SUBJECT : BIOLOGY	DAY-1
SESSION: MORNING	TIME: 10.30 A.M. TO 11.50 A.M.

MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING						
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES						

MENTION YOUR	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS						
CET NUMBER	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER					
	A - 1	148977					

## DOs:

- 1. Check whether the CET No. has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- 2. This Question Booklet is issued to you by the invigilator after the 2nd Bell i.e., after 10.30 a.m.
- 3. The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
- 4. The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should also be shaded completely.
- 5. Compulsorily sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

## DON'TS:

- 1. THE TIMING AND MARKS PRINTED ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEET SHOULD NOT BE DAMAGED/MUTILATED/SPOILED.
- 2. The 3rd Bell rings at 10.40 a.m., till then;
  - Do not remove the paper seal present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
  - Do not look inside this question booklet.
  - Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

## IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have one statement and four distracters. (Four different options / choices.)
- 2. After the 3<sup>rd</sup> Bell is rung at 10.40 a.m., remove the paper seal on the right hand side of this question booklet and check that this booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items etc., if so, get it replaced by a complete test booklet. Read each item and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
- 3. During the subsequent 70 minutes:
  - · Read each question carefully.
  - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available distracters (options / choices) given under each question / statement.
  - Completely darken / shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALL POINT PEN
    against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

Correct Method of shading the circle on the OMR answer sheet is as shown below:



- 4. Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR answer sheet will also be recognised and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
- 5. Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
- 6. After the last bell is rung at 11.50 a.m., stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
- 7. Hand over the OMR ANSWER SHEET to the room invigilator as it is.
- 8. After separating the top sheet (Our Copy), the invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
- 9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.

Turn Over



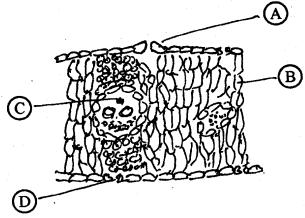
	(1)	Messenger RNA	(2)	Soluble RNA								
	(3)	Ribosomal RNA	(4)	Heterogeneous nuclear RNA								
2.	Choose th	ne right one which denote	es genetic d	diversity.								
	(1)	Chromosomes – nucleo	otides – gei	enes – individuals – populations								
	(2)			mosomes – nucleotides – genes								
	(3)			mes – individuals – populations								
	(4)	Nucleotides – genes – chromosomes – individuals – populations										
				population.								
3.	The portion	on of an Eukaryotic gene	which is to	transcribed but not translated is								
	(1)	Exon	(2)	Intron								
	(3)	Cistron	(4)	Codon								
				A B A A								
4.	The appea	arance of chancre, rashes	all over th	he body are the symptoms of								
	(1)	Gonorrhoea	(2)	Aids								
	(3)	Syphilis	(4)	Fever								
<b>5.</b> •	Read the s	statements (A) and (B). (	Choose the	e right one.								
	(A) Synth	nesis of mRNA takes pla	ce in 5' - 3'	3' direction.								
	(B) Read	ing of mRNA is always i	n 3' – 5' di	irection.								
	(1)	Both the statements are	wrong.									
	(2)	Statement (A) is wrong	g, (B) is cor	prrect.								
	(3)	Statement (B) is wrong	, (A) is cor	prrect.								
	(4)	Both the statements (A	) and (B) a	are correct.								
		Sp	ace For Ro	ough Work								
				•								

The most unstable RNA is

5.	Assimilator	y power is		
	(1)	NADPH <sub>2</sub>	(2)	ATP
	(3)	ATP and NADPH <sub>2</sub>	(4)	FADH <sub>2</sub>
<b>7.</b>	ECORI cle	aves the DNA strands to	produce	
	(1)	Blunt ends	(2)	Sticky ends
	(3)	Satellite ends	(4)	Ori replication end
8.	Ctatamant	(A) · Women are at th	e peak of	the correct choice from those given: conception on the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of ovulation. d normally employed to avoid conception in
	(1)	Statement (A) is wrong	g, (B) is ri	ght.
	(2)	Statement (A) is right,		
	(3)	Both the statements are		
	(4)	Both the statements are	e wrong.	
.9.	The seque	ence of nitrogenous basentary DNA strand shou	strand of DNA are 3' TAC GCG ACG 5'. The	
	(1)	5' AUG CGC TGC 3'	(2	) 3' ATG CGC TGC 5'
	(3)	c ccc 4 cc 21	(4	5' ATG CGC TGC 3'
10	Which o	ne of the following state	ment is co	orrect regarding spinal cord?
10	(1)	It is composed of out	er grey ma	atter and inner white matter.
	(2)	It is composed of out	er white n	natter and inner grey matter.
	(3)	It is composed of out	er grey m	atter and inner colourless matter.
	(4)	1 6		
			Space For	Rough Work

