UTTAR PRADESH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

ADVT. NO. : A-2/E-1/2018 Date : 06/07/2018

Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services (PCS) (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) Examination, 2018

And

Assistant Conservator of Forest (A.C.F.) / Range Forest Officer (R.F.O.) Services Examination - 2018

Date of Commencement of On-line Application: 06/07/2018 Last Date for Receipt of Examination Fee On-line in the Bank: 02/08/2018. Last Date for Submission of On-line Application: 06/08/2018.

IMPORTANT

1- Candidates applying for Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination should note that they are required to appear in the Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) (Preliminary) Examination and qualify the same for going to the second stage of Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services (Main) Examination (Written) and Interview.

2- Candidates desirous of applying for Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination as well as for Combined State/ Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) Examination can apply through a Common Online Application Form subject to meeting the requisite Eligibility Criteria by them.

3- If a candidate comes to know about any error/errors in the submitted application form except in exam. name and type of recruitment, Registered Mobile Number, Email ID, Aadhaar Number and such cases where prescribed fee for modified category is higher (In case of error in these entries, candidate may submit new online application with prescribed fee only as previously deposited fee will neither be adjusted nor refunded.) he / she will be given only one opportunity to modify it / them according to the procedure provided in Point No. 4 of the advertisement before the last date of the submission of application form.

SPECIAL NOTICE: (a) On-Line Applications will be accepted only when prescribed fee is deposited in the Bank upto prescribed last date for fee deposition. If the fee is deposited in Bank after the last date prescribed for fee deposition, the on-line application of the candidate will not be accepted and the fee deposited in the Bank will not be refunded in any condition. It will be responsibility of the candidates to deposit fee in the Bank upto the last date prescribed for fee deposition and 'submit' the application upto last date prescribed for submission of applications. It is also informed that less or more amount deposited in the form of examination fee shall not be refunded in any condition.

(b) In Online Application System, the candidates have to provide their Mobile No. in prescribed column failing which their Basic Registration shall not be completed. All relevant informations / instructions shall be sent through SMS on that mobile.

NECESSARY INFORMATIONS TO APPLICANTS FOR FILLING THEIR APPLICATIONS THROUGH ON-LINE

This advertisement is also available on the Commission's website http://uppsc.up.nic.in. The online application system is applicable for applying against this advertisement. Applications sent by any other mode shall not be entertained hence candidates are advised to apply On-line only. In connection with On-line application, candidates are advised to go through the instructions thoroughly given as under and apply accordingly:-1. When the candidate clicks **"ALL NOTIFICATIONS/ADVERTISEMENTS"** on the Commission's website **http://uppsc.up.nic.in** the On-line advertisement shall be automatically displayed, wherein there shall be 3 parts as given below:

(i) <u>User instructions</u>

(ii) <u>View Advertisement</u>

(iii) <u>Apply</u>

A list of all the advertisements will be displayed in which "On-line System" is applicable. The Instructions for filling "On-line form" have been given in User Instruction. The Candidates desirous to see the advertisement will have to click before 'View Advertisement' to which they are desirous to see, full advertisement will be displayed along with sample snapshots of ON-LINE Application Procedure. Click on "Apply" for Online Application.

On-line application will be completed in three stages :

First Stage: On clicking "Apply", Candidate Registration will be displayed. Basic Registration form will be displayed on clicking the 'Candidate Registration' respective to Examination. After filling the Basic Registration form, the candidates must check all the informations filled by them. If any correction / modification is required, click on 'Click here to modify' and ensure the required corrections / modifications. After being fully satisfied with all the informations filled, click on 'Submit Application'. Consequently, the registration of first stage shall be over. Thereafter "Print Registration Slip" shall be displayed and Print of Registration Slip must be taken by clicking on Print Registration Slip.

Second Stage: After the completion of the procedure of first stage, 'Fee to be deposited [in INR]' shall be displayed with caption "Click here to proceed for payment". After clicking the above caption of "Click here to proceed for payment", home page of State Bank MOPS (Multi Option Payment System) shall be displayed comprising of 03 modes of payment viz. (i) NET BANKING (ii) CARD PAYMENTS and (iii) OTHER PAYMENT MODES. After depositing the required fee by any one of the above prescribed modes, "Payment Acknowledgement Receipt (PAR)" shall be displayed alongwith detail of fee deposition. the print of which must be taken by clicking on "Print Payment Receipt". Third stage: On completion of the procedure of second stage, click on "Proceed for final submission of application form" as a result of which 'format' shall be displayed. The candidates are required to enter all the required informations in the format. The photo and signature, duly scanned shall be uploaded also. The candidate should scan his/her photograph and signature in the prescribed size (the size will be mentioned at the specified space in the On-line application). This should also be kept in notice that the photo must be latest passport size. In case the photo and signature, scanned in the prescribed size, are not uploaded, then the On-line system will not accept it. The procedure related for scanning of the photo and signature is laid down in the Appendix-1. After filling in all entries in the format, the candidates may click "PREVIEW" to see for themselves that all entries and informations are correctly entered and after satisfying themselves should click "Submit" button to forward the same to the Commission. It is essential that the candidate should fill all informations On-line correctly according to the instructions given and click the 'Submit' button by the last date prescribed for submission of the application form. If the candidate does not click the "Submit" button, the ON-LINE application process shall not be completed finally and the candidate shall be accountable for this. After clicking the 'Submit' button, the candidate may take a print of the application

to preserve it with them. In the event of any discrepancy, the candidate will be required to submit the said print in the office of the Commission, otherwise his/her request shall not be entertained. However it is clarified to the candidates that at the stage of preliminary examination, the hard copy of the documents including their On-Line application should not be sent to the Commission.

2. Application Fee: In the ON-LINE Application process, after completing the procedure of first stage, Category wise prescribed examination fee is to be deposited as per instructions provided in second stage. The prescribed fee of preliminary examination for different categories is as under:-

(i) Unreserved/Other Backward Class
 Exam fee Rs. 100/- + On-line processing fee Rs. 25/- Total = Rs. 125/ (ii) Scheduled Caste/ Scheduled Tribe
 Exam fee Rs. 40/- + On-line processing fee Rs. 25/- Total = Rs. 65/ (iii) Handicapped
 Exam fee NIL + On-line processing fee Rs. 25/- Total = Rs. 25/-

(iv) Dependents of the Freedom Fighters/Ex-Serviceman/Women According to their original category

3. The Basic Registration of such candidates will not be accepted who have been debarred from U.P. Public Service Commission and their period of debarment has not been completed. In addition to above, the applications submitted without requisite informations regarding debarment, if it is found at any stage in future that the applications

Informations regarding department, if it is found at any stage in future that the applications have been submitted concealing this fact, his/her candidature will be rejected at any stage and the commission will consider to debar them from all future examinations/selections including extension of debarment period. In this regard if the claims of the candidates made in their On- Line applications are not found true, they can be debarred not only from the examination in question but from all the future examinations and selections made by the commission also including other appropriate penalties.

4. Modify Submitted Application: If a candidate comes to know about any error/errors in the submitted application form except in exam. name and type of recruitment, Registered Mobile Number, E-mail ID, Aadhaar Number and such cases where prescribed fee for modified category is higher (In case of error in these entries, candidate may submit new online application with prescribed fee only as previously deposited fee will neither be adjusted nor refunded.) he / she will be given only one opportunity to modify it / them according to the following procedure before the last date of the submission of application form.

"Candidate has to click on 'Modify Submitted Application' under 'Online application process' in Candidate Segment. After that 'Candidate Personal Details' will be displayed on the screen to fill in Registration No., Date of Birth, Gender, Domicile and Category. After filling the Verification code the candidate has to click on the 'proceed' button following which in 'Authentication through' four options-registered mobile, registered e-mail ID, Aadhaar No. & OTP (One Time Password) will be displayed on the screen. If the Candidate opts any one option out of aforesaid four options the 'Option Box' will be displayed on the screen to fill in the information pertaining to it. After the candidate has filled in the required information and clicks on the 'proceed' button his / her previously submitted on line application form will be displayed on the screen. The candidate can submit his / her on line application form after making required modifications in it. This facility will be available to the candidates only one time within the last date of submission of application form."

5. The U.P. Public Service Commission shall hold a Preliminary Examination at various Centres of the Districts mentioned in **Appendix-2** of this advertisement for selecting suitable candidates for admission to the Combined State/Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) Main (Written) Examination 2018 and Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Main (Written) Examination, 2018 (The Main (Written) Examinations shall be conducted separately by the commission). The selection will be made on the basis of total marks obtained by the candidates in Main (Written) Examination and Interview. The Date and Centre of Examination, decided by the Commission, will be intimated to the candidates by means of their e-Admission Certificate. The no. of Districts/centres may be increased/decreased according to the decision of the Commission on the basis of final number of applications received.

6. No. of Vacancies: - Presently, the number of vacancies for the Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services Examination under General Recruitment are about 831 and for physically handicapped Backlog / Special Recruitment number of vacancy is 01 and for the Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination the number of vacancies for the post of Assistant conservator of Forest is 16 and for the post of Range Forest Officer the number of vacancies is 76.

The details of approximate posts to be included in Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) Examination carrying the pay scale of Rs. 9300-34800 Grade Pay Rs 4600/- (except Naib Tehsildar whose grade pay is Rs. 4200/-) to Rs. 15600-39100/- Grade Pay Rs. 5400/- are as follows:-

Deputy Collector, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Block Development Officer, Assistant Regional Transport Officer, Assistant Commissioner (Commercial Tax), District Commandent Homeguards, Treasury Officer/Accounts Officer (Treasury), Cane Inspector and Assistant Sugar Commissioner, Superintendent Jail, Manager Credit (Small Industries), Manager Marketing and Economic Survey (Small Industries), Executive Officer Grade-I/Assistant Nagar Ayukta, District Basic Education Officer/Associate DIOS & other equivalent Administrative Posts, Assistant Director Industries (Marketing), Assistant Labour Commissioner, Senior Lecturer DIET, Designated Officer, Assistant Commissioner Industries, Statistical Officer, Assistant Accounts Officer, (Treasury), Commercial Tax Officer, District Minority Welfare Officer, District Food Marketing Officer, Executive Officer (Panchayati Raj), Deputy Secretary (Housing and Urban Planning), Area Rationing Officer, District Backward Welfare Officer, Naib Tehsildar, District Saving Officer, District Panchayat Raj Officer, District Social Welfare Officer, Executive Officer (Nagar Vikas), Accounts Officer (Nagar Vikas), District Supply Officer Grade-2, Additional District Development Officer (Social Welfare), Passenger/Goods Tax Officer, District Handicapped Welfare Officer, Assistant Employment Officer, Accounts Officer (Local Bodies), Regional Employment Officer, Assistant Registrar (Cooperative), Sub Registrar, Assistant Prosecuting Officer (Transport), District Probation Officer. District Cane Officer, U.P. Agriculture Service Group-"B" (Development Branch), District Administrative Officer, District Audit Officer (Revenue Audit), Assistant Controller Legal Measurement (Grade-1 and Grade-2), District Programme Officer,

Officer / Script Writer / Feature Inspector, Principals, Govern Out of aforesaid posts, the The requisitions of the n Examination may be addee Under the Assistant Cons	ure Writers ment Inter requisitions rest of th d to this ex ervator of	Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination	Designate Food Safe		 (1) Post Graduate Degree in Chemistry as from a University established by law in Inrecognised by the Government as equivale (2) Atleast one of qualification pre Recruitment to the post of Food Safety Off A Bachelor's Degree in Food Technology or Biotechnology or Oil Technology or Ag 	dia or a qualification ent thereto, or scribed for Direct icer given as below: or Dairy Technology ricultural Science or
Sr. No. Name of The Po		of Post are given as below: Pay Scale / Grade Pay / Status of Post	-		Veterinary Sciences or Bio-Chemistry or I Graduate Degree in Chemistry or Degree	
Sr. No.Name of The Po1.Assistant conse		Rs. 15600/- to Rs. 39100/-, Grade Pay- Rs. 5400/-,	-		recognised University, or any other ec	uivalent/recognised
of Forest		Group "B", Gazetted. Rs. 9300/- to Rs. 34800/-, Grade Pay – Rs. 4800/-,	-		qualification notified by the Central Govern Provided that no person who has any fina	ancial Interest in the
		Group "B", Gazetted.			manufacture, import or sale of any article appointed to be a Food Safety Officer.	
NOTE:- The no. of vacane special circumstances.	cies may	increase or decrease on the request of the Govt. in	Statistical	officer	Post Graduate Degree in mathematic	
7. Reservation: The res U.P./Other Backward Clas provisions of relevant Gov	s candida t. Rules. /	for Scheduled Castes of U.P./Scheduled Tribes of tes of U.P. shall be admissible in accordance with the Accordingly, reservation for category under horizontal	Informatio	on Officer /	Statistics or Statistics or Agricultural university recognized by Law in In qualification recognised by the Governme (A) Essential qualification:	idia or equivalen
		ers of U.P, Ex-Serviceman of U.P., P.H. of U.P. and	District In		(i) A Bachelor's degree with Hindi as one of	of the subject from a
		admissible on settlement of vacancies. Reservation for ne notified / identified Posts.		cript Writer /	University established by law in India or a	a degree recognised
Note : (1) The Candidate	es claimin	g for the benefit of reservation/age relaxation must	Feature W		by the Government as equivalent thereto. (ii) Diploma in Journalism or 5 Years Journ	alisticevnerience
		/ a certificate issued by competent authority on the	jj .,		(B) Preferential qualification:	anstie experience.
		of the Website of this detailed advertisement and shall when asked for. (2) All Reserved category candidates			(1) Experience of writing articles, scripts	and features in the
		bry/Sub Category in the Application. (3) Candidates			news papers and magazines.	from a University
claiming reservation/Age r	elaxation	in more than one category will be entitled to only one			(2) Bachelor Degree in Journalism established by law in India or any Institution	
		eficial to them. (4) The Scheduled Caste, Scheduled			Government as equivalent thereto.	
		endents of Freedom Fighter, PH., Ex-Serviceman and e permanent residents of U.P. shall not be given the			Diploma in Music / Lighting / Acting / Dire institute recognized by the Government.	ection etc. from any
benefit of reservation/age	relaxatior	n. Such candidates shall be treated as the candidates	Principals	, Government	(i) A Post-graduate degree from a Unive	rsity established b
		e of women candidates, the caste certificate/domicile	Intermedia	ate Colleges	law in India or a degree recognised by	-
		nly will be treated valid. (6) For Ex-Army personnel, in , the reservation will be admissible as per rules. (7) It is	(For Boys	or Girls)	equivalent thereto.	
		close self-attested copies of all the certificates along			(ii) L.T. Diploma of the Department of Educ or B.T. or B.Ed. or an equivalent Degree of a	
		Examination in support of the claims made by them in			At least three years teaching experience	
their application forms of I category, failing which thei		ry Examination regarding eligibility and category/ sub			Intermediate Classes or Classes higher t	han above from a
		ge relaxation only) : Eligibility in case of Emergency			College or University established by law	•
Commissioned /Short Serv	ice Comm	nissioned Officers: In accordance with the provisions of			Institution recognised by the Governmen	
		5, dated 30-1-1985 Emergency Commissioned / Short have not been released from Army but whose period of	Labour Ei Officer	nforcement	Bachelor's degree with Economics or Soc and Post Graduate Diploma or Post gradu	
		rehabilitation, may also apply for this examination on the			Labour relation / Labour welfare / Labou	
following conditions: (A) S	uch applic	cants will have to obtain a certificate of the competent			Sociology / Social work / Social welfare / T	Frade Management
		e effect that their period of Service has been extended for			Personnel Management.	
		n is pending against them. (B) Such applicants will have rtaking that in case they are selected for the post applied	1	-	ial educational Qualification posts, the	
		immediately from the Army Service. The above facilities	1		early, 'yes', in that conditions only they s cial education qualification."	shall be considered
		y/Short Service Commissioned Officers, if (a) he gets			onservator of Forest / Range Fores	t Officer Service
-	-	(b) he has been released from the Army on tendering d from the Army on grounds of misconduct or physical	Examinati		_	
		who gets gratuity. The candidates must possess all the	1		t Conservator of Forest:- ESSENTIAL	
		tions till the last date for submitting the applications.	1	-	least one of the subject namely Botany,	
		dates who are married and have more than one wife ve married a person already having a wife, shall not be	1 -		ology, Forestry, Statistics or a Bachelor's on ngineering from a University established	
eligible unless the Hon'ble	Governo	r has granted an exemption from this condition.	or Bachelor's degree in Engineering from a University established by Law in India or a Foreign University approved by the Central Government from time to time, or a qualification recognised by the Government as equivalent thereto.			
		N: For the posts included in the Combined State /				
Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment/Physically Handicapped – Backlog/ Special Recruitment) Examination:- The candidates must possess Bachelors Degree of any recognised University or equivalent qualification upto the last date for receipt of application. This should be mentioned by the candidate in the relevant column of their application form but for			PREFERENTIAL QUALIFICATION : A candidate who has (1) served in the Territorial Army for a minimum period of two years, or (2) obtained a "B" certificate of N.C.C. shall other things being equal, be given preference in the matter of direct recruitment.			
					e been prescribed of which the details are given below:-	Bachelor's
Sub Registrar, Assistant Prosecuting	Law Gra	aduate		-	gy, Forestry, Geology, Agriculture, Statisti	
Officer (Transport)			1		s Degree in Agriculture or Bachelor's degreer in Agriculture or Bachelor's degreer in a University establisheer	
District Basik Shiksha	Post Gra	aduate Degree	1	-	ognized by the Government as equivalent t	
Adhikari / Associate DIOS and Other			1.	•	FICATION- A candidate who has: (I) Serv	
equivalent administrative			1		of two years, or (II) Obtained a 'B' Certifica	
posts, District			1	, ,	I the state in any game, shall, other things b	eing equal, be give
Administrative Officer			1.		direct recruitment. ANDARD: (A) For the Post of Assista	ant Consorvator -
District Cane Officer,		ure Graduate	1		for direct recruitment shall be appointed t	
U.P. Agriculture Service Group "B"					mum standard for height and chest girth as	
(Development Branch)			Sex	Height	Chest girth (Fully expanded)	Expansion
District Audit Officer	Comme	erce Graduate	1	2	3	4
(Revenue Audit)			Male		84 cms.	5 cms.
Assistant Controller		in Science with Physics or Mechanical Engg. As	Female	150 cms.	79 cms.	5 cms.
I ADAL WASSIIRAMANT	ana auk	-1		10000110.	100000	

		Male	163 cms.	84 cms.		5 cms.
Assistant Controller Legal Measurement	Degree in Science with Physics or Mechanical Engg. As one subject.	Female	150 cms.	79 cms.		5 cms.
(Grade-I) / Assistant Controller Legal Measurement (Grade-II)		Scheduled	Tribes and to race	es such as Gorkhas, N	epalies, Assame	andidates belonging to ese, Meghalayan Tribal, Nagas and Arunachal
Assistant Director	Post Graduate Degree in Arts, Science or Commerce or	Pradesh ca	andidates, shall be	e as follows:-		
Industries (Marketing), Assistant Director	Technology or Post Graduate Degree in Textile Industries of	1	Sex	Heig	ght	
Industries (Handloom)	any recognised Institute or minimum Graduation Degree in Textile Technology.		1	2		
Assistant Labour	Degree in Arts with Sociology or Economics as a subject or	1	Male	152.	.5 cms.	
Commissioner	Commerce/Law.]	Female	145.	.0 cms.	
District Programme Officer	Degree in Sociology or Social Science or Home Science or Social Work.					test of 25 kms. to be ompleted in Four hours.
Senior Lecturer, DIET	Post Graduate Degree with B.Ed.	The arrang	jement for conduc	ting this test will be ma	ade by the Chief (Conservator of Forests,
District Probation Officer	Post Graduate Degree in Psychology or Sociology or Social Work or any qualification equivalent thereto or Post Graduate Diploma in any Branch of Social Work from any recognised Institute of Social Work.	(B) For the (1) No can	e post of Range F didate for direct	ronise with the sittings orest Officer:- recruitment shall be a ndard for height and ch	appointed to the	service unless he/she

Sex	Height	Chest girth (Fully expanded)	Expansion
1	2	3	4
Male	163 cms.	84 cms.	5 cms.
Female	150 cms.	79 cms.	5 cms.

Provided that the minimum standard of height in case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Tribes and to races such as Gorkhas, Nepalis, Gardhwalis, Kumaonis shall be as follows:-

Sex	Height		
1	2		
Male	152.5 cms.		
Female	145.0 cms.		

(2) The male candidates will be required to qualify a walking test of 25 kms. to be completed in Four hours and female candidates of 14 kms. to be completed in 4 hours. The arrangement for conducting this test will be made by the Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Uttar Pradesh so as to synchronise with the sittings of the Medical Board.

PHYSICAL FITNESS: For Assistant Conservator of Forest (1) No candidate shall be appointed to a post in the service unless he/she be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of his/her duties. Before a candidate is finally approved for appointment by direct recruitment he/she shall be required to pass an examination by a Medical Board. (2) A female candidate who as a result of test is found to be pregnant of Twelve weeks duration or more should be declared temporarily unfit. She should be re-examined for fitness after Six weeks from the date of confinement.

For Range Forest Officer:-(1) No candidates shall be appointed to a post in the service unless he/she be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of his/her duties. Before a candidate is finally approved for appointment he/she shall be required to pass an examination by a Medical Board.

(2) A Female candidate who as a result of test is found to be pregnant of twelve weeks duration or more should be declared temporarily unfit. She should be re-examined for fitness after six weeks from the date of confinement.

Note: candidates before applying for the above mentioned posts should ensure himself/herself that he/she possesses the above physical standard.

11. (i) AGE LIMIT: For the Combined State / Upper Sub-ordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped - Backlog / Special Recruitment) Examination and Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination:- Candidates must have attained the age of 21 years and must not have crossed the age of 40 years on July 1, 2018 i.e. they must have not been born earlier than 2nd July, 1978 and not later than July 1, 1997. For PH candidates, the maximum age limit is 55 years i.e. they must have not been born before 02 July, 1963. For the post of Principal, Government Intermediate College (Boys or Girls) the candidates must have attained the Minimum Age of 30 years and must not have crossed the Maximum Age of 40 years on July 1, 2018 i.e. they must have not been born earlier than 2nd July, 1978 and not later than July 1, 1988. (ii) Relaxation in Upper Age Limit: (a) Upper age limit shall be greater by five years for candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes of U.P., Scheduled Tribes of U.P., Other Backward Classes of U.P., Skilled players of U.P. of Classified Games, State Govt. Employees of U.P. including Teachers/Staff of the Basic Shiksha Parishad of U.P. and Teachers / Staff of the Government Aided Madhyamik Vidyalayas of U.P. i.e. they must have not been born before 2nd July, 1973. (Only domicile persons of U.P. are entitled for such age relaxation) (b) Upper age limit shall be greater by fifteen years for physically handicapped persons of U.P. (c) Upper age limit shall also be greator by five years for Group- 'B' posts for the Emergency Commissioned Officers / Short Service Commissioned Officers / Ex-Army Personnels of U.P. who have rendered five years service in Army, but there shall be no reservation for Group- 'B' posts. In case of availability of Group-'C' posts in the Examination, the Age relaxation and reservation shall be given according to Rule.

NOTE: <u>Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, C-SAT affected any</u> candidate who appeared in the Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services Examination, 2013 but is otherwise ineligible for the Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) Examination-2018 due to attainment of upper age limit on the crucial date for examination prescribed under this rule, shall be permitted an additional attempt in the Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) Examination, 2018.

12. SOME INFORMATION ABOUT COMBINED STATE / UPPER SUBORDINATE SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED – BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION AND INTERVIEW AND ASSISTANT CONSERVATOR OF FOREST / RANGE FOREST OFFICER SERVICES MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION AND INTERVIEW: (i) Only such candidates will be admitted to the Main (written) examination who are declared successful in the Preliminary Examination for which the successful candidates will have to fill up another application form according to instructions of the Commission and for this application, the examination fee for Unreserved (General), Other Backward Classes and for Candidates of Other States is Rs. 200/- and Rs. 25/- as on-line processing fee = Rs. 225/- and for Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates of U.P. the fee is Rs. 80/- and Rs. 25/-as on-line ssing fee = Rs. 105/-only. The candidates of Physically Handicapped category U.P. are exempted from fee but they have to pay Rs. 25/- only as on-line processing fee, but the candidates of D.F.F., women candidates and Ex-Army Personnels, of U.P. shall have to deposit their fee according to their original category. (ii) For the Combined State/Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped Backlog / Special Recruitment) Main (Written) Examination and Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Main (Written) Examination the Candidates are required to fill up and submit their On Line Applications and deposit required fee separately to the commission. Both the Main (Written) Examinations shall be conducted separately by the commission. (iii) Candidates should carefully note that they will have to appear in the main examination against the same Roll No. allotted for the Preliminary Examination. (iv) The dates and venue for the Main examinations shall be informed by the Commission later on through e-Admit cards. (v) Only such candidates will be called for interview who are declared successful on the basis of the main (written) examination. (vi) Candidates will have to fill up the prescribed application form before the Interview (viva-voce test). (vii) Preferences for different posts will be asked at the time of Interview which will be treated final and no change therein will be admitted. In this regard no application for error correction/modification shall be acceptable. (viii) All original certificates shall be verified at

the time of Interview. Candidates will also be required to furnish four passport size Photographs, two unattested and two attested by their Head of Department or Head of the Institution where they have received education or by a Gazetted Officer at the time of Interview. (ix) Candidates serving under the Central or State government will have to produce 'No Objection Certificate' from their employer at the time of interview issued by the competent authority. (x) It is essential for the candidates to appear in the interview who qualify on the basis of Main Examination.

NOTE: The candidates must enclose self attested copies of all certificates in support of their claims rendered in the application form for main examination of the Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) Examination and Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination. If they do not enclose self attested copies of all certificates in support of their claims, their candidature shall be cancelled.

13. IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES: (1) As per decision of the UPPSC a candidate will be liable to be debarred from this examination and all other future examinations and selections upto a maximum period of five years for furnishing any wrong information in his/her application form which cannot be substantiated by relevant documents or for any other malpractice. (2) No change in category, sub-category, Date of Birth and optional subjects for Main (Written Examination) etc. is permissible after the receipt of application form in the office of the Commission. In this regard no application for error correction/modification shall be acceptable. (3) The date of birth of the candidates shall be admissible as entered in High School Certificate. The candidate will have to attach his/her High School or Equivalent Examination Certificate with the application form. of Main Examination. No Other Certificate shall be acceptable for Date of Birth and if it is not attached with the application, it shall be rejected. (4) The candidates will have to enclose self attested copies of Marksheets, Certificates & Degrees along with the application form of Main examination in support of their claims of Educational Qualifications. If they do not enclose self attested copies of certificates/documents in support of their claims, the applications shall be rejected. (5) The benefit of reservation to the categories of Handicapped persons of society shall be given only on the posts which are identified by the Government for their Sub category. For this benefit, the Handicapped persons must produce a certificate of being handicapped in that Sub category on the prescribed proforma issued by prescribed Medical Officer/Specialist and counter signed by the Chief Medical Officer according to Rule 2 of U.P. Public.Service (Reservation for physically Handicapped, Dependent of Freedom Fighters and Ex-Servicemen (Amendment) Act. 1997 read with G.O. dated. 03 Feb., 2008). (6) The Ex-Army Personnels must be discharged from Army upto the last date prescribed for receipt of applications. (7) Date, time and venue etc. of examination along with Roll No. will be communicated to the candidates through e-Admit Cards. Candidates will have to appear at the centre/venue allotted to them by the Commission. No change in centre/venue is permissible and no application shall be entertained in this regard. (8) The candidature of such candidates who are subsequently found ineligible according to the terms laid down in advertisement will be cancelled and their any claim for the Main Examination will not be entertained. The decision of the Commission regarding eligibility of the candidates shall be final. (9) The Application/candidature will be rejected/cancelled if the application is not submitted on. prescribed form, date of birth is not mentioned or wrong date of birth is mentioned, overage, under age, not mentioning optional subject in application of Main (Written) Examination, not fulfilling the minimum educational qualifications, applications received after last date and no signature under declaration in the format. (10) The Commission may admit the candidates provisionally after summarily checking of the applications but if it is found at any stage that applicant was not eligible or that his/her application should have been rejected or was not entertainable initially, his/her candidature will be rejected and if the candidate is selected, the recommendation of the Commission for the appointment shall be withdrawn. (11) The Commission reserves the right of cancelling the candidature of any candidate found indulging in any malpractice i.e. copying in examination hall or indiscipline, misbehavior or canvassing for his/her candidature. On violation of these instructions, the candidates may be debarred from this examination as well as future Examinations and selections. In this regard, decision of the commission shall be final. (12) In all communication to the Commission, the candidate must mention the name of examination, advertisement No., registration No., date of birth, father's/Husband's name and also the Roll Number, if communicated. (13) Candidates selected for appointment will have to undergo Medical Examination as required under the Rules. (14) On the basis of Result of Preliminary Examination, approximately eighteen times candidates to the number of vacancies shall be declared qualify for the main examination and approximately three times candidates on the basis of the result of the Main (Written) Examination shall be called for the interview. (15) Scaling System will remain applicable in the optional Subjects of the Main (Written) Examination. (16) The candidates who are appearing in the Examination of essential qualification prescribed for the posts need not apply, because they are not eligible. (17) While filling the OMR answer sheets, the candidates must use Black Ball Point Pen Only. Use of any other Pen or Pencil is strictly prohibited. (18) Candidates are directed to fill in all the entries correctly in the OMR Answer Sheet. In case of leaving them blank or filling them erroneously the candidate will be wholly responsible for the same & the commission may decide not to evaluate his / her OMR Answer Sheet. The informations filled in the OMR Answer sheets must not be erased by whitener, blade or rubber etc. (19) Candidates shall be provided OMR answer sheets in duplicates i.e. original copy and candidate's copy. After completion of the examination, the candidates are required to hand over the original copy to the Invigilator and the candidate's copy to keep with them. (20) In the Preliminary Examination for the objective type Question papers, penalty (Negative Marking) shall be imposed for wrong answers given by the candidates which is as below:- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every guestion. For each guestion for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, one third (0.33) of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty. (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a wrong answer even if one of the given answer happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above for that question. (iii) If a question is left blank i.e. no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question. (21) The minimum efficiency standard for S.C. & S.T. candidates is fixed 30% i.e. the Candidates of these Categories shall not be placed in the merit/select list if they have secured less than 30% marks in the Preliminary/Main examination. Similarly, the minimum efficiency standard for the candidates of other categories is fixed 40% i.e. such candidates shall not be placed in the merit/select list if they have secured less than 40% marks in the Preliminary/Main examination. All such candidates who have secured less marks than the marks of minimum efficiency standard as fixed by the Commission shall be treated disgualified. (22) The candidates shall be required to obtain such minimum marks in compulsory paper of

