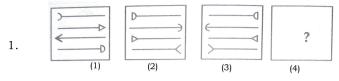
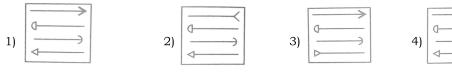
# NATIONAL TALENT SEARCH EXAMINATION

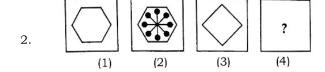
## **(SAMPLE PAPERS)**

Time Duration: 3 Hrs Maximum Marks: 200

Questions 1 to 5 find which option must be replaced in '?'



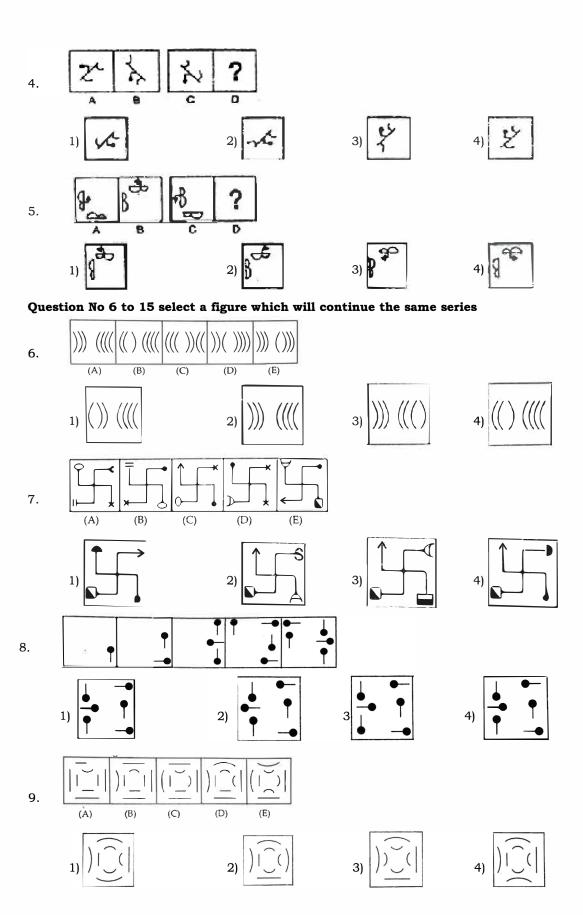


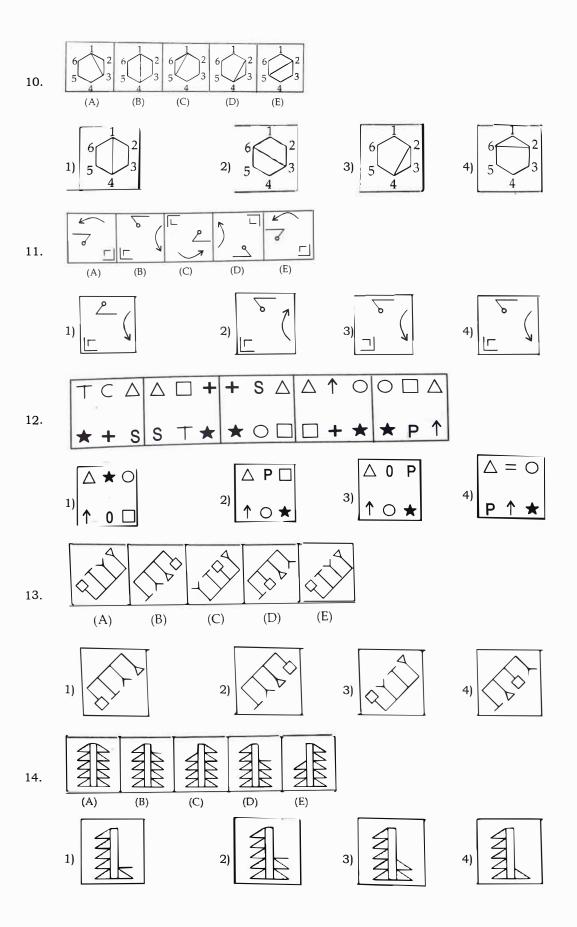














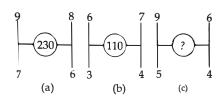








16. Which number will replace the question mark?



1) 128

- 2) 148
- 3) 158
- 4) 118

17. Which number will replace the question mark?

9 17 16 5 4 8 5 4 ? 9 17 8

1) 3

- 2) 4
- 3) 9
- 4) 10

18. Which one will replace the question mark?

4 5 6 2 3 7 1 8 3 21 98 ?

1) 94

- 2) 76
- 3) 16
- 4) 73

19. Which one will replace the question mark?

 16
 28
 29

 13
 12
 16

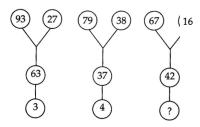
 14
 10
 15

 15
 30
 ?

