turn down	e (2) to stop	(3) to reveal	(4) to support
88.	(1) to give back put off	(2) to refuse	(3) to bring	(4) to arrive
	(1) become weak(3) postpone		(2) to wear(4) provide lodging	and food.

Choose from the options given below

	(1) to search for		(2) to take care of	
	(3) to be careful about	out	(4) to despise	
90.	account for			
	(1) to explain	(2) to recommend	(3) to obey	(4) to request
Direct	tions Questions (91	1 - 95) :		
Select	the word which mea	ans the same as the	given words.	
91.	distraught			
92.	(1) composed outclassed	(2)calm	(3) agitated	pleased
92.	(1) overcame		(2) suppress	
93.	(3) went out of the oprecocious	class	(4) taking the class	out
	(1) stupid	(2) talented	(3) backward	(4) dim-witted
94.	complacent (1) discontent	(2) apprehensive	(3) annoyed	(4) self satisfied
95.	malicious (1) benevolent	(2) harmful	(3) kind hearted	(4) gracious
Direc		,	(0)	(1) 9. 200.0 20
	tions Questions (96 the word which mea	ans (opposite of the	given words)	
96.	rescue			
97.	(1) redeem flimsy	(2) release	(3) harm	(4)liberate
98.	(1) weak unleash	(2) sturdy	(3) feeble	(4) frail
	(1) restrain	(2) let loose	(3) vent	(4) unbind
99.	collide (1) adjust	(2) bump	(3) strike	(4) crash
100.	brawl (1) riot	(2) wrangle	(3) peace	(4) dispute
	(1) 1100	, ,	. , ,	(+) dispute
		PHY	SICS	
101.		•	ute hand of a clock i	n one hour. Which of the
	following statement (1) The average spe	ead of the top is zero)	
	(2) Average acceler	ation of the tip is zer		
	(3) Average velocity	•		
102.	(4) the displacement A body is projected		speed 'u'. The time to	aken by the body to return
		back to ground is		
	(1) $t = \frac{u}{a}$	(2) $t = \frac{2u}{g}$	(3) $t = \frac{1}{2}(ug)$	(4) $t = \frac{4u}{g}$
103.	_	_		g al force of 2N on a smooth
. 50.		The work done by the		
	(1) 10 J	(2) 50 J	(3) 40 J	(4) 20 J

89.