UP domicile, Category, Marital Status, Email-ID and Contact Number. General Hindi, as may be determined by the Govt. or the Commission, as the case may be. Other Details of Candidate: 14. Physical Measurement: - Physical Measurements will be applicable according to Other details of candidate shows the information details about UP Freedom Service Rules/ requisitions, in case of availability of posts e.g. Dy. Superintendent of Fighter, Ex Army, service duration and your physical deformity. Police, Superintendent of Jail, District Commandant Home Guards, Excise Inspector etc. Education & Experience Details : which is mentioned as below:-It shows your educational and experience details. For the post of D.S.P. Candidate Address, Photo & Signature details: **Category of Candidates** Height Chest (Cm.) Here you will see your complete communication address and photo with your Expanded (Cm.) Unexpanded signature. 165 (i) For Male candidates only General, 84 89 **Declaration Segment:** At the bottom of the page there is a 'Declaration' for the candidates. Candidates Other Backward Classes of Citizens are advised to go through the contents of the Declaration carefully. and Scheduled Castes. After filling all above particulars there is provision for preview your detail before final (ii) For Scheduled Tribes 160 79 84 submission of application form on clicking on "Preview" button. (iii) For Female candidates only 152 Not applicable. Preview page will display all facts/particulars that you have mentioned on entry time if you General, Other Backward Classes are sure with filled details then click on "Submit" button to finally push data into server with of Citizens and Scheduled Castes. successfully submission report that you can print. (iv) For Scheduled Tribes 147 Not applicable Otherwise using "Back" button option you can modify your details. Not applicable. (v) Minimum weight for female 40 Kg [CANDIDATES ARE ADVISED TO TAKE A PRINT OF THIS PAGE BY CLICKING ON candidates of all categories THE "PRINT" OPTION AVAILABLE] For the post of District Commandant Home Guards. For Other information: For other information candidates are advised to select desired option in 'Home Page' of **Category of Candidates** Chest (Cm.) Height Unexpanded Expanded Commission's website http://uppsc.up.nic.in (Cm.) (i) Male Candidates 165 84 89 (ii) Female Candidates 150 79 84 CANDIDATE SEGMENT (iii) For the candidates of Scheduled 160 84 89 NOTIFICATIONS/ADVTS. Tribes and Male Candidates of All Notifications / Advertisements Kumayun and Gadhwal Divisions **ONLINE FORM SUBMISSION** For the post of Superintendent Jail (i) Height 168 cm and in the condition of candidates of kumayun and Gadhwal Divisions not 1. Candidate Registration (FIRST STAGE) less than 163 cm. 2. Fee Deposition / Reconciliation (SECOND STAGE) (ii) Chest 81.3 cm. (unexpanded) and 86.3 cm. (expanded) 3. Submit Application Form (THIRD STAGE) (iii) Vision - 6/6 **APPLICATION FORM STATUS** For the post of Excise Inspector Update your transaction ID by Double Verification mode **Category of Candidates** Height Chest (Cm.) Unexpanded Expanded (Cm.) **View Application Status** (i) Male Candidates 167 81.2 86.2 List of Applications Having Photo related Objections (ii) Female Candidates (SC./ST.) 147 **Print Duplicate Registration Slip** (iii) For other Female Candidates 152 **Print Detailed Application Form GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS EXAMINATION SEGMENT** 1. In no circumstances, applications of any stage shall be accepted after the last prescribed date and time. Applications found without requisite informations and without Print Address Slip for sending Documents to Commission [Only for Direct Recruitment] photograph and signature, even when received in time, may be summarily rejected. DOWNLOAD SEGMENT 2. In the On-line system, the candidates must ensure that all the requisite informations **Download Admit Card** have been duly filled and must click the submit Button by the last prescribed Date & Time. Candidates must take the Print and keep it safely. In any discrepancy, the candidates will **Download Interview Letter** have to produce the said print otherwise no request shall be entertained. **Download Syllabus** 3. Those candidates, willing to take the benefit of the reservation/age relaxation must obtain Know your Registration No. a certificate, issued by the competent authority, in support of the reserved category, in the prescribed format printed in this detailed advertisement (Appendix-3) and submit the same Click here to view Key Answer Sheet to the Commission, whenever required to do so. Those claiming more than one **Regarding application** reservation/age relaxation will be given only one such concession, which will be more 1. On clicking "View Application status" option in candidate Segment page you can see beneficial. The Candidates who are not originally domicile of U.P. belonging to SC, ST, current status of candidate. 0.B.C., dependents of freedom fighters, Ex-Servicemen, Skilled players, P.H., women and 2. On clicking "Result" option in candidate Segment page candidate can see result status State Government employees, Teachers etc. are not entitled to the benefit of reservation/ of periodically. age relaxation. Such candidates will be treated as unreserved candidates. In case of the 3. "Interview/Exam Schedule" option in candidate Segment page candidate can see women candidates, the domicile/caste certificate issued from father side will be treated valid. interview and examination schedule details periodically. 4. The Commission do not advise to candidates about their eligibility. Therefore, 4. On clicking "Key Answer Sheet" candidate can download key answer sheet. they should carefully read the advertisement and when satisfied about their 5. On clicking "Admit Card/Hall Ticket" candidate can download their Admit Card using with eligibility as per conditions of the advertisement, only then apply. The candidates some basic credential of candidate. must possess all the requisite qualifications till the last date for submitting the 6. On clicking "List of Rejected Candidate" candidate can view rejected candidate list. applications. 7. On clicking "Syllabus" candidate can view syllabus of particular examination. 5. In the category of dependents of the freedom fighters only sons, daughters, grandsons (Candidates applying On-line need NOT send hard copy of the On-line Application filled by (Son's son/Daughter's son) and grand daughters (son's daughter / daughter's daughter, them On-line or any other document/certificate/testimonial to the Uttar Pradesh Public married/ unmarried) are covered. It is advised that the candidates of aforesaid category Service Commission. However they are advised to take printout of the On-line Application must obtain the reservation certificate from the District Magistrate in terms of Govt. Order and retain it for further communication with the UPPSC.) (The Candidates applying for the No. 453/79-V-1-15-1(ka)14-2015, dated 07.04.2015 in the prescribed format and submit examination should ensure that they fulfill all eligibility conditions for admission to the same. examination. Their admission at all the stages of the examination will be purely provisional 6. In the event of involvement of a candidate in the concealment of any important subject to satisfying the prescribed eligibility conditions). UPPSC takes up verification of information, pendency of any case / criminal case, conviction, more than a husband or wife eligibility conditions with reference to original documents at subsequent stages of being alive, submission of facts in a distorted manner, malpractice, canvassing for examination process. candidature/ selection etc. the. Commission reserves the right to reject the candidature LAST DATE FOR RECEIPT OF APPLICATIONS: On-line Application process must be and debar him from appearing in the examination in question and in all other future completed (including filling up of Part-I, Part-II and Part-III of the Form) before last date of examinations and selections. 7. In case the candidates feel any problem in the "On-line Application" they may get their form submission according to advertisement, after which the Web. Link will be disabled. problem resolved by contacting over phone or on Website clicking 'Contact us'. **APPENDIX-1** 8. The procedure relating to upload Scanned Photo and Signature is given in Appendix-1 The Procedure relating to upload Photo & Signature:-

I mo procedure relating to aplead estamled r note and eighted relation of great in the	
The name of Districts for Preliminary Examination are available in the advertisement in	
	1. Paste the Photo on any white paper as per the above required dimensions. Sign in the
Appendix-3. The plan of Examination on Appendix-4, the syllabus for Preliminary	
Examination on Appendix-5 and Instructions and syllabus for the Combined State / Upper	2. Scan the above required size containing photograph and signature. Please do not scan
Subordinate Services (General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Spacial	
	3. The entire image (of size 3.5 cm by 6.0 cm) consisting of the photo along with the
Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination the Plan of Examination	signature is required to be scanned, and stored in * .jpg, .jpeg, .gif, .tif, .png format on local
and Syllabus for Main (Written) Exam are available on Appendix – 7 and 8.	machine.
Detailed Application Form	4. Ensure that the size of the scanned image is not more than 50 KB.
At the top of the page there is a Declaration. The candidates are advised to go through the	5. If the size of the file is more than 50 KB, then adjust the settings of the scanner such as
contents of the Declaration carefully. Candidate has the option either to agree or disagree	the DPI resolution, no. colours etc., during the process of scanning.
with the contents of Declaration by clicking on 'I agree' or 'I do not agree' buttons. In case	6. The application has to sign in full in the box provided. Since the signature is proof of
the candidate opts to disagree, the application will be dropped, and the procedure will be	identify, it must be genuine and in full; initials are not sufficient. Signature in CAPITAL
terminated. Accepting to agree only will submit the candidate's On-line Application.	LETTERS is not permitted.
Notification Details:	7. The signature must be signed only by the application and not by any other person.
This section shows information relevant to notification.	8. The signature will be used to put on the Hall Ticket and wherever necessary. If the
Personal Details:	Applicant's signature on answer script, at the time of the examination, does not match the
This section shows information about candidate's personal details i.e.	
Registration Number, Candidate's Name, Father/Husband's Name, Gender, Date of Birth,	Sample Image & Signature:-

_widh = 3.5 cm	प्रारूप - 2
	(मान्यता प्राप्त क्रीडा/खेल में अपने प्रदेश की ओर से राष्ट्रीय प्रतियोगिता में भाग लेने वाले खिलाड़ी के लिये)
	(सम्बन्धित खेल की प्रदेशीय एसोसिएशन का नाम)
Photo No.	पर नियुक्ति के लिए कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिये प्रमाण-पत्र
	प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी
	श्री
Photo Photo Signature Photo Phot	। भाग
ξ	
Signature	प्रतियोगिता (टूर्नामेन्ट स्थान का नामआयोजित राष्ट्रीय
	(क्रीड़ा/खेल-कूद का नाम) की प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेन्ट में प्रदेश की ओर से भाग लिया।
APPENDIX-2	उनके टीम के द्वारा उक्त प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेन्ट में स्थान प्राप्त किया गया।
The name of the districts in which the Preliminary Examination will be held are as follows -	यह प्रमाण-पत्रप्रदेशीय संघ का नाम) में उपलब्ध रिकार्ड के आधार पर दिया गया है।
Agra, Allahabad, Azamgarh, Barabanki, Bareilly, Gorakhpur, Etawah, Faizabad,	स्थानहस्ताक्षर
Ghaziabad, Jaunpur, Jhansi, Kanpur Nagar, Lucknow, Meerut, Moradabad, Rae Bareli,	दिनांकनाम
Shahjahanpur, Sitapur, Varanasi, Mainpuri and Mathura.	पद
APPENDIX - 3	पता
उ.प्र. की अनुसूचित जाति तथा अनुसूचित जन जाति के लिए जाति प्रमाण-पत्र	
प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी	मुहरमुहर
श्री	नोट ः यह प्रमाण-पत्र प्रदेशीय खेल-कूद संघ के सचिव द्वारा व्यक्तिगत रूप से किये गये हस्ताक्षर होने पर ही मान्य होगा।
नगर	प्रारूप- 3
	(मान्यता प्राप्त क्रीडा/खेल में अपने विश्वविद्यालय की ओर से अर्न्तविश्वविद्यालय प्रतियोगिता में
व्यक्ति है जिसे संविधान (अनुसूचित जाति) आदेश, 1950 (जैसा कि समय-समय) पर संशोधित हुआ) / संविधान (अनुसूचित	भाग लेने वाले खिलाड़ी के लिये)
जनजाति, उत्तर प्रदेश) आदेश, 1967 के अनुसार अनुसूचित जाति/अनुसूचित जनजाति के रुप में मान्यता दी गई है।	विश्वविद्यालय का नामराज्य स्तर की सेवाओं/पदों पर नियुक्त के लिये कुशल
श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारीतथा अथवा उनका परिवार उत्तर प्रदेश	खिलाड़ियों के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र
केग्रामग्राम	प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी आत्मज/पत्नी/आत्मजा
तहसीलमें सामान्यतया	श्री निवास (पूरा नाम)
रहता है।	कक्षा के विद्यार्थी ने दिनांक से दिनांक विश्वविद्यालय की
स्थानहस्ताक्षर	
त्थान दिनांक पूरा नाम	
	का नाम) प्रतियोगिता/दूर्नामेन्ट में विश्वविद्यालय की ओर से भाग लिया। उनके टीम के द्वारा उक्त
मुहरपद का नाम	प्रतियोगिता / टूर्नामेन्ट में स्थान प्राप्त किया गया। यह प्रमाण-पत्र डीन आफ स्पोर्टस् अथवा इंचार्ज
जिलाधिकारी/अतिरिक्त जिलाधिकारी/सिटी मजिस्ट्रेट/परगना मजिस्ट्रेट/तहसीलदार/	खेल कूदविश्वविद्यालय में उपलब्ध रिकार्ड के आधार पर दिया गया है।
अन्य वेतन भोगी मजिस्ट्रेट यदि कोई हो/ जिला समाज कल्याण अधिकारी	स्थानहस्ताक्षर
उत्तर प्रदेश के अन्य पिछड़े वर्ग के लिए जाति प्रमाण-पत्र	दिनांक नाम
	पद
प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारीसुपुत्र/सुपुत्री	संस्था का नाम
श्रीनिवासी ग्राम	मुहर
तहसील	नोट : यह प्रमाण-पत्र विश्वविद्यालय के डीन आफ स्पोर्ट्स या इंचार्ज खेल-कूद द्वारा व्यक्तिगत रूप से किये गये हस्ताक्षर होने
	पर ही मान्य होगा।
कीपिछड़ी जाति के व्यक्ति हैं। यह जाति उत्तर प्रदेश लोक सेवा (अनुसूचित	
जातियों, अनुसूचित जन जातियों तथा अन्य पिछड़े वर्गों के लिये आरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1994 (यथासंशोधित) की अनुसूची	<u>प्रारूप - 4</u> (गान्सन स्वर की वाले के सारे के सरक के सारे के सरक के आप के सरक के आप के सरक के सारे के सिर्फ के सरक के सारे के
एक के अन्तर्गत मान्यता प्राप्त है।	(मान्यता प्राप्त क्रीडा/खेल में अपने स्कूल की ओर से राष्ट्रीय खेल-कूद में भाग लेने वाले खिलाड़ी के लिये)
यह भी प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारीपूर्वोक्त अधिनियम, 1994	डाररेक्ट्रेट आफ पब्लिक इन्सट्रक्शन्स/निदेशक, शिक्षा, उत्तर प्रदेशराज्य स्तर की सेवाओं/पदों
	पर नियुक्ति के लिये कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिये प्रमाण-पत्र
(यथासंशोधित) की अनुसूची-दो (जैसा कि उत्तर प्रदेश लोक सेवा) (अनुसूचित जातियों, अनुसूचित जन जातियों और अन्य	प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी आत्मज/पत्नी/आत्मजा
पिछड़े वर्गों के लिये आरक्षण) (संशोधन) अधिनियम, 2001 द्वारा प्रतिस्थापित किया गया है एवं जो उत्तर प्रदेश लोक सेवा	श्रीमंमं
(अनुसूचित जातियों, अनुसूचित जन जातियों और अन्य पिछड़े वर्गों के लिये आरक्षण) (संशोधन) अधिनियम, 2002 द्वारा	कक्षा के विद्यार्थी ने दिनांक से दिनांक तक
संशोधित की गयी है, से आच्छादित नहीं है। इनके माता-पिता की निरंतर तीन वर्ष की अवधि के लिये सकल वार्षिक आय	
	-कूद का नाम) प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेन्ट मेंस्कूल की ओर से भाग लिया। उनके टीम के द्वारा उक्त
आठ लाख रूपये या इससे अधिक नहीं है तथा इनके पास धनकर अधिनियम, 1957 में यथा विहित छूट सीमा से अधिक	प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेन्ट में
सम्पत्ति भी नहीं है।	यह प्रमाण-पत्र डायरेक्ट्रेट आफ पब्लिक इन्सट्रक्शन्स/शिक्षा में उपलब्ध रिकार्ड के आधार पर दिया गया है।
श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारीतथा/अथवा उनका परिवार उत्तर प्रदेश के ग्रामतहसील	स्थानहस्ताक्षर
मं सामान्यतया रहता है।	दिनांक
	ча
स्थानहस्ताक्षर	संस्था का नाम
दिनांकपूरा नाम	मुहर
मूहर पद का नाम	नोट ः यह प्रमाण-पत्र निदेशक / या अतिरिक्त/संयुक्त या उपनिदेशक डाइरेक्ट्रेट ऑफ पब्लिक इन्स्ट्रक्शन्स/शिक्षा
जिलाधिकारी/अतिरिक्त जिलाधिकारी/सिटी मजिस्ट्रेट/परगना मजिस्ट्रेट/तहसीलदार।	दारा व्यक्तिगत रूप से हस्ताक्षर होने पर मान्य होगा।
	APPENDIX- 4
उत्तर प्रदेश लोक सेवा (शारीरिक रूप से विकलांग, स्वतंत्रता संग्राम सेनानियों के आश्रितों और भूतपूर्व सैनिकों के	PLAN OF EXAMINATION :
लिए आरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1993 (यथासंशोधित) के अनुसार स्वतंत्रता संग्राम सेनानी के आश्रित के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र	The competitive examination for the Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services
प्रमाण-पत्र	(General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped Backlog / Special Recruitment)
प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी	Examination, 2018 and Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services
तिवासी तहसील	
	Examination, 2018 comprise three successive stages viz :-
नगर	(1) Preliminary Examination (Objective Type & Multiple choice). 2- Main Examination
संग्राम सेनानियों के आश्रित और भूतपूर्व सैनिक के लिए आरक्षण) अधिनियम 1993 के अनुसार स्वतंत्रता संग्राम सेनानी हैं और	(Conventional Type, i.e. Written examination). 3- Viva- Voce (Personality Test).
श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी (आश्रित) पुत्र/पुत्री/पौत्र (पुत्र का पुत्र या पुत्री का पुत्र) पौत्री (पुत्र की पुत्री या पुत्री	PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION
की पुत्री) (विवाहित अथवा अविवाहित) उपरांकित अधिनियम 1993 (यथा संशोधित) के प्राविधानों के अनुसार उक्त श्री/श्रीमती	The Preliminary examination for the Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services
(स्वतंत्रता संग्राम सेनानी) के आश्रित हैं।	(General Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment)
स्थानहस्ताक्षर	Examination and Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services
दिनांक पूरा नाम	Examination will consist of two compulsory papers of which answer sheet be on OMR
	sheets. The syllabus for Combined State / Upper Subordinate Services (General
मुहर	Recruitment / Physically Handicapped – Backlog / Special Recruitment) Examination and
, जेलाधिकारी	Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination is mentioned
सील	in Appendix-5 of this advertisement. The papers shall be 200 marks each and of two hours
कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिये प्रमाण-पत्र जो उ.प्र. के मूल निवासी हैं	durations. Both the papers shall be objective Type & multiple choice in which there shall be
	150-100 questions Respectively. The timing of paper I will be from 9.30 to 11.30 A.M. and
शासनादेश संख्या-22/21/1983-कार्मिक-2 दिनांक 28 नवम्बर, 1985	paper II from 2.30 to 4.30 P.M.
प्रमाण-पत्र के फार्म - 1 से 4	Note : (1) Paper-II of the Preliminary Examination will be a qualifying paper with
দ্রান্ডণ - 1	minimum qualifying marks fixed at 33%. (2) It is mandatory for the Candidates to

(मान्यता प्राप्त क्रीडा/खेल में अपने देश की ओर से अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय	प्रतियोगिता में भाग लेने वाले खिलाड़ी के लिये)	a
सम्बन्धित खेल की राष्ट्रीय फेडरेशन/राष्ट्रीय एसोसिएशन का नाम	राज्य सरकार की	ר
सेवाओं/पदों पर नियुक्ति के लिए कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र		F
प्रमाणित कियाँ जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी	आत्मज/पत्नी/आत्मजा	0
श्री पूर	ा पता ने दिनांक	
से दिनांक तक		(
		F
उनके टीम के द्वारा उक्त प्रतियोगिता/टूर्ना मेन्ट में		ļ
यह प्रमाण-पत्र राष्ट्रीय फेडरेशन/राष्ट्रीय एसोसिएशन/(यहाँ संस्था का		
रिकार्ड के आधार पर दिया गया है।		$\left \right $
स्थान	हस्ताक्षर	
दिनांक	नाम	
	पद	
	संस्था का नाम	
	मुहर	
नोट ः यह प्रमाण-पत्र नेशनल फेडरेशन / नेशनल एसोसिएशन के सचि	ाव द्वारा व्यक्तिगत रूप से किये गये हस्ताक्षर होने पर	
ही मान्य होगा।		

appear in both the papers of Preliminary Examination for the purpose of evaluation. Therefore a candidate will be disqualified in case he does not appear in both in papers. (3) The merit of the Candidates will be determined on the basis of marks obtained in Paper-I of the Preliminary Examination.

SUBJECTS FOR THE COMBINED STATE / UPPER SUBORDINATE SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED – BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION : The Written examination will consist of the following compulsory and optional subjects. The syllabus whereof is mentioned in Appendix-6 of this advertisement. The candidates have to select any one subject from the list of optional subjects for main examination which will consist of two papers.

(A) COMPULSORY SUBJECTS

1. General Hindi	150 marks
2. Essay	150 marks
3. General Studies (First Paper)	200 marks
4. General Studies (Second Paper)	200 marks
5. General Studies (Third Paper)	200 marks
6. General Studies (Fourth Paper)	200 marks

- Contd.

	Compulsory Subject viz:	General Hindi, Essay and G	eneral Studies (First, Second,	2. Algebra :- (i) Factors of polynomials, L.C.M. and H.C.F. of polynomials and their
			be and for solving the questions	Interrelationship, Remainder theorem, simultaneous linear equations, quadratic
			hree hours time is allowed. Two	equations. (ii) Set Theory:- Set, null set, subsets and proper subsets of a set, operations
		s been allotted for each option		(Union, Intersections, difference, symmetric difference) between sets, venn diagram.
				3. Geometry:- (i) Constructions and theorems regarding triangle, rectangle, square,
				trapezium and circles, their perimeter and area. (ii) Volume and surface area of sphere, right circular cylinder, right circular Cone and Cube.
			vo sections in all the question	4. Statistics:- Collection of data, Classification of data, frequency, frequency distribution,
			Il include Four questions.	tabulation, cumulative frequency. Representation of data - Bar diagram, Pie chart,
			ions while they must select	histogram, frequency polygon, cumulative frequency curves (ogives), Measures of
	minimum Two questions from		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Central tendency: Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode.
	-	OPTIONAL SUBJECTS ARE AS B	ELOW	General English Upto Class X Level
	1. Agriculture	& Veterinary Science	27. Arabic Lit.	1. Comprehension
	2. Zoology	15. Statistics	28. Hindi Lit.	2. Active Voice and Passive Voice
	3. Chemistry	16. Defence Studies	29. Persian Lit.	3. Parts of Speech
	4. Physics	17. Management	30. Sanskrit Lit.	4. Transformation of Sentences
	5. Mathematics	18. Political Science &	31. Commerce &	5. Direct and Indirect Speech
	6. Geography	International Relations	Accountancy	 Punctuation and Spellings Words meanings
	7. Economics	19. History	32. Public Administration	8. Vocabulary & Usage
	8. Sociology	20. Social Work	33. Agricultural Engineering	9. Idioms and Phrases
	9. Philiosophy	21. Anthropology	34. Medical Science	10. Fill in the Blanks
	10. Geology	22. Civil Engineering		सामान्य हिन्दी (हाईस्कूल स्तर तक) के पाठ्यक्रम में सम्मिलित किये जाने वाले विषय
	11. Psychology	23. Mechanical Engineering	1	(1) हिन्दी वर्णमाला, विराम चिन्ह
	12. Botany 13 . Law	24. Electrical Engineering		(2) शब्द रचना, वाक्य रचना, अर्थ
		 English Lit. Urdu Lit. 		(3) शब्द-रुप
	14. Animal Husbandry			(4) संधि, समास (5) क्रियायें
		LITY TEST (VIVA-VOCE) TO		(5) फ्रियाय (6) अनेकार्थी शब्द
			the matter of academic interest c, expression power/personality	(७) विलोम शब्द
	and general suitability for the		, expression power/personality	(8) पर्यायवाची शब्द
ŀ	and general outdointy for the	Appendix-5		(9) मुहावरे एवं लोकोक्तियां
	Syllabus for Preliminary		he Combined State / Upper	(10) तत्सम एवं तद्भव, देशज, विदेशी (शब्द भंडार)
	Subordinate Services (Ge	neral Recruitment / Physic	ally Handicapped-Backlog /	(11) वर्तनी
			<u>nservator of Forest / Range</u>	(12) अर्थबोध (13) हिन्दी भाषा के प्रयोग में होने वाली अशुद्धियाँ
	Forest	Officer Services Examinati	ion both.	(13) हिन्दा मार्षा के प्रयोग में होने वाली अशुद्धियों (14) उठप्रठ की मुख्य बोलियाँ
		Paper-I General Studies-I		
		General Studies-i		APPENDIX- 6
			Duration: Two hours	RULES AND SYLLABUS FOR THE COMBINED STATE / LIPPER SUBORDINATE
			Duration: Two hours Marks - 200	RULES AND SYLLABUS FOR THE COMBINED STATE / UPPER SUBORDINATE SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG /
	* Current events of national a	nd international importance.		RULES AND SYLLABUS FOR THE COMBINED STATE / UPPER SUBORDINATE SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION
	* History of India and Indian N	lational Movement.	Marks - 200	SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG /
	* History of India and Indian N * India and World geograph	lational Movement.		 SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or
	* History of India and Indian N * India and World geograph World.	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom	Marks - 200	 SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES
	 * History of India and Indian N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governarian 	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom	Marks - 200	 SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS
	 * History of India and India N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. 	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S	Marks - 200 hic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public	 SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER
	 * History of India and India N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. * Economic and Social Dev 	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S velopment - Sustainable De	Marks - 200 hic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public	 SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER BOOK/BOOKS OTHERWISE THEY WILL BE PENALISED BY A DEDUCTION OF
	 * History of India and India N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. * Economic and Social Der Demographics, Social Sector 	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S velopment - Sustainable De r Initiatives, etc.	Marks - 200 hic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public	SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION 1. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER BOOK/BOOKS OTHERWISE THEY WILL BE PENALISED BY A DEDUCTION OF MARKS. ALSO THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE, THEIR NAMES ANY-WHERE OTHERWISE
	 * History of India and India N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. * Economic and Social Der Demographics, Social Sector 	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S velopment - Sustainable De r Initiatives, etc. nental ecology, Bio-diversity a	Marks - 200 hic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public velopment, Poverty Inclusion,	 SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER BOOK/BOOKS OTHERWISE THEY WILL BE PENALISED BY A DEDUCTION OF MARKS. ALSO THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE, THEIR NAMES ANY-WHERE OTHERWISE THEY MAY BE DISQUALIFIED. 3. If a Candidate's handwriting is not easily legible,
	* History of India and Indian N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. * Economic and Social De Demographics, Social Sector * General Issues on Environm require subject specialization * General Science	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S velopment - Sustainable De r Initiatives, etc. nental ecology, Bio-diversity a n.	Marks - 200 hic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public velopment, Poverty Inclusion, nd Climate Change- that do not	SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION 1. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER BOOK/BOOKS OTHERWISE THEY WILL BE PENALISED BY A DEDUCTION OF MARKS. ALSO THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE, THEIR NAMES ANY-WHERE OTHERWISE
	* History of India and Indian N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. * Economic and Social De Demographics, Social Sector * General Issues on Environm require subject specialization * General Science Current events of national	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S velopment - Sustainable De r Initiatives, etc. nental ecology, Bio-diversity a n.	Marks - 200 hic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public velopment, Poverty Inclusion, nd Climate Change- that do not cance:- On Current Events of	SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION 1. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER BOOK/BOOKS OTHERWISE THEY WILL BE PENALISED BY A DEDUCTION OF MARKS. ALSO THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE, THEIR NAMES ANY-WHERE OTHERWISE THEY MAY BE DISQUALIFIED. 3. If a Candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, deduction may be made from the total marks. 4. A candidate may answer question papers in English Roman Script or Hindi in Devnagri Script or in Urdu in Persian script provided that the language papers as a whole must be answered in any of the above script unless it is otherwise
	* History of India and Indian N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. * Economic and Social Der Demographics, Social Sector * General Issues on Environn require subject specialization * General Science Current events of national National and International Ir	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S velopment - Sustainable De r Initiatives, etc. nental ecology, Bio-diversity a n.	Marks - 200 hic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public velopment, Poverty Inclusion, nd Climate Change- that do not	SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION 1. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER BOOK/BOOKS OTHERWISE THEY WILL BE PENALISED BY A DEDUCTION OF MARKS. ALSO THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE, THEIR NAMES ANY-WHERE OTHERWISE THEY MAY BE DISQUALIFIED. 3. If a Candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, deduction may be made from the total marks. 4. A candidate may answer question papers in English Roman Script or Hindi in Devnagri Script or in Urdu in Persian script provided that the language papers as a whole must be answered in any of the above script unless it is otherwise indicated in question paper. 5. The question papers shall be in English in Roman Script and
	* History of India and Indian N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. * Economic and Social Der Demographics, Social Sector * General Issues on Environn require subject specialization * General Science Current events of national National and International Ir about them.	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S velopment - Sustainable De r Initiatives, etc. nental ecology, Bio-diversity a n. al and international Import nportance, candidates will be	Marks - 200 nic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public velopment, Poverty Inclusion, nd Climate Change- that do not cance:- On Current Events of e expected to have knowledge	SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION 1. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER BOOK/BOOKS OTHERWISE THEY WILL BE PENALISED BY A DEDUCTION OF MARKS. ALSO THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE, THEIR NAMES ANY-WHERE OTHERWISE THEY MAY BE DISQUALIFIED. 3. If a Candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, deduction may be made from the total marks. 4. A candidate may answer question papers in English Roman Script or Hindi in Devnagri Script or in Urdu in Persian script provided that the language papers as a whole must be answered in any of the above script unless it is otherwise indicated in question paper. 5. The question papers shall be in English in Roman Script and Hindi in Devnagri Script. 6. The standard of knowledge required of candidates in compulsory
	 * History of India and Indian N * India and World geograph World. * Indian Polity and governar Policy, Rights Issues etc. * Economic and Social Dee Demographics, Social Sector * General Issues on Environm require subject specialization * General Science Current events of national National and International In about them. History of India & Indian National 	lational Movement. y - Physical, Social, Econom nce - Constitution, Political S velopment - Sustainable De r Initiatives, etc. nental ecology, Bio-diversity a al and international Import nportance, candidates will be ational Movement:- In Histor	Marks - 200 hic geography of India and the ystem, Panchayati Raj, Public velopment, Poverty Inclusion, nd Climate Change- that do not cance:- On Current Events of e expected to have knowledge y emphasis should be on broad	SERVICES (GENERAL RECRUITMENT / PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED-BACKLOG / SPECIAL RECRUITMENT) MAIN (WRITTEN) EXAMINATION 1. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final. 2. CANDIDATES ARE WARNED THAT THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE THEIR ROLL-NUMBERS ANYWHERE EXCEPT IN THE SPACE PROVIDED ON THE COVER OF THEIR ANSWER BOOK/BOOKS OTHERWISE THEY WILL BE PENALISED BY A DEDUCTION OF MARKS. ALSO THEY SHOULD NOT WRITE, THEIR NAMES ANY-WHERE OTHERWISE THEY MAY BE DISQUALIFIED. 3. If a Candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, deduction may be made from the total marks. 4. A candidate may answer question papers in English Roman Script or Hindi in Devnagri Script or in Urdu in Persian script provided that the language papers as a whole must be answered in any of the above script unless it is otherwise indicated in question paper. 5. The question papers shall be in English in Roman Script and Hindi in Devnagri Script. 6. The standard of knowledge required of candidates in compulsory and optional subjects will be such as a young man holding a Bachelor's Degree of a University
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Note:- Candidates are expected to have general awareness about the above subjects with	4- Post-independence consolidation and reorganization within the country (till 1965A.D.).
	5- History of the world will include events from 18^{th} century to middle of the 20^{th} century such
Paper-II	as French revolution of 1789, industrial revolution, World Wars, redraw of national
General Studies-II	boundaries, Socialism, Nazism, Fascism etc-their forms and effect on the society.
Duration : Two hours	6- Salient features of Indian Society and culture.
Marks - 200	7- Role of Women in society and women's organization, population and associated issues,
Comprehension.	poverty and developmental issues, urbanization, their problems and their remedies.
 Interpersonal skills including communication skills. 	8- Meaning of liberalization, privatization and globalization and their effects on economy,
Logical reasoning and analytical ability.	polity and social structure.
Decision making and problem solving.	9- Social empowernment, communalism, regionalism & secularism.
General mental ability	10- Distribution of major natural resources of World- Water, Soils, Forests in reference to
• Elementary Mathematics upto Class X level-Arithmatic, Algebra, Geometry and Statistics.	South and South-East Asia with special reference to India. Factors responsible for the
General English upto Class X level.	location of industries (with special reference to India).
General Hindi upto Class X level.	11- Salient features of Physical Geography- Earthquake, Tsunami, Volcanic activity,
Elementary Mathematics (Upto Class X Level)	Cyclone, Ocean Currents, winds and glaciers.
1. Arithmetic:- (i) Number systems: Natural Numbers, Integers, Rational and Irrational	12-Oceanic resources of India and their potential.
numbers, Real numbers, Divisors of an Ineger, prime Integers, L.C.M. and H.C.F. of	13- Human migration-refugee problem of the World with focus on India.
integers and their Interrelationship.	14- Frontiers and boundaries with reference to Indian sub-continent.
	15- Population and Settlements- Types and Patterns, Urbanization, Smart Cities and
Compound Interests (vii) Work and Time (viii) Speed, Time and Distance	Smart Villages.

16- Specific knowledge of Uttar Pradesh – History, Culture, Art, Architecture, Festival,	moral and political attitudes, social influence and persuasion.
Folk-Dance, Literature, Regional Languages, Heritage, Social Customs and Tourism.	• Aptitude and foundational values for Civil Service, integrity, impartiality and non-
17- Specific knowledge of U.P Geography- Human and Natural Resources, Climate,	partisanship, objectivity, dedication to public services, empathy, tolerance and
Soils, Forest, Wild-Life, Mines and Minerals, Sources of Irrigation.	compassion towards the weaker-sections.
<u>GENERAL STUDIES-II</u>	• Emotional Intelligence- concept and dimensions, its utility and application in
1- Indian Constitution- historical underpinnings, evolution, features, amendments,	administration and governance.
significant provisions and basis structure, Role of Supreme Court in evolution of basic	
provisions of Constitution.	• Public/Civil Service values and ethics in Public Administration: status and problems,
	ethical concerns and dilemmas in government and private institutions, laws, rules,
pertaining to the federal structure, devolution of powers and finances up to local levels and challenges therein .	regulations and conscience as sources of ethical guidance, accountability and ethical
3- Role of Finance Commission in Centre- State financial relations.	governance, strengthening of moral values in governance, ethical issues in international relations and funding, corporate governance.
4- Separation of powers, dispute redressal mechanisms and institutions. Emergence and	Probity in Governance: concept of public service, philosophical basis of governance and
use of alternative dispute redressal mechanisms.	probity, information sharing and transparency in government. Right to Information, codes
	of ethics, codes of conduct, citizen's charter, work culture, quality of service delivery,
countries.	utilization of public funds, challenges of corruption.
6- Parliament and State legislatures- structure, functioning, conduct of business, powers	
and privileges and concerned issues.	1. AGRICULTURE : PAPER-I (SECTION - A)
7- Structure, organization and functioning of the Executive and the Judiciary: Ministries	Ecology and its relevance. Natural resources and their conservation management.
and Departments of the Government, Pressure groups and formal/informal associations	
and their role in the Polity. Public Interest Litigation (PIL).	crop growth. Impact of environment of changes on cropping pattern. Environmental
8-Salient features of the Reperesentation of People's Act.	pollution and associated hazards to crops, animals and human. Cropping patterns in
9- Appointment to various Constitutional posts, Powers, functions and their responsibilities.	different agro climatic zones of U.P. Impact of high yielding and short duration varieties on abit in graphing patterne. Concerns of multiple multiple multiple relay and integraphing and
	shifts in cropping patterns. Concepts of multiple, multistory, relay and intercropping and their importance in relation to sustainable crop production. Package of practices for
features and functioning.	production of important cereals, pulses, oilseeds, fibre, sugar and cash crops grown
	during Kharif and Rabi seasons in different regions of U.P. Important features, scopes and
arising out of their design, implementation and Information Communication Technology	propagation of various type of forestry plants with reference to agro, forestry and social
(ICT).	forestry, Weeds, their characteristics, dissemination, association with various field crops
	and their multiplication, cultural, biological and chemical control. Processes and factors of
Help Groups (SHGs), various groups and associations, donors, charities, institutional and	soil formation. Classification of Indian soils including modern concepts. Mineral and
other stakeholders.	organic constituent of soils and their role in maintaining soil productivity. Problems soils,
	extent and distribution in India and their reclamation. Essential plant nutrients and other
	beneficial elements in soils and plants, their occurrence, factors affecting their distribution,
constituted for the protection and betterment of these vulnerable sections.	function and cycling. Symbiotic and non symbiotic nitrogen fixation. Principles of soil fertility and its evaluation for judicious fertilizer use. Soil conservation planning on water
14- Issues relating to development and management of Social Sector/Services relating to Health, Education, Human Resources.	shed basis, erosion and run off management in hills, foothills and valley lands and factors
15- Issues relating to poverty and hunger, their implication on body politic.	affecting them. Dryland agriculture and its problems. Technology for stabilishing
	agriculture production in rainsed agriculture area of U.P. Necessity and scope of organic
applications, models, successes, limitations, and potential, citizens, charters and	
institutional measures.	<u>SECTION – B</u>
17-Role of Civil Services in a democracy in the context of emerging trends.	Water use efficiency in relation to crop production. Criteria for scheduling irrigations, ways
18- India and its relationship with neighbouring Countries.	and means of reducing run off losses of irrigation water. Drainage of water-logged soils.
	Farm management its scope, importance and characteristics, farm planning and
affecting India's interest.	budgeting. Economics of different types of farming systems. Marketing and pricing of
	agricultural inputs and outputs, price fluctuations and their cost. Role of co-operatives in
interests- Indian diaspora. 21- Important International Institutions, Agencies their structure, mandate and functioning.	agricultural economy, Types and system of farming and factors affecting them Agricultural extension, its importance and role, method of evaluation of extension programmes,
	diffusion, communication and adoption of innovations, people's participation and
Judicial System.	production and motivation. Farm mechanization and its role in agricultural production and
23- Current affairs and events of Regional, State, National and International importance.	rural employment. Training programme for extension workers and farmers, Extension
GENERAL STUDIES-III	systems and programmes. Training & Visits. KVK. KGK, NATP and IVLP.
1- Economic planning in India, objectives and achievements. Role of NITI Aayog, Pursuit	
of Sustainable Development Goals (SDG's).	PAPER-II (SECTION-A)
2- Issues of Poverty, Unemployment, Social justice and inclusive growth.	Heredity and variation, Mendel's law of inheritance, Chromosomal theory of inheritance,
3- Components of Government Budgets and Financial System.	Cytoplasmic inheritance, Sex linked, Sex influenced and sex limited characters.
	Spontaneous and induced mutations. Role of chemicals in mutation. Origin and
marketing of agricultural produce, e-technology in the aid of farmers.	domestication of field crops. Morphological patterns of variations in varieties and related
	species of important field crop. Cause and utilization of variation in crops improvement. Application of the principles of plant breeding to the improvement of major field crops,
	Methods of breeding to self and cross-pollinated crops. Introduction, selection,
stocks and food security, Technology missions in agriculture. 6- Food processing and related industries in India- scope and significance, location,	hybridization, male sterility and self incompatibility, utilization of mutation and polyploidy in
upstream and downstream requirements, supply chain management.	breeding. Seed technology and its importance, production, processing, storage and
7- Land reforms in India since independence.	testing of seeds. Role of national and state seed organization in production, processing
8- Effects of liberalization and globalization on the economy, changes in industrial policy	and marketing of improved seeds. Physiology and its significance in agriculture, Physical
and their effects on industrial growth.	properties and chemical constitution of protoplasm, inhibition, surface tension, diffusion
9- Infrastructure: Energy, Ports, Roads, Airports, Railways etc.	and osmosis. Absorption and translocation of water, transpiration and water economy.
10- Science and Technology-developments and applications in everyday life and in	SECTION – B

10- Science and Technology-developments and applications in everyday life and in National Security, India's Science and Technology policy.