1) 60

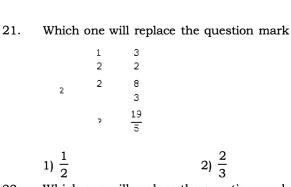
- 2) 30
- 3) 20
- 4) 45

20. Which one will replace the question mark?



1) 5

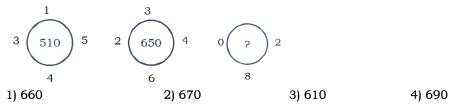
- 2) 6
- 3) 8
- 4) 9



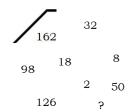




## 23. Which one will replie the question mark?

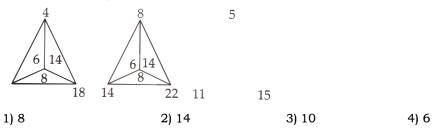


## 24. Which number replaces the question marks?

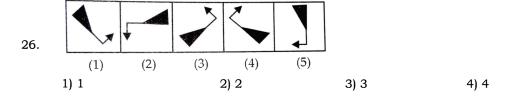


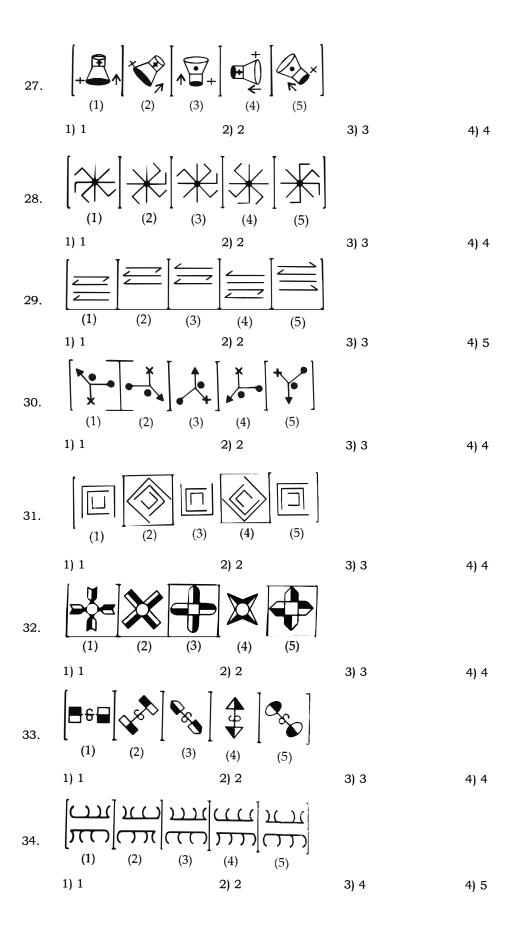
1) 11 2) 19 3) 15 4) 72

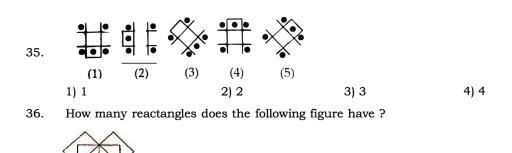
## 25. Which one will replace the quesion mark?



## Question from 26 to 35 for rare similar in certain manner one is not like other four, choose the figure which is different from the rest.









37. How many squares are there in the figure given below?



1) 12 2) 13 3) 16 4) 17

38. Find the number of triangles in the following figure



1) 28 2) 32 3) 36 4) 40

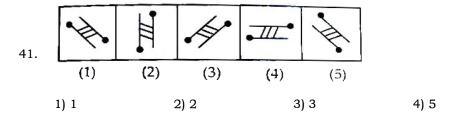
39. How many triangles and squares are there in the given figure?

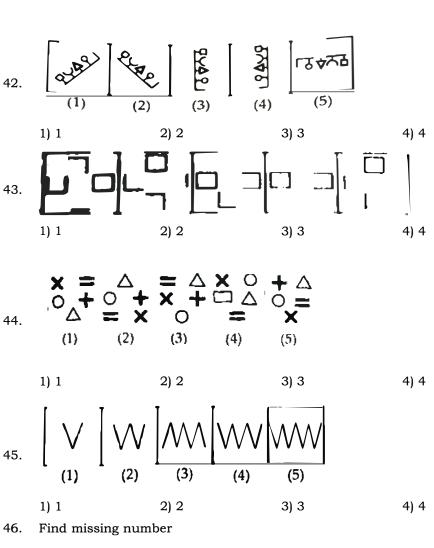


- 1) 44 triangles, 10 squares 2) 14 triangles, 16 square 3) 24 triangles, 6 squares 4) 24 triangles, 9 squares
- 40. Count the number of triangles and squares in the figure given below



1) 26 triangles, 5 squares 2) 26 triangles, 6 squares 3) 27 triangles, 6 squares 4) 27 triangles, 5 squares





 14
 4
 20

 8
 12
 22

 19
 14
 ?

