# BOARD QUESTION PAPER: MARCH 2014 SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Time: 3 Hours Marks: 80

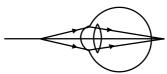
Note i. ii. iii. iv.	Use to Draw All q	well- uestio	labelle ns are	wer-sheet for Section A and S ed diagrams wherever necessa compulsory. write the answers of questions	ıry.				
					ΓΙΟΝ A				
Q.1.	(A)	(a)	Rewii.	modern periodic table.	eatter Mendelee		[3]		
		(b)	<ul> <li>State whether the following statements are True or False:         <ul> <li>CuSO<sub>4(aq)</sub> + Zn<sub>(s)</sub> → ZnSO<sub>4(aq)</sub> + Cu<sub>(s)</sub> is an example of decomposition reaction.</li> <li>Magnetic lines of force are closed continuous curves.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>						
	(B)	Rewi	The r	$Cu_2O$		nails kept in a solution of copper sulphate is:	[5]		
		ii.	What resist (A)		ur times? (B)	ne potential difference is kept constant and the  It will become four times  It will become half			
		iii.		of light strikes the glass slab		gle of 50°. What is the angle of incidence?			
		iv.	(A)	n which plant is litmus paper of Moss Hibiscus	(B)	solution obtained? Rose Lichen			
		v.		e equivalent resistance is to lected in: series mixed arrangement	(B) (D)	sed, then the number of resistance should be parallel none of the above			
Q.2.	Answer any five of the following: [1								
	i. ii. iii. iv.	<ul> <li>ii. Find the resistance of a conductor if 0.24 A current is passing through it and potential difference of 24 V is applied across it.</li> <li>iii. Differentiate between Primary pollutants and Secondary pollutants.</li> </ul>							
	v. vi.			ing's right hand rule. ort note on dispersion of light.					

#### Q.3. Answer any five of the following:

- i. State three differences between Direct current and Alternating current.
- ii. After you have dinner tonight, wash your own plate with soap/detergent.
  - 1. What colour change is observed when soap/detergent is applied?
  - 2. Name the type of reaction and explain it.
- iii. Methyl orange is used as an indicator. It shows colour changes in acid, base and neutral substance. Tabulate your results are follows:

Indicator	Colour Change	Inference
	No change	_
Methyl Orange	_	Acid
	Yellow	_

iv. Given below is a diagram showing a defect of human eye.



Study it and answer the following questions:

- a. Name the defect shown in the figure.
- b. Give two possible reasons for this defect of eye in human being.
- c. Name the type of lens used to correct the eye defect.
- State three effects of Radioactive pollution.
- vi. Define refraction and state the laws of refraction.

#### Q.4. Attempt any one of the following:

v.

[5]

[15]

- With a neat labelled diagram derive the equation for three resistances connected in parallel.
- ii. With the help of appropriate ray diagram, state the sign convention for reflection by spherical mirror.

#### **SECTION B**

### Q.5. (A) (a) Find the odd one out:

[2]

- i. Pancreas, Gall bladder, Glomerulus, Liver.
- ii. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>.
- (b) Match the following:

[3]

	Column 'A'		Column 'B'
i.	Stigma	a.	Neuron
ii.	Pepsin	b.	Carpel
iii.	Dendrites	c.	Protein
		d.	Stamen

(	<b>(B</b> )	Rewrite the following	statements l	by selecting	the correct of	options
и			but constants	o , beleetille		, pulloning

[5]

- i. Iron is
  - (A) more reactive than Zinc
- (B) more reactive than Aluminium
- (C) less reactive than Copper
- (D) less reactive than Aluminium
- ii. is a mode of asexual reproduction.
  - (A) Cloning

(B) Budding

(C) Pollinating

- (D) Germination
- iii. The percentage of water absorbed by raisins is calculated on dividing \_\_\_\_\_ by initial weight.
  - (A) final weight

- (B) increased weight
- (C) decreased weight
- (D) none of the above

		(A)	) lysosome	ion takes place in	(B)	chlorophyll			
		( )	(C) mitochondria (D) ribosome is not essential for photosynthesis.						
		v. (A) (C)	Oxygen	ssentiai ioi photosyi	(B) (D)	Carbon dioxide Chlorophyll			
6.	-		ve of the follo						
	1.								
	ii. iii.	Write two methods of preventing the rusting of iron. Write the functions of the following organs of reproduction:  a. Ovaries							
		b. Seminal vesicle and prostate glands.							
	iv.	Draw a neat labelled diagram of vertical section of the human heart.							
	v. vi.	Write a short note on 'Pressure Cooker'. Explain the term 'Haemodialysis'.							
7.	Ansv i.	Give the IUPAC name of the following compounds:  (A) CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH  (B) HCOOH  (C) CH <sub>3</sub> - CH = CH - CH <sub>3</sub>							
	ii.	Classify the following as voluntary and in (A) Coughing (C) Moving a table (E) Beating of heart			voluntary actions:  (B) Food getting digested  (D) Kicking a ball  (F) Flying a kite.				
	iii.	What is the three 'R mantra'? Write its significance.							
	iv.	What do you mean by DNA? What is the peculiarity of its structure? Name the scientist who put forward the most popular model of DNA.							
	v.	Complete the following table to get the difference between asexual and sexual reproduction:							
		Characte	eristics	Asexual Reprodu	ıction	Sexual Reproduction			
		Number of Parents involved	of	_		-			
		Type of c Involved		Somatic cells	5	Germ cells			
		Type of c Division	cell	_		Meiosis and Mitosis			

Classify the types of neurons and state their functions.

#### 8. Attempt any one of the following:

[5]

[10]

[15]

# (A) In the extraction of aluminium:

- Name the process of concentration of Bauxite.
- Write the cathode reaction in electrolytic reduction of alumina. ii.
- Write the function and formula of cryolite in the extraction of aluminium. iii.
- Draw the diagram of extraction of aluminium.

# (B) Answer the following questions related to sex determination in human beings:

- What is sex chromosome?
- How many pairs of chromosomes are there in human beings? ii.
- How is the sex of the human offspring determined?
- Draw a diagram depicting sex determination in man. iv.