11- Achievements of Indians in science & technology, indigenization of technology. Developments of New technologies, transfer of technology, dual and critical use technologies.

12- Awareness in the fields of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) and Space Technology, Computers, Energy resources, nano- technology, microbiology, biotechnology. Issues relating to intellectual property rights (IPR), and digital rights.

13- Environmental security and Ecosystems, Conservation of Wild life, Biodiversity, Environmental pollution and degradation, environmental impact assessment,

SECTION – B

Enzymes and plant pigments, Photosynthesis - modern concepts and factors effecting the process. Aerobic and anaerobic respiration, Growth and development. Photoperiodisms and vernalization. Plant growth regulators and their mechanism of action & importance in crop production. Climatic requirements and cultivation of major fruits, vegetable and ornamental crops; package of practices and the scientific basis for the same. Pre and post harvest physiology of fruits and vegetables crops, Principles and methods of preservation of fruits and vegetables. Processing techniques and equipment. Landscape and Floriculture including raising of ornamental plants. Garden and its parts, Design and layout of gardens, Diseases and pests of vegetables, fruits and ornamental crops of U.P. and

 14- Disaster as a Non-traditional security and safety challenge, disaster mitigation and management. 15- Challenges of International Security: Issues of Nuclear proliferation, Causes and spread of extremism, Communication networks, role of media and social networking, 	measures to control plant diseases. Integrated management of pests and diseases. Pesticides and their formulations, plant protection equipment, their care and maintenance. Storage pest of cereals and pulses, hygiene of storage, godowns, preservation and remedial measures, Food production and consumption trends In India, National and
Basics of cyber security, money laundering and human trafficking. 16- India's internal security challenges: Terrorism, corruption, insurgency and organized crimes.	International food policies, Procurements, distribution, processing and production constraints. 2. ZOOLOGY
17- Role, kind and mandate of security forces, Higher defense organizations in India 18- Specific knowledge of Uttar Pradesh Economy:-	<u>PAPER-I</u> (Non Chordata, Chordata, Ecology, Ethology, Biostatistics and Economic
Overview of UP Economy: State Budgets. Importance of Agriculture, Industry, Infrastructure and physical resources. Human Resources and Skill development.	Section A Nen abardate and abardate
Government Programmes and Welfare Schemes. 19- Issues in Agriculture, Horticulture, Forestry and Animal Husbandry. 20- Law and Order and Civil Defence with special reference to U.P.	Phyla. 2. Protozoa: Locomotion, Nutrition and Reproduction, Human parasitic protozoa and
GENERAL STUDIES-IV Ethics and Human Interface: Essence, determinants and consequences of Ethics in	diseases. 3. Porifera: Canal system; Skeleton and Reproduction.
human action, dimensions of ethics, ethics in private and public relationships. Human Values-lessons from the lives and teachings of great leaders, reformers and	 4. Chidaria: Polymorphism; Coral reers; Metagenesis. 5. Platyhelminthes: Parasitic adaptations and host-parasite relationships. 6. Annelida: Adaptive radiation in Polychaeta.
administrators, role of family, society and educational institutions in inculcating values. • Attitude: Content, structure, function, its influence and relation with thought and behavior,	7. Arthopoda: Larval forms and parasitism in crustacean; Appendages of prawn; Vision

and respiration in Arthopoda; Social life and metamorphosis in insects.	Principles of separ
8. Mollusca: Respiration, Pearl formation.	their compounds.
9. Echinodermata: General organization, larval forms and affinities.	Coordination Che
10. Chordata: Origin; Origin of tetrapods.	nomenclature, effe
11. Pisces: Respiration; Migration; Lung fishes.	Valence bond the
12. Amphibia: Neoteny and paedogenesis; parental care.	orbitals in octahed
13. Reptilia: Skull type; Dinosaurs	affecting its magnit
14. Aves: Aerial adaptations, Migration, Respiration, Flightless birds.	d9 weak and stro
15. Mammalia: Dentition; Prototheria and Metatheria; Skin derivatives of Eutheria.	spectra of d transit
SECTION-B- Ecology, Ethology, Biostatistics and Economic Zoology	electronic transition
1. Ecology: Abiotic and biotic factors; Interspecific and intraspecific relations, Ecological	Bio-Inorganic Cl
succession; Different types of biomes; Biogeochemical cycles; Food web; Ozone layer	Metalloporphyrins
and Biosphere; Pollution of air, water and land.	alkali and alkaline
2. Ethology: Types of animal behaviour; Role of hormones and pheromones in behaviour;	Preparation, Prop
Methods of studying Animal behaviour; Biological Rhythms.	Water, Boric aci
3. Biostatistics: Sampling methods; frequency distribution and measures of central	potassium perman
tendency; standard deviation and standard error; correlation and regression; chi- square	Polymers: Molecu
and t-tests.	osmotic pressure
4. Economic Zoology: Insect pests of crops (Paddy, Gram and Sugarcane) and stored	elasticity and crys
grains; Apiculture, Sericulture, Lac culture; Pisciculture and Oyster culture.	polymers.
ZOOLOGY	Chemical Therm
PAPER-II	thermodynamics, I
(Cell Biology, Genetics, Evolution and Systematics, Biochemistry, Physiology	summation, variati
(Cell Biology, Genetics, Evolution and Systematics, Biochemistry, Physiology and Developmental Biology)	summation, variati Helmholtz equation
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Zoogeographical realms of the world and their characteristic fauna.

SECTION-B- Biochemistry, Physiology and Development Biology

Biochemistry: Structure, classification and biological functions of Carbohydrates, Proteins, Lipids and Nucleic acids, Watson and Crick model of DNA; Genetic code; Protein- biosynthesis; Biological oxidations; High energy compounds; Electron transport chain; Oxidative phosphorylation; Glycolysis and Krebs/TCA cycle; Enzymes-Nomenclature, classification, Factors affecting enzyme activity and mechanism of action, Vitamins- dietary sources, biochemical functions, deficiency symptoms, Hypervitaminosis A; Innate and Aquired immunity; immune cells; Immunoglobulins; cytokines (Interleukins). 2. Physiology (with special reference to mammals): Homeostasis; open and closed circulatory system, Neurogenic and Myogenic hearts; Blood composition, functions clotting and blood-groups; Oxygen and carbon dioxide transport; The cardiac cycle; Neural and Hormonal regulation of heart rate; Mechanism of breathing and its regulation, formation of urine; Homeostatic functions of kidney; Thermoregulation in thermoconformer and thermoregulator animals; Nerve impulseaxonal and synaptic transmission; neurotransmitters; Digestion and absorption of carbohydrate, protein, fats and nucleic acid, control of secretion of digestive juices; Muscle-types, structure and mechanism of contraction; structure and functions of human eye and ear; the mechanism of photoreception, hearing and balance; Hormones-Endocrine, Paracrine and Autocrine; Types of hormone; Mechanisms of hormone action; Types of hormone receptors; Roles of hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, adrenal, gonad and pineal hormones; Regulation of Menstrual cycle; Menarche and Menopause. 3. Development Biology: Gametogenesis, fertilization, cleavage and gastrulation in Branchiostoma, frog and chick; Types of eggs; Fate maps of gastrula of frog and chick; Metamorphosis in frog and insects and its hormonal control; Formation of extra embryonic membrance in chicks; Types of placenta in mammals, Organiser phenomenon, Organogenesis of brain, eye and heart; peracids (formation of oxiranes) and iodolactonisation. Regeneration; Genetic control of development.

3. CHEMISTRY: PAPER-I

Atomic Structure: de Broglie equation, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, quantum nucleophiles. mechanical operators and the Schrodinger wave equation, physical significance of wave (iv) Elimination Reactions: E1, E2 and E1 cb reaction mechanism, orientation in E2 function and its characteristics (normalized orthogonal), radial distribution and shapes of reaction (Saytzeff and Hofmann), Cope elimination. s.p. & d orbitals, particle in one-dimensional box, quantization of electronic energies (v) Substitution Reactions: (qualitative treatment of hydrogen atom), Pauli's Exclusion principle. Hund's rule of (a) SN1, SN2 mechanism maximum multiplicity. Aufbau principle, electronic configuration of atoms, Long form of (b) Electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions: orientation and reactivity in

aration of lanthanides and actinides. Magnetic and spectral properties of

emistry: Werner's Theory of coordination compounds. IUPAC system of fective atomic number (EAN), Isomerism in coordination compounds. eory and its limitations. Crystal field theory. Crystal field splitting of dedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes. Δ Value and factors nitude, calculation of Crystal field stabilization energies (CFSE) for d1 to rong field. Octahedral complexes, spectrochemical series electronic sition metal complexes, types of electronic transitions, selection rules for ons

Chemistry: Essential and trace elements in biological processes, s with special reference to haemoglobin and myoglobin, Biological role of earth metal ions with special reference to calcium ion.

operties and Uses of the following Inorganic Compounds: Heavy cid, diborance, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, potassium dichromate, inganate, Ce (IV) sulphate and titanium (III) sulphate.

cular weight of polymers by sedimentation, light scattering viscosity and e methods, Number average and weight average molecular weights, stallinity of polymers, Borazines: Silicons and phosphonitrillic halide

nodynamics: Thermodynamic functions, first and second Laws of heats of formation neutralization and combustion, Hess's Law of heat tion of entropy with change of temperature, pressure and volume, Gibbson, criteria of equlibirium and spontaneity, application of thermodynamics co- chemical processes, concept of chemical potential Gibbs-Duhem ius-Clapeyron equation. Thermodynamic treatment of colligative e solutions

cs: Order and molecularity of reaction, Rate constant and specific rate der, first order and second order reactions, half life period. Methods for rder of a reaction, temperature coefficient, Arrhenius equation, Energy of on theory of reaction rate. Steady state approximations. Transition state rates, kinetics of side, reversible and consecutive reactions.

a: Phase, Components, degrees of freedom, phase diagram of one r and sulphur) and two component (Pb-Ag) systems, Nernst's distribution of distribution law:

ry: Theory of strong electrolytes, Debye-Huckel theory of activity of electrolytic conduction, transport number and its determination by and moving boundary method. Electrodes and Electrode potential, de, Calomel electrode. E-M-F of galvanic cells, concentration cells with ference, liquid junction potential and fuel cell.

mistry: Elements of symmetry in crystals, space lattice and unit cell. The cking of sphares, hexagonal close packing, cubic close packing and body centered cubic packing, co-ordination number and redus ratio effect. Bragg's law of X-ray diffraction, powder pattern method of crystalline structure of NaCl, KCl and ZnS.

Surface Chemistry: Coagulation, Hardy-Schulze Rule, Stability of colloids and origin of charge on colloids, Electrokinetic potential, adsorption, Various types of adsorption isotherms, catalysis, enzyme catalysis (Michelis-Menten equation).

Spectra: Raman Spectra: Raman effect, stokes and antistokes lines and their intensity difference. Rule of mutual exclusion. Electronic Spectra, Electronic transitions, Frank condom Principle, Phosphorescene and fluorescence.

Equilibrium: Equilbrium in physical and chemical process, dynamic nature of equilibrium, law of chemical equilibrium, equilibrium constant, factors affecting equilibrium, Lechatelier's principle, strong and weak electrolytes, common ion effect, ionization of polybasic acids, acid strength, concept of pH and hydrolysis of salts, buffer solutions, Henderson's equation, solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts. **CHEMISTRY PAPER-II**

1. General Organic Chemistry

Hyperconjugation, Delocalisation and their applications, Electrophiles, Nucleophiles, Hydrogen Bonding, and Aromaticity and Antiaromaticity.

2. Reaction Mechanism:

(i) General methods of study of mechanism of organic reactions: Kinetic Isotope effect, Crossover Experiment, Intermediate trapping, and Thermodynamic vs Kinetic control of reactions.

(ii) Reactive Intermediates: Generation, geometry, nature, (electrophilic or nucleophilic character), reactions and stability of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes and benzynes.

(iii) Addition Reactions: Electrophilic addition to carbon- Carbon double bond with bromine and carbenes, hydroboration-Oxidation, oxymercuration- demercuration, addition of

1,2 and 1,4 addition of conjugated diene with bromine, free radical addition of HBr.

Nucleophilic addition to carbonyl group with carbon, oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen

maximum matapholy, raibaa principio, cicca cino comigaration or atomo, zong rom or	
periodic table including translawrencium elements. Periodicity in properties of the	monosubstituted benzenes.
elements such as atomic and ionic ionization potential, electron affinity, eletronegativity	3. Reactions and Rearrangements:
and hydration energy.	(i) Reactions: Aldol condensation, Claisen condensation, Knoevenagel reaction, Witting
Nuclear and Radiation Chemistry: nuclear forces, nuclear stability, N/P ratio, nuclear	reaction, Michael addition, Mannich reaction, Perkin reaction, Riemer- tiemann reaction,
binding energy, Artificial transmutation of elements and nuclear reactions, nuclear fission	Cannizzaro reaction and Benzoin condensation.
& fusion, Kinetics of radioactive decay, radioactive isotopes and their applications. Radio	(ii) Rearrangements: Pinacol-Pinacolone, Hoffman, Beckmann, Curtius rearrangements
carbon dating. Elementary ideas of radiation chemistry.	and Rearrangement given by carbocations.
Chemical Bonding: Valence bond theory (Heitler-London and Pauling- Slater theories),	4. Stereochemistry:
hybridization, VSEPR theory and molecular orbital energy level diagrams for homo and	Optical activity due to chiral centre, R-S nomenclature of compounds having chiral centre
hetero nuclear diatomic molecules, bond order, bond length and bond strength, sigma and	(one or two chiral centres). Properties of enantiomers and diastereomers, Separation of
pi bonds, hydrogen bond, characteristics of ionic compounds, Lattice energy, born-haber	racemic mixture using chemical method.
cycle, Characteristics of covalent bond.	Geometrical isomerism: E-Z nomenclature,
Chemistry of s- and p-Block Elements: General properties of s-and p- Block elements,	Conformation of open-chain compounds (n-butane, 2-fluoroethanol, 1,2-ethanediol, 1,2-
chemical reactivity of elements and group trends. Chemical behaviour with respect of their	difluoroethane) Cyclohexane and monosubstituted and disubstituted cyclohexanes.
hydrides, halides and oxides.	5. Spectroscopy
Chemistry of Transition Elements: General Characteristics, variable oxidation states,	(i) UV Spectroscopy: Types of electronic transitions, chromophore, auxochrome,
complex formation, colour, magnetic and catalytic properties, Comparative study of 4d and	bathochromic and hypsochromic shift, Woodward-Fieser rule for the calculation of Amax
5d transition elements with 3d analogues with respect to their ionic radii, oxidation states	conjugated polyenes and carbonyl compounds.
and magnetic properties.	(ii) Infra-red Specroscopy: Factors affecting vibrational frequencies.
Chemistry of Lanthanides and Actinides: Lanthanides contraction, oxidation states,	(iii) 1HNMR Spectroscopy: Basic principles, chemical shift, spin-spin interaction and
	Contd

coupling constant.

Problems based on UV, IR and 1HNMR Spectroscopy of simple organic compounds. 6. Organic Polymers:

Mechanism of polymerization, Polymers of industrial importance (Polyamides, Polyesters, Orlon, PVC, Teflon, SBR, NBR).

7. Carbohydrates

Chemistry of Monosaccharides (Glucose and Fructose), Ring structure of glucose and fructose, Mutarotation, Epimerisation, Amadori rearrangement, Disaccharides (Maltose and Sucrose).

8. Pericyclic Reactions

Classification and examples, Woodward-Hoffmann Rule, Electrocyclic Reactions and Cycloaddition reactions ([2+2] and [4+2] cycloaddition reaction)

9. Heterocyclic Compounds :

Preparations, Aromaticity and Reactions of Pyrrole, Furan and Thiophene.

10. Environmental Chemistry

Air pollutants and their toxic effects, Depletion of Ozone layer, Oxides of nitrogen Fluorocarbons and their effect on ozone layer, Greenhouse effect, Acid rain.

4. PHYSICS: PAPER-I:

Mechanics, Thermal Physics, Waves & Oscillations and Optics

1. Mechanics: Conservation law, collisions, impact parameter, scattering cross- section, centre of mass and lab systems with transformation of physical quantities, Rutheford Scattering. Motion of a rocket under constant force field. Rotating frames of reference, Coriolis force, Motion of rigid bodies, Dynamics of rotating bodies. Inertia tensor, Moment of inertia, Moment of inertia of sphere, ring cylinder, disc. Angular momentum. Torque and precession of a top. Gyroscope. Central forces, Motion under inverse square law. Kepler's Laws. Motion of Satellites (including geostationary). Elastic constants and their interrelationship, Galilean Relativity. Special Theory of Relativity. Michelson-Morely Experiment, Lorentz Transformations-addition of velocities. Variation of mass with velocity. Mass- Energy equivalence. Fluid dynamics. Streamline and turbulent flow, Reynold number, Viscosity, Poiseulle's formula for the flow of liquid through narrow tubes, Bernoulli's equation with simple applications.

2. Thermal physics: Laws of thermodynamics, Entropy, Canot's cycle, Isothermal and Adiabatic changes, thermodynamic Potentials, Helmboltz and Gibbs functions. Maxwell's relations. The Clausius-Clapeyron equation, reversible cell, joule-Kelvin effect, Stefan Boltzmann Law, Kinetic Theory of Gasses, Maxwell's Distribution Law of velocities, Equipartition of energy, specific heats of gases, mean free path, Brownian Motion, Black Body radiation, specific heat of solids, Einstein and Debye theories. Weins Law, Planck's Law, solar constant. Saha's theory of thermal ionization and stellar spectra, Production of low temperatures using adiabatic demagnetization and dilution refrigeration. Concept of negative temperature.

3. Waves and Oscillations: Simple harmonic motion, mass, spring and LC circuits Stationary and progressive waves, Damped harmonic motion, forced oscillation and Resonance, Sharpness of resonance, Wave equation, Harmonic solutions, Plane and Spherical waves, Superposition of waves. Two Prependicular simple harmonic motions. Lissajous figures, fourier analysis of periodic waves-square and triangular waves. Phase and Group velocities, Beats.

4. Optics: Huygen's principle, Division of amplitude and wave front, Fresnel Biprism, Newton's rings, Michelson interferometer, Fabry-Perot inter-ferometer. Diffraction-Fresnel and Fraunhoffer's Diffraction as a Fourier Transformation. Fresnel and Fraunhoffer diffraction by rectangular and circular apertures. Diffraction by straight edge, Single and multiple slits.

Resolving power of grating and optical instruments. Rayleigh crirterion. Polarization, Production and Detection of polarized light (Linear, circular and elliptical) Brewster's law, Huygen's theory of double refraction, optical rotation, polarimeters. Laser sources (Helium-Neon, Ruby and semi conductor diode). Concept of spatial and temporal coherence. Holography, theory and application, Doppler effect.

Physics PAPER-II:

Electricity and Magnetism, Modern physics and Electronics

1. Electricity and Magnetism: Coulomb's Law, Electric Field, Gauss's Law and applications, Electric Potential, Poisson and Laplace equations for homogeneous dielectric, uncharged conducting sphere in a uniform field, point charge and infinite conducting plane. Bio-Savart law and applications. Ampere's circuital law and its applications, Magnetic induction and field strength, Magnetic shell, Magnetic field on the axis of circular coil, Helmholtz coil, Electromagnetic induction, Faraday's and Lenz's law, self and mutual inductances. Current electricity, Kirchoff's laws and its applications; Wheatstone bridge, Kelvin's double bridge, Carey foster's bridge Alternating currents L.C.R. Circuits, series and parallel resonance circuits, quality factor, Maxwell's equations and electromagnetic waves. Transverse nature of electromagnetic waves, Poynting vector Magnetic fields in Matter. Dia, para, Ferro, Antiferro and Ferrimagnetism (Qualitative approach only). Hysteresis.

2. Modern Physics: Bohr's theory of hydrogen atom, Electron spin, Stern-Gerlach experiment and spatial quantization, Vector model of the atom spectral terms, Optical and X-Ray Spectra, fine structure of spectral lines. J-J and L-S coupling Zeeman effect. Pauli's exclusion principle, spectral terms of two equivalent and non-equivalent electrons. Gross and fine structure of electronic band spectra. Raman effect, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect. De-Broglie waves. Wave Particle duality, uncertainty principle, postulates of quantum machanics. Schrodinger wave equation and application. (i) particle in a box. (ii) convergence. Interpolation (Newton's and Lagrange's) and Numerical differentiation otion across a step potential. One dimensional harmonic oscillator, eigen values and formula with error terms

Rank of Matrix, Echelon form, Equivalence, congruence and similarity, Reduction to canonical form, orthogonal, symmetrical, skew-symmetrical, Hermitian and skew-Hermitian matrices, their eigen values, orthogonal and unitary reduction of quadratic and Hermitian form, Positive definite quadratic forms, simultaneous reduction.

2. Calculus : Limits, continuity, differentiability, mean value theorems, Taylor's theorem, indeterminate forms, maxima and minima, tangent and normal, Asymptotes, curvature, envelope and evolute, curve tracing, continuity and differentiability of function of several variables Interchangeability of partial derivatives, Implicit functions theorem, double and tripple integrals. (techniques only), application of Beta and Gamma functions, areas, surface and volumes, centre of gravity.

3. Analytical Geometry of two and three dimensions: General equation of second degree, system of conics, confocal conics, polar equation of conics and its properties. Three dimensional co-ordinates, plane, straight line, sphere, cone and cylinder. Central conicoids, paraboloids, plane section of conicoids, generating lines, confocal conicoids.

4. Ordinary differential equations: Order and Degree of a differential equation, linear, and exact differential equations of first order and first degree, , equations of first order but not of first degree, Singular solutions, Orthogonal trajectories, Higher order linear equations with constant coefficients, Complementary functions and particular integrals.

Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients: use of known solution to find another, normal form, method of undetermined coefficients method of variation of parameters.

5. Vector and Tensor Analysis: Vector Algebra, Differentiation and integration of vector function of a scalar variable gradient, divergence and curl in cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates and their physical interpretation, Higher order derivates, vector identities and, vector equations, Gauss and stoke's theorems, Curves in Space, curvature and torsion, Serret-Frenet's formulae.

Definition of Tensor, Transformation of coordinates, contravariant and covariant tensors, addition and outer product of tensors. Contraction of tensors, inner product tensor, fundamental tensors, Christoffel symbols, covariant differentiation, gradiant, divergence and curl in tensor notation.

6. Statics and Dynamics: Virtual work, stability of equilibrium. Catenary, Catenary of uniform strength, equilibrium of forces in three dimensions.

Rectilinear motion, simple harmonic motion, velocities and accelerations along radial and transverse directions and along tangential and normal directions, Motion in resisting Medium, constrained motion, motion under impulsive forces, Kepler's laws, orbits under central forces, motion of varying mass.

MATHEMATICS Paper-II

1. Algebra: Groups, Cyclic groups, subgroups, Cosets of a subgroup, Lagrange's theorem, Normal subgroups, Homomorphism of groups, Factor groups, basic Isomorphism theorems, Permutation groups, Cayley's theorem.

Rings, Subrings, Ideals, Integral domains, Fields of quotients of an integral domain, Euclidean domains, Principal ideal domains, Polynomial rings over a field, Unique factorization domains.

2. Real Analysis: Metric spaces and their topology with special reference to sequence. Convergent sequence, Cauchy sequences, Cauchy's criterion of convergence, infinite series and their convergence, nth term test, series of positive terms, Ratio and root tests, limit comparison tests, logarithmic ratio test, condensation test, Absolute and conditional convergence of general series in R, Abel's Dirichlet's theorems. Uniform convergence of sequences and series of functions over an interval, Weierstrass M-test, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests, continuity of limit function. Term by term integrability and differentiability. Riemann's theory of integration for bounded functions, integrability of continuous functions. Fundamental theorem of calculus. Improper integrals and conditions for their existence, v - test.

3. Complex Analysis: Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, Power series representation of an analytic function. Taylor's series. Laurent's series, Classification of singularities, Cauchy's Residue theorem, Contour integration.

4. Partial Differential Equations: Formation of partial differential equations. Integrals of partial differential equations of first order, Solutions of quasi linear partial differential equations of first order, Charpit's method for non-linear partial differential equations of first order, Linear Partial differential equations of the second order with constant coefficients and their canonical forms, Equation of vibrating string. Heat equation. Laplace equation and their solutions.

5. Mechanics: Generalized co-ordinates, generalized velocities, Holonomic and nonholonomic systems, D'Alembert's principle and Lagrange's equations of motion for holonomic systems in a conservative field, generalized momenta, Hamilton's equations. Moments and products of inertia, Pricipal axes, Moment of inertia about a line with direction cosines (I,m,n), Momental ellipsoid, Motion of rigid bodies in two dimensions.

6. Hydrodynamics: Equation of continuity, Velocity Potential, Stream lines, Path Lines, Momentum and energy.

Inviscid flow theory: Euler's and Bernoulli's equations of motion. Two dimensional fluid motion, Complex potential, Momentum and energy, Sources and Sinks, Doublets and their images with respect line and circle.

7. Numerical Analysis: Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations of one variable by bisection, Regula-Falsi and Newton-Raphson methods and order of their

eigen functions. Radioactivity, Alpha, Beta and Gamma Radiations. Elementary theory of	Numerical Integration: Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules.
the Alpha Decay. Nuclear binding energy. Mass spectroscopy, semi empirical mass	Numerical solutions of Ordinary differential Equations: Euler's method.
formula. Nuclear fission and fusion. Elementary Reactor Physics, Elementary particles	Rune-Kutta method.
and their classification, strong and weak interactions. Particle accelerators, cyclotron.	<u>6. GEOGRAPHY: PAPER-I</u>
Linear accelerators. Elementary ideas of superconductivity.	SECTION-A – PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY
3. Electronics: Classification of solids into conductors, insulators and semiconductors on	1. Geomophology: Origin and structure of the Earth, Earth movements, Plate tectonics
the basis of energy bands. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, P.N. junction, Reverse	and Mountain Building, Isostasy; Vulcansim; Weathering and Erosion; Cycle of Erosion,
and forward based P.N. junction, Thermistor, Zener diode, solar cell. Use of diodes and	Evolution of landforms; fluvial, glacial, aeolion, marine and karst Rejuvenation and
transistors for rectification, amplification, oscillation, modulation and detection of r.f.	Polycyclic Land form features.
	2. Climatology: Composition and structure of Atmoshphere, Insolation and Heat Budget
applications, Adder and subtractor.	Atmospheric pressure and winds; Moisture and Precipitation; Air masses and Fronts
5. MATHEMATICS: PAPER-I	Cyclone: Origine, Movements and associated weather; Classification of world climates
1 Linear Algebra and Matrix : Vector spaces, Sub Spaces, basis and dimensions,	
Quotient. space, co-ordinates, linear transformation, rank and nullity of a linear	3. Oceanography: Configuration of Ocean floor, Salinity, Ocean Currents, Tides Ocean
transformation, matrix representation of linear transformation, linear functionals, dual	
	4. Soil and Vegetation: Soils-geneisis; classification and world distribution, Soil-
polynomials, Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Inner product spaces, Cauchy-Schwarz	
	5. Ecosystem: Concept of Ecosystem, structure and functioning of Ecosystem, Types of
Bessel's inequality of finite dimensional spaces, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalisation process.	Ecosystem; Major Biomes; Man's impact on the Ecosystem and Global Ecological issues.

