

CHEMISTRY MARCH 2017 QUESTION PAPER

Reg.

(Code No. 5016)

Name:

(Second Year - March 2017)

Time: 2 Hours Cool-off time: 15 Minutes

General Instructions to Candidates:

There is a 'cool-off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the

writing time of 2 hrs.

• You are not allowed to write your answers nor to discuss anything with others during the 'cool-off time.

- Use the 'cool-off time' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers.
- Read questions carefully before answering.
- All questions are compulsory and only internal choice is allowed.
- When you select a question, all the sub-questions must be answered from the same question itself.
- Calculations, figures and graphs all should be shown in the answer sheet itself.
- Give equations wherever necessary

• Electronic devices except non programmable calculators are not allowed in the Examination Hall.

| | (i) | Schottky defect | (ii) | Frenkel defect | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--|---------|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | (iii) | Interstitial defect | (iv) | Metal deficiency defect | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) What type of substance could make better permanent magnets - ferromagnetic or ferrimagnetic? Justify your answer.(Scores: 2) | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) In terms of Band theory write the differences between Conductor and insulator (Score: 1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Cond | JUCTO | or and insulator | | | (Score: 1) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 (a) | Hen | ry's law is related to so | blubili | ity of a gas in liquid | | | | | |
| (i) State Henry's Law | | | | | | | | | |
| (ii) | Writ | e any two applications | of H | enry's Law | (Scores: 2) | | | | |
| (b) 1000 cubic cm of an aqueous solution of a protein contains 1.26 gm. of the protein. The osmotic pressure of such a solution at 300K is found to be 2.57×10^{-3} bar. | | | | | | | | | |
| Calc | ulate | molar mass of the pro | otein(| R =0.083 L bar mol- ¹ K ⁻¹) | (Scores: 2) | | | | |
| 3. (a) Represent the Galvanic based on the cell reaction given below: | | | | | | | | | |
| CU(| _{S)} + 2 | $Ag^{+}_{(aq)} \rightarrow CU^{2+}_{(aq)} + 2Ag$ | (s) | | (Score: 1) | | | | |
| (b) \ | Write | e the half-cell reactions | s of th | ne above cell | (Score: 1) | | | | |
| (c) Λ^0_m for Nacl, Hcl, NaAc are 126.4, 425.9 and 91.0s cm ² mol ⁻¹ respectively. | | | | | | | | | |
| Calc | culate | $e \Lambda^0_m$ for HAc. | | | (Score: 2) | | | | |

4. (a) Plot a graph showing variation in the concentration of reactants against time for a zero order reaction (Score: 1)

(b) What do you mean by zero order reaction? (Score: 1)

(c) The initial concentration of the first order reaction, $N_2O_{5(g)} \rightarrow 2NO_{2(g) + 1/2}O_{2(g)}$ was 1.24 x 10⁻² mol L⁻¹ at 300K. The concentration of N_2O_5 after 1 hour was 0.20 x 10⁻² mol L⁻¹. Calculate the rate constant of the 300k. (Score: 2)

5. There are mainly two types of adsorption. They are physisorption and chemisorption.

- (a) Differentiate between physisorption and chemisorption. (Scores : 2) (Score : 1)
- (b) Write any two applications of adsorption.

6. (a) Leaching is a process of concentration of the ores. Explain the leaching of Alumina from the bauxite (Scores: 3)

7. Nitrogen forms a number of oxides and oxoacids.

| 1 | 21 |) Which of the following is a neutral evide of Nitrogen? | (Scorov1) | ۱. |
|---|----|--|-----------|----|
| l | aj |) Which of the following is a neutral oxide of Nitrogen? | (Score:1) | |

- (i) N₂O
- (ii) N_2O_5
- (iii) NO₂
- (iv) N_2O_4
- (b) Prepare a short write-up on Nitric acid highlighting its laboratory preparations, chemical properties and uses. (Score: 4)

Or

Phosphorous forms a number of compounds

- (a) The gas liberated when calcium phosphide is treated with dil. Hcl is
- (i)
- (ii) H_2
- (iii) PH₃
- (iv) All the above

(Score:1)

(b) Prepare a short write up on PCl₃ and PCl₅ highlighting the preparation and chemical properties of PCl₃ and structure of PCl₅. (Score: 4)

8. (a) Transition elements are "d" block elements

- (i) Write any 4 characteristic properties of transition elements (score:2)
- (ii) Cr^{2+} and Mn^{3+} have d⁴ configuration. But Cr^{2+} is reducing and Mn^{3+} is oxidising. Why? (Score:1)

(b) Which of the following is not a lanthanoid element?

(i) Cerium

- (ii) Europium
- (iii) Lutetium (iv) Thorium

(Score:1)

9. $\Box Co(NH^3)_5SO_4 \sqsupset cl_{and} \Box Co(NH^3)_5CL \sqsupset SO_4$ are co-ordination compounds

- (a) Identify isomerism shown by the above compounds (Score:1)
- (b) Write the IUPAC name of the above compounds (Score:2)
- (c) Identify the ligands in each of the above compounds (Score:1)

10. (a) An ambident nucleophile is

- (i) Ammonia
- (ii) Ammonium Ion
- (iii) Chloride Ion
- (iv) Nitrite Ion

(Score:1)

(b)Halo alkanes and halo arenes are organic halogen compounds

- (i) Suggest a method of preparation of alkyl chloride (Score:1)
- (ii) Aryl halides are less reactive towards Nucleophilic substitution reactions. Give reasons. (Score:2)

11. (a) Arrange the following compounds in the order of increasing boiling points:Etahnol, Propanol, butan-1-ol, butan-2-ol.(Score: 1)

(b)In the lab, students are asked to carry out the reaction between phenol and conc. HNO_3 . But, one student. "A" carried out the reaction between phenol and dil. HNO_3 . Do you think student "A" got the same result as the others? Substantiate with suitable explanations.

[Also write the chemical equations wherever necessary]. (Score: 3)

12. The product obtained when benzene is treated with carbon monoxide and hydrogen chloride in the presence of anhydrous $AICI_3$ is

- (i) Chlorobenzene
- (ii) Phenol
- (iii) Benzaldehyde
- (iv) Benzoic Acid

(b)How will you carry out the conversions?

(Score: 1)



14. (a) Which of the following is a polysaccharide? (Score: 1)

- (i) Maltose
- (ii) Sucrose
- (iii) Fructose
- (iv) Cellulose

(b)Explain the amphoteric behaviour of amino acids (Score:2)

15. (a) Which of the following is not applicable to Nylon 6, 6?

(i) Synthetic(ii) Fibre(iii)Addition Polymer(iv)Condensation Polymer

(Score:1)

(b)Differentiate between thermoplastics and thermo setting plastics. Write one example for each of them. (Score:2)

16. "Antibiotics, Antiseptics and disinfectants are antimicrobial drugs." Explain any of the above mentioned drugs with examples. (Score:3)

