

GENERAL SCIENCE, Paper - I

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time: 21/2 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Instructions:

- Answer the questions under Part-A on a separate answer book.
- Write the answers to the questions under Part-B on the Question Paper itself and attach it to the answer book of Part-A.

Part - A

Time: 2 Hours Marks: 35

SECTION - I

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

NOTE:

- 1. Answer ANY FIVE questions, choosing atleast TWO from each Group.
- 2. Each question carries TWO marks.

GROUP - A

- In what cases, does a light ray not deviate at the interface of two media?
- 2. What happens to the water when wet clothes dry?



- 3. Explain briefly the reason for the blue colour of the sky.
- 4. Give any two applications of Faraday's law of Induction in daily life.

GROUP - B

- 5. Why pure acetic acid does not conduct electricity?
- **6.** What is nl^x method? How it is useful?
- 7. How does metallic character change when we move
 (i) across a period from left to right, (ii) down a group?
- Draw the simple figure of a soap molecule.

SECTION - II

 $4 \times 1 = 4$

- NOTE: 1. Answer ANY FOUR questions from the following.
 - Each question carries ONE mark.
- 9. Define Latent heat of Fusion.
- 10. What is the relationship between focal length (f) and radius of curvature (R)?



- 11. What is electric shock?
- 12. Why do we apply paint on iron articles?
- 13. Which group elements are called Carbon family?
- 14. Define Isomerism.

SECTION - III

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

NOTE:

- Answer ANY FOUR questions, choosing atleast TWO from each Group.
- 2. Each question carries FOUR marks.

GROUP - A

15. Answer these:

- (a) How much energy is transferred when 1 gm of boiling water at 100°C condenses to water at 100°C?
- (b) How much energy is transferred when 1 gm of boiling water at 100°C cools to water at 0°C?
- (c) How much energy is released or absorbed when 1 gm of water at 0°C freezes to ice at 0°C?
- (d) How much energy is released or absorbed when 1 gm of steam at 100°C turns to ice at 0°C?



- 16. Draw and explain the process of formation of image with a Pinhole camera.
- 17. Explain the refraction of light through a glass-slab with neat ray diagram.
- 18. How do you verify that resistance of a conductor is proportional to the length of the conductor for constant cross-section area and temperature?

GROUP - B

- 19. How chemical displacement reactions differ from chemical decomposition reaction? Explain with an example for each.
- 20. Explain Hund's rule with an example.
- 21. Explain the formation of the BF3 molecule using hybridisation.
- 22. Suggest a test to find the hardness of water and explain its procedure.



SECTION - IV

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

NOTE:

- Answer ANY ONE of the following questions.
- 2. This question carries FIVE marks.
- 23. Draw a neat diagram of Electric motor and name the parts.
- 24. Draw the diagram showing froth floatation method and label its parts.

GENERAL SCIENCE, Paper - I

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time: 21/2 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Instructions: Write the answers to the questions in this Part-B on the Question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of Part-A.

Part - B

Time: 30 minutes

Marks: 15

NOTE: 1. Answer all the questions.

- Each question carries ½ mark.
- Marks will not be awarded in case of any over-written, re-written or erased answers.
- I. Write the CAPITAL LETTERS showing the correct answers for the following questions in the brackets provided against them.

20×½=10

- 1. Boiling point of water at normal atmospheric pressure
 - (A) 0°C

(B) 100°C

(C) 110°C

- (D) -4°C
- 2. Magnification $(m) = \dots$

[]

(A) $\frac{v}{u}$

(B) $\frac{u}{v}$

(C) $\frac{h_o}{h_i}$

(D) $\frac{h_i}{h_c}$



3.	If an object is placed at 'C' of a concave mirror,								
							1		
	(A)	at infinity.	(B)	between F and C.	Ι		J		
	(C)	at C.	(D)	beyond C.					
4.	The	The refractive index of glass with respect to air is 2.							
	Then the critical angle of glass-air interface is						1		
	(A)	0°			r	125	ı		
	(B)	45°							
	(C)	30°							
	(D)	60°							
5.	Wh	ich one of the foll	owing materials	cannot be used to ma	l 1 0				
10	(A)	Water		camor be ased to ma	ke lens !	l]		
	(B)	Glass							
	(C)	Plastic							
	(D)	Clay							
6.	Dui	ring refraction	will not ch	ange.		г	1		
	(A)	Wavelength				L	J		
	(B)	Frequency							
	(C)	Speed of light							
	(D)	All the above.							