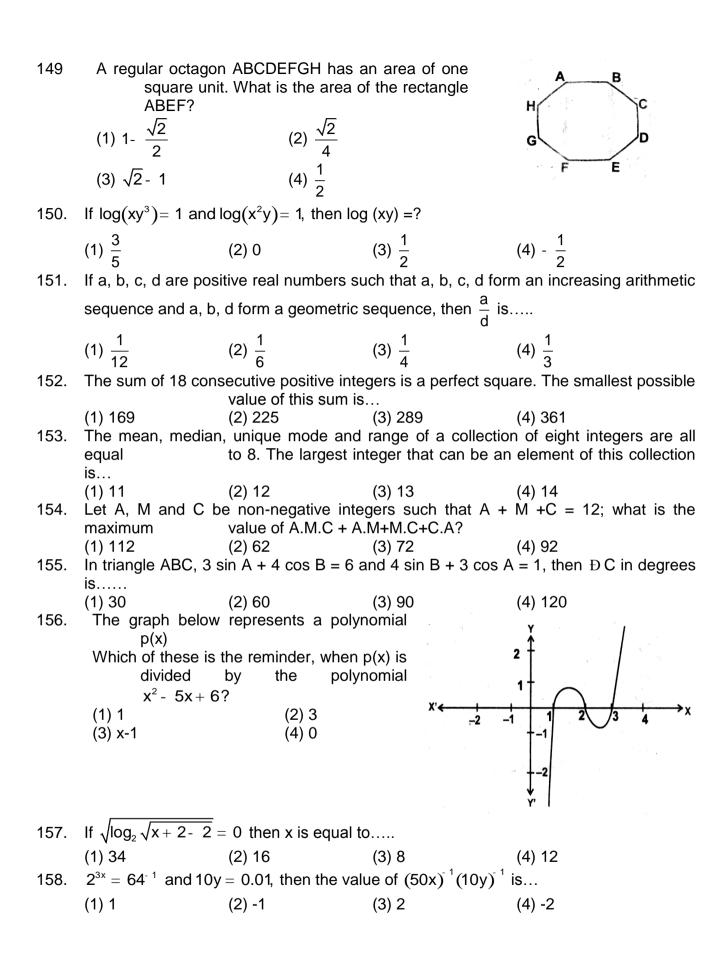
look down

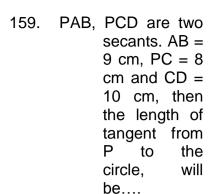
104.	A retardating force of 150 N is applied to a body of mass 50 kg which is moving with a
105.	speed of 30 m/s. The time taken by the body to come to rest is (1) 20 seconds (2) 30 seconds (3) 5 seconds (4) 10 seconds A man standing between two parallel cliffs fires a gun. If he hears first and second echoes after 1.5 seconds and 3.5 seconds respectively, then the distance between
106.	two cliffs is(Take velocity of sound in air as 340 m/s) (1) 1190 m (2) 850 m (3) 595 m (4) 510 m The characteristic of sound that would result in an increase in loudness of a sound is
	(1) Amplitude (2) Speed (3) Pitch (4) Quality
107.	Of the following, the specific heat is minimum for (1) water (2) sea-water (3) kerosene oil (4) mercury
108.	A fan produces a feeling of comfort because
	(1) fan supplies a cool air(2) evaporation of sweat(3) fan cools the air(4) fan increases humidity in air
109.	(3) fan cools the air (4) fan increases humidity in air A radii of curvature of two faces of a biconvex lens of refractive index are in the ratio of 2:3. The focal length of the lens is 12 cm. The radius of curvature of the surface with low value of radius of curvature is
	(1) 5 cm (2) 10 cm (3) 15 cm (4) 20 cm
110.	The change in focal length of an eye lense is caused by the action of
111.	(1) pupil (2) retina (3) ciliary muscles (4) iris If a charge 3 C experiences a force of 3000 N when it is moved in a uniform electric
	field, then the potential difference between two points separated by
112.	distance of 1 cm is (1) 10 V (2) 1000 V (3) 3000 V (4) 9000 V n conducting wires of same dimensions, but having resistivities 1, 2, 3,n are connected in series. The equivalent resistivity of the combination is
	(1) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ (2) $\frac{n+1}{2n}$ (3) $\frac{n+1}{2n}$ (4) $\frac{2n}{n+1}$
113.	A body of mass 2 kg starts from rest and moves with uniform acceleration. It acquires
	a velocity of 20 m/s in 4 seconds. The power exerted on the body in 2 seconds is (1) 50 watts (2) 100 watts (3) 150 watts (4) 200 watts
	CHEMISTRY
114.	Miscible liquid among the following is
115	(1) alcohol in water (2) milk (3) oil in water (4) kerosene in water
115.	The number of atoms constituting a molecule is known as (1) valency (2) atomicity (3) mole concept (4) atomic mass
116.	Which of the following is an element?
447	(1) Mercury (2) Ammonia (3) Water (4) Glucose
117.	The dyes of an ink can be separated by (1) filteration (2) sublimation (3) fractional distillation (4) chromatography
118.	Molecular mass of H ₂ SO ₄ is
	(1) 58.5 (u) (2) 98 (u) (3) 36.5 (u) (4) 35.5 (u)
119.	The number of neutrons in an atom of ²³ ₁₁ X is
120.	(1) 23 (2) 11 (3) 34 (4) 12 The maximum number of electrons that can be accommodated in the 'L' shell of an
	atom is (1) 2 (2) 4 (3) 8 (4) 16
121.	The isotope used in the treatment of cancer is (1) Iodine (2) Cobalt (3) Carbon (4) Hydrogen