1) 35 2) 40 3) 45

47. Find the missing number

 36
 23
 15

 29
 39
 27

 47
 ?
 53

1) 33 2) 23 3) 43 4) 53

4) 55

48. Find the missing number

6 4 100 8 5 189 11 3 ?

1) 128 2) 138 3) 148 4) 158

49. Find the missing number

	8	6	72		
	5	12	90		
	12	9	?		
	1) 152		2) 162	3) 122	4) 102
50.	Find the	missing	number		
	39	3	12		
	54	2	46		
	184	5	59		
	1) 4		2) 6	3) 5	4) 3

## L.C.T (51 - 100)

#### Answer the follwing comprehension 1 and II

i. I consider myself something of an authority on apologies, because a quick temper has provided me with plenty of opportunities to make them. In one of my earliest memories, my mother is telling me, Don't look at the ground when you say, 'I' m sorry .'Hold your head up and look the person in the eye, he'll know you mean it.

My mother thus conveyed the first principle of successful apology: it must be direct. you must never pretend to be doing something else. you do not leaf through a sheaf of correspondence while apologizing to a subordinate after blaming her for a mistake that turned out be your fault. you do not apologize to a hostess, whose guest of honour you insulted, by sending flowers the next day without having mentioned your behaviour.

- 51. According to the author's mother, the best way to apologize is
  - 1) to say 'sorry' while looking at the ground
  - 2) to look the person in the eye, even if you don't say 'sorry'
  - 3) while saying 'I' m sorry' look the person in the eye
  - 4) to hold your head up and avoid looking at the person
- 52. The successful way of apology is that it
  - 1) should not be mixed up with other activities
  - 2) could be made casually even when you are busy
  - 3) should be hinted at indirectly of the person concerned
  - 4) could be made seriously while doing other activities
- 53. You should apologize for your bad behavior at a party by sending
  - 1) flowers to the guest of your hostess
  - 2) flowers to your hostess at your leisure
  - 3) flowers to your hostess with a note of apology
  - 4) only a note of a apology the next day
- 54. The phrase 'leaf through a book' means to
  - 1) copy from a book
  - 2) turn over the pages of a book quickly
  - 3) read a book seriously
  - 4) turn over a new leaf
- 55. The author considers himself to be authority on apologies because
  - 1) his mother trained him how to apologize
  - 2) he has read many books on how to apologize
  - 3) he has apologized many a time
  - 4) he has been offered apologies in many ways

ii.	we stumbled slowly along in the darkness, with the back loom of the craggy hills around us, and the yellow speck of light burning steadily in front. there is nothing so deceptive as the distance of a light upon a pitch-dark night, and sometimes the glimmer seemed to be far away upon the horizon, and sometimes it might have been within a few yards of us. but at last we could see whence it came, and then we know that we were very close. the word "stumbled" in the first line suggests that the narrator and his friend						
56.							
	1) had very poor sig						
	2) were walking on						
	•	on fixed on the dista	•				
<b>-</b>		eep their movements					
57.		suggests that when t sed by its closeness	they discovered the	source of the light,			
	2) they were greatly	-					
	3) they were very p						
	4) they were utterly						
58.			ect of the dimlight w	as			
		on with regard to di					
		therwise hopeless si					
	3) to indicate divine	e intervention					
	4) to lesson the diff	ficulty of their missi	on				
59.				uthor and his companions was			
		e nature of countrys					
	•	vements of suspicion	us				
	3) to study superna	<del>-</del>	_				
60.		to its place of origing friend were walking					
00.	1) across a dark, by	-	š				
	•	-					
	<ul><li>2) along a lonely, winding road</li><li>3) across a lonely, hilly country side</li></ul>						
	4) along an ill-lit and ill-maintained forest road						
II.	One word substitute						
61.	Government by one	e man					
	1) anarchy	2) monarchy	3) autocracy	4) democracy			
62.	One who walks in	one's sleep	,	,			
	1) dreamer	2) somnambulist	3) neomatic	4) ignorant			
63.	A person suffering	from nervous break					
	1) eccentric	2) neurotic	3) lunatic	4) mongrel			
64.	A book or paper wr						
<b>6 5</b>	1) hand written	2) manuscript	3) edition	4) draft			
65.	_	ing more than one w		4) dimensi			
66.	1) ploy gamy	2) monogamy totally from alcoholic	3) polyandry	4) digamy			
00.	1) recluse	2) teetotaler	3) sceptic	4) stoic			
67.	A cluster of houses	•	o) sceptic	+) Stole			
07.	1) mohalla	2) hamlet	3) colony	4) sector			
68.	A place where mon	•	o, colony	i, dector			
	1) mint	2) press	3) treasury	4) bank			
69.	A professional rider	, -	,	,			
	1) rider	2) horse courser	3) jockey	4) coach			
70.	The house of an es						
	1) hamlet	2) dower	3) igloo	4) hut			