<u>SECTION-B – HUMAN GEOGRAPHY</u>	Curve, Gains from Trade, Trade as an Engine of Growth.
6. Evolution of Geographical Thought: Contributions of Indian, German, French,	8. Theories of Exchange Rate Determination, Balance of Payments Adjustment:
British and Soviet Geographers; Traditional Paradigms:- Determinism, Possiblism,	Alternative Approaches, Free Trade vs. Protection, Tariffs and Quota, Foreign Debt and
Regionalishm and Contemporary Paradigms of Geography – positivism and quantitative	Debt Management, International Monetary and Trade Institutions.
revolution, models and systems in Geography, Recent trends in geographic thought with	Economics: Paper II- Indian Economy
special reference to behavioural radical, humanism, post-modernism in Feminism and	Section A
ecological paradigms.	1. Basic Characteristics of Under-development & Indian Economy- National Income and
7. Human Geography: Human habitat in major natural regions; Emergence of Man and	Per Capita Income: Pattern, Trends, Aggregate and Sectoral Composition etc. Income
Races of Mankind; Cultural evolution and stages; Major cultural realms, Growth and	Inequalities and Regional Imbalances in India.
Distribution of population; International migration; Demorgraphic Transition and	2. Population Growth and Economic Development, Censuses of India, Characteristics of
contemporary population problems.	India's Population, Demographic Dividend and Population Policy, Human Resource
8. Settlement Geography: Concept of Settlement Geography; Rural settlements -	Development in India. Urbanisation and Economic Development in India, Gender &
Nature; Origin, Types and patterns; Urban settlements: Origin, Patterns, Processes and	Development.
consequences, Central place theory; Classification of towns; Hierarchy of Urban Centres,	3. Infrastructure and Economic Development in India- Recent Strategy & Performance,
Morphology of Towns; Rural-Urban nexus, Umiand and urban finges; Futuristic trends.	Urban Infrastructure Development & Private Public Partnership, Energy Sector- Sources
9. Economic Geography: Fundamental concepts; Concepts of Resources:	of Energy: Conventional and Non-Conventional Energy, Energy Crisis.
Classification, Conservation and Management; Nature and Types of Agriculture,	4. Natural Resources in India and Economic Development, Ecological Imbalances and
Agricultural land use; Location theories; World Agricultural Regions; Major crops; Mineral	Environmental Pollution, Environmental Degradation and Measures to Control.
and Power Resources; Occurrence, Reserve, Utilization and Production patterns; World	5. Indian Agriculture : Production and Productivity, Changes in Cropping Pattern,
Energy crisis and search for alternatives; Industries- Theories of Industrial location, Major	Institutional Reforms in Agriculture, New Agricultural Strategy, Agricultural Credit and
industrial regions; Major Industries- Iron & Steel. Paper, Textiles. Petro- Chemicals,	Subsidies, Food Processing, Agricultural Price Policy, Food Security, WTO and Indian
Automobiles, Ship building- their location patterns, International Trade, Trade Blocks,	Agriculture.
Trade routes; Ports and Global Trade Centres; Globalization and World Economic	6. Industrial Growth and Structure in India: Strategy of Industrialization, Privatization,
Development Patterns, Concepts and approaches to Sustainable Development.	
	Disinvestment, MSMEs, Industrial Policy Resolutions and Changes therein, Foreign
10. Political Geography: Concept of Nation and State; Frontiers, Boundaries and Buffer	Capital, Technology and Growth of Indian Industry, Labour Reforms in India.
zones; Concepts of Heartland and Rimland; Federalism, Contemporary world Geo-	7. Services Sector & its Development in India- Its Importance & Performance,
political issues.	International Comparisons.
<u>GEOGRAPHY: PAPER-II – GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA</u>	Section B
SECTION (A) PHYSICAL & HUMAN GEOGRAPHY	1. Monetary Institutions of India- RBI, Commercial Banks, Banking & Non-Banking
	Financial Institutions, Objectives And Techniques of Monetary Policy in India, Role of RBI
Monsoon, climatic region, physiographic region.	
	2. Budgetary Trends and Fiscal Policy in India, Trend of Major Sources of Public Revenue
2. Wild Life, National Park, Sanctuaries, biospheric reserves, biodiversity hot-spots.	and Public Expenditure of the Union Government & Government of Uttar Pradesh. Various
3. Wetland, tourism- resource and economy, natural hazards, disasters and management,	Deficits in the Union Budget and Fiscal Consolidation, Indian Tax Structure, GST in india,
environmental issues.	FRBMAct, Fiscal Federalism and Centre-State Financial Relations in India.
4. Population and Settlements- Distribution and growth, structural characteristics of	3. Foreign Trade of India- Volume, Composition & Direction, Balance of Payments
population, Rural Settlements- types, patterns and morphology, urban settlement- criteria	Position, Foreign Trade Policy & measures, Convertibility of Rupee, Agri- Export Zones,
and classification of urban Settlement, hierarchy and umland, Urbanisastion, Urban	
Policy, Urban Planning, role of Small Towns, Smart City and Smart Village.	4. Indian Economy & WTO- Issues & Progress. Implications of TRIPs, TRIMs, GATS etc.
	on Indian Economy, Foreign Capital in India, Fdi (Single Brand & Multi Brand), FII etc.
reorganization; regional consciousness and national integration, geographical basis of	
Centre-State relations, International Boundaries of India and related geo-political issues,	5. Economic Planning in India Rationale, Performance and Evaluation, Decentralized
India and the geopolitics of Indian ocean, India and the SAARC.	Planning, NITI Aayog: Its Functions & Working, Relation between Planning & Market for
SECTION (B) ECONOMIC & REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY	Growth and Development, Swadeshi Approach.
6. Agriculture: Salient Features of Indian Agriculture, problem of wastelands and their	6. Rural Development and Transformation in India- Various Programmes, MGNREGA,
reclamation, cropping patterns and intensity, agricultural efficiency and productivity,	Skill Development Programme: Mission & Achievements.
patterns, land reforms, crop combination regions, modernization of agriculture and	in India, Poverty Alleviation Programmes, Rural Wages and Rural Employment, Progress
agricultural planning.	of Economic Reforms in India, Recent Initiatives by the Union Government.
7. Resources: Distributional patterns, reserves and production trends, complementarity	8. SOCIOLOGY: PAPER-I
of minerals, energy resources- coal, petroleum, hydro-power, mulitipurpose river valley	GENERAL SOCIOLOGY (SECTION-A)
projects, energy crisis and search for alternatives, marine resources and biotic resources.	1. Fundamentals of Sociology and Study of Social Phenomena : Emergence of Sociology,
8. Industries: Industrial development, major Industries- Iron & Steel, Textiles, Paper,	its nature and scope. Methods of study; Problems of objectivity and issues of
Cement, Fertilizers, Sugar and Petro-Chemicals, Industrial Complexes and regions,	measurement in Social Science; Sampling and its types: Research Design: Descriptive,
industrial policy.	Exploratory and Experimental, Techniques of data collection: Observation, Interview
9. Transport and Trade: Railways and Roads networks, problems and prospects of Civil	schedule and questionnaire. 2. Theoretical Perspectives- Functionalism: Redcliffe Brown,
	Schedule and questionnalie. 2. Theoretical Ferspectives- Functionalism. Redchie brown.
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Aviation and Water Transport; Inter-Regional Trade International trade, Major Ports and	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser.
Trade Centres.	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi
Trade Centres. 10. Regional Development and Planning: Problems of regional development and	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parsons and Merton. 3. Pioneers In Sociology; A Comte-Positivism
Trade Centres. 10. Regional Development and Planning: Problems of regional development and planning strategies, multi- level planning, planning regions, planning for	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parsons and Merton. 3. Pioneers In Sociology; A Comte-Positivism and Hierarchy of Sciences. H Spencer – Organic analogy and the doctrine of evolution. K.
Trade Centres. 10. Regional Development and Planning: Problems of regional development and planning strategies, multi- level planning, planning regions, planning for Metropolitan, Tribal, Hilly, Drought-prone Regions, Watershed Management, Regional	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parsons and Merton. 3. Pioneers In Sociology; A Comte-Positivism and Hierarchy of Sciences. H Spencer – Organic analogy and the doctrine of evolution. K. Marx- Dialectical materialism and alienation. E. Durkheim-Division of labour, Sociology of
Trade Centres. 10. Regional Development and Planning: Problems of regional development and planning strategies, multi- level planning, planning regions, planning for Metropolitan, Tribal, Hilly, Drought-prone Regions, Watershed Management, Regional disparities in development, Five Year Plans and planning for sustainable development.	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parsons and Merton. 3. Pioneers In Sociology; A Comte-Positivism and Hierarchy of Sciences. H Spencer – Organic analogy and the doctrine of evolution. K. Marx- Dialectical materialism and alienation. E. Durkheim-Division of labour, Sociology of religion, Max Weber-Social action and ideal type. 4. Social Stratification and
Trade Centres. 10. Regional Development and Planning: Problems of regional development and planning strategies, multi- level planning, planning regions, planning for Metropolitan, Tribal, Hilly, Drought-prone Regions, Watershed Management, Regional	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parsons and Merton. 3. Pioneers In Sociology; A Comte-Positivism and Hierarchy of Sciences. H Spencer – Organic analogy and the doctrine of evolution. K. Marx- Dialectical materialism and alienation. E. Durkheim-Division of labour, Sociology of
Trade Centres. 10. Regional Development and Planning: Problems of regional development and planning strategies, multi- level planning, planning regions, planning for Metropolitan, Tribal, Hilly, Drought-prone Regions, Watershed Management, Regional disparities in development, Five Year Plans and planning for sustainable development.	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parsons and Merton. 3. Pioneers In Sociology; A Comte-Positivism and Hierarchy of Sciences. H Spencer – Organic analogy and the doctrine of evolution. K. Marx- Dialectical materialism and alienation. E. Durkheim-Division of labour, Sociology of religion, Max Weber-Social action and ideal type. 4. Social Stratification and
Trade Centres. 10. Regional Development and Planning: Problems of regional development and planning strategies, multi- level planning, planning regions, planning for Metropolitan, Tribal, Hilly, Drought-prone Regions, Watershed Management, Regional disparities in development, Five Year Plans and planning for sustainable development. <u>7. Economics: Paper I – Economic Theory</u> <u>Section-A</u>	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parsons and Merton. 3. Pioneers In Sociology; A Comte-Positivism and Hierarchy of Sciences. H Spencer – Organic analogy and the doctrine of evolution. K. Marx- Dialectical materialism and alienation. E. Durkheim-Division of labour, Sociology of religion, Max Weber-Social action and ideal type. 4. Social Stratification and Differentiation: Concept, Theories of Stratification: Marx, Weber, Davis and Moore, Forms of stratification, Caste and Class. Status and Role, Social Mobilities: types, Occupational
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 Trade Centres. 10. Regional Development and Planning: Problems of regional development and planning strategies, multi- level planning, planning regions, planning for Metropolitan, Tribal, Hilly, Drought-prone Regions, Watershed Management, Regional disparities in development, Five Year Plans and planning for sustainable development. <u>7. Economics: Paper I – Economic Theory</u> <u>Section-A</u> 1. Equilibrium in Economics, Consumer Behaviour- Cardinal and Ordinal Approaches, Consumer Equilibrium, Price Effect, Law of Demand, Elasticity of Demand and its Types, Consumer's Surplus. 2. Theory of Production: Production Function, Laws of Returns, Producer's Equilibrium, Cost Curves and Revenue Curves. 3. Market Structure: Price Determination under Perfect Competition, Monopoly, 	Malinowski and Merton, Conflict Theory: Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf and Lewis Coser. Symbolic Interactionism: C.H. Cooley, G.H. Mead and Herbert Blumer, Structuralism: Levi Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parsons and Merton. 3. Pioneers In Sociology; A Comte-Positivism and Hierarchy of Sciences. H Spencer – Organic analogy and the doctrine of evolution. K. Marx- Dialectical materialism and alienation. E. Durkheim-Division of labour, Sociology of religion, Max Weber-Social action and ideal type. 4. Social Stratification and Differentiation: Concept, Theories of Stratification: Marx, Weber, Davis and Moore, Forms of stratification, Caste and Class. Status and Role, Social Mobilities: types, Occupational Mobility, intra-Generational and inter-Generational Mobilities. <u>SECTION-B</u> 5. Marriage, Family and Kinship: Types and forms of marriage, impact of social legislation on Marriage, Family: Structure and functions; Changing patterns of family; Family decent and kinship: Marriage and sex roles in modern society. 6. Social Change and Development: Concept, Theories and Factors of Social Change, Social movement and
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Scitovsky, Social Welfare Function. 6. National Income: Concept, Components and Methods, Theories of Employment, Income and Interest Rate Determination- Classical, Keynesian and Post- Keynesian (IS-LM)Approaches, Theories of Trade Cycles.

LW) Approaches, meones of made Cycles.	modern societies. Ethos of science, social responsibility and control of science, social
7. Money: Quantity Theory of Money-Various Versions (including Don Patinkon, Milton	consequences of science and technology. 9. Population and Society: Population size,
Friedman), Theory of Money Supply, Money Multiplier, Theories of Inflation- Types &	Trends, Composition, Growth by Migration, population Problems in India, Population
Control.	Education.
8. Monetary and Banking System: Central Bank, Commercial Banks, Money and Capital	SOCIOLOGY: PAPER-II
Markets-Functions, Creation and Control, Techniques of Monetary Management.	Indian Social System (Section-A)
<u>Section-B</u>	1. Bases of Indian Society: Traditional Indian Social Organisation: Dharma, Doctrine
1. Measures of Economic Development, Process of Economic Development of	of Karma. Ashram Vyavastha, Purushartha and Sanskars; Socio-Cultural Dynamics:
Developing Countries-Myrdal & Kuznets.	impact of Buddhism, Islam and the west. Factors responsible for continuity and change. 2.
2. Planning and Economic Development: Changing Role of Planning and Markets, Public-	Social Stratification: Caste system: Origin, Structural and Cultural views. Changing
Private Partnership.	patterns of Caste; Caste and class: Issues of equality and social justice; - Agrarian and
3. Theories of Economic Growth- Harrod & Domar Models, Lewis Model of Development,	industrial Class structure in India, Emergence of middle classes. Classes among the
Stages of Growth-Rostow, Balanced & Unbalanced Growth Theories.	Tribes, Emergence and growth of Dalit consciousness. 3. Marriage Family and Kinship:
4. Human Capital and Economic Growth, Research & Development and Economic	Marriage among different ethnic groups and its changing trends and future; Family: it's
Growth, Low Level Equilibrium Trap, Critical Minimum Effort Thesis.	structural and functional aspects and their Changing Pattern, Impact of legislations and
, ,	socio-economic changes on marriage and family, Kinship: Regional variations in kinship
Effects, Theories of Taxation, Incidence, Impact and Shifting of Taxes, Effects of Taxation.	system and its changing aspects. 4. Economic and Political System: Jajmani System,
6. Fiscal policy and Economic Development, Types of Budget Deficits and their Effects on	land tenure system, Social and economic consequences of land reforms, liberalization
the Economy, Public Debt and its Management.	and globalization; Social Determinats of economic development, Green revolution,
7. Theories of International Trade- Comparative Advantage, Terms of Trade and Offer	functioning of democraitic political system. Political parties and their compostion,
	Contd

Structural change and orientation among political elites, Decentralisation of power and political participation, Political implications of development. 5. Education and Society: Dimensions of education in traditional and modern societies, Educational inequalities and change; Education and social mobility. Problems of education among the weaker sections of society.

SECTION-B

6. Tribal, Rural and Urban Social Organisation: Distinctive features of tribal communities and their distribution; Tribe and caste, Processes of change: Acculturation, Assimilation and integration. Problems of tribals: social identity, Socio-cultural dimensions of village community; traditional power structure, Democratisation and leadership, Community development programme and Panchayti Raj, New strategies for rural transformation change in Kinship, caste and occupation in urban areas. Class structure and mobility in urban community; Ethnic diversity and community intergration, urban neighbourhood rural urban differences, Demographic and socio-cultural practices. 7. Religion and Society: Size, Growth and Regional distribution of different religious groups; inter religious interaction and its manifestations, Problems of conversion, Community tensions Secularism, Minority status and religious fundamentalism. 8. Population Dynamics Socio-cultrual aspects of sex, Age, Marital status, Feritility and mortality. Sociopsychological, cultural and economic problems of population explosion, Population policy and family welfare programme; Determinants of population growth. 9. Women and Society: Demographic profile of women, Changes in their status; Special problemsdowry, atrocities, discrimination; welfare programmes for women & children, Domestic Violence Act-2005, Sexual Harassment at Workplace-2013. 10. Dimensions of Change and Development: Social change and Indices of modernisation, Sources of socia change: Endogenous and Exogenous, Processes of Social Change: Sanskritisation Westernisation, Secularisation and Modernisation, Agents of change: Mass Media Education and communication, problems of modernization and planned change, Strategy and ideology of planning. Five year plans. Poverty alleviation programme; Environment Unemployment and programme for Urban Development; social movement with specia reference to Social reform, peasant, Backward Classes, Women and Dalit Movements.

9. PHILOSOPHY: PAPER-I (History and Problems of Philosophy)

(SECTION-A)

1. Plato: Theory of ideas 2. Aristotle : Form, matter and Causation. 3. Descartes: Method soul, God, Mind-Body dualism. 4. Spinoza : Substance, Attributes and Modes, Pantheism 5. Leibnitz: Monads, God. 6. Locke : Theory of knowledge, Rejection of Innate ideas Substance and Qualities. 7. Berkeley : Refutation of Abstract Idea, Refutation of Matter Refutation of the distinction between Primary and Secondary Qualities, Idealism. 8 Hume: Theory of knowledge, Scepticism, Self, Causality. 9. Kant: Apriori and Aposterior Knowledge, Analytic and Synthetic Judgements, possibility of Synthetic Aprior Judgement, Space, Time, Categories, Ideas of Reason, Criticism of the proofs for the existence of God 10. Hegel: Dialectical Method, Absolute Idealism. 11 (a) Moore: Defence of Common sense, Refutation of Idealism. 11 (b) Russell : Theory of Descriptions Incomplete Symbols, Logical Atomism : Atomic Facts. 12. Wittgenstein: Elementary Propositions, Picture Theory of Meaning, Distinction of Saying and Showing. 13. Logical Positivism : Verification Theory, Rejection of Metaphysics, Linguistic Theory of Necessary Propositions. 14. Phenomenology : Husserl Phenomological Method, Intentionality of Consciousness. 15. Existentialism: (Kiecrkegaard and Sartre)- Existence and Essence Freedom and Choice, Responsibility and Authenitc Existence. 16. Quine : Radica Translation. 17. Strawson: Theory of Person.

(SECTION-B)

1. Carvaka: Theory of knowledge, Materialism. 2. Jainism : Theory of Reality. Syadvada and Saptabhanginaya Bondage and Liberation. 3. Buddhism : Pratityasamutpada, Ksanikavada, Nairatmyavada, Schools of Budhism. 4. Sankhya-Yoga : Prakriti, Purusa Theory of Causation, Liberation, Ashtanga-yoga, Cittabhumi, Ishvara. 5. Nyaya- Vaisesika : Pramanas, Self, Liberation, Nature of God and proofs for existence of God, Categories Theory of causation, Atomism. 6. Mimamsa : Theory of Knowledge, Prama, Pramanas Svatahpramanyavada, 7. Vedanta : Sankara, Ramauja and Madhva (Brahma, Isvara Atma, Jiva, Jagata, Maya, Avidya, Adhyasa, Moksha).

Pholisophy : PAPER-II (Socio Political Pholisophy and Philosophy of Religion) (SECTION-A)

1. Social and Political Ideals: Equality, Justice, Liberty 2. Sovereignty 3. Individual and State 4. Democracy: Concept and forms 5. Socialism and Marxism 6. Humanism 7. Secularism 8. Multiculturalism 9. Theories of Punishment 10. Violence, Non-violence Sarvodaya 11. Gender-Equality 12. Scientific Temper and Progress 13. Philosophy of Ecology.

SECTION-B

1. Religion : Theology and Philosophy of Religion. 2. Religion and Morality 3. Notions of God; Personalistic, Impersonalistic, Natuaralistic. 4. Proofs for the existence of God. 5. Immoratility of Soul 6. Liberation 7. Religious Knowledge; Reason, Revelation and Mysticism 8. Religion without God 9. Problem of Evil 10. Religious Tolerance.

10. GEOLOGY: PAPER-I

General Geology, Geomorphology, Structural Geology, Palaeontology and Stratigraphy.

(i) General Geology: Origin of the Universe Planets of the Solar System. Interior of the Earth. Dating of rocks by various methods and Age of the Earth, Volcanoes: their types, causes and products, volcanic belts. Earthquakes: causes, effects and distribution. Island Arcs, Deep Sea trenches and Mid-Oceanic Ridges. Continental drift, Sea-floor spreading 2. Individual Differences and Measurement: Nature and sources of individual

GEOLOGY: PAPER-II

Crystallography, Mineralogy, Petrology, Economic Geology and Applied Geology (i) Crystallography: Crystalline and Non-Crystalline Solids, Space Groups, Space Lattice, Classification of Crystais in 32 classes of symmetry, Miller, Weiss Notations and Harman Mauguin symbols, Axial character, Symmetry elements and forms present in the Normal class of Cubic, Tetragonal, Hexagonal, Orthorhombic, Monoclinic and Triclinic Systems, Twinning and Twin laws, Crystal defects, Applications of X-ray diffraction techniques in crystallography.

(ii) Optical Mineralogy: General principles of optics, Isotropism and anisotropism, Properties of Minerals in Plane polarized light and between crossed polars, Concepts of optical indicatrix. Dispersion in minerals.

(iii) Mineralogy: Elements of Crystal chemistry, Types of bondings, ionic radii, coordination number, isomorphism, polymorphism and pseudomorphism, Structural classification of silicates, Physical, chemical, and optical properties of rock- forming minerals (Olivien Pyroxene, Amphiboles, Feldspars, Feldspathoids, Silica, Garnets, Mica and Alumino-silicate group).

(iv) Petrology : Magma its generation and physical properties one, two and three component phase diagrams (Silica, Albite-Anorthilte, Periclase- Silica, Diopside- Albite-Anorthite systems) and their significance. Bowen's Reaction Principle, magmatic differentiation and assimilation. Texture, structure and classification of igneous rocks. Petrology of some igneous rocks (Granite, Basalts, Alkaline rocks, Ultramafic rocks, Anorthote and Chamockites) with Indian examples. Process of formation of sedimentary rocks, Diagenesis and lithification. Textures and structures of sedimentary rocks and their significance. Classification of sedimentary rocks (clastic and non-clastic). Heavy minarals and their significance, Elementary concepts of depositional environments, Sedimentry facies and provenance. Petrography of important sedimentary rocks (Conglomerate, Breccia, Sandstone Greywacke, shale, Limestone and B.H.Q.). Wentworht's Scale. Metamorphic processes and types of metamorphism. Metamorphic grades, zones and facies, ACF, AKF and AFM diagrams. Texture, structures and nomenclature of metamorphic rocks, Anatexis. Petrography and petrogenesis of important metamorphic rocks. Description of Zeolite, Greenschist, Amphibolite Granulite and Eclogite Facies Rocks.

(v) Economic Geology: Ore Mineral, Gangue and Tenor. Processes of formation of mineral deposits. Common forms and structures of ore bodies, Classification of ore deposits. Control of ore localization. Metallogeny. Study of important metallic and nonmetallic mineral deposits. Oil and natural gas deposits, and Coal fields of India, Mineral resources of Uttar Pradesh. Mineral economics. National Mineral Policy. Conservation and utilization of minerals.

(vi) Applied Geology: Essentials of prospecting and Exploration techniques. Principal methods of Mining. Sampling, Mineral beneficiation. Geological considerations in Engineering works, Dams, Tunnels, Bridges and Roads. Elements of Soil and Groundwater Geology. Use of Aerial Photographs and Satellite imageries in geological investigations.

11. PSYCHOLOGY: PAPER - I **BASIC PSYCHOLOGICAL PROCESSES**

1. Psychology: Introduction: Overview of the subject matter, Place of psychology in science, Theoretical approaches: S-R humanisitic, Cognitive, information processing,

2. Methods: methods of data collection Natural observation, Interview, Case study, Tests, scales and Questionnaires.

3. Biological bases of behavior: Outline of central, peripheral and autonomic nervous systems, Localization of functions in the brain, hemispheric specificity, nerve impulse and its conduction, receptor system, Endocrine system and its role in physical growth and personality make up.

4. Origin and development of behavior: Genetic bases, Evironmental factors, child rearing, deprivation, cultural factors, Motor and skill development, language development. 5. Attention and Perceptual Processes: Classical psychophysics and signal detection theory. Attentional processes, selective Attention and sustained attention, Perceptual organization, Perception of form, colour and depth. Perceptual- constancy, the stabilityinstability paradox, Perceptual sensitivity and perceptual defence.

6. Learning Processes: Conditioning: Classical instrumental and observational, Verbal learning, Methods and Processes, extinction, discrimination and generalization.

7. Memory: Encoding; structural, phonological and semantic dual encoding, Sensory memory, STM, LTM including episodic, semantic and procedural, Constructive Memory, Theories of forgetting.

8. Problem Solving, Reasoning and Thinking: Process and determinants of problem solving, Inductive, and deductive reasoning, hypothesis testing, Language and thought; Whorfian view-point and its critique, Information processing in thinking.

9. Emotions : Nature and development, Theories of emotion; physiological, cognitive and opponent-process, Indicators of emotion, recognition of emotion.

10. Motivation: Criteria of motivated Behaviour, Motivation: Processes and Types, Measurement of motivation, Extrinsic versus intrinsic motivation.

11. Individual differences in psychological functions: General mental ability, theoretical approaches: Spearman, Thurstone, Guilford, Jensen, Vernon, Sternberg, J.P. Das and Piaget, Creativity and creative thinking.

PSYCHOLOGY- PAPER-II

Psychology In the Applied Settings

1. Psychology as an Applied Science: Applied versus basic science, Nature and fields of psychology, social community, industry, school, health and environment.

, ace, Beep eeu tenenee and mar eeu augeer een anen ar ant, eeu neer epreuding	2. Material Differences and medsarchieft. Nature and sources of material
and Plate Tectonics. Origin of Continents and Oceans.	differences, Psychological scaling, test construction and standardization, Reliability and
(ii) Geomorphology: Weathering and Erosion Geomorphic processes, Geomorphic	validity, Norms, Cross-Validation.
cycles. Topography and its relation to structures and Lithology. Drainage patterns and their	3. Assessment of Personality: Issues in personality assessment, self-report measures
significance. Geomorphic features of India. Aeolian, Fluvial, Glacial, Coastal and Karst	projective techniques, response styles; familiarity with important personality measures
processes and landforms.	like TAT. Rorschach and MMPI.
(iii) Structural Geology: Concept of Stress and strain, strain markers, Strain in 2- and 3-	4. Psychological Disorders and Mental Health: Classification of Psychological
dimensions and their significance. Geometry and classification of Folds, Faults, joints.	disorders (DSM-IV), symptoms and etiology of psychoneurotic, psychotic and
Types and significance of Unconformities, Linear and Planar structures, and their	psychosomatic disorders; coping with stress and mental health.
significance. Major Tectonic features of India.	5. Social Problems and Psychology: Attitude and Prejudice, Cognitive and Motivational
(iv) Palaeontology: Micro- and mega-fossils, Index fossils, Derived fossils and their	Roots, Reducing Social Prejudice, Social Conflicts; Causes and Resolution.
significance, Modes of preservation of fossils. Morphology, evolutionary trends and	6. Social Influence: Influence, control and power, Basis of influence; Social facilitation,
Geological distribution of Bivalves, Gastropods, Ammonoids, Brachiopods, Trilobites,	Ledership in group, Group factors in performance.
Echinoids and Corals. Vertebrate life through ages. Evolution of Horse and Elephant,	7. Psychology in Industry and Organisation: personnel selection, Training and
Gondwana flora and their palaeontogical significance.	Performance Appraisal, job attitudes and job behavior, Motivational patterns in
(v) Stratigraphy: Principles of Stratigraphy, stratigraphic classification, Nomenclature,	organizations, Organisational communication, organisational effectiveness.
Geological Time scale. Study of geological systems of India in terms of Lithology,	8. Psychology In School Setting: School as an agent to socialization; learning;
distribution, fossil contents and economic importance (Dharvar Supergroup, Cuddapah	motivational and emotional problems of school children, factors influencing academic
Supergroup, Vindhyan Supergroup, Gondwana Supergroup, Deccan Traps, Siwalik	achievement; interventions for improving school performance, Education of specific
Supergroup).	categories of children.

9. Psychology In the Clinical setting: Nature and goals of Psychotherapy,	Constitution for promotion of International peace and Security and Legislation for giving
Psychoanalytic persens- centered therapy, group and behavior therapies, community	effect to International agreements
mental health, Illness prevention and Health promotion.	4. State Recognition and State Succession
10. Environmental Psychology: Role of environment in behavior, personal space,	5. Territory of States: modes of acquisition and loss of territory
effects of noise pollution, crowd and atmoshpheric pollution , Interventions for reducing	6. Sea: Inland waters; Territorial Sea; Contiguous Zone; Continental Shelf; Exclusive
adverse impacts.	Economic Zone and Ocean beyond national jurisdiction
<u>12. BOTANY: PAPER-I</u>	7. Air space and aerial navigation
Microbiology, Pathology, Plant Diversity, Morphogenesis	8. Outer space: Exploration and use of outer space
Microbiology: Microbial diversity elementary idea of Microbiology of Air, Water and Soil, a	9. Individuals: Nationality, Statelessness, Fundamental principles of International
general-account of Microbial infection and immunity, application of Microbiology with	
reference to Agriculture, Industry Medicine and Environment.	Rights and its enforcement in Municipal Law: National Human Rights Commission.
Plant Pathology: Mode of infection, defence mechanism, control of plant diseases,	
	10. Jurisdiction of States: basis of jurisdiction and immunity from jurisdiction
Important plant diseases caused by viruses, bacteria, fungi and nematodes with special	
relerence to tobacco mosaic, leaf curl of papaya, cirtrus canker, rust of wheat, smut of	12. Diplomatic and Consular Agents
barley, late blight of potato, red rot of sugarcane, ear cockle of wheat, ergot of bajara, stem	13. Treaties: Formation, application and termination
gall of coriander and wilt of arhar.	14. State Responsibility
Plant Diversity: Classification, structure, reproduction, life cycles and economic	15. United Nations: Purposes and principles; principal organs and their powers and
gymnosperms including fossils.	16. Peaceful means for settlement of International disputes
Morphology: Morphology of root, stem, leaf, flower and fruits, secondary growth.	17. Lawful recourse to force: aggression, self-defence and interventions
Embryology: Microsporogenesis and male gametophyte, megasporogenesis and famele gametophyte, fartilization embryology and endeenerm development	18. Legality of the use of Nuclear Weapons; Ban on testing of Nuclear and Chemical
female gametophyte, fertilization, embryo and endosperm development.	Weapons; Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty, CTST.
and Hooker, Takhtajan), rules of botanical nomenclature, chemotaxonomy distinguishing	20. New International Economic order and Monetary Law: WTO, TRIPS, GATT, IMF and
features of families- Ranunculaceae, Magnoliaceae, Brassicaceae, Malvaceae,	World Bank.
Fabaceae, Rosaceae, Apiaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Asteraceae, Rubiaceae Apocyanaceae,	Law PAPER-II
Solanaceae, Acanthaceae, Varbenaceae, Lamiaceae Euphorbiaceae, Arecaceae,	<u>1-A- LAW OF CRIMES:</u> (a) Concept of Crimes, Elements, Preparations, and attempt to
Orchidaceae, Poasceae.	commit crime. (b) (1) Indian Penal Code, 1860
Morphogenesis: Correlation, Polarity, Symmetry, totipotency, differentation and	
	i. General exceptions
regeneration of tissues and organs; methods and applications of cell tissue, organ and	ii. Joint and Constructive liability
protoplast cultures, somaclonal variations, somatic hybrid and cybrids.	iii. Abetment
BOTANY: PAPER-II	iv. Criminal conspiracy.
Cell Biology, Genetics, Physiology, Biochemistry, Ecology and Economic Botony	v. Offences against the state
Cell Biology: Cell as structural and functional unit of life, Ultra structure of eucaryotic and	vi. Offences against Public Tranquility
prokaryotic cells, structure and functions of plasma membrane, endoplasmic reticulum,	vii. Offences against Human Body
chloroplasts, mitochondria, ribosomes, golgibodies, and nucleolus: Cell cycle, mitosis and	viii. Offences against Property
meiosis, Chromosomal morphology and chemistry, numerical and structural changes in	
chromosomes and their cytological and genetical effects.	ix. Offences against Women
	x. Defamation
Genetics: Mendel's Law of inheritance, interaction of genes, linkage and crossing over, genetic	xi. Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955
recombination in fungi, cyanobacteria, bacteria and viruses, gene mapping, sex linkage,	xii. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988
determination of sex, cytoplasmic inheritance of plastid; gene concept, genetic code.	B. LAW OF TORTS:
Moleculr Genetics: Moleculr genetics-DNA as genetic material. Structure and replication	i. Nature of tortious liability
of DNA, role of nucleic acids in protein synthesis (transcription and translation) and	ii. Liability based upon fault and strict liability
regulation of gene expression, mutation and evolution, DNA damage and repair, gene	iii. Statutory liability
amplification, gene rearrangement, oncogene, genetic engineering- restriction enzyme,	iv. Vicarious liability including State liability
cloning vectors (pBR 322, PTi lambda phage), gene transfer, recombinant DNA,	
application of genetic engineering in human welfare,	
Physiology and Biochemistry: Water relations of plants, absorption, conduction of	vi. Joint tort feasors
	vii. Negligence
water and transpiration; mineral nutrition and ion transport, translocation of	viii. Remedies.
phyotosynthates, essential micro- and macroelements and their function, chemistry and	ix. Defamation
classification of carbohydrates; photosynthesis-mechanism, factors affecting	x. Nuisance
photosynthesis, C3 and C4 carbon fixation cycle, photorespiration; plant respiration and	xi. Conspiracy
fermentation, enzymes and coenzymes, mechanism of enzyme action: secondary	xii. False imprisonment and malicious prosecution.
metabolites (alkaloids, steroids, terpenes, lipids), nitrogen fixation and nitrogen	C. Law of Contracts and Mercantile Law:
metabolism, structure of protein and its synthesis:	i. Nature and formation of contract / E- contract
Plant Growth: Plant growth-growth, Movements and senescence, growth hormones and	
growth regulators their structure, role and importance in agriculture and horticulture;	ii. Standard form of Contract
physiology of flowering, sexual incompatibility, seed germination and dormancy.	iii. Factors vitiating consent
Ecology: Scope of ecology, ecological factors, plant communities and plant succession,	iv. Void, Voidable, illegal and unenforceable contracts
	v. Performance of contracts.
concept of biosphere, ecosystem-structure and functions, abiotic and biotic components,	
flow of energy in the ecosystem, applied aspects of ecology, natural resources and their	vi. Dissolution of contractual obligations
conservation, endangered, threatened and endemic taxa, pollution and its control.	vi. Dissolution of contractual obligations vii. Frustration of contracts
	vii. Frustration of contracts
Economic Botany: Plants as sources of food, fibre, timber, drugs, rubber, beverage,	vii. Frustration of contracts viii. Quasi contracts
	vii. Frustration of contractsviii. Quasi contractsix. Remedies for breach of contract
Economic Botany: Plants as sources of food, fibre, timber, drugs, rubber, beverage,	 vii. Frustration of contracts viii. Quasi contracts ix. Remedies for breach of contract x. Contract Indemnity, Guarantee and Insurance
Economic Botany: Plants as sources of food, fibre, timber, drugs, rubber, beverage, spices, resin and gums, dyes, essential oils, pesticides and biofertilizers, ornamental plants, energy plantation and petrocrops.	 vii. Frustration of contracts viii. Quasi contracts ix. Remedies for breach of contract x. Contract Indemnity, Guarantee and Insurance xi. Contract of Agency,
Economic Botany: Plants as sources of food, fibre, timber, drugs, rubber, beverage, spices, resin and gums, dyes, essential oils, pesticides and biofertilizers, ornamental plants, energy plantation and petrocrops. <u>13. LAW: PAPER-I</u>	 vii. Frustration of contracts viii. Quasi contracts ix. Remedies for breach of contract x. Contract Indemnity, Guarantee and Insurance xi. Contract of Agency, xii. Sale of Goods and hire purchase
Economic Botany: Plants as sources of food, fibre, timber, drugs, rubber, beverage, spices, resin and gums, dyes, essential oils, pesticides and biofertilizers, ornamental plants, energy plantation and petrocrops. <u>13. LAW: PAPER-I</u> <u>Part-A (Constitutional Law and Administrative Law)</u>	 vii. Frustration of contracts viii. Quasi contracts ix. Remedies for breach of contract x. Contract Indemnity, Guarantee and Insurance xi. Contract of Agency, xii. Sale of Goods and hire purchase xiii. Formation, Liability and Dissolution of Partnership
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Economic Botany: Plants as sources of food, fibre, timber, drugs, rubber, beverage, spices, resin and gums, dyes, essential oils, pesticides and biofertilizers, ornamental plants, energy plantation and petrocrops. <u>13. LAW: PAPER-I</u> <u>Part-A (Constitutional Law and Administrative Law)</u> 1. Constitution: Constitutional Law, Constitutional Conventions; Constitutionalism 2. Salient features of Indian Constitution and its Nature. 3. Federalism: Presidential and Parliamentary form of Government; Separation of Powers; Rule of Law. 4. Fundamental Rights: Nature and its relationship with Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duties, Fundamental Rights and Human Rights with special reference to Right to equality, Right to Speech and expression, Right to life and personal	 vii. Frustration of contracts viii. Quasi contracts ix. Remedies for breach of contract x. Contract Indemnity, Guarantee and Insurance xi. Contract of Agency, xii. Sale of Goods and hire purchase xiii. Formation, Liability and Dissolution of Partnership xiv. Negotiable Instruments Act 1881 D.Contemporary Legal Developments: i. Concept of Public Interest Litigation and Environmental Law ii. Right to Information Act-2005 iii. Alternative Disputes Resolution- Concept, Types and Prospect iv. Aims, objectives and Salient features of the competition Law 2002

to information, Right to Free and Compulsory Education and Right of women and children. 5. Constitutional Position of the President and relations with the Council of Ministers.