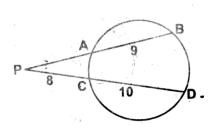
122.		of baking soda is				
	(1) Na₂CO₃	(2) NaCl	(3) NaHCO₃	• ,		
123.				of the orbit or shell is		
	• • •	um number	` ,	ntum quantum number		
	` ,	um number	` ,	number		
124.			number '10' is			
	(1) 2	(2) 8	(3) 10	(4) 0		
125.		nt in the ore is called				
400	(1) gangue	(2) flux	(3) slag	(4) mineral		
126.		-	form among the follo	•		
	(1) Diamond	(2) Graphite	(3) buckminsterfull	erene (4) Coal		
		RIO	LOGY			
		ы	LOGI			
127.	Choose the correct	t statement/stateme	nts from the following	١		
121.		tance which contain) -		
			ns blood without soli	d narticles		
			is solid and liquid par			
	` '		a blood clot is serur			
	(1) A, B	(2) A, C	(3) B, C, D	(4) A, C, D		
128.	• •	ing are secondary i	• •	() - /		
		(B) Tannins		(D) Gums		
	(E) Alkaloids	()	()			
	(1) A, D	(2) B, C	(3) A, D, E	(4) B, D, E		
129.	` '	• •				
	(1) Cerebellum	(2) Cerebrum	(3) Medulla	(4) Diencephalon		
130.		g is a mismatched p	air.			
	(1) Gibberellins		cy in seeds			
	(2) Ethylene	 ripening of fruit. 				
	(3) Auxins					
		- closing of stomat				
131.	•	ion period in Humar	•	(4) 222		
400		(2) 280 days		(4) 300 days		
132.		lowering plant conta				
	(1) Eight cells, Sev		(2) Seven cells, Se			
100	(3) Seven cells, Eig	gnt nuclei	(4) Eight cells, Eig	nt nuclei		
133.	Endosperm is	(2) 2 n	(2) 1 n	(4) NI		
134.	(1) 2n	(2) 3 n	(3) 4 n	(4) N		
134.	Choose the correct statement/statements from the following.					
	(A) Inter phase has three phases(B) Inter phase is the resting stage between two divisions					
	(C) Inter phase is the period when genetic material makes its copy.					
	•	he active phase bet		із сору.		
	(1) A, B	(2) B, C	(3) A, B, C	(4) A, C, D		
135.	Selective Permeab	`	(0) 71, 5, 0	(1) / 1, 0, 0		
100.		f certain substances	s only.			
	` '	certain substances				
	` ,	ge of all solutes and	•			
				nts remaining substances		
136.			vision does not taker			
	(1) Bone marrow a		(2) Fertilized egg a	-		
	` '	different organs	, ,			

120	(1) Bryophytes	· / •	(3) Angiosperms	(4) Thallphytes		
138.	(A) Liver	mong the following (2) Stomach	(3) Skin	(4) Lungs		
139.	Lenticels are found	` '	(-)	(' / - * ' ' 9 '		
	(A) Leaves	(2) Flowers	(3) Roots	(4) Stems		
140.	Anger is caused by (A) Somatotropin		the following hormon (3) Testosterone	ie. (4) Adrenaline		
		MATHE	EMTICS			
141.	The first term of a sequence is 2005. Each succeeding term is the sum of the cubes					
	•		the 2005 th term of the			
1.10	(1) 29	(2) 85	(3) 250	(4) 133		
142.	Suppose that $4^{x_1} = 5,5^{x_2} = 6$,					
	, ,	407 ^X 22 400				
	$6^{x_3} = 7, \dots 127^{x_{124}} = 128$					
	what is $X_1.X_2.X_3$	_		7		
	(1) 2	(2) $\frac{5}{2}$	(3) 3	$(4) \frac{7}{2}$		
143.	letahodef	2	alaments in the set	۷		
170.	43. Let a, b, c, d, e, f, g and h be distinct elements in the set $\{-7, -5, -3, -2, 2, 4, 6, 13\}$ What is the minimum possible value of $(a+b+c+d)^2 + (e+f+g+h)^2 = ?$					
	` ` `	- /	(2) 24	(4) 40		
144.	(1) 30 A positive integer r	(2) 32 has 60 divisors and	(3) 34 d 7 n has 80 divisor	(4) 40 s and 7 n has 80 divisors.		
		nteger k such that 7 ^k		o and i in had do aividord.		
	(1) 0	(2) 1	(3) 2	(4) 3		
145.		star shown, the lette		(C),		
		ed by the numbers essarily in that orde		(A)		
		the ends f the		XX		
	\overline{AB} , \overline{BC} , \overline{CD} , \overline{DE} ar	nd EA form an arithm	netic sequence	(E) ∠ \/ \/ (D)		
	although not necessarily in that order. What is the					
		e arithmetic sequenc	e?	O		
	(1) 9 (3) 11	(2) 10 (4) 12				
	(3) 11	(4) 12				
146.			⁷⁵ , what their median			
4 4 7	(1) 7	$(2) 7^3$	$(3) 7^2$	$(4) 7^4$		
147.	following	is a possible first te	rm?	e 2 and 6. Which of the		
	(1) - √3	(2) - $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$	$(3) - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	(4) $\sqrt{3}$		
148.			ivisor of (n +1) (n+3	s) (n+5) (n+7) (n+9) for all		
	positive even integeration (1) 3	ers n? (2) 5	(3) 11	(4) 15		

137. The plants which having naked seeds....







- (1) 7 cm
- (3) 14 cm
- The join of A(-5, -3) and B(4, 6) intersects the X-axis at D and the Y-axis at C respectively.

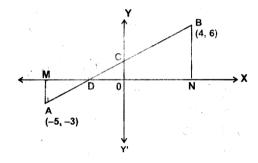
 AM, BN are perpendiculars on the X-axis.