11. Match the entries in Column I with those of Column II and choose the correct answer												swer				
				mn –				Column – II								
	(A)	Re	strictio	n endo	onucle	ases	(P)	Kohler	and Milste	ein						
	(B)	Po	lymeras	se cha	in reac	ction	(Q)	Alec Je	ffreys							
	(C)	C) DNA fingerprinting					(R)	Arber	-	•						
	(D)	Mo	noclon	al ant	ibodie	s	(S)	Karry N	Mullis	* .						
			<b>(A)</b>	<b>(B)</b>	<b>(C)</b>	<b>(D)</b>										
		(1)	(R)	(S)	(Q)	(P)										
		(2)	(R)	(Q)	(S)	(P)										
		(3)	(Q)	(R)	(S)	(P)										
		(4)	(Q)	(S)	(R)	(Q)					· ·					
				(~)	(11)	(4)										
12.	•	(1)	Class		ı may	be sugg	(2)	Orde		classificat	ion ?					
	1	(3)	Speci	es			(4)	Taxo	n '							
13.	h hory	е о рер (1)	naes w	ere in	serted	of recinto the	e plasmi	nt insuli	in produc	tion the	genes for	α and				
		2)	Lac z			_						•				
		3)	β gala		_											
		4)	Ori	Ciosia	ase ge	iie	•									
	ν.	<i>ע</i> ד	OH													
1.4	W/L:-L								•							
4.			does n			moner	a?	t y			•					
	,	1)	Slime		ls		(2)	Mycor	plasma							
	(:	3)	Eubact	eria			(4)	Archae	ebacteria							
						Space	For Ro	ugh Wo	rk		<del></del>					
							÷ •									

15. The diagram given below represents the T.S. of dicot leaf. Identify the parts labelled as A, B, C and D, which denote their functions and choose the correct one given below:



- (1) A: Motor action
- B: Photosynthesis
- C: Conduction
- D: Transpiration
- (2) A: Motor action
- B: Conduction
- C: Photosynthesis
- D: Transpiration
- (3) A: Transpiration
- B: Photosynthesis
- C: Conduction
- D: Transpiration
- (4) A: Transpiration
- B: Conduction
- C: Photosynthesis
- D: Motor action
- 16. Which of the following tissue is not a component of a complex tissues?
  - (1) Parenchyma

- (2) Collenchyma
- (3) Sclerenchyma
- (4) Tracheids

- 17. Mosses and ferns are
  - (1) Thallophytes of plant kingdom
  - (2) Angiosperms of plant kingdom
  - (3) Gymnosperms of plant kingdom
  - (4) Amphibians of plant kingdom

		(1)	Sie	ve tub	es and	Bast f	ibre			
		(2)	Tra	ichea a	and Ph	loem fi	bres			·.
	•	(3)	Хy	lem pa	arench	yma an	d xyler	n fit	bres	
		(4)				compa			_	
10		_		i.						
19.	The				n angio	sperm	is mad	le up	oof	
		(1)	8 c	ells				(2)	7 cells and 8 nuclei	
		(3)	8 ni	uclei			. (	(4)	8 cells and 7 nuclei	
20.	Cor	·k Con	ahi	:				* 4		
20.	COI					m origi				
		(1)							s of cortex	
		(2)							ls of cortex	
		(3)				s of me	_		у	
		(4)	Pare	enchyr	na cell	s of pe	ricycle			
31		1	•							
21.	belo	cn the	word	is of C	Column	1 I with	that o	f Co	olumn II and choose the correct an	swer given
		Colui	<b>nn</b> – ]	I		Colı	ımn — )	II	•	
	(A)	Alga	ae		(P)	Gym	ınosper	ms		
	(B)	Ricc	ia		(Q)		l scum			
	(C)	Spire	ogyra		(R)	Auto	trophic	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(D)	Gnet	um		(S)		rwort	-		
			<b>(A)</b>	<b>(B)</b>	(C)	<b>(D)</b>				
	•	(1)	(R)	(S)	(Q)	(P)				
		(2)	(P)	(S)	(Q)·	(R)				
		(3)	(S)	(P)	(R)	(Q)				
		(4)	(R)							
			<u> </u>	(Q)	(S)	(r)				

Plasmodermata is usually observed between

18.