(Sections 43 to 64) and Criminal Liability (Section 65 to 75). TERINARY SCIENCE

Consitutional position of Governor and their powers.

6. The Supreme Court and High Courts: their powers and jurisdiction; Public Interest Litigation.

7. Distribution of Legislative powers between the Union and States, Administrative and financial relations between Union, States and Local Bodies

8. Principles of Natural Justice: Emerging trends and judicial approach

9. Delegated legislation: Its Consitutionality and judicial and legislative controls

10. Services under the Union and States: Recruitment, conditions of service and Constitutional safe guard; Union Public Service Commission and State Public Service Commission; Powers and Functions

11. Emergency Provisions

12. Election Commission: Power and Functions

13. Parliamentary Privileges and Immunities

14. Amendment of the Constitution

15. Ombudsman: Lok Pal, Lok Ayukt etc.

Part- B (International Law)

1. Nature of International Law

2. Source: Treaty, Custom, General principles of law recognized by civilized nations, subsidiary means for the determination of law

3. Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law, Provisions in Indian

14. ANIMAL HUSBAND <u>ARY AND VE</u>

PAPER-I **SECTION-A**

A. Animal Nutrition: Digestion of feed in ruminants and nonruminants Nutrient requirements for milk production. Nutrient and their functions in Animal body. Classification of feed stuffs, feeding standards, Principles of rationing and computation of balance ration, Conservation of fooder as silage and hay, treatment of poor quality roughages, Role of enzymes in digestion, minerals in feeds, sources, deficiency symptom, function, Vitamins: sources, function and deficiency syndrome. Role of Harmones in production and reproduction, Metabolism of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids, Feed supplements and feed additive- function and deficiency syndrome. Use of Probiotics and Prebiotics in dairy animals and poultry nutritions; Digestion trials, feeding of animals under stress conditions, feeding of calves, heifers, Bulf and cows/buffaloes before and after parturition. Interrelationship of vitamins with mineral, Evaluation of energy and proteinproximate analysis of feeds. Requirement and formulation of feeds for layers and broilers. B. Animal Physiology and Environmental Physiology: Adoption, Mechanism of acclemetization, growth, measures of growth, methods of controlling, stress due to temperature during winter and summer. Animal digestions and absorption of carbohydrates, protein and fats in ruminents and nonruminents. Male and female reproductive organ and function, physiology of milk secretion, ejection, holdup of milk. Contd.

Spermatogenisms and oogenesis, collection of semen. Evalutation, dilution and preservative. Deep frozen semen, semen dilutors. A.I. methods, hormonal control of memory glance, effect of heat stress on production, reproduction, meat quality, Parturition, distokia, retention of placenta.

SECTION-B

A. LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION AND MANAGEMENT: Comparison of Dairy Farming in India with developed countries. Dairying, commercial Dairy farming, under mixed and specialized system, starting an organization of dairy farming, procurement of goods in dairy farming. Factors determing the efficiency of dairy animals, herd recording, budgeting, Pricing policy, Personnel Management. Houseing of dairy animal and poultry, Management of livestock- dairy calves, heifers, milks, stud, bulf, Maintenance of records. Milking system- method and principles, clean milk production, economics of dairy and poultry farming. General problems of cattle, sheep, goat, pigs and poultry management. Gokul Mission, N.D.P. Package of common management practices for dairy, cost of milk production and posture management.

B. Milk and Milk products Technology: procurement and transportation of milk. Reception and Quality testing of milk, Definition, composition and food value of milk. Physico-Chemical properties of milk. Chilling, filteration, clarification, separation and standardization of milk. Homogenization, pasteurization and sterilization of milk. Packaging and distribution of milk. Defects in milk, their causes and prevention, Toned milk, standardized milk, Toned milk, double toned milk, reconstituted milk, recombined milk, flavoured milk and filled milk. Cleaning and sanitization of dairy equipments. Culture and its propogation. Preparation, packaging, yield and composition of Khoa, Chhena, Paneer, Dahi, Lassi, Srikhand and Kulfi. Manufacturing and grading of Ghee. Production and quality testing of Icecream, Butter, Cheese, Condensed, Evaporated and Dry Milk. BIS and FSSAI, Standards of Milk and Milk Products. Utilization of Dairy by-productswhey, buttermilk, skim milk.

ANIMAL HUSBANDARY AND VETERINARY SCIENCE

PAPER-II SECTION-A

a. General Genetics and Animal Breeding: Role of livestock in National Economy, relationship of plant with Animal. Livestock and milk production statistics, heredity and variation, Mendal's Law of inheritance, sex linked, sex influenced and sex limited heredity. Mutation. Cytoplasmic inheritance, conservation of germ plasm, breeds of cattle, buffaloes, goats, sheep, pig and poultry. Coefficient of relationship, Inbreeding Coefficient, methods of selection, selection index. Method and system of breeding, collection, evaluation, dilution and preservation of semen. Methods of A.I. Gene and Genolipic frequency. Hardy weinberg law; population versus individual gene and Genotipic frequency, Qualitative and quantitative traits.

b. ANIMAL HEALTH AND HYGIENE: Anatomy of ox and fowl, Histological techniques, freezing, paraffining embedding of tissues, storing and preparation of blood film, Histological stain ed embryology of cow. Physiology of blood and its; circulation, digestion, respiration, excretion: endocrine gland in health and diseases. General Veterinary hygiene with respect of water, air and habitate.

SECTION-B

c. ANIMAL DISEASES: Immunity and vaccination, Principles and methods of Immunization, classification of diseases, diseases of cattle, buffalo, sheep and goat. Etiology, symptoms and diagnosis, treatment, prevention, and control of various disease, like Anthrax, H.S., B.Q., Mastits. T.B., Johnes disease, food and mouth disease, Rinder pest, cow pox, Faciolopsis, Actinobacilosis, Actinomycosis, Trypanosomiasis, Pyroplasmosis, Trichomoniasis, Anaplasmosis, Milk fever. Tympanitis, Naval ill, Diseases of poultry- Etiology, symptoms, diagnosis, treatment prevention and control of various disease, Ranikhet, Fowlpox, Fowltyphyd Pullorum disease, Coxidiosis, Aviam Leusocis complex. Disease of Swine: Swine fever Hogeholera, Manz.

d. VETERINARY PUBLIC HEALTH: Zoonosis, Classification definition, role of animals and birds in transmission of zoonotic disease, Veterinary Jurisprudence – Rules and regulations for improvement of animals and animals product and prevention of animal diseases, Materials and methods for collection of samples for veterolegal, investigation. Duties and role of veterinarian in slaughter houses to provide meat under hygienic condition. By-products of Slaughter Houses and their economic utilization.

e. EXTENSION: Basic philosophy, objectives, concept and principles of extension, methods adopted to educate farmers under rural conditions, Transfer of technology and its feed back Problems and constraints in transfer of technology in animal husbandry programmes for rural development.

<u>15. Statistics: Paper-I</u> <u>Probability theory and statistical Application</u>

Group – A-PROBABILITY THEORY: Sample space and events, Classical and Axiomatic Definitions of probability, Laws of total probability, Conditional Probability, Independence of Events, Theorem of Compound Probability Bayes. Theorem and its Applications. Random Variable Discrete and Continuous. Distribution Function; Elementary Properties of Distribution Function, Bivariate Distribution and associated Marginal and Conditional Distributions. Mathematical Expectation and Conditional Expectation, Moments, Moment Generating and Characteristic Functions. Markov and Chebyshev Inequalities, Convergence in probability, Weak Law of Large Numbers and Central Limit Theorem for independently and Identically Distributed Random Variables, Some Standard Discrete and Continuous Distributions, Viz, Bionomial, Poisson, Hypergeometric, Geometric Negative Bionomial, Multinomial, Uniform, Normal, Exponential, Gamma, Beta and Cauchy Bivariate Normal Distribution.

and Method of Maximum Likelihood, Interval Estimation Simple and Composite Hypotheses, Two Kinds of Errors, Critical Region, Level of Significance size and Power Function, Unbiased Tests, Most- Powerful and Uniformly Most Powerful Tests, Neyman-Pearson Lemma and its Application, Likelihood Ratio Test. Tests based on t, Chi-Squiare, z and F-distributions. Large Sample Tests. Distributions of order Statistics and Range, Non-Parametric Tests, Viz... Sign Test, Median Test, Run Test, Wilcoxon-Mann - Whitney Test.

GROUP-B-STATISTICAL MANAGEMENT: Nature of Operations Research Problems, Linear Programming Problem and the Graphical Solution in simple Cases, Simplex method, Dual of Linear Programming Problem Assignment and Transportation Problems, Zero sum two-person game, Pure and Mixed Strategies, Value of a Game. Fundamental Theorem, Solution of 2x2 Games, Nature and Scope of Sample Survey, Sampling Vs. Complete Enumeration, Simple Random Sampling from Finite Populations with and without Replacement, Stratified Sampling and Allocation Principles, Cluster Sampling with Equal Cluster Size. Ratio, Product and Regression Methods of Estimation and Double Sampling, Two Stage Sampling with Equal First Stage Units, Systematic Sampling. Statistical-Quality Control, Charts for variables and Attributes.

Acceptance-Sampling, OC, ASN and ATI Curves, Producers risk and Consumer's risk. Concept of AQL, AOQL and LTPD, Single and Double Sampling Plans Scaling Procedures, Scaling of Test items Test Scores, Theory of Tests, Parallel Tests, True Score, Reliability and Validity of Tests.

16. DEFENCE STUDIES: PAPER-I: (Evolution of Strategic Thought) SECTION-A

1. Concept and Theories:

(a) Concepts and compoments of Strategic Thought. (b) Societal relations and its relevance for conflict at Inter-State level. (c) War-Principles and Causes: Psychological Dimensions; Conventional Warfare in the Nuclear Age; Limited War: NBC Warfare and Low Intensity Conflict (L.I.C.) 2. Strategic Thinkers: (A) Upto 19th Century A.D. (a) Manu and Kautiylya Philosophy of war. (b) Machiavelli The Renaissance of Art of War. Concept of Mass Army, Strategy, Tactics and Logistics (c) Jomini (d) Clausewitz On war and its relationship with politics, strategy and Tactics (B) 19th Century to World War-II (e) Engles & Marx Military concept of Social Revolutions German Concept of Total War (f) Ludendroff (g) Lenin, Trotsky & Stalin Soviet Concept of War The Doctrine of Limited Liability and Mobile Defence. (h) Liddel Hart (I)J.F.C. Fuller Concept of Mobile Warfare, Advent of Tanks and decline of Trench Warfare. 3. Theories of Sea, Land, Air and Revolutionary Warfare:

(j) A.T. Mahan – Theory of Sea Power, Continental Doctrine and Naval Strategy

(k) Halford Mackinder – Heart Land Theory

(I) Douhet, Mitchell and Servesky – Theories of Air Warfare

(m) Mao-Tse-Tung & Che Guevara – Concept of Revolution and Strategy and Tactics of Guearilla Warfare.

4. Economic aspects of Military Power:

(a) Economic theories of defence.

(b) War potential of nation – states and techniques of resource mobilization in times of war. (c) Post-war Economy and Re-construction.

(d) Arms Aid, Arms Trade and Donor – Recipient behavior.

5. World Wars:

(a) Weapons, Doctrines and Tactics.

(b) Causes of World War-I

(c) Revolution in Arms and technical advances in Land, Sea and Air Warfare.

(d) Technological developments during the Inter-war period (1918-1939)

(e) Allied Strategy during World War-II

(f) Introduction of Hi-tech Weapons and Revolution in Delivery Systems during First & Second World Wars.

SECTION-B

6. Past World War-II, Conventional, Nuclear Weapons and Doctrines:

(a) Introduction of Weapons of Mass Destruction - Conventional, Nuclear, Biological and Chemical

(b) Theories of Nuclear Warfare – Preventive War, Pre – emptive attack, Massive Retaliation, Counter force, Flexible Respond, MAD and MAS.

(c) Concept and theory of Conventional Deterrence.

(d) Concept and Theories of Nuclear deterrence with reference to the views of Liddel Hart, Andre Beaufre, Y. Harkabi, Henary Kissinger and K.Subrahmanyam.

7. Arms Control and Disarmament:

(a) Concepts, Objectives, Conditions and Elements.

(b)Approaches.

(c) Effects on economic development

8. Revolution in Military Affairs:

(a) Emergence of New Technologies.

(b) Revolution in Small Arms and Low Intensity Conflicts.
 (c) Emergence of new tactics and use of Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs) and its

Cauchy Bivariate Normal Distribution.	Impact.	i i
GROUP-B, STATISTICAL APPLICATIONS: Method of least Squares Correlation and		l
Linear Regression, Product Moment correlation, Rank Correlation, Intra-Class Correlation	(a) Conflict: Origin, Type and Structure.	l
and Correlation Ratio, Partial and Multiple correlation and Regression for Three Variables.		i i
One- Way and Two-Way Analysis of Variance with equal number of Observations per Cell		i i
Design of Experiments-Basic Principles of Design of Experiment, Completely	(d) Instruments of International Peace: Peace Making, Peace Keeping and Peace	i i
Randomized Design, Randomized Block Design, Latin Square Design, 2 ² and 2 ³ Factorial	Building.	i i
Experiments, Missing Plot Technique Sources of Demographic Data, Stable and		l
Stationary Populations, Measures of Fertility and Mortality, Life Tables, Simple Population	(a) Mahatma Gandhi – on Conflict Resolution, War and International Security.	i i
Growth Models. Index Numbers and Their Uses, Index Numbers due to laspeyre,	(b) Jawaharlal Nehru – on National Security, Development and Non – alignment.	
Paasche, Marshall- Edgeworth and Fisher, Tests for Index Numbers, Construction of Price	DEFENCE STUDIES:	
Index Number and Cost of Living Index Number. Time- Series and its Components,	PAPER-II National Security	
Determination of Trend and Seasonal Indices, Periodogram and Correlogram Analysis,	SECTION-A	
Variate Difference Method.	1. Introduction:	
STATISTICS: PAPER-II	a. Key Concepts of Nation, State and Nation State	
STATISTICAL INFERENCE AND MANAGEMENT	b. Theories of Origin of State	l l
GROUP-A-STATISTICAL INFERENCE: Properties of Estimators, Consistency,	c. Origin, Concept, objectives and approaches of National Security.	
Unbiasedness, Efficiency, Sufficiency, Cramer-Rao Inequality for Minimum Variance	2. Security Dimentions: Internal Security, External Security, Human Security,	
Unbased Estimator, Rao-Blackwell Theorem. Estimation Procedures, Method of Moments	Comprehensive Security, Common Security, Equal Security and Cyber Security.	
	Contd	

3. Security Level: Individual, Sub-national, National, Regional and International.	Plans objectives; policies; procedures; planning premises; Forecasting, Techniques of
4. National Power:	forecasting and limitation. Decision making – types, process; Rational decision making
a. Conceptual framework of National Power	and its limitations. Concept of bounded rationality.
b. The imprecision of Power as a concept	3. Organization and Organizational Behaviour; Organisation-concept, Types, divisions
c. Power profile of Nation – States	and levels, Span of management; Authority and responsibility; Authority types, sources,
d. Tangible and Intangible Elements of National Power	Delegation of authority, principles and obstacles to delegation; Centralisation and
e. Foundations and Limitations of National Power	decentralization of authority; Organisational behaviour- concept and significance,
5. Threat Spectrum:	
a. Concept of Threats and Challenges.	individual and group behaviour. Organisational Change, resistance to change; conflict
b. National Security Paradigm.	management
c. Threat Perception (Internal and External)	4. Directing-principles and techniques, Motivation-Maslow, Hezberg, McLelland,
d. Threat Assessment and Threat Analyses	McGregor, Contingency theories; MBO. Leadership, types, Traits of successful leader,
6. Alternate Models of Security:	Various theories of leadership; Communication-Process, Levels and types, barriers to
a. Balance of Power	communication, Measures for effective communication, Role of technology in
b. Balance of Terror	communication.
c. Collective Defence	5. Controlling-Process; Pre-requisites for effectives controlling, Methods of controlling,
d. Collective Security	budgetary and non budgetary methods, Coordination, Concept, Techniques and barriers
e. Non-alignment	to Co-ordination.
7. Security Management:	6. Business Environment, Interplay between business unit and environment, ethics and
a. Concept, Components and Formulation of Security and Defence Polices and Doctrines	corporate governance; Monetary Policy, Fiscal Policy, Foreign Capital and Foreign
and their Linkages.	Collaboration; Strategy, concept levels, SWOT analysis core competency and synergy,
b. National Values, National Interest and Strategic Culture.	Porter's Five Forces Model and Value Chain Analysis, BCG Matrix.
c. Crisis / Emergency Management of critical infrastructure, vulnerability analyses and	
protection.	MANAGEMENT PAPER-II
d. Disaster Management – Concept & Significance, Natural and Man- made disasters and	SECTION-I MARKETING MANAGEMENT
National Disaster Management Policy.	Concept of Marketing, Marketing Mix; Marketing Research; Marketing Environment;
8. Security Concerns:	Marketing Plan; Market Segmentation; Market Target and Positioning; Product
a. Traditional: Territorial Integrity and Disputes	Strategies, Product Life-Cycle; Consumer Behaviour; Brand Management; Sales
b. Non-traditional: (i) Governance (ii) Insurgency (iii) Terrorism.	Promotion, Advertising, Management of Sales Force, Pricing Decision, Marketing
c. Sources of Social Instability: (i) Economic Vulnerality (ii) Religious Fundamentalism (iii)	Channel-Retail Management, Internet Marketing, Customer Relationship Management,
Sectarian Fanaticism (iv) Ethnic and Linguistic Parochialism (v) Denial of Human Rights	
(vi) Oppression of Minorities.	Marketing.
9. Arms Proliferation:	SECTION-II PRODUCTION MANAGEMENT
a. Arms Proliferation as a constraint to National, Regional and International Security	Meaning and Nature of Production Management; Type of Production Systems;
b. Proliferation of Small Arms and Light Weapons in Southern Asia	
c. Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons	Production Planning and Control, Lean Manufacturing and Flexible Systems; Ranking,
SECTION-B	Loading and Scheduling for different production system; Site Selection and Plant
10. India's Quest for Security:	Location, Plant Layout and Material Handling; Production Design, Inventory
a. Historical Legacy, Geo-political and Geo-strategical considerations	Management; Supply Chain Management; Enterprise Resource Planning; Total Quality
b. Contours of India's Defence Policy – (i) Between 1858-1947 (ii) 1947-1962 (iii) 1962 –	Management, Six Sigma, PERT and CPM, Waste Management.
1971 (iv) 1971 – till date	SECTION-III- FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
c. India's Security Concerns vis-a-vis Pakistan and China (till date)	Meaning and Scope, Estimating the firm's financial requirements; Capital Structure
11. India's National Security Problematics:	determination; Cost of Capital; Working Capital Management; Capital Market, Regulatory
(a) India in the world strategic arena – contemporary trends; Challenges to India's Security	Role of SEBI, Venture Capital, Mutual Fund; Divident Policy; Net Banking and NPA
in extended neighbourhood.	Management; Corporate Restructuring, Merger and Acquisition; Investment Decision,
(b) Pakistan's conventional, nuclear and missile programmes and their impact on India's	Risk Analysis; Lease Financing; Foreign Exchange Market.
security.	SECTION-IV- HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
(c) India- China boundary dispute: positions and polemics, efforts for the settlement of the	Nature of Human Resource Management, Scope of Human Resource Management; Job
boundary dispute, frame work of Co-operative Security between India and China.	Analysis and Job Design; Recruitment and Selection; Training and Development; Career
(d) India's mutuality of strategic and other interests with Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan,	Planning; 360 degree Performance Apprisal; Worker's Participation in Management;
Myanmar, Sri-Lanka, Maldives and Afghanistan.	ESOPs; Trade Union in India; Safety, Welfare, Strike, Lay-Off, Lock-out and
(e) Role of extra- regional powers in the post – cold war South Asian and Asia–Pacific	Reconciliation; HR Audit; Flexible Working Condition; Work from Home; Valuntary
Strategic Milieu and India's considerations	Retirement Scheme (VRS); Outsourcing.
(f) Need for confidence and security building measures for India and its South Asian	18. POLITICAL SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: PAPER-I
neighbors	SECTION-A
(g) South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation as a model of Regional Security	Political Theory- Definition, Nature and Scope of Political Science,
12. Science, Technology and India's Security:	Approches to the study of Political Science-Traditional, Behavioural, Systems and Marxist
(a) India's Scientific and Technological base for National Defence.	State- Definition, Theories of origin and theories related to the functions-Liberal,
(b) Need for India's Integrated Science Policy	Individualistic. Socialistic.
(c) India's defence Industrialization and achievements.	Sovereignty-Meaning, Types and theories.
(d) Progress on India's Research and Development (R & D) and technological	Rights- Meaning, Kinds and theories
development for security.	Liberty- Meaning, Kinds, and theories.
(e) Requirement of investment for Defence and role of Corporate Industry, Public – Private	Justice- Meaning, Kinds, and Theories; relation between equality and liberty.
Partnership and foreign investment	Democracy- Meaning, types, Theories-Liberal, Socialist and Marxist.
(f) India's Space Programme and Achievements	Forms of Government: Democrative & Authoritatrian- Unitary and Federal, Parliamentary
	and Presidential
13. India's Nuclear policy and options: (a) India's need for Nuclear Power	Political Institutions- Legislature, Executive, and Judiciary.
	Political parties and Pressure groups, Electoral Systems.
(b) India's Nuclear break throughs and achievements	Political Philosophy –
(c) India's Nuclear Doctrine	(A) Indian Political Thinkers- Manu, Kautilya, Gandhi, M.N. Roy, Ambedkar
(d) India's Missile Programme	
14. Indian Ocean and India's Security considerations:	
(a) Strategic Environment in and around the Indian Ocean Region	Rousseau, Mill, Hegel, Green, Marx, Laski, Gramci, Hanna Arendt
(b) India's Security problems in relation to the Indian Ocean Region	SECTION-B
(c) India's Maritime Security and its need for naval power projections.	Indian Government and Politics
(d) India's Coastal Management and Recommendations	Indian Nationalism-Causes for the Rise of Nationalism, Bang Bhang Movement, Non-
15. Internal Security of India:	Cooperation Movement and Civil disobedience movement
Liau ow intensity Conflicts in India with special reference to Jammu and Kashmir and North	Making of the Indian Constitution- Legacy of British Rule. Salient features of the

(a) Low Intensity Conflicts in India with special reference to Jammu and Kashmir and North Making of the Indian Constitution- Legacy of British Rule, Salient features of the

(a) Low intensity Connicts in India with special reference to Samina and Rashinii and North	Making of the Indian Constitution- Legacy of Diffish Rule, Callent leatures of the
East Region	constitution, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental duties, Directive principles of state policy.
(b) Identification of the problems of Internal Security and conditions for the use of Military:	Amendment of the Constitution,
Pros and cons.	Union Government- President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Parvument of the
(c) Importance of information Security in Internal Security.	Supreme Court.
(d) Intelligence and its relevance for National Security, use of ICT and recommendations.	State Government- Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers, State Legislature,
16. India's over-all security perspectives and defence preparedness	High Court.
17. Imperatives of India's National Security Strategy	Centre-State Relations.
17. MANAGEMENT PAPER-I	Local Self Government – Municipality, Municipal Corporation, and 74 th Amendment.
The candidates are expected to be acquainted with various aspects of Management. They	Panchayati Raj and 73 rd Amendment.
should be able to apply theory to practice in the context of world business, in general and	Political Process-Caste, Regionalism, Linguism, Communalism in Politics,
business function in India, in particular. For this, they are expected to be well conversant	Political Parties, Pressure groups and their Role, National Integration
with the environment, in which business functions in India. They should also be able to	Union Public Service Commission, State Public Service Commission, Election
display knowledge and application of managerial tools of analysis and decision-making in	commission, Niti Ayog, Human Rights Commission.
various functional areas.	POLITICAL SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: PAPER-II
1. Management Concepts and Evolution, Concept and significance of Management;	
Management as science or art; distinction between management and administration; Role	International Relations – Meaning, Nature and Scope
and Responsibilities of management; Principle of management; Evolution of management	Theories of International and Relations – Idealists, Realist, Systems and Decision making
thought-classical school, Neo-classical School, modern management school.	theories
2. Planning and Decision Making; Planning-nature, type, significance and limitations;	Factors determining foreign Policy- National Interest and Ideology
	Contd

Means of National Interest-Nationalism, Imperialism, Colonialism.	Empire: Settlement and non-settlement; Latin America, South Africa, Indonesia, Australia.
Principles of Balance of Power, and Collective Security.	18. Revolutions and Counter-Revolutions- 19 th Century European revolutions; The
Role of International Law and Diplomacy in Internatinal Relations.	Russian Revolution of 1917-1921; Fascist Counter-Revolution, Italy and Germany; the
U.N.: Organization and Role	Chinese Revolution of 1949.
Changing International Political order in the post- Cold war Period Arms race and Arms	
Control	developments.
Role and Relevance of Non-Aligned Movement.	20. Cold War- Emergence of two Blocs and other related developments. Emergence of
Regional Organizations-E.U., A.S.E.A.N., A.P.E.C., S.A.A.R.C.	Third World and Non-Alignment; UNO and Dispute Resolution.
New International Economic Order- W.T.O., Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization	21. Colonies and Liberation- Latin America- Bolivia; Arab World- Egypt; South Africa-
Contemporary issues in International Politics- Human Rights, Environment, Terrorism,	Apartheid Policy and Democracy; South-East Asia-Vietnam.
Nuclear Proliferation.	22. Decolonization and underdevelopment – Break up of Colonial Empires; British, French,
SECTON-B	Dutch; Factors Constraining Development: Latin America, Africa, Asia.
1- Foreign Policies of America, Russia and China	23. Soviet Disintegration and the Unipolar World- Causes, Consequences and other
2- India's Foreign Policy and relations with America, Russia and China	developments; Globalization.
3- India's Relations with Neighbouring Countries	20. SOCIAL WORK
4- Palestine Problem and Arab- Israel Conflict	PAPER-I
5- Role of Third World in International Relations	Foundations of Social Work : Concepts, Historical
6- North- South dialogue, South- South Cooperation.	Development, Philosophy and Methods.
7- Indian Ocean- Problems and prospects.	Part-I
19. HISTORY:	
	Social Work: Concepts, Definitions and allied concepts – Social Service, Social Welfare,
PAPER-I (SECTION-A)	Social Security and Social Reform: Objectives, Assumptions; Principles and Functions,
1. Sources and approaches to study of early Indian History. 2. Early pastoral and	Social Work and Social justice; Social Work and Human Rights, Common Base of Social
agricultural communities. The Archaeological evidence. (Neolithic and Chalcaolithic	Work Practice; Philosophy and Values; Social Work as a Profession in India.
Cluture) 3. The Indus civilization: its origin, nature and decline. 4. Patterns of settlement,	
economy, social organization and religion in India (c. 2000 to 500 B.C.): archaeological	Social Case Work: Concept, Objectives, Components, Processes and Client-Worker
perspectives. 5. Evolutions of North Indian society and culture: evidence of Vedic Texts	
(Samhitas of Sutras). 6. Teachings of Mahavira and Buddha, Contemporary Society. Early	Social Group Work: Concept, Objectives, Principles, Skills and Role of Social Group
phase of state formation and urbanization. 7. Rise of Magadha: the Mauryan Empire.	Worker.
Ashoka's inscriptions, his dharma and nature of the Mauryan State. 8-9 Post- Mauryan	Part-II
Period in Northern and Peninsular India. Political and Administrative History. Society,	
	Planning and Community Integration, Role of Community Organizer. Community
Changes in the Gupta and post-Gupta period (upto c. 750) political history of northern and	
peninsular India. Samanta System and changes in political structure; economy; Social	Social Welfare Administration: Concept, Definitions and Social Welfare Administration
Structure; culture; religion. 12. Themes in early Indian cultural history, languages and	as a Method of Social Work: Related Concepts – Social Administration and Public
texts: major stages in the evolution of art and architecture: major philosophical thinkers	Administration, 'POSDCORB' Decision Making Process, Organizational Development and
and schools; ideas in science and mathematics.	Cost Benefit Analysis, Transparency and Accountability Team Building and Leadership.
SECTION-B	Social Work Research: Concept, Social Research and Social Work Research, Steps of
13. Major dynasties and Political structures in North India from 750A.D. to 1200 A.D. Rise	
of Rajput Dynasties and the imperial Cholas.	Collection, Processing of Data, Data Analysis and Report Writing, Participatory Research.
	Social Action: Concept, Models and Strategies, Social Action and Social Movement,
14. Arab Conquest of Sindh and the Ghaznavide Empire; Advent of Islam and Sufism Alberuni and his study of India Science and Civilisation.	Social Action: Concept, Models and Strategies, Social Action and Social Movement, Advocacy, Lobbying and Networking, Approaches of Sarvodaya, Antoyodaya and Lok-
Alberuni and his study of India Science and Civilisation.15. India 750 A.D. – 1200 A.D.: Economy, Society, Literature, Major Historical works,	Advocacy, Lobbying and Networking, Approaches of Sarvodaya, Antoyodaya and Lok-Shakti.
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cooperation; (c) Emergence of Leftism in India (d) Subhash Chandra Bose and the Indian	Child Development, Youth Development, Women Empowerment, Development of Weaker
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Hindu Mahasabha etc.; Women and National Movement. 10. Literary and cultural	Development, Urban Community Development, Medical and Psychiatric Social Work,
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Grimaldi.	PAPER-I
4.1 Human Genetics: Meaning, scope and branches, its relationship with other sciences.	PART-A
4.2 Methods for the study of genetic principles in man-family study (Pedigree analysis, Twin study, Foster child, co-twin method, cytogenetic method, Immunological method,	(a) Theory of Structures: Simple stress and strain, Elastic constants, Axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, Theory of simple bending,
D.N.A. technology.	Shear stress distributions across sections, Beams of uniform strength.
	Deflection of beams: Mecaulay's method, Mohr's moment area method, Conjugate beam
inheritance in man, concept of genetic polymorphism and selection. Mendelian	
populations- Hardy-Weinberg Law, Inbreeding, Genetic Load, Genetic implications of	Castiglianio's theorems I and II, unit load method of consistent deformation applied to
Consanguineous and cousin marriages.	beams and pin jointed trusses. Slope-deflection and moment distribution methods.
4.4 Chromosomes and Chromosomal aberrations in man; Genetic counseling.	Rolling loads and influences lines: Influence lines for shear Force and Bending moment at
5. Concept of Race: Race and racism, racial classification; Ethnic groups of mankind:-	a section of a beam. Criteria for maximum shear force and bending moment in beams
characteristics and distribution.	traversed by a system of moving loads. Influences lines for simply supported plane pin
6. Ecological Anthropology: Concept and methods; Bio-cultural adaptation.	jointed trusses. Arches: Three hinged, two hinged and fixed arches, rib shortening and temperature
development, methods of growth studies.	effects.
	Matrix mehods of analysis: Force method and displacement method of analysis of
mortality.	indeterminate beams and rigid frames.
8. Applications of Physical Anthropology and Human Genetics.	Plastic-analysis of beams and frames: Theory of plastic bending, Plastic analysis statical
9.1 Principles of Prehistoric Archaeology: Broad outlines of prehistoric cultures- i.	method, Mechanism method.
Palaeolithic, ii. Mesolithic, iii. Neolithic, iv. Chalcolithic, v. Copper-Bronze age.	Unsymmetrical bending: Moment of inertia, position of Neutral axis and Principal axes,
9.2 Dating Methods: Relative and Absolute.	Calculation of bending stresses.
	(b) Design of Concrete structures: Concept of mix design. Reinforced concrete:
ethnocentrism and cultural relativism.	Working stress and limit state method of design. Recommendation of B.I.S. Codes.
10.2 The nature of society: Concept of Society; Society and Culture; Social Institutions; Social Groups; and Social Stratification.	Design of one- way and two-way slabs, stair-case, slabs, simple and continuous beams of rectangular, T and L sections. Compression members under direct load with or without
10.3 Marriage: Definition and Universality; Laws of marriage (endogamy, exogamy,	eccentricity.
hypergamy, hypogamy, incest taboo); Types of marriage (monogamy, polygamy);	
Functions of marriage; Marriage regulations (Preferential); Marriage payments (bride	
wealth and dowry).	Prestressed Concrete: Methods and systems of prestressing, anchorages, Analysis and
10.4 Family, Household and Domestic Group: Definition and universality; functions and	design of sections for flexure based on working stress, loss of prestress. Earthquake
Types (from the perspectives of structure, blood relation, marriage, residence and	
succession); Impact of urbanization.	Introduction to computer aided design of structure
	(c) Steel Structural : Factors of safety and load factors. Riveted, bolted and welded joints
	and connections. Design of tension and compression members, beams of built up section,
and kindred); Kinship terminology (descriptive and classificatory). 11. Economic Organization: Meaning, Scope and relevance of economic anthropology;	riveted and welded plate girders, gantry girders, stancheons with battens and lacings. PART-B
Formalist and Substantivist debate; Principles governing Production, Distribution and	
Exchange (reciprocity, redistribution and market) in communities subsisting on hunting	
and gathering fishing, swiddening, pastoralism, Horticulture and Agriculture.	equation of continuity, irrotational and rotational flow, velocity potential and stream
12. Political Organization: Band, tribe, chiefdom, kingdom and state; concepts of power,	
Authority, Legitimacy; Social Control, Law and justice in simple societies.	Continuity, momentum, energy equations Navier Stokes equation, Euler's equation
13. Religion: Anthropological approaches to the study of religion (evolutionary,	of motion Bernoulli's equation. Applications to fluid flow problems e.g. pipe flow, sluice
psychological and functional) monotheism and polytheism; myths and rituals; forms of	
magico-religious beliefs in tribal and peasant societies (animism, animatism, fetishism,	Laminar Flow: Laminar and turbulent boundary layer on a flat plate, laminar sub-layer, smooth and rough boundaries, submerged flow, drag and lift forces.
naturalism and totemism); religion, magic and science distinguished, magico religious functionaries (priest, shaman, medicine man, sorcerer and witch).	Turbulent flow through pipes: Characteristics of turbulent flow, velocity distribution and
14. Anthropological theories:	variation of pipe friction factor, Hydraulic grade line and total energy line.
i. Classical evolutionism- Tylor, Morgan and Frazer.	(b) Hydraulics: Uniform and non-uniform flows, momentum and energy correction
ii. Diffusionism- British, German and American.	factors, specific energy and specific force, critical depth, gradually varied flow,
iii. Functionalism- Malinowski, Structural functionalism- Radcliffe- Brown.	classification of surface profiles, control section, step method of integration of varied flow
iv. Structuralism-Levi-Strauss.	equations, rapidly varied flow, hydraulic jump. Surges.
v. Culture and Personality- Benedict, Mead, Linton, Kardiner and Cora-du-Bois.	Hydraulic Machines and Hydropower: Hydraulic turbines and their classification,
vi. Neo-evolutionism- Childe, White, Steward.	choice of turbines, performance parameters, controls, Characteristics, specific speed,
vii. Cultural Materialism (Harris).	Principles of hydropower development.
15.1 Research Methods in Cultural Anthropology: Field work tradition in anthropology;	(c) Geotechnical Engineering: Soil types and structure, gradation and particle size distribution, Atterberg's limits.
Distinction between technique, method and methodology; Tools of Data collection- Observation, Interview, Schedule, Questionnaire, Case history, Case study and	
Genealogy; Secondary sources of information.	permeability concept, field and laboratory determination of permeability, Seepage
15.2 Controlled comparison and cross cultural study.	pressure, quick sand condition.
Anthropology – Paper-II	Compaction of soil: Laboratory and field tests. Compressibility and consolidation theory,
1. Emergence and Development of the Indian Culture and Civilization: Prehistoric	consolidation settlement analysis. Shear strength determination Mohr coulomb theory.
(Paleolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic-Chalcolithic); Protohistoric (Indus Civilization).	Stress distribution in soils Boussinesque and Westergaard's analysis, Earth pressure
2. Demographic profile of India: Ethnic and linguistic elements in the Indian population	theory and analysis for retaining walls, application for sheet piles and Braced excavation.
and their distribution.	Bearing capacity of soil: Approaches for analysis, fields tests, settlement analysis, stability
3. The structure and function of traditional social system: Vernasharam, Purushartha,	of slopes.
Karma, Rina and Rebirth.	Foundation: Type and selection criteria for foundation of structures, Design criteria for
Karma, Rina and Rebirth. 4. Caste system in India: Structure and characteristics; Varna and Caste, Dominant	Foundation: Type and selection criteria for foundation of structures, Design criteria for foundation, Analysis of distribution of stress for footings and pile, pile group action, pile
Karma, Rina and Rebirth. 4. Caste system in India: Structure and characteristics; Varna and Caste, Dominant Caste, Caste mobility, Jajmani system, Tribe-caste continuum.	Foundation: Type and selection criteria for foundation of structures, Design criteria for foundation, Analysis of distribution of stress for footings and pile, pile group action, pile load tests.
Karma, Rina and Rebirth. 4. Caste system in India: Structure and characteristics; Varna and Caste, Dominant	Foundation: Type and selection criteria for foundation of structures, Design criteria for foundation, Analysis of distribution of stress for footings and pile, pile group action, pile