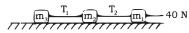
III.	Fill in the blanks using correct the form of	f the verb.	
71.	He a letter to this pen-friend	every month.	
	1) writes 2) is writing	3) was writing 4	l) am writing
72.	She offered me an apple, but I was no	t hungry as Il	unch
	1) was just eating	2) just ate	
	3) had just eaten	4) have just eaten	
73.	At this time tomorrow I on the		
	1) will havebeen lying	2) will be lying	
	3) will lie	4) lie	
74.	I for more than an hour before sh	•	
	1) had waited	2) had been waiting	
75	3) was wiating	4) waited	
75.	I for a few minutes when a noise		<del>-</del>
	1)only slept	2) had only been slee	eping
76	3) was only sleeping	4) had only slept	
76.	I was so relieved when I found my key		morning.
	<ul><li>1) was looking</li><li>3) looked</li></ul>	<ul><li>2) had been looking</li><li>4) had looked</li></ul>	
77.	Why are you in such a hurry a this mo	•	nd had'nt naticed what time it
11.	was	offining: I a batif a	na naa ni noncea what dine it
	1) was having	2) had been having	
	3) had had	4) had	
78.	At the end of the next month I have	for exactly 25 years.	
	1) will marry	2) will have been man	rried
	3) drove	4) had been driving	
79.	My best friend and I each other for		
	1) have known 2) has known	3) know 4) had l	known
80.	Your pencilsif you your school		
	1) would break, will pack	2) wouldn't break, pe	eck
	3) wouldn't break, packed	· -	
IV.	Idioms and phrases	, , , , , , ,	1
81.	He was caught between the devil and	deep sea	
	1) devil and dead sea	2) devil and the deep	blue sea
	3) death and the deep sea	4) death and the dev	
82.	He is normally a calm manit was so		
02.	1) stomp furiously	2) resign with out pu	
	, -	4) walk away friskily	itting up a light
00	3) take a firm stance		1
83.	It has been a while since I graduated		
	1) help me run in circles	2) enhance my recall	
	3) gives clues that would help me reca	all	
	4) help me become filter		
84.	The police searched every nook and	each cranny for the thie	eves.
	1) every nook and each cranny	2) under each cranny	y for the thieves
	3) all nooks crannies	4) every nook and cra	anny
85.	I need some one to give me legs up he	ere	
	1) give me 2 push up	2) push my leg up	
	3) help me out	4) leave me alone	
86.	When failure seemed imminent, the s	oldiers decided to go do	own swinging
	1) leave and run	2) surrender	
	3) do the most while they could	4) change sides	
		_	

	1) gained an unsavoury i	reputation	2) scored many	centuries
	3) distinguished himself		4) played for his	country
88.	He was at the prime of hi	s career when	he called off a da	ny.
	1) called off a day		2) called it a day	•
	3) was called off for a day		4) called it off for	
89.	You need to stop following	ig your tail and	l get some real w	ork done.
	1) following your tail		2) beating arour	ıd your tail
	3) pulling around your ta	ıil	4) chasing your	tail
90.	The opposition spokes pe	erson has put l	nis foot in the mo	outh yet again
	1) spoken eloquently			
	2) criticized the ruling ea			
	3) changed his statement			
	4) staid something emba	rrassing or ina	ppropriate	
	Cloze Test			
V.			following passage	with the most suitable word out of the
	alternatives given against e		141 4 .	41
	The world bank will take			continue supporting the1it was launched. an
				s, following protests.4, some envi-
	ronmental groups, is5.	completion an	d its board6ex	spected to decide in may
	or71993, whether to	continue fund	ing the8the	bank's vice president
	for9sustainable devel	opment, Ismail	seralgdin10	commendations to the board soon,
0.1	according to world bank		2) whon	
91. 92.	1) as	<ul><li>2) since</li><li>2) opinion</li></ul>	3) when 3) examir	action
92. 93.	<ol> <li>assessment</li> <li>commissioned</li> </ol>	2) launched	3) constit	
93. 94.	1) against	•	3) by	uteu
95.	1) getting	2) of 2) nearing	3) by 3) having	
95. 96.	1) was	2) is	3) had be	
90. 97.	1) april	2) august	3) june	CII
98.	1) effort	2) project	3) people	
99.	1) socially	2) economica		mentally
100.	1) whom	2) who	3) whose	imentally
100.	i, whom	2) W110	oj wnose	
		PHYSICS	( 101 - 113	)
101	From the diagram given a	long side calc	nilate acceleratio	n
101.	From the diagram given a	i long side, care	ulate acceleration	11
		15	-	
		⊽ 10		
		10		
		5		
		0 0 4 5 0		
			10 12 141618	
	1) $1.5 \mathrm{m/s^2}$ 2) $2 \mathrm{r}$		ime 3) 3 m/s²	4) $5 \mathrm{m/s^2}$
	, , ,	,	•	, ,
102.				ation of 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> . Neglecting air
	resistance, the distance to	ravelled by the	body during the	third second of its motion will be
	1) 14.7 m 2) 24	.5 m	3) 19.6 m	4) 29.4 m
103.	A body of mass 'm' accele power delivered is	rate uniformly	from rest to a sp	eed of 'v' in't' sec. The average
		$v^2$	1	$mv^2$
	1) $\frac{mv^2}{t}$ 2) $\frac{m}{2}$	<u>.</u>	3) $\frac{1}{mv^2}$	4) $\frac{\text{mv}^2}{4t}$
	ι 2	L	IIIV	41

87.