22.	The opening	ng and closing of stomata a	re contr	olled by the activity of
	(1)	Guard cells	(2)	Epidermal cells
	(3)	Mesophyll cells	(4)	Lenticels
23.	In which shows bile	of these following phyla gateral symmetry?	given as	s the adult shows radial symmetry, the larva
	(1)	Annelids	(2)	Arthropods
	(3)	Molluscs	(4)	Echinodermata
24.	A thin fit	Im of water covering the s	,	icles and held strongly by attractive forces is
	(1)	Run away	(2)	
	(3)	Gravitational	(4)	Capillary
25.	character	ristic morphological feature  Animals	s?	<ul> <li>imals each is correctly matched with their one</li> <li>Morphological features</li> <li>Jointed appendages</li> </ul>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	entipede, Prawn, Sea urchin	r	<ul> <li>Metameric segmentation</li> </ul>
		ockroach, Locust, Taenia		<ul> <li>Ventral solid nerve cord</li> </ul>
		orpion, Spider, Cockroach verfluke, Sea anemone, Sea	cucum	
	(4) Li	vernuke, bed different, bes		
26	. Conside	er the following statements a	and sele	ect the correct one:  n water potential.
	Statem	ent (B): The osmotic pote	ential is	zero in pure water.
	Statem (1	) Both statements are cor	rect and	(B) is not the reason for (A).
	(2			
	(3			1 (B) is the reason for (A).
	•	4) Both statements are con		
			ace For	Rough Work

				•		
27.	A bivale	nt of meiosis I consists	of			
	(1)	Four chromatids and	two cer	ntromeres		
	(2)					
	(3)					
	(4)				•	
28.	Electrons	from excited chloroph	yll mole	cules of photosyste	em II are accepted	i first by
	(1)	Ferredoxin		(2) Pheophytin		
	(3)	Cytochrome b	•	(4) Cytochrome	f	
29.	Match the	e following list of anim	als with	their level of orga	nization and choo	ose the correct
	sequence	•.				
		Column – I		olumn – II		
	_	gan level		Pheritima		
		lular aggregate level	•	Fasciola		
		sue level		Spongilla		
	(D) Org	an system level	` ' .	Obelia		
	(1)	(A) (B) (C) (D)				
	(1)	(S) (R) (P) (Q)		•		
	(2)	(S) (Q) (R) (P)		•		
	(3)	(Q) (S) (R) (P)				
	(4)	(Q) (R) (S) (P)				· · · · · ·
30.	Oxidative	decarbovylation		41 6		
50.	(1)	decarboxylation occurs Citric acid and Succin		the formation of		
	(2)	Citric acid and Oxaloa		•		
	(3)			•		
	(4)	Acetyl CoA and Succi Oxaloacetic acid and (	•			
	(')					
		C <sub>m</sub>	OCO FC-	Donah Wast		

- 31. The edible part of the fruit of apple is
  - (1) Endocarp

(2) Thalamus

(3) Pericarp

- (4) Perianth
- 32. Given below is an electron acceptor. Mention its status, which is labelled as (A)

 $Cyt^{++} \xrightarrow{2e} Cyt^{+++} \bigcirc A$ 

(1) Oxidised

- (2) Reduced
- (3) Phosphorylation
- (4) Hydrated
- 33. The Floral formula  $\oint_{C_{(5)}} A_5 G_2$  is that of
  - (1) Hibiscus

(2) Banana

(3) Tulip

- (4) Vinca
- 34. Interferons are the protein molecules produced from the
  - (1) Normal cells

- (2) Infected host cells
- (3) Macrophages

(4) B. Lymphocytes

- 35. Tikka is a
  - (1) Fungal disease
- (2) Viral disease
- (3) Bacterial disease
- (4) Protozoan disease
- 36. Which of the statement is correct?
  - (1) Each back cross is a test cross.
  - (2) Each test cross is a back cross.
  - (3) Crossing  $F_2$  with  $F_1$  is a test cross.
  - (4) Crossing F<sub>2</sub> with P<sub>1</sub> is called a test cross.

