

Marks: 80

## Duration: 3 hours

#### Section I

Choose the correct answers: Each question carries 1 mark. (1x 10= 10 Marks)

- 1. Turnout figures mean\_\_\_\_\_
  - A. The number of winning candidates.
  - B. The number of Candidates
  - C. The number of people in voter's list
  - D. Percentage of eligible voters who actually cast their votes
- 2. In what kind of forests do the trees have roots submerged under the water?
  - A. Mountain forests
  - B. Deciduous forests
  - C. Thorny forests
  - D. Mangrove forests
- 3. Origins of cricket in India are found in which of the following city?
  - A. Bombay
  - B. Lucknow
  - C. Ahmadabad
  - D. Madras
- 4. Which of the following fundamental rights was called by Dr. B.R Ambedkar as "The Soul of the Constitution"?
  - A. Right to freedom
  - B. Right to equality
  - C. Right against exploitation
  - D. Right to constitution remedies

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- 5. In which of the following states are Balaghat Copper mines located?
  - A. Bihar
  - B. Madhya Pradesh
  - C. Rajasthan
  - D. Jharkhand
- 6. Which among the following is not an item of fixed capital?
  - A. Tools
  - B. Raw materials
  - C. Machines
  - D. Building
- 7. In which one of the following groups of Hemisphere India is located?
  - A. Eastern and Western Hemisphere
  - B. Northern and Southern Hemisphere
  - C. Eastern and Northern Hemisphere
  - D. Land and Water
  - Hemisphere
- 8. Which one of the following international organizations is responsible for maintaining peace and security among countries of the world?
  - A. General Assembly
  - B. Security council
  - C. International Court of Justice
  - D. International Monetary fund
- 9. Who was the chairman of the Drafting Committee for making the constitution of India? Choose the correct answer from the following :
  - A. Rajendra Prasad
  - B. Baldev Singh
  - C. H.C. Mookherjee
  - D. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
- 10. Which one of the following is not an activity of tertiary sector?
  - A. Transport
  - B. Banking
  - C. Manufacturing
  - D. Tourism



# Section II

# Very short answer type questions: (1 x10= 10 Marks) Each questions

## carriers 1 mark.

- 1. What is an Electoral Roll?
- 2. Define poverty?
- 3. Where do the Raikas belong to?
- 4. What is meant by 'code of conduct' for election campaign?
- 5. Who were the Dhangars?
- 6. Name any two social groups which are most vulnerable to poverty?
- 7. What is chronic hunger?
- 8. Who appoints the CEC of India?
- 9. Name any two climatic factors affecting the flora and fauna of region?
- 10. Why is agriculture a seasonal activity?

### Section III

Answer the following: Each question carries three marks. (3 x10 = 30 Marks)

 Which of the two houses of parliament exercises more powers and how? Explain?

### OR

Explain the main causes which are threat to the ecosystem?

2. Explain any three laws which were introduced by the colonial government in India and changed the lives of pastroralists?

### OR

Describe the Mansai Society that existed in pre-colonial times?

Describe the style of sari developed by Jnandanadini Devi in 1870s?
OR

How did industrial Revolution affect clothing in Europe?



4. Evaluate spread of monsoon over the Indian sub-continent from Kerala to

Jammu and Kashmir?

OR

Describe the conflict between Indians and the British officials related to the wearing of shoes?

- 5. Write any three powers of Election commission of India?
- 6. 'When the vegetation is altered animal life also changes'. Support the statement with suitable examples?
- 7. Write a short note on Pradhan Mantri Gramadaya Yozana?
- 8. Why did Indian farmers oppose to grow opium? Explain any three reasons?
- 9. What is meant by judicial review? Who have the power to interpret the Constitution of India?
- 10. Explain three factors that influence the climate of India?

### Section IV

Long answer type questions. Each question carries 5 marks. (5x 5= 25 Marks)

1. Why is conservation of minerals essential? Explain any four measures to conserve minerals?

OR

How has three tier quasi judicial machinery been setup for redressal of consumer disputes? Explain?

2. How rural landscape of India is radically transformed under the colonial rule? Explain?

OR

Which Indian forests communities rebelled against the forest rules and under whom? State the reasons?



3. When and why did the forests around the railway tracks start disappearing very fast? Explain?

OR

Describe any five suppressive measures taken by the British administration to clampdown on nationalists?

4. Differentiate between Quadrangular cricket and Ranji Trophy. Which cricket tournament was later named as Ranji trophy?

OR

State any five important provisions of first written "Law of Cricket" drawn up in 1744?

5. As nationalist feelings swept across India by the late 19<sup>th</sup> century how Indians did began devising cultural symbols that would express the unity of the nation? Explain it in detail?

OR

How increase in food production was made possible in England in Nineteenth century? Explain?