He has made his mark in the world of cricket.

104. Three blocks of masses m1, m2 and m3 are connected by massless strings as shown in the figure on a frictionless table. They are pulled with a force of 40 N. If  $\,\mathrm{m_{_1}}=10~\mathrm{kg}$  .  $m_2 = 6 \text{ kg}$  and  $m_3 = 4 \text{ kg}$ , then tension  $t_2$  will be

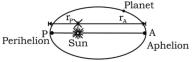


1) 10 N

2) 20 N

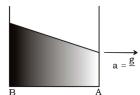
4) 40 N

A planet orbits the sun in an elliptical path as shown in the figure. Let  $v_p$  and  $v_A$  be speed of the planet when at perihelion and aphelion respectively. Which of the following relations is correct?



1)  $\frac{r_p}{r_A} = \frac{v_A}{v_p}$  2)  $\frac{r_p}{r_A} = \frac{v_p}{v_A}$ 

106. A cubical tank of side 9m is half filled with water. Now it is accelerated towards right with acceleration  $\frac{g}{3}$ . Find the depth of water at each end A & B



1)  $\frac{3}{2}$  m,  $\frac{4}{2}$  m

2) 8m,6m

3) 3m,6m

4)  $\frac{1}{2}$  m,  $\frac{5}{3}$  m

107. In the network shown below, the ring has zero resistance. The equivalent resistance between the points A and B is



1) 2R

2) 4R

3) 7 R

108. Masses of three wires of same material are in the ratio 1:3:5 and their lengths are in the ratio 5:3:1. If they are connected in series with a battery then the ratio of heats produced in them will be

1) 5:9:5

2) 25:9:1

3) 125:15:1

The north pole of a magnet is moved into a coil through the coil through the end A. Simultaneously the north pole of another magnet is moved into the coil through the end B as shown in the figure. The direction of induced emf will

$$N \left[ \begin{array}{c} \sqrt{QQQQQQ} \\ \sqrt{QQQQQQ} \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \sqrt{QQQQQQ} \\ \sqrt{QQQQQQ} \end{array} \right]$$

- 1) Be in the anticlockwise direction as seen through the end A 2) Be in the clockwise direction as seen through the end B
- 3) Depend on the speed with which the two magnets are moved
- 4) Depend on the speed with which the magnets are moved and the strengths of the magnets
- 110. A conducting rod of length <sup>l</sup> is falling with a velocity v perpendicular to a uniform horizontal magnetic field B. The potential difference between its two ends will be
  - 1) 2 B l v
- 2) B *l*v
- 3) 0.5 B &
- 4)  $B^2 \ell^2 v^2$

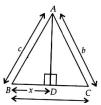
111.	is a small object at a height h above the mirror. AN observer O vertically above P, outside the liquid sees P and its image in the mirror. The apparent distance between these two will be					
	1) 2μh	2) $\frac{2h}{11}$ 3)	$\frac{2h}{1-1}$ 4) h	$1+\frac{1}{u}$		
112.		e up of material of as shown in the fi		s immersed in a medium of		
			\/ ~			
	1) $\mu_1 < \mu_2$	2) $\mu_1 > \mu_2$		4) $\mu_1 = \sqrt{\mu_2}$		
113.				wants to read a book placed at his spectacles and what must		
	1) Concave, - 1.0 I	2) Convex, + 1.5	D 3) Concave, - 2	2.0 D 4) Convex, + 2.0 D		
		СНЕ	MISTRY ( 114	- 126)		
114.	Line spectrum is			,		
	1) Atoms		2) Molecules			
	, •	in the solid state		in the liquid state		
115.	For which specie	_				
116	1) H	2) Be	3) He <sup>+</sup>	4) Li <sup>2+</sup>		
116.	The shape of an (1) Principal quan (3) Magnetic quan	tum number	2) Azimuthal qua 4) Radial wave fi			
117.	The (n+1) value for 1) 4		•	4) 1		
118.	An element has					
	1) 1 group and 3rd period 2) 3 group and 1st period 3) 1 group and 8th period 4) 17group and 3rd period					
119.	<ul> <li>The longest period that contains 32 elements and the shortest period are</li> <li>Sixth period, first period</li> <li>Fourth period, second period</li> </ul>					
	3) Fifth period, the	-	, -	seventh period		
120.	At the end of eact 1) Incomplete	th period the valer 2) Half filled		ed 4) Completely filled		
121.		ant contribution	towards the develor	oment of periodic table was		
	made by 1) Mendeleef	2) Avagadro	3) Dalton	4) Gay-lussac		
122.	*		-,	, say sassas		
	1) HCl	2) Na <sub>2</sub> O	3) CO <sub>2</sub>	4) SO <sub>2</sub>		
123.	1) There are no i 3) There are no r	ons novement of ions	lectricity because 2) Solid NaCl is 4) There are no			
124.				4) CO		
105	1) CO <sub>2</sub>	2) H <sub>2</sub> O	41 1 7	4) CO		
125.	Which of the following the thick of the following the second of the following the thick of the following the follo	owing contains bo 2) NaCl	oth ionic and covale 3) KCl	nt bonds? 4) KCN		
126.	Bonds present in	n NH₄Cl are				
	1) Ionic	2) Covalent	3) Dative	4) All		