			For Rough		
	( ' ' '	removal of plants and trees	• ' ' '	·	
		growing plants and trees in			
	(2)	growing plants and trees in	an area v	where the forest is removed.	
	(1)	growing plants and trees in	an area v	where there is no forest.	
74.	Deforestation				
42.	Defense				
	(3)	Adathoda vasica		Phyllantus emblica	
,	(1)	Ocimum sanctum	(2)	Gymnema sylvestre	
41.		which have antidiabetic pr	operties		
			- or thon t	adughters would be colourblin	d.
	(4)	Half of their sons and half	f of their	lourbling. laughters would be colourblin	
	(3)	None of the daughters wo		lands 1	
	(2)	All their sons are colourb	k	•	
	(1)	All the children would co	aton pro	geny	
40.	A colouri	olind man marries the dau enotype for colour vision. In	ighter of	another colourblind man wh	ose wife had a
	, ,		(4)	Para zoology	
	(3)	Paleontology	(2)	Phylogeny	AC CONTRACT
	(1)	Para biology		f fossil animals is known as	
39	. The bran	ch of biology that deals wi	th otredes		
,	(3)	Turner's syndrome	(4)	Cri-du-chat syndrome	
	(1)	o by naronic	(2)	Down's syndrome	
38	- 7110001	nastica is the symptom of			
			.,		
	(3)	Cross breed	(4)	Drought breed	
	(1	) Dual purpose breed	(2)	Exotic breed	
. 3	7. Amrithi	nahal is a/an	• .		

<b>44.</b> K	(1) (3)	Golgi complex Endoplasmic reticulum ellur Bird Sanctuary is notice Mandya Chamarajnagar	(2) (4) ed in (2) (4)	Mitochondria Leucoplasts  Mysore Hassan	
<b>44.</b> K	Kokkarebo (1) (3)	ellur Bird Sanctuary is notice Mandya	ed in (2)	Mysore	
44. K	Kokkarebo (1) (3)	Mandya	(2)	•	
44. K	(1) (3)	Mandya	(2)	•	
•••	(1) (3)	Mandya	(2)	•	
	(3)		(4)	Hassan	
•	•				
45.	One of the	e following is also called Se	wall W	right effect.	•
<b>45.</b> (	(1)	Isolation	(2)	Gene pool	
	(3)	Genetic drift	(4)	Gene flow	
	(0)				
46.	Oran is a				
40.	(1)	_	(2)	Sacred landscape	
	(3)		(4)	Endangered animal	
٠			<b>:</b>	the correct order beginning W	ith the sensory
47.			arc in	the correct order beginning w	
	receptor (A) M	otor neuron			
	( )	terneuron	•		
		fector			
	(-)	ensory neuron			
	<b>\</b> .,	ensory receptor			
	(1				
	(2	(1) (B) (C)			
	(3	- (C) (D) (T)			
	(4	(A) (E) (D) (B) (C)		<u> </u>	