6. Impact of Buddhism, Jainism, Islam and Christianity on Indian society including tribals.	CIVIL ENGINEERING:
7. Emergence, growth and development of antroprology in india: contribution of early	PAPER-II
Scholars-Administrators. Contribution of Indian Anthropologists to Tribal-Caste studies.	PART-A
8. Aspect of Indian Village: Social, economic, polity and religion, Changing patterns of	
settlement and inter-caste relations. Sanskritization, Westernization and Modernization.	Building Materials: Physical Properties of construction materials with respect to their
Panchayati Raj and Social change.	use, Stones, Bricks, Tiles, Lime, Cement, Mortars, Concrete,
9.1 Tribal situation in India: Linguistic and socio-economic characteristics of the Tribal	Timber: Properties, defects and common preservation treatments, Ferro cement, fibre
populations and their distribution, Bio-genetic variability.	reinforced cement High strength concrete.
9.2 Problems of tribal communities: Land alienation, poverty, indebtedness, low literacy,	Use and selection of materials for various uses e.g. Low cost housing, mass housing, High
poor educational facilities, unemployment, health and nutrition.	rise buildings.
9.3 Developmental projects and their impact on tribal displacement and problems of	Building Constructions: Masonry Constructions using Brick, stone construction
rehabilitation, New forest policy and tribals. Impact of Urbanization and Industrialization on	detailing and strength characteristics.
tribal populations.	Paints, varnishes, plastics, water proofing and damp proofing materials, Detailing of walls,
10.1 Problems of exploitation and deprivation of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes	floors, roofs staircases doors and windows. Plastering, pointing , flooring , roofing and
and Other Backward Classes. Constitutional safeguards for Scheduled Tribes and	construction features.Common repairs in buildings.
Scheduled Castes.	Principle of planning of buildings for residents and specific use, Building code provisions
10.2 Social change and contemporary tribal societies: Impact of modern democratic	and use.
institutions, development programmes and welfare measure on tribals and weaker	Basic principles of detailed and Approximate estimating, specifications, rate analysis,
sections and women participation.	principles of valuation of real property. Machinery for earthwork, concreting and their
10.3 The concept of Ethnicity: Ethnic conflicts and political developments, Unrest among	specific uses, Factors affecting selection of construction equipments, operating cost of
tribal communities; Pseudo-tribalism; Social change among the tribes during colonial and	equipments.

Construction activity, schedules, organizations, Quality assurance principles. Basic	Engineering.
principle of network, CPM and PERT uses in construction monitoring, Cost optimization	
and resource allocation. Basic principles of Economic analysis and methods.	(PART-A)
Project Profitability: Basic principles of financial planning, simple toll fixation criterions.	1. <u>Thermodynamics:</u> Laws of thermodynamics and their applications; T-ds equations,
(b) Surveying: Common methods and instruments for distance and angle measurement	
for Civil Engg.works, their use in plane table, traverse survey, leveling, triangulation,	
	immersed sunfaces, stability of floating bodies, Kinematics and dynamics of
sensing. Introduction to Geographical information system.	incompressible fluids. Laminar and turbulent boundary layer flows. Bernoulli's equation,
(c) Highway Engineering: Principles of Highway alignments, classification and	fully developed flow through pipes.
geometrical design, elements and standards for roads.	3. Heat Transfer: Modes of heat transfer, One dimensional steady and unsteady
Pavement structure for flexible and rigid pavements, Design principles and methodology.	conduction. Heat transfer through extended surfaces. Free and forced convective heat
	transfer, Empirical correlations in laminar and turbulent flows, Heat Exchangers, Radiation
roads.	
	heat transfer laws, shape factor, heat exchange between black and gray surfaces.
Surface and sub-surface drainage arrangements for roads, culvert structures.	4. <u>Refrigeration and Air Conditioning:</u> Vapour compression, vapour absorption, steam
Pavement distresses and strengthening by overlays.	jet and air refrigeration systems, Desirable properties of refrigerants, eco- friendly
Traffic surveys and their application in traffic planning, Typical design features for	refrigerants, Analysis of compressors, condensers, expansion valves and evaporaters.
channelized, intersection rotary etc., signal designs, standard traffic signs and markings.	<u>(PART- B)</u>
(d) Railway Engineering: Permanent way, ballast, sleeper, chair and fastenings, points	5. I.C Engines: Classification, Thermodynamic cycles of operation, Performance
crossings, different types of turn outs, cross-over, setting out of points, Maintenances of	Calculations, Heat balance sheet, Combustion in S.I and C.I Engines, normal and abnormal
	combustion, knocking and detonation. Effect of variables on knocking and detonation, Fuels
resistance, Station yards and station, station buildings, platform sidings turn outs, Signals	
and interlocking, Level Crossings.	Supercharging, Engine cooling, Emission and Control, Turboprop and Rocket Engines.
PART- B	6. <u>Steam Engineering:</u> Modern steam Generators, Rankine cycle, Modified Rankine
(a) Water Resources Engineering:	cycle and analysis, Natural and artificial draught, flow of steam in convergent and divergent
Hydrology: Hydrologic cycle, precipitation, evaporation, transpiration, infiltration, overland	
flow, hydrograph, flood frequency analysis, flood routing through a reservoir, channel flow	Wilson line.
routing-Muskingam method.	7. Turbomachines: Classification, Continuity, momentum and energy equations, Flow
Ground Water flow: Specific yield, storage coefficient, coefficient of permeability.	analysis in axial and centrifugal compressors and turbines, Dimensional analysis and
confined and unconfined aquifers, radial flow into a well under confined and unconfined	
conditions. Open wells and Tubewells.	8. <u>Power Plant Engineering:</u> Site selection for Steam, Hydro Nuclear and Gas Power
	Plants, dust removal equipments, fuel handling and cooling water system.
of reservoirs, reservoir losses, reservoir sedimentation.	
	Thermodynamic analysis of steam and gas turbine power plants, governing of turbines.
Water requirements of crops, consumptive use, duty and delta, irrigation methods and their	
efficiencies.	24. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING:
Canals: Distribution systems for canal irrigation, canal capacity, canal losses, alignment of	
main and distributory canals, most efficient section, lined canals and their design, regime	(IE.M. Theory: Analysis of Electrostatic and magetostatic Fields, Laplace, Poisson &
theory, critical shear stress, bed load.	Maxwell's equation. Electromagnetic wave equations. Poynting's Theorem. Waves on
Water logging: causes and control, salinity.	transmission lines. Wave-guides. Microwave resonators.
Canal structures: Design of head regulators, canal falls, aqueducts, metering flumes and	
canal outlets.	applications. Transient and steady-state analysis of systems. Transform techniques and
Diversion head work: Principles and design of weirs on permeable and impermeable	
foundation, Khosla's theory.	Network functions. Two-port network. Network parameters. Elements of network
Storage works: Types of dams, design, principle of gravity and earth dams, stability	synthesis. Elementary active networks.
analysis.	(iii) Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation: Basic methods of
Spillways: Spillway types, energy dissipation.	Measurement. Error analysis, Electrical Standards. Measurement of voltage, current,
River training: Objectives of river training, methods of river training and bank protection.	power, energy, power-factor, resistance, inductance, capacitance, frequency and loss-
(b) Environmental Engineering:	angles. Indicating instruments. DC and AC Bridges, Electronic measuring instruments.
Water Supply: predicting demand for water, impurities of water and their significance,	Multi-meter, digital voltmeter, frequency counter, Q-meter, oscilloscope, techniques,
physical, chemical and bacteriological analysis, waterborne diseases, standards for	
potable water.	special purpose CRO's. Transducers and their classifications. Thermo-couple, thermistor,
Intake of Water: Water treatments: principles of coagulation, flocculation and	RTD, LVDT, strain-gauges. Piezo-electric transducers etc., Application of tranducers in the
	measurement of non-electrical quantities like pressure, temperature, displacement,
sedimentation, slow, rapid and pressure filters, chlorination, softening, removal of tests,	velocity acceleration, flow-rate etc.; Data-acquisition systems.
odour and salinity.	(iv) Analog & Digital Electronics: semiconductors, semiconductor diodes & zener-
Sewerage Systems: Domestic and industrial wastes, storm sewage, separate and	diode, Bi-polar junction transistor and their parameters. Transistor biasing, analysis of all
combined systems, flow through sewers, design of sewers.	types of amplifiers including feedback and D.C. amplifiers; Operational amplifiers and their
Sewage Characterisation: BOD,COD, solids, dissolved oxygen, nitrogen and TOC.	application; Feedback oscillators: Colpitts and Hartley types, waveform generators; Multi-
Standards of disposal in normal water course and on land.	vibrators; Boolean algebra. Logic gates Combinational and sequential digital circuits.
Sewage Treatment: Working principle, units, chambers, sedimentation tank, trickling	Semiconductor memories. A/D & D/A converters; Microprocessor. Number system and
filters, oxidation ponds, activated sludge process, septic tank, disposal of sludge, recycling	
of waste water.	codes, elements of microprocessors & their important applications.
Solid waste management: Collection and disposal in rural and urban contexts,	(v) Electrical Machines: D.C. Machines: commutation and armature reaction,
management of solid waste.	characteristics and performance of motors and generators; Applications, starting and
Environmental pollution: Sustainable development, Radioactive wastes and disposal.	speed control. Synchronous generators: Armature reaction, voltage regulation, parallel
	operation. Single- and Three-phase Induction motors: Principle of operation, performance
Environmental impact assessment for thermal power plants, mines, river valley projects.	characteristics, starting, speed control. Synchronous Motors: Principle of operation,
Air and water pollution control acts.	performance analysis, Hunting, Synchronous condenser. Transformers: Construction,
23. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING: PAPER-I	phasor diagram, equivalent circuit, voltage regulation, Performance, Auto-transformers,
<u>(PART-A)</u>	instrument transformers. Three-phase transformers.
1. Theory of Mechines: Kinematic and dynamic anyalysis of planer mechanisms, belt and	(vi) Material Science: Theory of Semiconductors, Conductors and insulators.
chain drives, gears and gear train, cams, flywheel and governors. Balancing of rotating and	Superconductivity. Various insulators used for Electrical and Electronic applications.
reciprocating masses, single and multi cylinder Engines.	
2. <u>Mechanical Vibrations:</u> Vibrating systems, single degree freedom systems, natural	Different magnetic materials, properties and applications. Hall Effect.
frequency, damped and forced vibrations, resonance, force transmissibility, two degree of	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING:
freedom systems, vibration absorbers, whirling of shafts and critical speeds.	PAPER-II: (SECTION-A)
	1. Control Engineering: Mathematical Modeling of physical dynamic systems. Block
3. <u>Mechanics of Solids:</u> Stress and strain, elastic constants, uniaxial loading, thermal	diagram and signal flowgraph. Transfer function. Time-response and frequency-response
stress, two dimensional stress analysis, principal stresses, generalised Hook's law, total	of linear systems. Error evaluation, Bode Plot, Polar Plot and Nichol's chart, Gain Margin
and distorsion strain energy, theories of failures, bending and shear stresses in beams,	and Phase Margin, Stability of linear feedback control systems. Routh-Hurwitz and Nyquist
Torsion of shafts, Close coiled Helical springs, Thin and thick pressure versels, rotating	criteria. Root locus technique. Design of compensators. State variable methods in system
discs Buckling of columns	ancena. Received to annual. Design of compensators. Clate variable methods in system

Torsion of shafts, Close coiled Helical springs, Thin and thick pressure versels, rotating discs, Buckling of columns.

4. <u>Engineering Materials</u>: Basic concept of structure of solids, crystalline materials, crystal defects, alloys and binary phase diagrams, structures and properties of common engineering materials. Basics of polymers, ceramics and composite materials; Iron-Carbon equilibrium diagram, heat treatment of steels.

<u>(PART-B)</u>

5. <u>Manufacturing Science:</u> Machine tool Engineering, Merchant's force analysis, Taylor's tool life equation, conventional machining, NC and CNC machining Processes, jigs and fixtures, standard forming and welding processes.

6. <u>Non Convensional Machining Processes:</u> EDM, ECM, Ultrasonic machining, water jet machining etc, application of lasers and plasmas, energy rate calculations. Metrology: concept of fits and tolerances, tools and gauges, comparators, inspection of length, position, profile and surface finish.

 Manufacturing Management: Product development, value analysis, Break-even analysis, forecasting techniques, Operation Scheduling, Capacity Planning, Assembly line balancing, CPM and PERT, Inventory control, ABC Analysis, EOQ model, material requirement planning, job design, job standards, method study and work measurements.
 <u>Quality Management:</u> Quality analysis, control charts, acceptance, sampling, total quality management, Operations research, linear programming, graphical and simplex methods, Transportation and assignment models, single Serve queueing model, Value

criteria. Root locus technique. Design of compensators. State variable methods in system modeling, analysis and design. Controllability and Observability and their testing methods. Pole placement, design using state variables feedback. Control system components (Potentiometers, Tachometers, Synchros & Servomotors).

2. Industrial Electronics: Various power semiconductor devices. Thyristor & its protection and series-parallel operation. Single-phase and poly-phase uncontrolled rectifiers. Smoothing filters, D.C. regulated power supplies. Controlled converters and inverters, choppers. Cyclo-converters, A.C. voltage regulators. Application to variable speed drives. Induction and Dielectric heating.

SECTION-B: (HEAVY CURRENT)

(3) Electrical Machines: (IFundamentals of Electro-Mechanical energy conversion. Analysis of Electro-Magnetic torque and induced voltages. The general torque equation. (ii). Three- Phase Induction motors: Concept of revolving field. Induction motor as transformer. Phasor diagram and equivalent circuit. Performance evaluation. Correlation of induction motor operation with basic torque relations. Torque-speed characteristics. Circle diagram, starting and speed-control methods. (iii). Synchronous Machines: Generation of e.m.f.; Equivalent circuit, Experimental determimation of leakage and synchronous reactances. Theory of salient-pole machines. Power equation. Parallel operation. Transient and sub-transient reactances and time constants. Synchronous motor. Phasor diagram and equivalent circuit. Performance, V-curves. Power factor control, hunting. (iv). Special Machines: Two-phase A.C. servomotors.-Equivalent circuit 9. John Osborne: Look Back in Anger. and performance; Stepper motors. Methods of operation, Drive amplifiers. Half stepping. 10. Eugene O'Neill: Desire Under the Elms Reluctance type steppor motor, Principles and working of universal motor. Single-phase A.C. compersated series motor.

(4) Electric Drives: Fundamentals of electric drive, Rating estimation. Electric braking. Electro-mechanical transients during starting and braking, time and energy calculations. Load equalization. Solid-State control of D.C., Three-phase Induction and Synchronous motors. Applications of electric motors.

(5) Electric Traction: Various Systems of track electrification and their comparison Mechanics of train movement. Estimation of tractive effort and energy requirement. Electrification and their comparison, Traction motors and their characteristics.

(6) Power System and Protection: (a). Types of Power Station. Selection of site. General layout of Thermal, Hydro and Nuclear Stations. Economics of different types. Base load and peak load of stations. Pumped-storage Plants. (b). Transmission and Distribution: A.C. and D.C. Transmission systems. Transmission line parameters and calculations. Performance of Short, Medium and Long transmission lines, A-, B-, C-, D-parameters. Insulators. Mechanical design of overehead transmission lines and Sag calculation Corona and its effects, Radio interference. EHVAC and HVDC transmission lines, underground cables. Per unit representation of power system. Symmetrical and unsymmetrical fault analysis. Symmetrical components and their application to fault analysis. Load flow analysis using Gauss-Seidel and Newtor-Raphson methods. Fast de-coupled load flow

Steady-state and transient stability. Equal area criterion, Economic operation of power system, incremental fuel costs and fuel rate. Penalty factors. ALFC and AVR control for real-time operation of inter-connected power system. (c). Protection: Principle of arc extinction, Classification of circuit breakers. Restriking phenomenon. Calculation of restriking and recovery voltages. Interruption of small inductive and capacitive currents Testing of Circuit Breakers. (d). Relaying Principles: Primary and back-Up relaying, overcurrent, differential, impedance, and direction relaying principles. Constructional details. Protection schemes for transmission line, transformer, generator, and bus protection Current and potential transformer and their applications in relaying. Traveling waves Protection against surges, Surge impedance.

(OR)

SECTION-C (Light Current)

(7) Communication System: Amplitude, Frequency and Phase modulation and their comparison, Generation and detection of amplitude, frequency, phase and pulse modulated signals. Modulators and demodulators, Noise problems, Channel efficiency Sampling theorem. Sound and vision broadcost, transmitting and receiving systems Antennas and feeders. Transmission lines at Audio, Radio and ultra-high frequencies. Fiber-optics and optical communication systems. Digital communications, pulse code modulation. Data communication, satellite communication. Computer communication system- LAN, ISDN etc. Electronic Exchanges. (a) Microwaves: Electromagetic waves, unguided media, wave guides. Cavity resonators and Microwave tubes, Magnetrons. Klystrons and TVVT. Solid-State microwave devices. Microwave amplifiers. Microwave

11. Girish Karnad: Hayavadana

- 12. Thomas Carlyle: "Hero as a Poet"
- 13. John Ruskin: "The Veins of Wealth" (Essay II from Unto This Last) Section-C

Texts for non-detailed study are listed below:

- 1. Graham Greene: The Power and the Glory
- 2. William Golding: Lord of the Flies
- 3. Raja Rao: Kanthapura.
- 4. Nathaniel Hawthorne: The Scarlet Letter

26. URDU LITERATURE PAPER - FIRST:

PART-A

(1) Development of Urdu language, (a) Western Hindi and its dialects mainly khari Boli, Braj Bhasha and Haryanvi. (b) Persio- Arabic elements in Urdu. (c) Urdu Language from 1600 AD to 1900 AD (d) Different theories of the origin of Urdu language. (2) (a) Development of Urdu Literature in Deccan (b) Two classical Schools of Urdu Poetry-Delhi & Lucknow. (c) Development of Urdu prose upto Ghalib (3) (a) Aligarh movement. Progressive movement and their impact on Urdu Literature. (b) Urdu Literature after independence.

Part-B

Important genesis of poetry- Ghazal, Qasida, Marsiya, Masnavi Rubai, Qata, (1)Nazm. Blank Verse. Free Verse (2) Different Kinds of prose -Destan, Novel short Story. Drama. Literary Criticism. Biography, Essay. Khaka and Inshaiya (3) Role of Urdu literature in freedom movement.

URDU LITERATURE PAPER-SECOND

This paper will require first hand reading of the texts prescribed and will be designed to test the candidates critical ability.

PART-A (PROSE)

(1) Meer Amman: Bagh- O- Bahar. (2) Ghalib: Intekhab-E-Ghalib. Pub: Urdu Academy, Lucknow. (3) Hali: Muqaddam-E-Sher-O-Shairi. (4) Ruswa: Umrao Jan Ada (5) Prem Chand: Prem Chand ke Numainda Afsaney, Ed. Prof. Qamer Rais. (6) Abul Kalam Azad: Ghubar-e-Khatir. (7) Imtiaz AliTaj: Anarkali. (8) Qurratul Ain Hyder: Akhir-e-Shab ke Hamsafar, Mohammad Hasan: Zahak.

PART-B (POETRY)

(9) Meer: Intakhab-Kalam-E-Meer, Ed: Abdul Haq, (10) Sauda: Qasaid-E-Sauda (including Hajuviyat)-Pub. U.P. Urdu Academy (11) Ghalib: Diwan-e-Ghalib.(only Redeef Alif and noon) (12) Igbal: Kulliyat-e-Igbal (Bal-E-Gibrail only) (13) Josh Malihabadi: Saf-o-Subu (14), Firaq Gorakhpuri: Gul-e-Naghma. (15) Faiz: Dste-Saba, (16) Akhatar-ul-Iman: Treek Saiyyara, Bint-E-Lamhat.

27. ARABIC : PAPER-I

1 (a) Origin and development of the language in outline (b) Significant features of the

1. (a) Origin and development of the language in outline. (b) Significant features of the
grammar of the language and Rhetoric The following topics.
* Afal-e-naqesah
* Huroof-e-jaar wa majroor
* Izafat دوروس مار دفروس دوروس
* Sifat wa mausuf
* Mubtada wa khabar
* Istearah, Tashbih, Kinayah, Tazad
* Husn-e-Taleel
* Bahr-e-Ramal
* Bahr-e-Hazaj
* Bahr-e-Mutagarib
2. Literary History and Literary Criticism : Literary movement. Socio-cultural influence
(Classical Background) and modern trends. Origin & Development of modern literary
genres including novel, short story, drama & essay.
ARABIC: PAPER-II
This paper will require first-hand reading of the text prescribed and will be designed to test
the candidate critical ability.
SECTION-A : Poets
1. Imraul Qais : His Mullaqah: (Complete)
"Qifa Nabki min Zikra Habibbin wa Manzili"
2. Zuhair bin Abi Sulma : His Mullagah (complete)
"A min Ummi Aufa Diminatum lam takallami"
3. Al- Khansa : The following two elegies from her Diwan
4. Hasan bin Thabit : The following Qasaid from his Diwan: Qasida No. I to IV
الله حد حدهم معرد . (الإعرادياية، ولي مالكي
[1] حليهم بارسية (سام ريباب (٢) ملايان بالمان فتركل
5. Umar bin Abi Rabiyah : The following four Ghazals from his Diwan:
i) Fa jamma Tawaqafana (Complete)
ii) Lalita Hindan (complete)
iii) Aman Aal Niam (complete)
iv) Kitab (complete) د کست البکاس الدان ا
6. Al-Farazdaq: The following 4 Qasaid from his Diwan
[ر السلس التال و ال الما با (السلس السال ال الما الم
(iii) Wa Atlasa Assalin Wa Kana Sahiba (Complete)
iv) WA Kumin Tanamuha li Adhyal Ainan (Complete)
7. Abu Tammam : The following two from his Diwan:
i) Taludalid Aba-hasari (complete)
ii)Al wa'z wa al Zuhd (Complete)
8. Ahamad al Shawqi: The following four Qasaid from his Diwan (Al-shawqiat):
i) Masjid Aya Sufiyah (Vol. II) (complete)
ii) Onaba Bulunia (Vol.ii) (Complete)
iii) Salamun Min Saba (Vol. II) (complete) [طيدار وسلسا]
iv) Al- Hamziah al- Nabawiyah (Vol.I) (complete)
SECTION-B : Authors
1. Ibn ul Magaffa : "Kalila wa Dimna" Chapter (Complete) (excluding Mugaddamah)
1. Ibn ul Maqaffa : "Kalila wa Dimna" Chapter (Complete) (excluding Muqaddamah) "Al-Asad Wa Al-Thaur"

Sadis to wa min

Faruihi aljabr- wa - al Muqabilah". **3. Al-manfaluti :** Al- Nazarat Vol 1 Egypt 1950

The following stories:

i) Al-sidq wa al - kizb

ii) Al-Bauz wa al Insan iii) Fi sabit Al - Ihsan

iv)Al-ghani wa al - Faqir

4. Ahamd Amin : Hayati (Autobiography complete)

5. Taufiq al - Hakim : Drama: "Shahr Zad (complete)

SECTION-C Translation from Urdu to Arabic.

Note: Candidates will be required to answer some questions carrying not less than 10 per cent marks in Arabic also.

<u>28. हिन्दी साहित्य प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र</u>

भाग—1 हिन्दी भाषा तथा नागरी लिपि का इतिहास— 1. पालि, प्राकृत एवं अपभ्रंश तथा पुरानी हिन्दी का संक्षिप्त परिचय। 2. मध्यकाल में ब्रज और अवधी का काव्य भाषा के रूप में विकास। 3. खड़ी बोली साहित्यिक भाषा के रूप में विकास। 4. राजभाषा, सम्पर्क भाषा, राष्ट्रभाषा एवं मानक भाषा के रूप मे हिन्दी। 5. वैज्ञानिक और तकनीकी क्षेत्र में हिन्दी भाषा की स्थिति। 6. हिन्दी भाषा का क्षेत्र और अवधी, ब्रज, खड़ी बोली, भोजपुरी, बुन्देली का क्षेत्र एवं भाषिक विशेषताएं। 7. मानक हिन्दी का व्याकरणिक स्वरूप। 8. नागरी लिपि का उद्भव और विकास, देवनागरी लिपि की वैज्ञानिकता, समस्यायें और समाधान । 9. हिन्दी शब्द – सम्पदा।

(भाग-2 हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास)

1. हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास लेखन की परम्परा। 2. हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास में काल— विभाजन तथा नामकरण । 3. आदिकाल, भवित्तकाल, रीतिकाल, आधुनिक काल की प्रमुख प्रवृतियां। 4. आधुनिक कालः पुनर्जागरण और भारतेन्दु युग, द्विवेदी युग, छायावाद, प्रगतिवाद, प्रयोगवाद, नयी कविता एवं परवर्ती काव्यधारायें।

(क) हिन्दी उपन्यास, हिन्दी कहानी, हिन्दी नाटक एवं रंगमंचः उद्भव —विकास एवं इनकी अधुनातन प्रवृत्तियां (ख) हिन्दी निबन्ध तथा अन्य गद्य विधायेंः जीवनी, आत्मकथा, रेखाचित्र, संस्मरण यात्रा वृतांन्त। (ग) हिन्दी आलोचना का प्रांरम्भ और विकास। प्रमुख आलोचक ः रामचंद्र शुक्ल, नन्ददुलारे बाजपेयी, हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी, नगेन्द्र, रामविलास शर्मा, नामवर सिंह, रामस्वरूप चतुर्वेदी।

हिन्दी साहित्यः द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र,

(भाग— प्रथम)

इस प्रश्न–पत्र में निर्धारित रचनाओं में से व्याख्या एवं उन पर आलोचनात्मक प्रश्न पूछे जायेंगे। कबीर ग्रन्थावली, सम्पादक –श्याम सुन्दर दास, साखी संख्या 1 से 100 तक और पद संख्या 1 से 20 तक।

सूरदास (भ्रमरगीत सार) सम्पादक-रामचन्द्र शुक्ल, पद संख्या ५१ से १०० (कुल ५० पद)

तुलसीदांस— रामचरितमानस उत्तरकाण्ड— (दोहा संख्या— 75 से अन्त तक) । जायसी (पदमावत), **सम्पादक —** रामचन्द्र शुक्ल (सिंहलदीप खण्ड और नागमती वियोग खण्ड), बिहारी संग्रह (प्रारम्भ से 100 दोहे तक) हिन्दी परिषद प्रकाशन, इलाहाबाद ।

जयशंकर प्रसाद – कामायनी – (श्रद्धा और इंड़ा सर्ग) सुमित्रानन्दन पन्त– नौका बिहार, परिवर्तन, निराला – राम की शक्ति पूजा, अज्ञेय – असाध्यवीणा, मुक्ति बोध– अन्धेरे में, नागार्जुन–बादल को घिरते देखा है, अकाल के बाद।

(भाग द्वितीय)

नाटक– भारतेन्दु हरिश्चन्द्र **–** अन्धेर नगरी, जयशंकर प्रसाद–स्कन्द गुप्त,

निबन्ध— रामचन्द्र शुक्ल, चिन्तामणि भाग—एक (कविता क्या है, श्रद्धा और भक्ति)। हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी –कुटुज (निबन्ध)

उपन्यास– प्रेमचन्द्र–गोदान, फणीश्वरनाथ रेणु– मैला आंचल।

हिन्दी की कहानियां— 1— प्रेमचन्द्र— मॉ, 2— जयशंकर प्रसाद— आकाशदीप, 3—अज्ञेय—रोज, 4— राजेन्द्र यादव— जहां लक्ष्मी कैद है, 5— उषा प्रियम्बदा—वापसी।

29. PERSIAN : PAPER-I

Unit-1 - 1. Short essay in Persian (Compulsory.)

Unit-II - 2. (a) Origin and development of the language. (Old Persian, Pahlavi, Modern Persian). (b) Applied Grammar. **(c)** Rhetorics. **(d)** Prosody (Bahr-i-Hazaj Kamil, Bahr-i-Motagarih Mahzuf/Magsur, Bahr-i-Raiaz Kamil). Ashab Autad Fawasil Haruf-i-Oafia

Motaqarib Mahzuf/ Maqsur, Bahr-i-Rajaz Kamil). Asbab, Autad, Fawasil, Haruf-i-Qafia. **Unit-III - 3.** Literary History, Criticism, Movements; Socio-cultural influences, Modern Trends. **(a) Samanid Period:** (Important Poets and Writers) **(b) Ghazanavid Period :** (Firdausi) Rumi, Masud Sad-i-Salman, Tarikh-i-Baihaqi). **(c) Saljuquid Period :** (Anwari Attar, Khayyam, Kimya-i-Saadat, Chahar Maqala, Siyasat Nama). **(d) Ilkhanid Period :** (Sa'di, Rumi, 'Jame'-ut-Tawarikh, Tarikh-i-Jahan Kusha). **(e) Timurid Period :** (Hafiz, Salman Saoji, Khaju-i-Kirmani, Zafar Nama-i-Sharfuddin Yazdi, Tazkira-Daulat Shah Samarqandi, Jami) **(f) Indo-Persian Literature :** (Aufi, Khusrau, Faizi, Urfi, Naziri, Abul Fazl, Tarikh-i-Firuz Shahi of Barani, Chahar Chaman of Brahman, Ghalib, Iqbal). **(g) Safavid to Modern Period :** (Mohtashim Kashi, Qaani, Malik-ushshu'ara Bahar, Nimayushij, Parwin E'tesami, Simin Behbahani'Sadiq Hedayat, Jamalzada, Hejazi, Sabki-Khurasani, Sabk-i-Eraqi, Sabk-i-Hindi, Islamic Revolution of Iran).

Unit-IV - 4 Translation of ten out of fifteen simple sentences of Urdu into Persian (Compulsory).

PERSIAN: PAPER-II

The paper will require first hand reading of the texts prescribed and will be designed to test the candidates critical ability.

Unit-I - Prose - 1. Translation from the following texts : (a) Nizami Aruzi Samarqandi, Chahar Maqala (Dabiri and Sha'iri). **(b)** Saadi Shirazi Gulistan (Der Sirat-i-Padshahan and Dar Akhlaq-i- Derwishan) **(c)** Ziauddin Barani, Tarikh-i-Firuz Shahi (Wasaya-i-Sultan Balban be Ferzand-o-Wali Ahd-i-Khud). **(d)** Sadiq Hidayat Dash Akul, Talab-i-Amorzish, Girdab).

Unit-II - 2. Critical and biographical questions about the prescribed authors and their works (4 questions).