7.	A charge is moved from point A to point B. The work done to						
	move unit charge during this process, is					1	
		Potential at A.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I	1	
	(B)						
	(C)	Current from A to B.					
	(D)						
8.	A thic	rk wire has a	nosists	0.			
-		ck wire has a more			[]	
	serality.	(B) less					
	(0)	cquar	(D) A	A and B.			
9.	Whi	ch converts mechani	cal energy in	to electrical energy ?	1]	
	(A)	Motor	(B)	Battery			
	(C)	Generator	(D)	Switch			
10.	. The SI unit of magnetic field induction is					1	
	(A)	Tesla	(B)	Weber	1000		
	(C)	Weber/m	(D)	Weber.m			
11.	1. $C_6H_{12}O_6 \rightarrow C_2H_5OH + CO_2$ is chemical reaction.					1	
	(A)	combination	(B)	decomposition			
	(C)	displacement	(D)				
12.	2 is used for treating indigestion.]	
	(A)	antibiotic	(B)	analgesic			
	(C)	antacid	(D)	antiseptic			



13.	Colour of Methyl orange in alkali condition is]
	(A)	orange	(B)	yellow		
	(C)	red	(D)	blue		
14.	The	maximum number of	electrons p	resent in K shell are	Ε]
	(A)	2	(B)	4		
	(C)	6	(D)	8		
15.	The value of Planck's constant is]
	(A)	$6.023\times10^{-34}~Js$	(B)	$6.626\times10^{34}~Js$		
	(C)	$6.626\times10^{-36}~Js$	(D)	None		
16.	Number of elements present in Period 1 are					1
	(A)	2	(B)	4		
	(C)	6	(D)	8		
17.	Which of the following elements is electronegative?]
	(A)	Sodium	(B)	Oxygen		
	(C)	Magnesium	(D)	Calcium		
18.	The bond angle in Methane]
	(A)	104°31′	(B)	107°48′		
	(C)	180°	(D)	109°28′		



19.	The reducing agent in Thermite process is					1	
	(A)	Al	(B)	Mg			
	(C)	Fe	(D)	Si	7/2//		
20.	Whi	ch one of the following hy	drocarb	ons can show isomerism?	Ι]	
	(A)	C_2H_4	(B)	C_2H_6		1270	
	(C)	C_3H_8	(D)	C_4H_{10}			
II.	Fill	in the blanks with suite	able an	swers.			
	Eac	h question carries ½ mo	ırk.		5×½=2½		
21.	The geometric centre of mirror is						
22.	At c	ritical angle of incidence, t	he angle	of refraction is	*****		
23.	The	lens which can form real a	nd virtu	al images is			
24.	The	kilowatt hour is the unit o	f	***************************************			
25.	Fara	day's law of induction is th	ne conse	quence of			



111.	match the following.	Each qu	estion co	ırries ½ mark.	$5\times\frac{1}{2}=2\frac{1}{2}$
	Group - A			Group - B	
26.	Plaster of Paris	1	1	(A) Na ₂ CO ₃	
27.	Gypsum	ſ	J	(B) NaHCO	3
28.	Bleaching powder	Г	1	(C) Na ₂ HCC)2.
		L		(D) CaSO ₄ .	$\frac{1}{2}$ H ₂ O
29.	Baking Soda	ſ	1	(E) $CaOCl_2$	
30.	Washing Soda	1	1	(F) CaCl ₂ •2)	$\rm H_2O$
				(C) CoSO S	ou o



