

ICSE
Class IJ
Social Science
Sample Paper

Class :IV

Marks:80

Part A – History & Civics

Max Marks: 40

- I. Name the following:** **5X1=5**
- A person who votes. _____
 - It carries the details of a person. _____
 - Nowadays, this voting machine is used. _____
 - Commission which is responsible for conducting elections in India. _____
 - A mark made by a pen or ink on the finger that cannot be removed. _____
- II. Fill in the blanks.** **5X1=5**
- The _____ is the highest law making body.
 - The _____ is the governing body at the village level.
 - The _____ appoints the chief justice of the Supreme Court.
 - The group of people who make laws or change laws is known as _____.
 - There are _____ political parties in India.
- III. Write true or false and correct the false statement(s) by rewriting them.** **7X1=7**
- India is a democracy.
 - The judiciary in India favours its friends.
 - The central government in India is based in New Delhi.
 - Elections in India are held every 4 years.
 - A person who is above 18 years and a citizen of India can vote in the elections.
- IV. Match the following:** **5X1=5**
- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Central Government | New Delhi |
| Parliament House | State level |
| Block samiti | District level |
| High Court | Union government |
| Subordinate court | Block level |

- V. Answer the following questions:** **5X2=10**
- Why do we need a government?
 - What are the three levels of government in India?
 - Why is voting important?
 - What do you mean by elections?
 - What is the responsibility of the election commission?

- VI. You have recently participated in the school elections. Fill in the blanks from your experience.** **1X8=8**

School elections were held to elect (a) _____ for our school. We stood in long (b) _____ to cast our votes. We were provided with a(c) _____ paper. We cast our vote by putting a stamp next to our chosen candidate's (d) _____. We then folded the ballot paper and put it in the (e) _____ box. After this (f) _____ ink was put on our fingers. Then we waited eagerly as the (g) _____ of votes started. The results were declared and the candidates with maximum (h) _____ won. We congratulated the appointees and they thanked us for our support.

Part B:

Max Marks: 40

- I. Name the following:** **5X1=5**
- The hill range that borders the Deccan Plateau in the south. _____
 - They stand out against the sky in the rocky plateau region. _____
 - The hills along the Konkan and Malabar coasts. _____
 - The other name of the Southern-eastern coastal plain. _____
 - The two coasts meet here. _____
- II. Fill in the blanks:** **5X1=5**
- The narmada and Tapi arise in the _____(Himamalayas/ Satpura and Vindhaya Hills).
 - Mumbai is located in the _____ (eastern/western) Ghats.
 - Casuarina trees planted along the eastern coastal plains _____(protect/damage) the coast during a storm.
 - Plateau regions have _____ (hot/dry) summers and pleasant winters.
 - The Southern part of the eastern coastal plains has _____(summer/winter) monsoons.

III. Give two examples each. 5X2=10

- a. Hill stations of plateau regions. _____
- b. Rivers of the plateau region. _____
- c. Well known cities of the plateau region. _____
- d. Plants which grow in the southern part of the plateau region. _____
- e. Rivers of the western coastal plain that empty into the Arabian Sea. _____

IV. Answer the following: 5X2=10

- a. Name the plateaus that form the Indian plateau region.
- b. Explain why some areas of the western plateau do not receive much rain. Where is the area located?
- c. What kind of climate do the coastal plains have?
- d. How many coastal plains does India have? Where are they located?
- e. Name the major rivers that flow across the western and eastern coastal plains.

V. Know your city. 5X1=5

Read the paragraph and fill in the blanks:

I live in Bengaluru. It is the capital of _____. It is located in the _____ plateau. Bengaluru was earlier known as _____. It is also called as the _____ city. It has a _____ climate.

VI. MAP WORK 5X1=5

Locate and label the following:

1. Eastern Ghats
2. Malabar coast
3. Malwa plateau
4. Arabian Sea
5. Bay of Bengal