 Find the area ΔAMD: area ΔDCO.
 - (1) 2 : 3

(2) 9: 4

(3)4:9

(4) 3 : 2



SOCIAL STUDIES

- 161. Which of the following treaty recognised Greece as an Independent nation?
 - (1) Treaty of Vienna of 1815.
- (2) Treaty of Constantinople of 1832.
- (3) Treaty of Paris of 1783.
- (4) Treaty of Frankford of 1781.
- 162. In which year was the "Tonkin Free School" established in Vietnam?
 - (1) 1907
- (2) 1917
- (3) 1927
- (4) 1937

- 163. Who was the author of Hind Swaraj?
 - (1) Mahatma Gandhi

(2) C.R. Das

(3) Motilal Nehru

- (4) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- 164. Under whose presidency, the Lahore Swaraj' or Full Independence for India?
- Congress formalised the demand of 'Puma

(a) Motilal Nehru

(2) Jawahar Lal Nehru

(3) Vallabhai Patel

- (4) Pattabhi Sitaramaiah
- 165. United Nations Monetary and Financial Conference was held in
 - (1) July 1944
- (2) June 1939
- (3) September 1945 (4) March 1947
- 166. The East India Company obtained Bombay from
 - (1) The Dutch
- (2) The Danes
- (3) The French
- (4) The Portuguese

- 167. What does the term "Suffrage" mean?
 - (1) Right to Freedom

(2) Right to Live

(3) Right to Education

- (4) Right to Vote.
- 168. Match list A with B and select the correct answer •from the codes given below the lists.

(A)	(B)
(A) Kandukuri Veereshalingam	(i) Saudamini.
(B) Ramshankar Ray	(ii) Manjughosha.
(C) Chandu Menon	(iii) Rajashekhara Charitam.
(D) Srinivas Das	(iv) Indulekha
(E) Naro Sadashiv Risbud.	(v) ParikshaGuru.

Codes:

- (1) a-ii, b-iii, c-i, d-iv, e-v
- (2) a-iii, b-i, c-iv, d-v, e-ii

169.	•	(D) a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-v, c-iii ed James Augustus Hickey for starting the				
	Bengal Gazette, a weekly magazine was (1) Warren Hastings (3) Sir John Shore	s (2) Lord Cornwallis (4) Lord Wellesly				
170.	Who of the following was not one of the founders of the Khilafat Committee formed in the wake of the dismemberment of the Turkish empire which was perceived as					
	undermining the position of the Sultan of (1) Mohammed Au Jinnah (3) Muhammed Ali	(2) Maulana Shaukat Au (4) None of the above				
171.	As a result of the Poona Pact, the number of seats reserved for the depressed classes out of general electorate seats were					
	(1) increased	(2) decreased				
172.	(3) retained at the same level Find the one which is not correct.	(4) abolished				
	(1) Civil Disobedience Movement	– 1930				
	(2) Gandhi-Irwin Pact	– 1931– 1932				
	(3) Second Round Table Conference(4) None of the above.	– 1932				
173.	Who abolished slavery in the French Co	lonies?				
	(1) Jacobins	(2) Napolean Bonaparte				
	(3) Directory Government	(4) National Assembly				
174.	"Kulaks" are					
	(1) Members of Duma.					
	(2) The wealthy peasants of Old Russia.(3) The majority group of Russian Socia					
	(4) Small peasants.	Democratic Labour party.				
175.	Who gave the slogan "One people, One	empire and One vote"?				
	(1) Hitler	(2) Napoleon Bonaparte				
	(3) Lenin	(4) Benito Mussolini				
176.	Which of the following statement is corre					
	(1) Over irrigation responsible for degradation in Punjab Haryana.(2) Mining is responsible land degradation Jharkhand.					
	on Jnarknand. on for land degradation in Maharashtra.					
	(4) All the above.	on for land degradation in Mariarashira.				
177.	Red soil develops on					
	(1) Basalt rocks	(2) Dolomite rocks				
	(3) Limestone	(4) Crystalline igneous rocks				
178.	Initially, Coffee cultivation was introduce					
	(1) Baba BudanHills	(2) Naga Hills				
470	(3) Balaghat Range	(4) Nallamala Hills				
179.	Which of the following is not correctly matched? (1) Bandavgarh National Park–Madhya Pradesh					
	(2) Periyar Tiger Reserve – Kerala	i lauesii				
	(3) Manas Tiger Reserve–Assam					
	(4) Buxa Tiger Reserve–Karnataka					
180.	The largest Solar energy plant is located	d at				
		(2) Madhapur in Bhuj.				
	` '	(4) Korba in Madhya Pradesh.				
181.		formed by decomposition of rocks, leaving a				
	residual mass of weathered material? (1) Coal (2) Bauxite	(3) Copper (4) Iron				
182.	Which of these is the largest producer of					
	ب د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د					