Unit-III - Poetry - 3. Explanation from the following texts : (a) Firdausi. Shahnamah (Dastan-i-Rustam-o-Sohrab and Dastan-i-Bizan-o-Maniza). (b) UmarKhayyam. Ruba' yat (Radif Alif) (c) Maulana Rum, Mathnavi (Hikayat-i-Shaban-o-Musa and Hikayat-i-Baqqalo-Tuti). (d). Amir Khusrau. Ghaziliyat (Radif Alif). (e) Hafiz-i-Shirazi. Ghaziliyat (Radif Alif). (f) Urfii- Shirazi. Qasidas(Dar tausif-i-Kashmir and Madh-i-Shahzada Salim). (g) Bahare-Mashhadi Diwani-Bahar (Jughd-i-Jang, Shabahang, Damawandiyeh, Wataniyeh).
Unit-iv - 4. Critical and Biographical questions regarding the poets and their work prescribed (4 questions)

(अनुमानपर्यन्त), सांख्यकारिका– ईष्वरकृश्ण, वेदान्तसार– सदानन्द, कठोपनिशद्–प्रथम अध्याय– द्वितीया वल्ली, श्रीमद्भगवद्गीता – द्वितीय अध्याय।

SECTION-D Sanskrit Poetics

(I) General Study of the Dhvani Theory and its kinds according to ध्वन्यालोक- प्रथम उद्योत of Anandavardhana.

(II) The following topics from the काव्यप्रकाष of Mammata: काव्यप्रयोजन, काव्यलक्षण, काव्यहेतु, काव्यभेद, शब्दषक्तियॉ, रससिद्धान्त, गुण तथा अनुप्रास, श्लेष, यमक, उपमा, रूपक, उत्प्रेक्षा, अपहनति, अतिषयोक्ति, व्यतिरेक, अर्थान्तरन्यास, विभावना, विषेशोक्ति, स्वभावोक्ति, समासोक्ति, अप्रस्तुतप्रषंसा, दृश्टान्त, दीपक एवं परिसंख्या अलंकार।

SECTION-E Essay in Sanskrit

The Essay in Sanskrit should not be less than 250 words.

SANSKRIT LITERATURE PAPER- II SECTION-A (Prose & Poetry)

First hand reading of the following texts: 1- कादम्बरी (षुकनासोपदेष), 2. षिवराजविजयम् (प्रथम निःष्वास), 3. नलचम्पू (प्रथम उच्छवास), 4. मेघदूतम् (पूर्वमेघ), किरातार्जुनीयम् (प्रथम सर्ग), 6. नीतिषतकम् । {One Question on above carrying 25 marks will be answered in Sanskrit}

SECTION-B (Sanskrit Drama)

Textual study of the following works: 1. अभिज्ञानषाकुन्तलम् (चतुर्थ अंक), 2. उत्तररामचरितम् (तृतीय अंक), 3. प्रतिमानाटकम् (प्रथम एवं द्वितीय अंक), 4. मृच्छकटिकम् (प्रथम अंक)।

SECTION- C (Technical Terms)

Knowledge of the following Sanskrit technical terms: महाकाव्य, खण्डकाव्य, कथा, आख्यायिका, चम्पू, प्रस्तावना, विश्कम्भक, प्रवेषक, सूत्रधार, वस्तूभेद, नायक भेद, विदूशक, पताकास्थानक, अर्थप्रकृतियॉ, कार्यावस्थाएँ, पंचसन्धियॉ, नियतश्राव्य, स्वगत, जनान्तिक, आकाषभाशित, नेपथ्य, नाटक प्रकरण एवं नाटिका।

SECTION-D (History of Sanskrit Literature)

General Study of Veda and Vedangas. Origin, development and characteristics of the following Literary genesis: आर्श महाकाव्य, महाकाव्य, गद्यकाव्य, गीतिकाव्य, नाटक एवं कथा साहित्य-Note: In this section one question carrying 25 marks will be answered in the form of short note on particular work/author.

<u>SECTION-E</u> - Translation from Hindi to Sanskrit.

31. Commerce and Accountancy

Paper-1

Accounting and Financial Management

Part-I: Accounting

1. Nature, concepts and branches of accounting, relationship between financial, cost and management accounting, advantages and limitations of accounting. Disclosure of Accounting Practices (AS-I)

2. Royalty-types, Accounting treatment for different royalties.

3. Hire Purchase System-Concept and features, Accounting process in the books of hire vendor and purchaser. Hire purchase Vs installment payment system.

4. Branch Accounting- dependent, independent and foreign branches; Accounting treatment branch account, final account, stock and debtor systems, wholesale price basis.
5. Problems of amalgamation and reconstruction (AS-14), Accounting of holding companies, Cash flow statement (AS-3)

6. Nature and functions of cost accounting, inventory valuation methods, construction of cost sheet; marginal costing- concept, significance, marginal Vs absorption costing, contribution, profit volume ratio and margin of safety.

Part-II: Financial Management

1. Nature, scope and objectives of Financial Management; Capital Budgeting decisions importance, process, limitations, methods-payback period, net present value, internal rate of return and average rate of return.

2. Sources of short, medium and long term funds, preference and equity shares, debenture and bond financing.

3. Working capital management-classification, dangers of inadequate working capital, approaches to estimation of working capital requirement, tools of cash, inventory and receivables management.

4. Cost of capital- Classification and determination, computation of weighted average cost of capital, leverage and its types.

5. Dividend policy- determinants, Walter, Gordan, Modigliani & Miller approaches, advantages and disadvantages of stable dividend policy.

6. Indian capital market- main attributes, distinction between capital and money markets, defects of capital market, working of Indian stock Exchanges, SEBI as a regulator.

Commerce and Accountancy

<u>Paper-II</u>

Organizational Behaviour and Human Resource Management Part-I: Organizational Behaviour

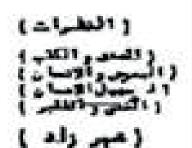
1. Nature and concept of organization, Organizational theories- classical, neo-classical, bureaucratic and system approaches, merits and demerits of centralization and decentralization.

2. Basis and Sources of power, power structure, barriers and politics.

3. Organizational Goals-Primary, Secondary, Single and multiple goals; displacement, succession, expansion and multiplication of goals.

4. Organization-Types, Structure, line and staff, functional, committee, matrix, and project, formal and informal organization, organizational conflict- causes, cures.

5. Organizational Change- Nature, Significance, causes, cures, Resistance to change and adaptation.



Unit-v - 5. Translation of an unseen Passage from English into Persian.

30. SANSKRIT LITERATURE: PAPER-1 SECTION- A Linguistics

Origin and development of language, Classification of languages, Indo-European and Middle Indo-Aryan Languages, Semantics: Trends and Reasons, Phonology, Phonetic changes, Human Vocal Organs with special reference to Sanskrit phonology, Points of Pronunciation and prayatnas of Sanskrit sounds, Comparision of Vedic and Classical Sanskrit languages.

SECTION-B Sanskrit Grammar

सन्धि, समास, कृदन्त, तद्धित, स्त्रीप्रत्यय एवं कारक from the Laghusiddhanta- Kaumudi.

SECTION-C Indian Philosophy

General study of Indian Philosophy based on the following texts:- तर्कभाशा – केषव मिश्र

Part-II Human Resource Management

HRM- Concept, objectives, significance, functions and challenges to HR Managers.
 Recruitment and selection, methods of training, executive development programmes.
 Motivation- Concept, theories- Maslow's Need Hierarchy, Herzberg's health & hygiene and Alderman's Z theory. Determinants of morale, morale and productivity.

4. Leadership- types and styles, Wages- methods of wage payment, wage differential and wage policy in India.

5. Industrial Relations-Nature, objectives, Scope and significance.

6. Collective Bargaining- Concept, features and requirements for successful bargaining; Worker's participation in management- levels and forms of participation, worker's participation in India.

7. Industrial disputes- reasons of industrial disputes, strike, lockout, prevention and settlement of industrial disputes; Trade Union- concept, types and trade union movement in India.

32. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION: PAPER-I-Administrative Theory

I. Basic concept: Meaning, Scope and significance of Public Administation; Evalution of Public Administration as discipline (New Public Admn., New Public Management and New Public Services), Public and Private Administration; its role in developed and developing societies; Ecology of Administration-Social Political, Economic and Culture.

II. Theories of Administration: Classical theory (Henri Fayol, Luther Gulick and others);

Contd...

Scientific management (Taylor and his associates): Bureaucreatic theory (Max Weber and PAPER-II his critics); Human Relations theory (Elton Mayo and his colleagues); Systems approach (a) Fluid Mechanics: fluid properties, units and dimensions; surface tension and capillarity, (Chester Bamard). equation of continuity, Bernoulli equation, laminar and turbulent flow, steady and unsteady flow, flow of fluids in pipes and open channels, design of open channels for non erosive and III. Principles of Organisation: Hierarchy; Unity of Command, Span of Control, Power, Authority and Responsibility. Coordination; Communication, Supervision, Centralisation, non silting valocities, most economical cross section, measurement of irrigation water and Decentralisation and Delegation. other water measuring devices viz. Weirs, notches, orifices and flumes. IV. Administrative Behaviour: Decision Making with special reference to the contribution (b) Surveying and Levelling: linear measurements; survey methods and devices used; of Herbert Simon, Theories of Communication, Morale, Motivation and Leadership. principle of levelling; differential and profile levelling; contouring and characteristics of V. Structure of Organisation: Chief Executive and his/her functions Line, Staff and contour lines; land levelling and grading; earth work estimation; earth moving machineries. Auxiliary Agencies, Departments, Corporation, Companies, Boards and Commissions, (c) Soil and Water Conservation Engineering: forms of precipitation; hydrologic cycle; Headquarters and field relationship. point rainfall analysis, frequency analysis; agricultural watershed and its management; VI. Personnel Administration: Bureaucracy and Civil Services, Classification, water management in agri-horti-acquaculture system, mechanics of water and wind Recruitment, Training, Career Development, Performance Appraisal, Promotion; Pay erosion; Rational method of prediction of peak runoff; concept of unit hydrograph and Structuring; Service conditions; Integrity and Discipline, Employer-Employee realations; instantaneous hydrograph; factors affecting erosion and run off; water erosion control Retirement benefits; Generalists and Specialists; Neutrality and Anoymity. measures- contour cultivation, strip cropping, terracing, including afforestation and VII. Financial Administration: Concepts of Budget, Preparation, enactment and pastures; design of gully control structures- temporary and permanent; stream bank execution of the Budget; Performance Budgeting, Zero Base Budgeting, Accounts and erosion; flood routing, flood amelioration by upstream watershed management; wind Audit. erosion control measures and sand dune stabilization. VIII. Accountability and Control: Concepts of Accountability and control. Control over (d) Pumps: design, construction and performance characteristics; selection, installation, Administration; Legislative, Executive, Judicial and Citizen control. servicing and maintenance of different pumps (reciprocating, centrifugal, gear, turbine, IX. Administrative Reforms: Concepts and processes, O & M, Work study and its submersible, propeller, jet); hydraulic ram; renewable and non-renewable power sources techniques, Problems and prospects. for pumping; solar pumps. X. Administrative Law: Concepts and significance, Delegated Legislation, Meaning, (e) Irrigation Engineering: water wealth and irrigation in India; soil water plant types advantages, limitations and safeguards, Administrative Tribunals. relationship; basic soil physical properties influencing soil water relationship; forms and XI. Comparative and Development Administration: Meaning, nature and scope; occurrence of soil water; methods and devices for soil moisture measurement; water Contribution of Fred Riggs with special reference to the Prismatic-Sala Model; Concepts requirement of crops; irrigation scheduling; irrigation methods viz flood, border, furrow, Scope and significance of development Administration, Political, Economic and sociosprinkler and drip irrigation, their hydraulics and design; concept of irrigation efficiencies; cultural context of Development Administration, Concepts of Administrative Development. water conveyance and control; design of canals, Lacey and Kennedy's theories. XII. Public Policy: Concepts and significance, Theories of public, public policy (f) Drainage Engineering: drainage needs and its benefits; Darcy's Law, hydraulic formulation, execution and evaluation. conductivity; drainage coefficient; drainage methods, surface drainage (drainage of flat PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION: PAPER-II and sloping lands); design of open ditches their alignment and construction; designs and **INDIAN ADMINISTRATION** layout of subsurface drains; depth and spacing of drains and drainage outlets; installation I. Evolution of Indian Administration: Major Characteristics of Mauryan, Mughal and of drains and drainage wells; drainage of salt affected areas. British Periods. (g) Rural Engineering: building materials and their properties; farmstead planning, factor II. Constitutional Setting: Parliamentary Democracy; Federalism; Secularism affecting location of farmstead; design of dairy barns, poultry housing, Planning and Socialism. Design of rural houses, farm roads, village drainage; waste disposal and sanitary III. Poitical Executive at the Union Level: President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers: structures; cost estimates; rural electrification; integrated rural energy planning and Cabinet Committees. development. IV. Structure of control Administration: Central Secretariat; Cabinet secretariat **34. MEDICAL SCIENCE** Ministries and Departments, Boards and Commissions, Field Organizations. PAPER-I V. Central-State Relations: Legislative, Administrative and Financial. 1. Human Anatomy: VI. Public Services: All India, Central and State Services. Union and State Public Service Gross anatomy, applied anatomy, blood supply and lymphatic drainage of tongue, thyroid, Commissions: Training of Civil Servants. mammary gland, stomach, liver, prostate, gonads, uterus, Heart and lungs. VII. Machinary for Planning: Plan formulation at the national level; NITI Aayog, National Applied anatomy including blood and nerve supply of upper and lower limbs and joints of Development Council, Planning Machinery at the State and District levels. shoulder, hip and knee. VIII. Public Sector Undertakings: Forms, Top-level Managements, control and Applied anatomy of diaphragm, perineum and inguinal region. Problems. Applied anatomy of kidney, urinary bladder, uterine tubes and vas deferens. IX. Control over Public Expenditure: Parliamentary Control; Role of the Finance Embryology: Placenta and placental barrier. Development of heart, gut, kidney, uterus, Ministry, Comptroller and Auditor General. ovary, testis and their common congenital abnormalities. X. Administration of Law and Order: Role of Central and State Agencies in Maintenance Central and peripheral autonomic nervous system: Gross and clinical anatomy of of Law and Order. ventricles of brain, circulation of cerebrospinal fluid; Neural pathways and lesions of XI. State Administration: Governor, Chief Minister, Council of Ministers, Chief Secretary, cutaneous sensations, hearing and vision; Cranial nerves, distribution and clinical Secretariat: Directorates. significance; Components of autonomic nervous system, Internal capsule and cerebral XII. District Administration: Role and importance, District Magistate / Collector, Land cortex. Revenue, Law and Order and Developmental functions, District Rural Development 2- HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY Angency, Special Programmes of Rural Areas. Blood-XIII. Local Administration: Panchayti Raj and Urban Local Government, Features, forms IMMUNITY, THROMBOCYTOPENIA and problems, Autonomy of Local Bodies. CVS CARDIC CYCLE, XIV. Administration for Welfare: Administration for the welfare of weaker sections with RESPIRATION-OBSTRUCTIVE DISEASES, ACID BASE BALANCE particular reference to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes; Programme for the welfare of KIDNEY-MICTURATION REFLEX, Women. GIT- PEPTIC ULCER, LIVER FAILURE, JAUNDICE (OBSTRUCTIVE, HEPATIC, XV. Issue Areas in Indian Administration: Relationship between political and permanent HEMOLYTIC) ACUTE PANCRETITIS) Executives, Generalists and Specialists in Administration, Integrity in Administration, ENDOCRINE - GOITER, OSTEOMALACIA, MASTER GLAND People's Participation in Administration, Redressal of Citizen's Grievances; Lok Pal and CNS-CEREBRAL STROKE, PARKINSON'S Lok Ayuktas; Administration Reforms in India. DISEASE, HEMIPLEGIA PARAPLEGIA **33. AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING** SPECIAL SENSES-NIGHT BLINDNESS, CATRACT, MYOPIA, HYPERMETROPIA PAPER-I AMBLAYOPIA (a) Thermodynamics and Heat Engines: concept of energy, temperature and heat REPRODUCTION - PREGNANCY TESTS, LACTATION, AMENORRHOEA, STERLITY equations; laws of thermodynamics, pure substances and their properties; entropy; IN MALE & FEMALE, OVULATION, SPERM COUNT Rankine, air standard otto, diesel and joule cycles; indicator diagrams. 3. Biochemistry: (b) Farm Power: sources and status of power in India; farm power and agricultural 1. Organ function tests-liver, Kidney, thyroid. productivity relationship; construction and operation features of IC engines, various 2. Protein synthesis. systems of an IC engine viz carburetion, ignition, cooling, lubrication, valves and valve 3. Vitamins and minerals. timing; special features of Diesel engines; Tractors and their classification, power 4. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) transmission systems and devices, repair and maintenance; Tractor testing and tractor 5. Enzymes & Biomarkers economics; power tillers- their economics and suitability, energy in agriculture. 6. Diabetes Mellitus & Blood Sugar Level. (c) Farm Machinery: design, construction, operation, repair and maintenance of tillage 7. DNA Replication.

tools, implements and equipment viz. Mould board and disk ploughs; hoe, harrow and 8. RNA Transcription

cultivator: seeding and planting machines: weeders, spravers and dusters: harvesters		
cultivator; seeding and planting machines; weeders, sprayers and dusters; harvesters,	9. DNA Repair Mechanism.	
threshers and combines; soil and crop factors influencing machine performance and	10. Lipid Profile	
energy requirement; selection of farm machines, economics of agricultural mechanization.	11. Nutrition	
(d) Mass Transfer: thermal properties of materials, steady state and transient heat	12. Hemoglobin.	
conduction, natural and forced convection; boiling, condensation, thermal radiation	13 Eroo Padical & Antiovidants	
exchange; heat exchangers; heat and mass transfer analogy, Fick's laws of diffusion,	4. Pathology:	
psychrometrics; analysis of heat and mass transfer processes; instrument and	Inflammation and repair, disturbances of growth and cancer, Pathogenesis and	
measurement systems.	histopathology of rheumatic and ischemic heart disease, Diabetes mellitus. Differentiation	
(e) Process and Food Engineering: protected cultivation- green house concept,	between benign and malignant tumours. Pathogenesis and histopathology of	
structures and instruments; unit operations in post harvest processing (cleaning, grading,	bronchogenic carcinoma, carcinoma breast, oral cancer, cancer cervix, leukemia,	
drying, size reduction, evaporation, pasteurization, distillation etc.); processing of cereals,	Etiology, pathogenesis and histopathology of – cirrhosis liver, glomerulonephritis,	
pulses, oilseeds, fruits & vegetables, animal feed, spices, dairy products, meat etc. design	tuberculosis. Anemia, Thalassemia, Fatty liver, Cholelithiasis, Inflammatory, Bowel	
of processing equipment and processing systems; Milking Machines.	Disease, Autoimmunity, Stem cell.	
(f) Storage and Handling: changes in stored products during storage; storage of food	5. Mecrobiology:	
grains and their products, perishables (vegetable fruits, dairy product, meat, eggs);	Humoral and cell mediated immunity, Koch's postulates	
storage system- airtight ventilated, refrigerated, modified atmospheric and controlled	Diseases caused by and laboratory diagnosis of –	
atmospheric storages; packaging; conveyors; design and management of storage and		
handling systems.	Meningococcus, Salmonella Shigella, Herpes, Dengue, Polio, Bacteriophages, Influenza	
AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING	virus, Japanese encephalitis virus, Tuberculosis, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, E. histolytica, Giardia	
	Contd	

Candida, Cryptococcus, Aspergillus.	Communicable Diseases (RNTCP, NVBDCP, AIDS), ii) Non-communicable Diseases
6. Pharmacology:	(National Programme for Control of Non-communicable Diseases, National Mental Health
Drug Nomenclature	programmes, Geriatric Mental Health)
Adverse Drug Reactions	10. Occupational Health
Drug Act & Drug Schedules	11. Disaster Management and Health Management in fairs and festivals
Drug Clinical trial	12. Policies, acts and legislations related to health
Drug Life,	13. National and International Health Organizations.
Drug Advertisement	APPENDIX-7
Drug Addiction	PLAN OF EXAMINATION AND SYLLABUS for Main (Written) Examination of
Pharmaco Vegilance Programme	Assistant Conservator of Forest / Range Forest Officer Services Examination.
Prescription Writing	Plan of Main (Written) Examination
Side effects of the following drugs:	S.N. Question Paper Time Period Marks
Antipyretics and analgesics, Antibiotics,	01 Paper-I General Hindi and Essay (Conventional Type) 3 hours 200
Antimalaria, Antikala-azar, Antidiabetics,	02 Paper-II General Studies-Ist Paper (Objective Type) 2 hours 200
Antihypertensive, Antiviral, Antiparasitic, Antifungal,	03 Paper-III General Studies-IInd Paper (Objective Type) 2 hours 200
Immunosuppressants	04 Paper-IV Optional Subject-I (First 3 hours 200
Anticancer. Anti-diarrheal, Antitubercular, Diuretics.	Question Paper) (Conventional Type)
7. Forensic Medicine and Toxicology:	Paper-V Optional Subject-I (Second 3 hours 200
Medical Ethics and Law, Medico legal aspect of pregnancy, delivery and abortion; Sexual	Question Paper) (Conventional Type)
offences, Forensic examination of injuries and wounds; Examination of blood and seminal	
stains; poisoning, sedative overdose, hanging, drowning, burns, DNA and finger print	
study.	Paper-VII Optional Subject-II (Second 3 hours 200
Medical Science- Paper –II	Question Paper) (Conventional Type)
1. General Medicine:	Total Marks of all the question papers 1400
A) Aetiology, Clinical features, diagnosis and principals of management (including	Personality Test (Interview) - 150 Marks
prevention) of: Tetanus, Rabies, HIV / AIDS, Dengue, Japanese Encephalitis, Typhoid,	Grand Total - 1400 + 150 = 1550 Marks
Leprosy, Tuberculosis, Malaria, Indian Kala-azar, Rheumatic Heart disease.	Any two subjects to be selected from the following list of the optional subjects- 1. Agriculture
B) Actiology, Clinical features, diagnosis and principals of management of: Ischemic Heart	Agriculture Agriculture Engineering
Disease, Hypertension, Diabetes Mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Hyper thyroidism, Epilepsy,	
Bronchial Asthma, Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease (COPD), Pleural Effusion, Viral Hepatitis	
and Cirrhosis of Liver, Peptic Ulcer Disease, Pneumonia, Occupational Lung disease.	4. Chemistry
C) Aetiology, Clinical features, diagnosis and principals of management of:	5. Chemical Engineering
Glomurulonephritis, Nephrotic / Nephritic Syndrome, Renal Failure, Hyponatremia,	6. Civil Engineering
Anemia, Thalassemia, Haemophillia, Leukaemia, Lymphoma, Rheumatoid Arthritis,	7. Forestry
Osteoporosis, Urinary Tract Infections, Meningitis, Encephalitis.	8. Geology
D) Medical Emergencies: Heat stroke, Drowning, Carbon monoxide poisoning, Organo-	9. Mathematics
phosphorus poisoning, Aluminium phosphoid poisoning.	10. Mechanical Engineering
E) Anxiety, Psychosis, Schizophrenia, Dementia	11. Physics
F) Medico-legal aspect of Hanging, Alcoholism,	12. Statistics
G) Investigative Procedures in Medicine: Ultrasonography, CT Scan, MRI,	13. Zoology
Echocardiography, Endoscopy, Bone Marrow aspiration, CSF examination, Complete	14. Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science
Blood Count.	15. Horticulture
2. Pediatrics:	16. Environmental Science.
Immunization, Baby friendly hospital, Breast feeding, congenital cyanotic heart disease,	Provided that the candidates will not be allowed to offer the following combination of
respiratory distress syndrome, broncho-pneumonias, Neonatal hyperbilirubinemia,	subjects-
Kernicterus. IMNCI classification and management, PEM grading and management, ARI	(a) Agriculture, Agriculture Engineering and Horticulture
and Diarrhea of under five years children and their management.	(b) Mathematics and Statistics
3. Dermatology:	(c) Chemistry and Chemical Engineering
Psoriasi, scabies, eczema, vitiligo, Stevan Johnson's syndrome and TEN, Lichen Planus,	(d) of the Engineering Subjects viz. Agriculture Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Civil
Leprosy, Bacterial viral and fungal infections of skin.	Engineering and mechanical Engineering not more than one subject.
4. General Surgery:	Note- The standard and syllabus of the subjects mentioned above are given in this
Clinical features, causes, diagnosis and principles of management of cleft palate, harelip.	advertisement under schedule to the appendix-8.
Laryngeal tumor, oral and esophageal tumors.	APPENDIX -8
Peripheral arterial diseases, varicose veins,	General Instructions and Syllabus for Main (Written) Examination of Assistant
Tumours of Thyroid, Adrenal Glands, BreastAbscess, cancer, fibroadenoma and adenosis	
Bleeding peptic ulcer, tuberculosis of bowel, ulcerative colitis, cancer stomach.	1. All the question papers for the examination will be of conventional (essay) type but
Renal mass, Cancer Prostate, Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH).	general studies will be objective type.
Haemothorax, stones of Gall bladder, Kidney, Ureter and Urinary Bladder.	 All question papers must be answered in Hindi or English. Question papers will be set in
	Hindi and English.
Management of surgical conditions of Rectum, Anus and Anal canal, Gall bladder and Bile	3. The duration of each of the papers referred to above will be three hours but general
ducts.	
Portal hypertension, liver abscess, peritonitis, Peri Ampullary Carcinoma Fractures of	
spine, Colles' fracture and bone tumors.	Personality Test
Endoscopy.	The candidate will be interviewed by a board of competent and unbased observers.
Laparoscopic Surgery.	Personality test will be 150 Marks.
Advance Trauma Life Support System (ATLS)	<u>Schedule</u>
Surgical Ethics.	The standard of papers in General Hindi and General Studies will be such as may
5. Obstetrics and Gynaecology including Family Planning:	expected of a Science or Engineering Graduate of an Indian University.
Fertilization and Implantation, Development, Function and Abnormalities of placenta.	The Scope of the Syllabus for optional subject papers for the examination is
Diagnosis of pregnancy, Antenatal care.	broadily of the Honour's Degree level i.e. available higher than the Bachelor's Degree
Labour management, complications of 3rd stage, Antepartum and postpartum hemorrhage,	and lower than the Master's Degree. In the case of Engineering subject, the level
resuscitation of the newborn, Management of abnormal lie and difficult labour,	corresponds to the Bachelor's Degree. There shall be no practical exam. in any subject.
Management of small for date, Fetal growth restriction or premature newborn.	OPTIONAL SUBJECTS
Diagnosis and management of anemia, Preeclampsia and Eeclampsia of pregnancy,	Total number of questions in the question papers of optional subjects will be eight.
Management of Rh-Negative, Diabetes with pregnancy, multiple pregnancy. Birth injuries.	All questions will carry equal marks. Each paper will be divided into two parts, viz. Part A
Management of Abortion, Ectopic pregnancy.	and Part B, each part containing four questions. Out of eight questions, five questions are
Intra-uterine devices, pills, tubectomy and vasectomy, Medical termination of pregnancy	to be attempted. One question in each part will be compulsory. Candidates will be required
including legal aspects.	to answer three more questions out of the remaining six questions, taking at least one
Development of genital organs. Congenital anomalies of uterus and their treatment	question from each part. In this way, at least two questions will be attempted from each part

Development of genital organs, Congenital anomalies of uterus and their treatment. question from each part. In this way, at least two questions will be attempted from each part

Vaginal discharge, pelvic pain, infertility, Abnormal uterine bleeding (AUB), Fibroid and	
prolapsed of uterus.	सामान्य हिन्दी एवं निबन्ध
Management of Post-menopausal Syndrom.	प्रथम खण्ड सामान्य हिन्दी निर्धारित अंक 100
Cancer cervix, Carcinoma body of uterus and ovary.	1. अपठित गद्यांश का संक्षेपण, उससे सम्बन्धित प्रश्न, रेखांकित अंशों की व्याख्या एवं उसका उपयुक्त शीर्षक ।
6. Community Medicine (Preventive & Social Medicine)	2. शासकीय, अर्द्धशासकीय, वैयक्तिक तथा व्यवसायिक समस्याओं के निराकरण हेतु सम्बन्धित को सम्बोधित
1. Concepts of health and disease	पत्र, कार्यालय आदेश, अधिसूचना और परिपत्र सम्बन्धी पत्रलेखन / आलेखन ।
2. Principles, methods, approach and measurement of Epidemiology	3. अनेकार्थी शब्द, विलोम शब्द, पर्यायवाची शब्द, तत्सम एवं तद्भव, क्षेत्रीय, विदेशी (शब्द भण्डार), वर्तनी,
3. Food and nutrition security, Nutritional Diseases / disorders & National Nutritional	अर्थबोध, शब्द–रूप, संधि, समास, क्रियायें, हिन्दी वर्णमाला, विराम चिन्ह, शब्द रचना, वाक्य रचना, अर्थ,
Programmes.	मुहावरे एवं लोकोक्तियाँ, उ.प्र. की मुख्य बोलियाँ तथा हिन्दी भाषा के प्रयोग में होने वाली अशुद्धियाँ।
4. Components of environment, pollution related disesses, and Total Sanitary Campaign,	द्वितीय खण्ड हिन्दी निबन्ध निर्धारित अंक 100
Management of Hospital and Industrial waste, Nosocomial Infections.	इसके अन्तर्गत दो उपखण्ड होंगे। प्रत्येक उपखण्ड से एक–एक निबन्ध (कुल मिलाकर दो निबन्ध) लिखने
5. Health Information System, Basics of Medical Statistics, Demography and Information,	होंगे । प्रत्येक निबन्ध की विस्तार सीमा 700 शब्द होगी । निबन्ध हेतु निम्नवत् क्षेत्र होंगे:–
education & communication	(अ) (İ) साहित्य, संस्कृति (İİ) राष्ट्रीय विकास योजनायें / क्रियान्वयन (İİİ) कृषि, उद्योग एवं व्यापार।
6. Health management and administration: Techniques, Tools, Programme	(a) (i) विज्ञान, पर्यावरण (ii) प्राकृतिक आपदायें एवं उनके निवारण (iii) राष्ट्रीय, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय, सामयिक
implementation and Evaluation.	सामाजिक समस्यायें / निदान
7. Critical appraisal of Health Care Delivery System	General Studies, Paper-I
8. Objectives, Components, Goals and Status of Reproductive and child Health, National	1. History of India - Ancient, Mediaeval, Modern
health Mission Millennium and Sustainable Developments Goals.	2. Indian National Movement and Indian Culture.
9. Objectives, components and critical appraisal of National Health Programmes: i) For	3. Population, Environment and Urbanization in Indian Context.
	Contd

4. World Geography, Geography of India and its natural resources.

5. Current events of national and International Importance.

6. Indian Agriculture, Trade and Commerce.

7. Specific Knowledge of U.P. regarding education, Cultural, Agricultural, Trade Commerce, the methods of living and Social Customs.

History of India and Indian culture will cover the broad history of the country from about the middle of the nineteenth century and would also include guestions on Gandhi, Tagore and Nehru. The part on current events of national and international Importance will include questions also on sports and games.

General Studies, Paper-II

1. Indian Polity

2. Indian Economy

3. General Science (Role of Science and technology in the development of India including science in every day life)

4. General Mental ability.

5. Statistical Analysis, Graphs and Diagrams.

The part relating to Indian polity will include questions on the political system in India and Indian constitution. The Indian economy will cover broad features of economic policy in India. The part relating to role and impact of science and technology in the development of India, questions will be asked to test the candidates awareness in this field. Emphasis will be on the applied aspects. The part relating to statistical analysis, graphs and diagrams will include exercise to test the candidates ability to draw common sense conclusions from information presented in statistical graphical or diagrammatical form and to point out deficiencies limitation or inconsistencies there in.

OPTIONAL SUBJECTS

Total number of questions in the question papers of optional subjects will be eight. Al questions will carry equal marks. Each paper will be divided into two parts, viz. Part A and Part B, each part containing four questions. Out of eight questions, five questions are to be attempted. One question in each part will be compulsory. Candidates will be required to answer three more questions out of the remaining six questions, taking at least one question from each part. In this way, at least two questions will be attempted from each Part i.e. one compulsory question plus one more.

AGRICULTURE PAPER-I

Ecology and its relevance to man, natural resources, their sustainable managemen

and conservation, Physical and Social environment as factors of crop distribution and production Climatic elements as factors of crop growth, Impact of changing environmen on cropping pattern as indicators of environments. Environmental pollution and associated hazards to crops, animals, and humans.

Cropping pattern in different agro-climatic zones of the country, Impact of high-yielding and short-duration varieties on shifts in cropping pattern. Concepts of multiple cropping multi-storey, relay and inter-cropping, and their importance in relation to food production Package of practices for production of important cereals, pulses, oil seeds, fibres, sugar commercial and fodder crops grown during Kharif and Rabi seasons in different regions o the country.

Important features, scops and propagation of various types of forestry plantations such as extension, social forestry, agro-forestry and natural forests.

Weeds, their characteristics, dissemination and association with various crops; their multiplications; cultural, biological and chemical control of weeds. Soil-physical, chemical and biological properties, Processes and factors of soil formation. Modern classification of Indian soils, Mineral and organic constituents of soils and their role in maintaining soil productivity. Essential plant nutrients and other beneficial elements in soils and plants Principles of soil fertility and its evaluation for judicious fertiliser use, integrated nutrient management. Losses of nitrogen in soil, nitrogen-use efficiency in submerged rice soils. nitrogen fixation in soils. Fixation of phosphorus and potassium in soils and the scope for their efficient use. Problem soils and their reclamation methods.

Soil conservation planning on watershed basis, Erosion and run-off management in hilly foot hills and valley lands; processes and factors affecting them. Dry land agriculture and its problems. Technology of stabilising agriculture production in rain fed agriculture area.

Water-use efficiency in relation to crop production, criteria for scheduling irregations, ways and means of reducing run-off losses of irrigation water. Drip and sprinkler irrigation Drainage of water- logged soils, quality of irrigation water, effect of industrial effluents or soils and water pollution.

Farm management, scope, important and characteristics, farm planning. Optimum resources use and budgeting. Economics of different types of farming systems.

Marketing and pricing of agricultural inputs and outputs, price fluctuations and their cost role of co-operatives in agricultural economy; types and systems of farming and factors affecting them.

Agricultural extension, its importance and role, methods of evaluation of extension, programmes, socio-economic survey and status of big, small and marginal farmers and landless agricultural laborers; farm mechanization and its role in agricultural production and rural employment. Training programmes for extension workers; lab-to-land programmes.

AGRICULTURE

PAPER-II

structure and function, gene structure and function. Laws of heredity, their significance in methods and cost estimation. Ergonomics of man-machine system. Machinery for

Enzymes and plant pigments; photosynthesis-modern concepts and factors affecting the process, aerobic and nonaerobic respiration; c, c and CAM mechanisms, Carbohydrate, protein and fat metabolism.