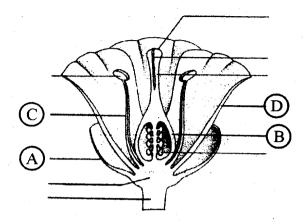
48.	The	trac	hea ten	minate	es into	•					• -					
		(1)	Bro	nchial	Tree	kayta		(2)	Atri	ium						
		(3)	Bro	nchi				(4)	Alv	eoli						
	٠															
49.	Mat give	tch the	ie entri low :	es in	Colun	nn — ]	with	those	of Co	olumi	n II ar	nd cho	ose t	he cor	rect a	nswer
		Co	lumn -	- I				Column – II								
	(A) FSH					(P)		mal gr								
	(B)	GH	ſ				(Q)		lation							
	(C)	Pro	lactin				(R)		urition							
	(D) Oxytocin					(S)	Wat	er diur	resis							
							<b>(T)</b>	Mill	secre	tion						
			(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)										
		(1)	(Q)	(P)	<b>(T)</b>	(R)										
		(2)	(Q)	(P)	(T)	(S)					•					
		(3)	(P)	(T)	(R)	(Q)										,
		(4)	(Q)	(T)	<b>(S)</b>	(R)						٠				
50.	Form	atior	of act	ivatio	n calv	x in tl	he egg	take:	s nlace	,					•	
		(1)			ilizatio			,	piace	•						
		(2)	After	fertili	zatior	l									•	
-		(3)	At the	e time	of Cl	eavag	е									
		(4)	At the			_										
						•										
51.	Whic	hof	the foll	owing	g part (	of Co	ckroad	ch lee	is atta	iched	to the	Iray ve	ntro!!	9		
		(1)	Troch		-			(2)	Claw			an ve	ııu ali	ı <b>y</b> r		
		(3)	Femu	r				(4)	Coxa							
	·	<del></del>				Spa	ace Fo		gh Wo		· · · · · ·		*·	<del></del>		

		Colu					those of C		Column –				
	(A)	Cytok	inins				(P)	Stress	hormone		•		
	(B)	Auxir					(Q)	Ripen	ning of fru	its			. 4.
	(C)	Absc	Abscisic acid					Apical dominance					
	(D)					(S)	Bolting						
	( )	·					(T)	Rich	mond Lan	g effect			
			(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)							
		(1)	(T)	(R)	(P)	(Q)						•	
		(2)	(T)	(R)	(T)	(S)							
		(3)	(R)	(S)	(Q)	(P)					7		
		(4)	(Q)	(Q)	<b>(T)</b>	(R)							
•	201	(1)	Puln	nonary	y vein			(2) (4)		nary arter r venacav			
4.	Th	e semi-	-diges	ted fo	od tha	t moves	down the			known as			
		(1)	Bol	us			(2)	Chy					
		(3)	Rug	gae			(4)	Prot	ein				
55	. Di	uring th	ne trar	sporta	ation g	gases, to	maintain	the io	nic balanc	e chloride	e ions sh	ifts fron	n.
		(1) RBC's to plasma				(2) Plasma to RBC							
					blood	ı	(4)	Blo	od to lung	25			

56.	Read the statements (A) and (B). Choose the right one:						
		Atherosclerosis is a disease characterised by the thickening of arterial walls.					
	Statement (B):	Deposition of cholesterol and triglycerides in the arterial walls causes					

- atherosclerosis.
  - (1) Statement (A) is correct, (B) is wrong.
  - (2) Both the statements are correct but not related to each other.
  - (3) Both the statements are correct and (B) is the reason for (A).
  - (4) Both the statements are wrong.
- 57. Juxtaglomerular cells secrete  $\xrightarrow{A}$  when there is a fall in  $\xrightarrow{B}$  ion concentration. Choose the correct pair labelled as A and B.
  - (1) A: Renin B: Chloride
  - (2) A: Carbonic unhydrase B: Sodium
  - (3) A: ATPase B: Potassium
  - (4) A: Renin B: Sodium
- 58. Ileocaecal valve is present in between
  - (1) Colon and large intestine
  - (2) Colon and small intestine
  - (3) Stomach and small intestine
  - (4) Cardiac stomach and fundus

59. The diagram given below denotes the various parts of a typical flower. Identify the labelled parts A, B, C and D and choose the correct option:



- (1) A = Petals, B = Sepals, C = Stamens, D = Pistil
- (2) A = Sepals, B = Pistil, C = Petals, D = Stamens
- (3) A = Sepals, B = Pistil, C = Stamens, D = Petals
- (4) A = Sepals, B = Petals, C = Pistil, D = Stamens
- 60. Read the statements A and B and identify the correct choice from those given below:

Statement (A): The egg of frog is moderately telolecithal.

Statement (B): Sooner (or) later the cleavage pattern becomes irregular.

- (1) Statement (A) is correct, (B) is wrong.
- (2) Statement (B) is correct, (A) is wrong.
- (3) Both the statements (A) and (B) are correct.
- (4) Statement (A) is the reason for statement (B).