- (1) Karnataka (2) Andhra Pradesh (3) Madhya Pradesh (4) Maharashtra 183. Which one of the following minerals is contained in the Monazite sand? (1) Lignite (2) Thorium (3) Barytes (4) Limestone Jute textiles are located mainly along the banks of the river Hugh. Which of these is 184. not a reason for this? (1) Proximity of the jute producing areas. 2) Abundant sea water for processing raw jute. (3) In expensive water transport. (4) Cheap labour from West Bengal and adjoining states of Bihar and Orissa. 185. How many tonnes of Bauxite is needed for the preparation of 1 tonne of Aluminium? (3) 4 to 6 tonnes (4) 6 to 8 tonnes (1) 2 to 4 tonnes (2) 2 to 6 tonnes When was the Border Road Organisation established? 186. (1) 1955 (2)1960(3) 1965(4) 1970Identify the rain shadow region from the given areas. 187. (1) Vishakapattanam (2) Pune (3) Karaikal (4) Chennai What is River Brahmaputra known as in Bangladesh? 188. (1) Tsang Po (2) Padma (3) Dihang (4) Jamuna 189. Which is the youngest land mass in India? (1) Northern Plains. (2) Himalayan Mountains. (3) Peninsular Plateau. (4) Andaman and Nicobar islands. "Duns" are formed in between 190. (1) Greater Himalayas and lesser Himalayas. (2) Lesser Himalayas and Sivaliks. (3) Sivaliks and Bhabur. (4) Bhabur and Terai. 191. The President of the World Bank has always been a citizen of the US, conventionally nominated by the... (1) UN Secretary General. (2) Treasure Secretary General of the US Government. (3) Managing Director, International Monetary Fund. (4) President of the European Union Which of the following statements is not correct? 192. (1) In Saudi Arabia, a woman does not have the right to vote. (2) In Fiji, the electoral systems is such that the vote of an indigenous Fiji has more value than that of an Indian - Fijian. (3) In Mexico, during 1930 - 2000 elections, PRI (Institutional Revolutionary Party) has been winning through free and fair elections. (4) None of the above. Using the codes given below the lists, match list A with list B and select the correct 193. answer.
 - (a) Garibi Hatao
 (b) Save Democracy
 (c) Land to the tiller.
 (d) Protect the self respect of the Telugus.

 (ii) Slogan given by N.T. Rama Rao in 1983.
 (iii) Slogan given by Indira Gandhi in 1971.
 (iii) Slogan given by Janata Party in 1977.
 (iv) The Left Front used this slogan in

1977.

- (1) a-ii, b-i, c-iii, d-iv
- (B) a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv

	(3) a–iii, b–iv, c–ii, d								
404	(D) a–ii, b–iii, c–iv, d–i "Kittiko- Hachchiko" movement took place in this state.								
194.				(4) 5					
	(1) Karnataka	(2) Uttarakhand	(3) West Bengal	(4) Rajasthan					
195. Which of the following is not a instance of an exercise of a fundamental right?									
100. 1									
	(1) Men and women government employees get / the same salary.(2) Parents' property is inherited by their children.								
	(3) Christian Missionaries set up a chain of missionary schools.								
	` '								
196.	(4) Workers from Telangana go to Maharasthra to work on the farms.196. Find the one that is wrongly matched.(1) Prime Minister Rozgar Yojana - 1993								
(2) Pradanamantri Gramodaya Yojana – 2000									
	(3) Mahatma Gandhi Rural Employment Guarantee Act - 2005								
	(4) Swarna Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Ypjana -2009								
197.	· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
	(1) Schedule Castes		(2) Agricultural Labo						
	(3) Casual Labourei		(4) Urban Labourers						
198. Who avail benefits under Antyodaya Anna Yojana?									
	(1) Indigent Senior of	citizens	(2) Backward blocks	S					
	(3) Poorest of the po		(4) All the above.						
199.	Which of the following	erformance in terms of life							
	expectancy at birth		·						
	(1) Pakistan	(2) Nepal	(3) Myanmar	(4) Srilanka					
200.	The founder of "Grameen Bank of Bangladesh" is								
	(1) Professor Mohar	mmad Yunus	(2) Khaleda Zia						
	(3) Sheik Mujibir Ra	hman	(4) Maulana Abdul Hamid Kha'n						