## **BIOLOGY ( 127 - 140 )**

127.	Match the following:  1) Riboflavin  2) Cyanocobalomin b) Pernicious anaem	a) Fertility disorder nia
	3) Claciferol	c) Delayed dention, Rickets
	4) Tocoferol	d) Photophobia, red and sour tongue
	1) 1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a	2) 1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-b
	3) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a, 4-c	4) 1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a
128.	Identify the events of photosynthesis of 1) Conversion of light energy to chemic 2) Splitting of water molecule 3) Reduction of Co <sub>2</sub> to Carbohydrate 4) All the above	
129.	Dodder belongs to the family 1) Morning glory family 3) Both 1 and 2	<ul><li>2) Convolvulaceae</li><li>4) Fabaceae</li></ul>
130.	Trypsin: Pancres: Ptyalin: ?	1) Pabaccae
100.	1) Salivary glands 2) Small intestine	3) Gastric juice 4) Liver
131.	Which of the following diseases is caus  1) KwashioKor  2) Marasmus	
132.	1) Pyruvic acid 2) Glocose	olic reaction is immediately stored in the form of 3) ATP 4) Lactic acid
133.	Kreb's cycle is a characteristic feature (1) Eulcaryotes 2) Prokaryotes	3) Both 1 and 2 4) All of these
134.	Which of the following can be seen in a	erobic respiration
135.		Energy 3) Co <sub>2</sub> +H <sub>2</sub> O+Energy 4) None of these gment molecules which can be distinguished by the
106	1) Chlorophyll-Mg, Hemoglobin-zink 3) Chlorophyll-Mg, Hemoglobin-Fe	2) Chlorophyll-Iron, Hemoglobin-Mg 4) Chlorophyll-Mg, Hemoglobin-Ca
136.	Semi lunar values guard the junction of 1) Left ventricle and aorta	of 2) Right ventricle and aorta
	3) Left ventricle and pulmonary artery	· ·
137.	Lymph contains	., ragare versarios essa passarios vers
	1) Less proteins than blood plasma	2) More proteins than blood plasma
	3) Equal amount of proteins as in blood	d plasma 4) Does not contain protein
138.	Pepsin differ form trypsin, because it d	igests
		num 2) Proteins in alkaline medium is stomach
	3) Proteins in acidic medium in stomac	th 4) Proteins in alkaline medium in stomach
139.	A $10^{\rm th}$ class student has not taken the hungry because of secretion of:	food in lunch. After some time she is feeling more
	1) Leptin 2) Gherlin	3) Bile juice 4) All of these
140.	Match the following	
	1) Oesophagus	a) Suppresses hunger
	2) Villi	b) Thin long muscular tube
	3) Chyme	c) Found in small intestine
	4) Letptin	d) Partially digested semi liquid food
	· -	e) Responsible for hunger
	1) 1-b, 2-d, 3-c, 4-a	2) 1-b, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a
	3) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d	4) 1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c

## **MATHS (141 - 160)**

141. In  $\triangle ABC$ , segment  $AD \perp BC$ , if BD = x units, then x is

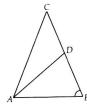


1)  $x = \frac{c^2 + a^2 - b^2}{2a}$ 

2)  $x = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2c}$ 

3)  $x = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2b}$ 

- 4)  $x = \frac{b^2 + c^2 a^2}{2abc}$
- 142. In an examination A got 25% marks more then B, B got 10% less than C and C got 25% more that D, if D got 320 marks out of 500, the marks obtained by A were
  1) 450
  2) 405
  3) 360
  4) 400
- 143. In the figure, ABC is a triangle in which AD bisects  $\angle A$ , AC = BC,  $\angle B$  =  $72^{\circ}$  and CD= 1 cm, length of BD (in cm) is



1) 1

2)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- 3)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}$
- 4)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2}$
- 144. In the figure, BC is a chord of the circle with centre O and A is a point on the minor arc BC. Then  $\angle BAC \angle OBC$  is equal to
  - 1) 200

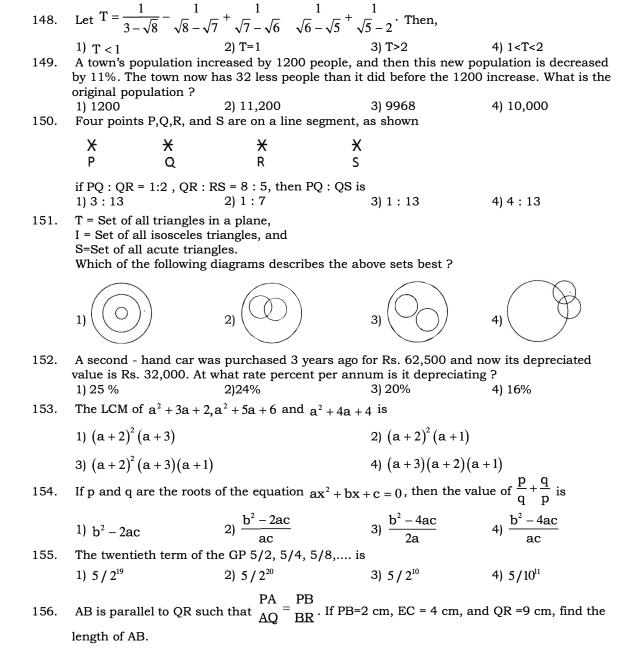
- 2) 60°
- 3) 800
- 4) 900
- 145. In figure, ABC is a quadrant of a circle of radius 14 cm and a semicircle is drawn with BC as diameter. The area of the shaded region is

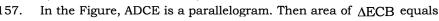


- 1) 98 cm<sup>2</sup>
- 2) 154 cm<sup>2</sup>
- 3) 56 cm<sup>2</sup>
- 4) None of these
- 146. If  $\alpha, \beta$  are the zeroes of polynomial  $f(x) = x^2 p(x+1) c$ , then  $(\alpha+1)(\beta+1) =$ 
  - 1) c-1

- 2) 1-c
- 3) c
- 4) 1+c
- 147. A five digit number abcde is such that the number abcde1 is the product of 1 abcde and 3. The sum of the digits of abcde is
  - 1) 25

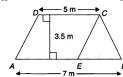
- 2) 26
- 3) 27
- 4) 28





2) 1

1) 2



4) 3

3)  $3.5 \text{ m}^2$ 4) 6.5 m<sup>2</sup> 1) 21 m<sup>2</sup> 2)  $15.5 \text{ m}^2$ 

158.	Each of the digits 3,5,6,7 and 8 is placed one to a box in the diagram. If the two digit number is substracted from the three digit number, what is the smallest difference?						
	1) 269			2) 278	3) 484		4) 271
159.	The digits			d 9 can be dist	tributed among the le		•
	7	а	b	1			
	С			d			
	3	e	f	10			
160.	1) 15 If a,b and o	c are di	igits fo		3) 17		4) 19
				7 a 2 <u>-48 b</u> c 7 3			
	then a+b+c 1) 14	) =		2) 15	3) 16		4) 17
				SOC	CIAL ( 161 - 200	)	
	ΓORY						
161.	Giuseppe M and second		found	led two more t	under ground societi	es, first, Yo	oung Italy' in Marseilles
	1) Young Ro	ome	2) Y	oung Europe	3) Carbonari	4) Young	world
162.			rmed	in 1834 was			
	1) Collective				2) Zolleverein		
160	3) European				4) Napoleonic cod	e	
163.		Battle	_	ozing" begin?	0) 1010	4) 1015	
164	1) 1812		2) 1		3) 1813	4) 1815	
164.	The Habsbu	_		ers oi	0) D 4:1 11!		
	1) Austria-I 3) Germany	•	У		<ul><li>2) Dutch republic</li><li>4) Switzerland</li></ul>		
165.	-,		ourbo	on family of ki	ngs was married to t	he Austrian	nrincess
105.	1) Marie Lit		ourbe	ni ianiny oi kii	2) Barbodex Marie		princess
	3) Marie An		<b>e</b>		4) Mary		
166.	•			Pights of man	· -	artist	in 1790 in France
100.	1) Locke	ation of		ousseau	3) La barbier	4) Mirabe	
167.	•	e follos	•		Bastille storming?	+) Willabe	au
107.				on in France	Dastine Storming:		
	•		_		e French king		
			_	used to hate	_		
	4) All of the		1 1116[]	uscu to Hate	the Dastile		
168.	•		gave '	the idea of Lib	erty, freedom and Eo	quality to th	ne world:
	1) the Amer		_		2) the French Rev		
	3) the Russ				4) None of these		

169.	59. Who stormed the Bastille the fortress prison during the last years of 18th century				
	1) Soldiers		2) Peasants		
3) Agitated crowd 4) National Ass		4) National Assemb	oly		
170.	The Duma were council assemblies which were created by the				
	1) Lenin	2) Karl Marx	3) Tsar of Russia	4) French king	
171.	Before 1914, Petro	ograd was known as			
	1) Samara	2) Omsk	3) St Petersburg	4) Moscow	
172.	'God save our nob	les' this national Ant	hem is related to the	9	
	1) U.K	2) U.S.A	3) U.S.S.R	4) U.A.E	
173.	Who amongest the	ese offered chancellor	ship top Hitler		
	1) Churchill	2) Goebbels	3) Helmut	4) Hindenburg	
174.	In context of Gern	nany what was 'Holoc	caust'		
	1) Nazi propagand	a	2) Nazi honour Cro	esses	
	3) Nazi killing ope	rations	4) A nazi school		
175.	Benito Mussolini v	was the dictator of			
	1) Germany	2) India	3) Italy	4) England	
Geog	graphy				
176.	The geographical f	eature that separates	s India from Srilanka	a is	
	1) Gulf of cambay		2) Gulf of mannar		
	3) gulf of Kutchch	h	4) Gulf of Khambat		
177.	The tropic of canc	er passes through			
	1) Bihar	2) Chattisgarh	3) Orissa	4) Uttarpradesh	
178.	Which of the follow	wing divisions of Indi	a has the oldest land	dmass	
	1) the Himalayas		2) the Northern plain		
	3) the Peninsular		4) the Indian deser	t	
179.	Which of the follow world	ving is the oldest rou	te of contact betwee	n India and other countries of the	
	1) Ocean routes	2) Maritime contact	3) Land routes	4) Air routes	
180.	What is the position	on of India in the wor	ld in respect of area	?	
	1) 6th position	2) 7th position	3) 9th position	4) 8th position	
181.	The longitudinal E	Extent of Himalayas fi	rom Jammu & Kash	mir to Arunachal Pradesh is	
	1) 1400 km	2) 2400 km	3) 3400 km	4) 400 km	
182.	The wind blowing	following rivers does	not drain into the A	rabian sea?	
	1) Kaal Baisakhi	2) trade winds	3) Loo	4) Fast track	
183.	Which of the follow	ving rivers does not o	lrain into the Arabia	n sea?	
100.	1) Narmada	2) Indus	3) Kaveri	4) All of these	
184.	•	•	·	est rain fall in the world	
101.	1) Silchar	2) Cherrapunji	3) Mawsynram	4) All the above	
105	•			if the above	
185.		highest peaks in the		4) Saharadai	
		2) Western ghats	3) Eastern ghats	4) Sahyadri	
186.		ghest peak in wester	_	0.5.11	
	1) Mt Everest	2)	3) Anaimudi	4) Dodabetta	

187.	The boimes are id	entified on the bas	is of				
	1) Cities	2) Plants	3) States	4) rocks			
188.	How many Tiger r	eserves are there in	n India				
	1) 27	2) 37	3) 55	4) None of these			
189.	Match List-I with	List-II and select th	ne corrcet answer us	sing the code given belov			
	List-I Forest		List-Ii Region				
	a) Tropical moist	deciduous	(i) Arunachal Pra	adesh			
	b) Tropical dry de	ciduous	(ii) Sahyadris				
	c) Alpine		(iii) middle gang	a plain			
	d) Tropical wet		(iv) Tarai				
	1) a-iv, b-ii, c-i, d	-iii	2) a-iv, b-iii, c-i,	d-ii			
	3) a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d		4) a-i, b-iv, c-ii,				
Poli			, , , ,				
190.		umber of deaths pe	r 1000 persons in a	year			
	1) Mortality rate	2) Birth rate	3) Death rate	4) None of these			
191.	,	•	,	,			
	1) B.R. Ambedkar		2) Babu Rajendr	a prasad			
	3) Jawaharlal Nel			4) Nerendra Modi			
192.	The first president of India is						
	1) Jawaharlal neh		2) Pranabh Muk	2) Pranabh Mukherjee			
	3) Babu rajendra		•	4) Motilal Nehru			
193.			y in villages across	India			
	1) Transportation	_	2) Small scale in				
	3) Fishing		4) Farming				
194.	To grow more that	n one crop on a a p	iece of land during	the year is known as			
	1) Kharif crop	2) Multiple cropp	ing 3) Rabi crop	4) Zaid crop			
195.	Reasons for pover	,	3 , 1	, -			
	1) Unemployment	-	2) Illiteracy				
	3) Colonial Admir		4) All				
196.	•		sell low priced goods	s to			
	1) Rich people	2) Poor people	3) Educated peo	ple 4) Illiterate people			
197.	F.C.I stands for						
	1) Foreign Cooper	ation with India	<ol><li>Food corporat</li></ol>	2) Food corporation of India			
	3) Fossils corpora	tion of India	4) Food coming to India				
198.	What does food security mean						
	1) Availability of f	ood	2) Accessibility of food				
	3) Affordability of	food	4) All of these				
199.							
	1) to shop keepers	S	2) To land lords	2) To land lords			
	3) To government	employee	4) People below	4) People below the poverty line			
200.	MSP's stands for						
	1) Minimum supp		-	2) Maximum support price			
	3) Marginal suppo	ort price	4) None of these				