Growth and development; photoperiodism and vernalization. Auxins, hormones and other plant regulators and their mechanism of action and importance in agriculture. Physiology of seed development and germination; dormancy. Climatic requirements and cultivation of major fruits, plants, vegetables crops and flower plants; the package of practices and their scientific basis. Handling and marketing problems of fruit and vegetables. Principal methods of preservation of Important fruits and vegetable products, processing techniques and equipment. Role of fruits and vegetables in human nutrition. Raising of ornamental plants and design and layout of lawns and gardens.

Diseases and pests of field vegetables, orchard and plantation crops of India. Causes and classification of plant pests and diseases. Principles of control of plant pests and diseases. Biological control of pests and diseases. Integrated pest and disease management. Epidemiology and forecasting. Pesticides, their formulations and modes of action. Compatibility with rhizobial Inoculants. Microbial Toxins, Storage pests and diseases of cereals and pulses and their control.

Food production and consumption trends in India. National and International food policies. Production, procurement, distribution and processing constraints. Relation of food production to national dietary pattern, major deficiencies of calorie and protein.

AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I

SECTION A

1. Soil and Water Conservation: Scope of - Soil and water conservation. Mechanics and types of erosion, their causes. Mechanics and types of erosion, their causes. Rainfall, runoff and sedimentation relationships and their measurement. Soil erosion control measures-biological and engineering including stream bank protection-vegetative, barriers, contour bunds, contour trenches, contour stone walls, contour ditches, terraces, outlets and grassed waterways. Gully control structures-temporary and permanent-design of permanent soil conservation structures such as chute, drop and drop inlet spiliways. Design of farm, ponds and percolation ponds. Principles-of flood control-flood routing. Watershed Management-investigation, planning and implementation-selection of priority areas and water shed work plan, water harvesting and moisture conservation. Land development-levelling, estimation of earth volumes and costing. Wind Erosion processdesign of shelter belts and wind brakes and their management. Forest (Conservation) Act. 2. Aerial Photography and Remote Sensing: Basic characteristics of photographic images, interpretation keys, equipment for interpretation, imagery interpretation for land use, geology soil and forestry.

Remote sensing-merits and demerits of conventional and remote sensing approaches. Types of satellite images, fundamentals of satellite image interpretation, techniques of visual and digital interpretations for soil, water and land use management. Use of GIS in planning and development of watersheds, forests including forest cover, water resources etc.

SECTION B

3. Irrigation and Drainage: Sources of water for irrigation. Planning and design of minor irrigation projects. Techniques of measuring soil moisture-laboratory and in situ, soil-water plant relationships. Water requirement of crops. Planning conjunctive use of surface and ground water. Measurement of irrigation water, measuring devices-orifices, weirs and flumes. Methods of irrigation-surface, sprinkler and drip, fertigation. Irrigation efficiencies and their estimation. Design and construction of canals, field channels, underground pipelines, head-gates, diversion boxes and structures for road crossing.

Occurence of ground water, hydraulics of wells, types of wells (tube wells and open wells) and their construction. Well development and testing. Pumps-types, selection and installation. Rehabilitation of sick and failed wells.

Drainage causes of water logging and salt problems. Methods of drainage-drainage of irrigated and unirrigated lands, design of surface, sub-surface and vertical drainage systems. Improvement and utilization of poor quality water. Reclamation of saline and alkali soils. Economics of irrigation and drainage systems. Use of waste water for irrigationstandards of waste water for sustained irrigation, feasibility and economics.

4. Agricultural Structures: Site selection, design and construction of farmstead-farm house, cattle shed, dairy barn, poultry shed, hog housing, machinery and implement shed, storage structures for food grains, feed and forage. Design and construction of fences and farm roads. Structures for plant environment-green houses, poly houses and shade houses. Commonbuilding materials used in construction-timber, brick, stone, tiles, concrete etc. and their properties. Water supply, drainage and sanitation systems.

AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING PAPER-II

SECTION 'A'

1. Farm power and machinery: Agricultural mechanization and its scope. Sources of farm power-animate and electromechanical, Thermodynamics, construction and working of internal combustion engines. Fuel, ignition, lubrication, cooling and governing system of IC engines. Different types of tractors and power tillers. Power transmission, ground drive, power take off (p.t.o.) and control system. Operation and maintenance of farm machinery for primary and secondary tillage. Traction theory, Sowing transplanting and interculture implements and tools. Plant protection equipment-spraying and dusting. Harvesting, Cell Theory, cell structure, cell organelles and their function, cell division, nucleic acids- threshing and combining equipment. Machinery for earth moving and land development-

		1
	horticulture and agro-forestry, feeds and forages. Haulage of agricultural and forest	
and their significance in recombination breeding. Polyploidy, euploids and aneuploids,		
	2. Agro-energy: Energy requirements of agricultural operations and agroprocessing.	
	Selection, Installation, safety and maintenance of electric motors for agricultural	
improvement, Cytoplasmic inheritance, sex-linked, sex-influenced and sex-limited	applications. Solar (thermal and photovoltic), wind and biogas energy and their utilization	
characters.	in agriculture, gasification of biomass for running IC engines and for electric power	
	generation. Energy efficient cooking stoves and alternate cooking fuels. Distribution of	
and evolution of crop plants, centre of origin, law of homologous series, crop genetic	electricity for agricultural and agro-industrial applications.	
resources-conservation and utilization, Application of principles of plant breeding to the		
	3. Agricultural Process Engineering: Post harvest technology of crops and its scope.	
	Engineering properties of agricultural produces and by products. Unit operations cleaning	
	grading, size reduction, densification, concentration, drying/dehydration, evaporation, filtration,	
of interspecific and intergeneric hybridization. Role of biotechnology in plant breeding.	freezing and packaging of agricultural produces and by-products. Material handling equipment-	
Improved varieties, hybrids, composites of various crop plants.	belt and screw conveyors, bucket elevators, their capacity and power requirement.	
	Processing of milk and dairy products- homogenisation, cream separation, pasteurization,	
	sterilization, spray and roller drying, butter making, Ice cream, cheese and shrikhand	
and marketing in India.	manufacture. Waste and by product utilization rice husk, rice bran, sugarcane bagasse,	
Physiology and its significance in agriculture, imbibition, surface tension, diffusion and		
osmosis. Absorption and translocation of water, transpiration and water economy.	4. Instrumentation and computer applications in Agricultural Engineering:	

Electronic devices and other characteristics rectifiers, amplifiers, oscillators, multivibrators, Digital circuits-sequential and combinational system. Application of microprocessors in data acquisition and control of agricultural engineering processes-measurement systems for level, flow, strain, force, torque, power, pressure, vacuum and	
temperature. Computer-intruduction, input/outputdevies, central processing unit, memory devices, operating systems, processors, keyboards and printers. Algorithms, flowchart	3. Solid State Forms of solids, law of constancy of interfacil angles, crystal systems and crystal classes
specification, programme translation and problem analysis in Agricultural Engineering. Multimedia and Audio-Visual aids.	(crystallographic groups). Designation of crystal faces, lattice structures and unit cell.
BOTANY	Laws of rational indices. Bragg's law. X-ray diffraction by crystals. Close packing, radious ratio rules, calculation of some limiting radius ration values. Structures of NaCI, ZnS, CsCI,
PAPER-I	CaF2, Cdl2 and rutile. Imperfection in crystals, stoichiometric and nonstoichiometric
1. Microbiology and Plant Pathology: Viruses; bacteria and plasmids-structure and reproduction, General account of infection, Phytoimmunology. Applications of	defects. Impurity defects, semi-conductors, Elementary study of liquid crystals. 4. The gaseous state
microbiology in agriculture, industry, medicine and pollution control in air, soil and water. Important plant diseases caused by viruses, bacteria, mycoplasma, fungi nematodes. Mode of infection and dissemination. Molecular basis of infection and disease	Education of state for real gases, Intermolecular Interactions, liquification of gases and critical phenomena, Maxwell's distribution of speeds, intermolecular collisions, collisions of the wall and effusion.
resistance/defence. Physiology of parasitism and control measures, Fungal toxins.	5. Thermodynamics and statistical thermodynamics Thermodynamic systems, states and processes, work, heat and internal energy; first law
evolutionary view point. Distribution of Cryptogams in India and their economic potential. 3. Phanerogams Gymnosperms: Concept of Progymnosperms, Classfication and	of thermodynamics, work done on the systems and heat absorbed in different types of
distribution of Gymnosperms. Salient features of Cycadales, Conferrals and Gnetales,	processes; calorimetry, energy and enthalpy changes in various processes and their temperature dependence.
their structures and reproduction, General account of Cycadofilicales, Bennettitales and	Second law of thermodynamics; entropy as a state function, entropy changes in various
Cordaitales. Angiosperms: Systmatics, anatomy, embryology, palynology and phylogeny.	process, entropy-reversibility and Irreversibility, Free energy functions; criteria for equilibrium, relation between equilibrium constant and thermodynamic quantities; Nernst
Comparative account of various systems of Angiosperm Classification. Study of	heat theorem and third law of thermodynamics.
angiospermic families-Magnoliaceae, Ranunculaceae, Brassicaceae (Cruciferae), Rosacea Leguminosae, Euphorbiaceae, Malvaceae, Dipterocarpaceae Apiaceae	Micro and macro states; canonical esnemble and canonical partition function; electronic,
(Umbelliferae), Asclepiadaceae Verbenaceae, Solanaceae, Rubiaceae Cucurbitaceae,	rotational and vibrational partition functions and thermodynamic quantities; chemical equilibrium in ideal gas reactions.
Asteraceae (Composite) Poaceae (Gramineae), Arecaceae (Palmae), Liliaceae,	6. Phase equilibria and solutions
Musaceae, Orchidaceae. Stomata and their types. Anomalous secondary growth, Anatomy of C3 and C4 plants.	Phase equilibria in pure substances; Clauslus-Clapeyron equation; phase diagram for a pure substance; phase equilibria in binary systems, partially miscible liquids- upper and
Development of male and female gametophytes, pollination, fertilization, Endosperm-its	lower critical solution temperatures; partial molar quantities, their significance and
development and function. Patterns of embryo development, Polymbryony, apoxmis, Applications of palynology.	determination; excess thermodynamic functions and their determination. 7. Electrochemisty- Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes and Debye-Huckel
4. Plant Utility and Exploitation: Origin of cultivated plants, Vavilovs centres of origin.	limiting Law for various equilibrium and transport properties.
Plants as sources for food, fooder, fibres, spices, beverages, drugs, narcotics, insecticides, timber, gums, resins and dyes. Latex, cellulose Strach and their products.	Galvanic cells, concentration cells; electro-chemical series, measurement of e.m.f. of cells
	and its applications fuel cells and batteries. Processes at electrodes; double layer at the interface; rate of charge transfer, current
Gardens and Herbaria.	density; over-potential; electra-analytical techniques-voltameter, polarography, ampero-
5. Morphogenesis: Totipotency, polarity, symmetry and differentiation, Cell, tissue, organ and protoplast culture, Somatic hybrids and Cybrids.	metry, cyclic-votametry, ion selective electrodes and their use.
BOTANY	Concentration dependence of rate of reaction; defferential and integral rate equations for
PAPER-II 1. Cell Biology: Techniques of Cell Biology, Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells- structural	zeroth, first, second and fractional order reactions. Rate equations involving reverse, parallel, consecutive and chain reactions; effect of temperature and pressure on rate
and Ultrastructural details. Structure and function of extracellular matrix of ECM (cell wall)	constant. Study of fast reactions by stop-flow and relaxation methods, Collisions and
and membranes-cell adhesion, membrane transport and vesicular transport-structure and function of cell organelles (chloroplasts, mitochondria, ER, ribosome's, endosomes,	transition state theories.
lysosomes, peroxisomes, hydrogenosome). Nucleus, nucleolus, nuclear pore complex,	9. Photochemistry Absorption of light; decay of excited state by different routes; photochemical reactions
Chromatin and nucleosome. Cell signalling and cell receptors. Signal transduction (G-1	between hydrogen and halogens and their quantum yields.
proteins, etc.), Mitosis and meiosis; molecular basis of cell cycle. Numerical and structural variations in chromosomes and their significance. Study of polytene, lampbrush and B-	10. Surface phenomena and catalysis Adsorption from gases and, solutions on solid absorbents, adsorption isotherms-Langmuir
chromosomes-structure, behaviour and significance.	and B.E.T. isotherms; determination of surface area, characteristics and mechanism of
2. Genetics, Molecular Biology and Evolution : Development of genetics, and geneversus allele concepts (Pseudoalleles). Quantitative genetics and multiple factors.	reaction on heterogeneous catalysts. 11. Bio-inorganic chemistry
Linkage and crossing over- methods of gene mapping including molecular maps (idea of	Metal ions in biological systems and their role in ion-transport across the membranes
mapping function). Sex chromosomes and sexlinked inheritance, sex determination and molecular basis of sex differentiationMutation (biochemical and molecular basis).	(molecular-mechanism), lonophores, photosynthesis-PSI, PSII; nitrogen fixation, oxygen-
Cytoplasmic inheritance and cytoplasmic genes (including genetics of male sterility).	uptake proteins cytochromes and ferredoxins. 12. Coordination chemistry
Prions and prion hypothesis. Structure and synthesis of nucleic acids and protines. Genetic code and regulation of gene expression. Multigene families.	(a) Electronic configurations; introduction of theories of bonding in transition metal
Organic evolution-evidences, mechanism and theories. Role of RNA in origin and	complexes, Valence bond theory, crystal field theory and its modifications; applications of theories in the explanation of magnetism and electronic spactra of metal complexes.
evolution.	(b) Isomerism in coordination compounds. IUPAC nomenclature of coordination
3. Plant Breeding, Biotechnology an Bio-statistics: Methods of plant breeding introduction, selection and hybridisation' (pedigree, backcross, mass selection, bulk	compounds; stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers; chelate effect and polynuclear complexes; trans effect and its theories; kinetics of substitution
method). Male sterility and heterosis breeding. Use of apomixes in plant breeding.	reaction in square-planer complexes; thermodynamic and kinetic stability of complexes.
Micropropagation and genetic and genetic engineering methods of transfer of genes and transgenic crops; development and use of molecular markers in plant breeding, Standard	(c) Synthesis and structures of metal carbonyls; carobxylate anions, cabonyl hydrides and
deviation and coefficient of variation (CV). Tests of significance (Z-test, t-test and chi-	metal nitrosyl compounds. (d) Complexes with aromatic systems, synthesis, structure and bonding in metal olefin
square tests). Probability and distributions (normal, binomial and Poisson distributions),	complexs, alkyne complexes and cyclopentadienyl complexes; coordi-native
 Correlation and regression. 4. Physiology and Biochemistry: Water relations, Mineral nutrition and ion transport, 	unsaturation, oxidative addition reactions, insertion reactions, fluxional molecules and their characterization. Compounds with metal-metal bonds and metal atom clusters.
miniral deficiencies. Photosynthesis-photochemical reactions, photophosphory-lation and	13. General chemistry of 'f' block elements
corbon pathways including C pathway (photorespiration), C, C and CAM pathways. Respiration (anaerobic and aerobic, including fermentation)-electron transport chain and	Lanthanides and actinides; separation oxidation states, magnetic and spectral properties;
oxidative phosporylation, Chemiosmotic theory and ATP synthesis. Nitrogen fixation and	lanthanide contraction.

oxidative phosporylation, Chemiosmotic theory and ATP synthesis. Nitrogen fixation and 14. Non-Aqueous Solvents nitrogen metabolism. Enzymes, coenzymes, energy transfer and energy conservation.

Reaction in liquid NH3, HF, SO2 and H2SO4 Failure of solvent system concept, Coordination model of non-aqueous solvents, Some highly acidic media, fluorosulphuric acid and super acids.

CHEMISTRY

	supnuric acid and super acids.
substances-their chemical nature, role and applications in agri-horticulture, growth	CHEMISTRY
indices, growth movements. Stress physiology (heat, water, salinity, metal). Fruit and seed	EALEN-II
physiology. Dormancy, storage and germination of seed. Fruit ripening-its molecular basis and manipulation.	1. Delocalised covalent boliding. Afomaticity, anti-afomaticity, annulenes, azuenes,
5. Ecology and Plant Geography: Ecological factors, Concepts and dynamics of	tropolones, kekulene, fulvenes, sydones.
community. Plant succession. Concepts of biosphere, Ecosystems and their conservation.	2. (a) Reaction mechanisms: General methods (both kinetic and non-kinetic) of study of
Pollution and its control (including phytoremediation).	mechanism or organic reactions illustrated by examples-use of isotope cross-over
	experiment, Intermediate trapping stereochemistry; energy diagrams of simple organic
Forest types of India-afforestation, deforestation and social, forestry. Endangered plants,	reactions- transition states and intermediates; energy of activation; thermodynamic control
endemism and Red Data Books. Biodiversity, Convention of Biological Diversity,	and kinetic control of reactions.
Sovereign Rights and Intellectual Property Rights. Biogeochemical cells, Global warming.	(b) Reactive Intermediates: Generation, geometry, stability and reactions of carbonium
	and carbonium ions, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, benzynes and niternes.
PAPER-I	(c) Substitution reactions: SN1, SN2, SNi, Sn1', SN2', SNi' and SRN1 mechanisms;
1. Atomic Structure	neighbouring group participation; electrophilic and nucleophilic reactions of aromatic
Quantum theory, Heisenberg's uncertainity principle, Schordinger wave equation (time	compound including simple heterocyclic compounds-pyrrole, furan thiophene, indole.
independent). Interpretation of wave function, particle in one-dimensional box, quantum	(d) Elimination reactions: E1, E2 and E1cb mechanism; orientation in E2 reactions-
numbers, hydrogen atom wave functions. Shapes of s, p and d orbitals.	Saytzeff and Hotfmann; pyrolytic syn elimination-acetate pyrolysis, Chugaev and Cope
2. Chemical Bonding	eliminations
lonic bond, characteristics of lonic compounds, factors affecting stability of lonic	(e) Addition reactions: Electrophilic addition to C-C and C=C; nucleophilic addition to
compounds, lattice energy, Born-haber cycle; covalent bond and its general	C=O, C-N, conjugated olefins and carbonyls.
characteristics, polarities of bonds in molecules and their dipole moments. Valence bond	Cont

Importance of secondary metabolites. Pigments as photoreceptors (plastidial pigments

and phytochrome). Photoperiodism and flowering, vernalization, senescence. Growth

	T
(f) Rearrangements: Pinacol-pinacolune, Hoffmann, Beckmann, Baeyer-Villiger,	
Favorskii, Fries, Claisen, Cope, Stevens and Wagner Meerwein rearrangements.	Effective-nessfactor. Isothermal and non isothermal reactors and reactor stability.
3. Pericyclic reactions : Classification and examples; Woodward-Hoffmann, rules-	SECTION-B
electrocyclic reactions, cycloaddition reactions [2+2 and 4+2] and sigmatropic shifts [1, 3;	
3,3 and 1,5] FMO approach. 4. Chemistry and mechanism of reactions:	Natural organic products-Wood and wood-based chemicals, pulp and paper, Agro- industries- sugar, Edible oils extraction (Including tree based seeds), Soaps and
Aldol condensation (including directed aldol condensation), Claisen condensation,	
Dieckmann, Perkin, Knoevenagel, Witting, Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, Cannizzaro and	
von Richter reactions; Stobbe, benzoin and acyloin condensations; Fischer indole	
synthesis, Skraup synthesis, Bischler- Napieralski, Sandmeyer, Reimer-Tiemann and	
Reformatsky reactions.	and lime industries, Paints and varnishes. Glass and ceramics Fermentation-alcohol and
5. Polymeric Systems	antibiotics.
(a) Physical chemistry of polymers: Polymer solution and their thermodynamic	(e) Environmental Engineering and Safety Ecology and Environment. Sources of
properties; number and weight average molecular weights of polymers, Determination of	
molecular weights by sedimentation, light scattering, osmotic pressure, viscosity and	Micrometeorology and dispersion of pollutants in environment, Measurement techniques
group analysis methods.	of pollutant levels and their control strategies. Solid wastes, their hazards and their
(b) Preparation and properties of polymers:	disposal techniques, Design and performance analysis of pollution control equipment. Fire
Organic polymers-polyethylene, polystyrene, polvinyl chloride, Teflon, nylon, terylene,	and explosion hazards rating HAZOP and HAZAN, Emergency planning, disaster
synthetic and natural rubber, Inorganic polymers-phosphonitrilic halides, borazines,	
silicones and silicates.	(Conservation) Act.
(c) Biopolymers: Basic bonding in proteins, DNA and RNA.	(f) Process Engineering Economics
6. Synthetic uses of reagents: OsO ₄ , HIO ₄ , Cro ₃ , Pb(OAc) ₄ , SeO2, NBS, B ₂ H ₆ , Na-Liquid	Fixed and working capital requirement for a process industry and estimation methods. Cost estimation and comparison of alternatives. Net present value by discounted cash
NH ₃ , LiA1H4NaBH₄n-BuLi, MCPBA. 7. Photochemist: Photochemical reactions of simple organic compounds, excited and	
ground stales, singlet and triplet states, Norrish-Type I and Type II reactions.	analysis. Project scheduling-PERT and CPM, Profit and loss account, balance sheet and
8. Principles of spectroscopy and applications in structure elucidation	financial statement. Plant location and plant layout including piping.
a) Rotational spectra: Diatomic molecules; isotopic substitution' and rotational	CIVIL ENGINEERING
constants.	PAPER-1
b) Vibrational spectra: Diatomic molecules, linear triatomic molecules, specific	Part-A
frequencies of functional groups in polyatomic molecules.	ENGINEERING MECHANICS, STRENGTH OF MATERIALS AND STRUCTURAL
c) Electronic spectra: Singlet and triplet states. N->p* and p->p* transitions; application	ANALYSIS, ENGINEERING MECHANICS:
to conjugated double bonds and conjugated carbonyls-Woodward Fieser rules.	Units and Dimensions, SI Units, Vectors, Concept of Force, Concept of particle and rigid
d) Nuclear magnetic resonance: Isochronous and anisochronous protons; chemical	body. Concurrent, Non-Concurrent- and parallel forces in a plane, moment of force and
shift and coupling constant; Application of H'NMR to simple organic molecules.	Varignon's theorem, free body diagram, conditions of equilibrium Principle of virtual
e) Mass spectra: Parent peak, base peak, daughter peak, matastable peak,	
fragmentation of simple organic molecule a cleavage, Mc-Latterly rearrangement.	First and Second Moment of area, Mass moment of Inertia, Static Friction, Inclined Plane
f) Electron spin resonance: Inorganic complexes and free radicals.	and bearings, Kinematics and Kinetics, Kinematics In Cartesian and Polar Coordinates,
	motion under uniform and nonuniform accoloration, motion under gravity. Kingtion of
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING	
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I	motion under uniform and nonuniform acceleration, motion under gravity, Kinetics of particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies rotation of rigid bodies simple harmonic motion Elywheel
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel.
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS:
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shea force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes equation- Bernoulli's theorem. Flow meters. Fluid drag and pressure drop due to friction	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf Spring, Strain Energy in direct stress bending & shear. Deflection of beams; Mecaulay's method, Mohr's Moment area method
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes equation- Bernoulli's theorem. Flow meters. Fluid drag and pressure drop due to friction Reynold's Number and friction factor-effect of pipe roughness. Economic pipe diameter. Pumps, water, air/stream jet ejectors, compressors, blowers and fans, agitation and mixing of liquids, Mixing of solids and pastes. Crushing and Grinding Principles and equipment.	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf Spring, Strain Energy in direct stress bending & shear. Deflection of beams; Mecaulay's method, Mohr's Moment area method. Conjugate beam method, unit load method, Torsion of Shafts, Transmission of power
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CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes equation- Bernoulli's theorem. Flow meters. Fluid drag and pressure drop due to friction Reynold's Number and friction factor-effect of pipe roughness. Economic pipe diameter. Pumps, water, air/stream jet ejectors, compressors, blowers and fans, agitation and mixing of liquids, Mixing of solids and pastes. Crushing and Grinding Principles and equipment. Rittinger's and Bond's laws. Filtration and filtration equipment. Fluid- particle mechanics- free and hindered setting. Fluidisation and minimum fluidisation velocity, concepts of	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf Spring, Strain Energy in direct stress bending & shear. Deflection of beams; Mecaulay's method, Mohr's Moment area method Conjugate beam method, unit load method, Torsion of Shafts, Transmission of power close coiled helical springs, Elastic stability of columns, Euler's Rankin's and Secan formulae. Principal Stresses and Strains in two dimensions, Mohr's Circle, Theories of
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes equation- Bernoulli's theorem. Flow meters. Fluid drag and pressure drop due to friction Reynold's Number and friction factor-effect of pipe roughness. Economic pipe diameter. Pumps, water, air/stream jet ejectors, compressors, blowers and fans, agitation and mixing of liquids, Mixing of solids and pastes. Crushing and Grinding Principles and equipment. Rittinger's and Bond's laws. Filtration and filtration equipment. Fluid- particle mechanics- free and hindered setting. Fluidisation and minimum fluidisation velocity, concepts of compressible and incompressible flow. Transport of solids.	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf Spring, Strain Energy in direct stress bending & shear. Deflection of beams; Mecaulay's method, Mohr's Moment area method Conjugate beam method, unit load method, Torsion of Shafts, Transmission of power close coiled helical springs, Elastic stability of columns, Euler's Rankin's and Secant formulae. Principal Stresses and Strains in two dimensions, Mohr's Circle, Theories of Elastic Failure, Thin and Thick cylinder; Stresses due to internal and external pressure.
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes equation- Bernoulli's theorem. Flow meters. Fluid drag and pressure drop due to friction Reynold's Number and friction factor-effect of pipe roughness. Economic pipe diameter. Pumps, water, air/stream jet ejectors, compressors, blowers and fans, agitation and mixing of liquids, Mixing of solids and pastes. Crushing and Grinding Principles and equipment. Rittinger's and Bond's laws. Filtration and filtration equipment. Fluid- particle mechanics- free and hindered setting. Fluidisation and minimum fluidisation velocity, concepts of compressible and incompressible flow. Transport of solids. b) Mass Transfer	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf Spring, Strain Energy in direct stress bending & shear. Deflection of beams; Mecaulay's method, Mohr's Moment area method Conjugate beam method, unit load method, Torsion of Shafts, Transmission of power close coiled helical springs, Elastic stability of columns, Euler's Rankin's and Secant formulae. Principal Stresses and Strains in two dimensions, Mohr's Circle, Theories of Elastic Failure, Thin and Thick cylinder; Stresses due to internal and external pressure. Lame's equations.
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes equation- Bernoulli's theorem. Flow meters. Fluid drag and pressure drop due to friction Reynold's Number and friction factor-effect of pipe roughness. Economic pipe diameter. Pumps, water, air/stream jet ejectors, compressors, blowers and fans, agitation and mixing of liquids, Mixing of solids and pastes. Crushing and Grinding Principles and equipment. Rittinger's and Bond's laws. Filtration and filtration equipment. Fluid- particle mechanics- free and hindered setting. Fluidisation and minimum fluidisation velocity, concepts of compressible and incompressible flow. Transport of solids. b) Mass Transfer Molecular diffusion coefficient, First and second law and diffusion, mass transfer	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf Spring, Strain Energy in direct stress bending & shear. Deflection of beams; Mecaulay's method, Mohr's Moment area method Conjugate beam method, unit load method, Torsion of Shafts, Transmission of power close coiled helical springs, Elastic stability of columns, Euler's Rankin's and Secan formulae. Principal Stresses and Strains in two dimensions, Mohr's Circle, Theories o Elastic Failure, Thin and Thick cylinder; Stresses due to internal and external pressure. Lame's equations. STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS:
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CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes equation- Bernoulli's theorem. Flow meters. Fluid drag and pressure drop due to friction Reynold's Number and friction factor-effect of pipe roughness. Economic pipe diameter. Pumps, water, air/stream jet ejectors, compressors, blowers and fans, agitation and mixing of liquids, Mixing of solids and pastes. Crushing and Grinding Principles and equipment. Rittinger's and Bond's laws. Filtration and filtration equipment. Fluid- particle mechanics- free and hindered setting. Fluidisation and minimum fluidisation velocity, concepts of compressible and incompressible flow. Transport of solids. b) Mass Transfer Molecular diffusion coefficient, First and second law and diffusion, mass transfer coefficeients, film and penetration theories of mass transfer, Distillation, simple distillation, relative volatility, fractional distillation, plate and packed columns of distillation. Calculation of packed columns for distillation. Calculation of theoretical number of plates. Liquid-liquid equilibria. Extraction-theory and practice;' design of gas-absorption columns, Drying, Humidification, dehumidi-fication, Crystallisation, Design of equipment. c) Heat Transfer Conduction, thermal conductivity, extended surface heat transfer. Convection-free and forced. Heat transfer coefficients-Nusselt Number. LMTD and effectiveness. NTU methods for the design of Double Pipe and Shell & Tube Heat Exchangers, Analogy between heat and momentum transfer, Boiling and condensation heat transfer, single and multiple-effect evaporators. Radiation Stefan-Boltzman Law, emissivity and absorptivity. Calculation of heat load of a furnace, Solar heaters. SECTION-B d) Novel Separation Processes: Equilibrium separation processes: Equilibrium separation processes: Equilibrium separation processes: Equilibrium separation processes: Equilibrium separation processes: Equilibrium separation processe	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf Spring, Strain Energy in direct stress bending & shear. Deflection of beams; Mecaulay's method, Mohr's Moment area method Conjugate beam method, unit load method, Torsion of Shafts, Transmission of power close coiled helical springs, Elastic stability of columns, Euler's Rankin's and Secan formulae. Principal Stresses and Strains in two dimensions, Mohr's Circle, Theories o Elastic Failure, Thin and Thick cylinder; Stresses due to internal and external pressure. Lame's equations. STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS: Castiglianios theroems I and II, Unit load method of consistent deformation applied to beams and pin jointed trusses. Slope-deflection, moment distribution, Kani's method o analysis and column Analogy method applied to indeterminate beams and rigid frames Rolling loads and influences lines: Influences lines for Shear Force and Bending momen at a section of beam. Criteria for maximum shear force and bending Moment In beams traversed by a system of moving loads. Influences lines for simply supported plane pir jointed trusses. Arches: Three hinged, two hinged and fixed arches, rib shortening and temperature effects, influence lines in arches. Matrix methods of analysis: Force method and displacement method of analysis o indeterminate beams and rigid frames. Plastic Analysis of beams and frames: Theory of plastic bending, plastic analysis, statica method, Mechanism method. Unsymmetrical bending: Moment of inertia, product o inertia, position of NeutralAxis and Principle axis, calculation of bending stresses. PART-B DESIGN OF STRUCTURES: STEEL, CONCRETE AND MASONRY STRUCTURES. STRUCTURAL STEEL DESIGN: Structural Steel:
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I Section A a) Fluid and Particle Dynamics Viscosity of fluids, Laminar and turbulent flows, Equation of continuity and Navier-Strokes equation- Bernoulli's theorem. Flow meters. Fluid drag and pressure drop due to friction Reynold's Number and friction factor-effect of pipe roughness. Economic pipe diameter. Pumps, water, air/stream jet ejectors, compressors, blowers and fans, agitation and mixing of liquids, Mixing of solids and pastes. Crushing and Grinding Principles and equipment. Rittinger's and Bond's laws. Filtration and filtration equipment. Fluid- particle mechanics- free and hindered setting. Fluidisation and minimum fluidisation velocity, concepts of compressible and incompressible flow. Transport of solids. b) Mass Transfer Molecular diffusion coefficient, First and second law and diffusion, mass transfer coefflecients, film and penetration theories of mass transfer, Distillation, simple distillation, relative volatility, fractional distillation, plate and packed columns of distillation. Calculation of packed columns for distillation. Calculation of theoretical number of plates. Liquid-liquid equilibria. Extraction-theory and practice;" design of gas-absorption columns, Drying, Humidification, dehumidi-fication, Crystallisation, Design of equipment. c) Heat Transfer Conduction, thermal conductivity, extended surface heat transfer. Convection-free and forced. Heat transfer coefficients-Nusselt Number. LMTD and effectiveness. NTU methods for the design of Double Pipe and Shell & Tube Heat Exchangers, Analogy between heat and momentum transfer, Boiling and condensation heat transfer, single and multiple-effect evaporators. Radiation Stefan-Boltzman Law, emissivity and absorptivity. Calculation of heat load of a furnace, Solar heaters. SECTION-B d) Novel Separation Processes: Equilibrium separation processesion exchange, osmosis, electro-dialysis, reverse osmosis, ultra-filtration and other membrane processes, Molecular distillation. Super critical fluid extraction. e) Proc	particle: Momentum and Energy principles, D'Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion, Flywheel. STRENGTH OF MATERIALS: Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf Spring, Strain Energy in direct stress bending & shear. Deflection of beams; Mecaulay's method, Mohr's Moment area method Conjugate beam method, unit load method, Torsion of Shafts, Transmission of power close coiled helical springs, Elastic stability of columns, Euler's Rankin's and Secant formulae. Principal Stresses and Strains in two dimensions, Mohr's Circle, Theories o Elastic Failure, Thin and Thick cylinder; Stresses due to internal and external pressure. Lame's equations. STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS: Castiglianios theroems I and II, Unit load method of consistent deformation applied to beams and pin jointed trusses. Slope-deflection, moment distribution, Kani's method of analysis and column Analogy method applied to indeterminate beams and rigid frames Rolling loads and influences lines: Influences lines for Shear Force and Bending moment at a section of beam. Criteria for maximum shear force and bending Moment In beams traversed by a system of moving loads. Influences lines for simply supported plane pir jointed trusses. Arches: Three hinged, two hinged and fixed arches, rib shortening and temperature effects, influence lines in arches. Matrix methods of analysis: Force method and displacement method of analysis or indeterminate beams and rigid frames. Plastic Analysis of beams and frames: Theory of plastic bending, plastic analysis, statica method, Mechanism method. Unsymmetrical bending: Moment of inertia, product or inertia, position of Neutral Axis and Principle axis, calculation of bending stresses. PART-B DESIGN OF STRUCTURES: STEEL, CONCRETE AND MASONRY STRUCTURES. STRUCTURAL STEEL DESIGN: Structural S

pneumatic/analog/ digital signal forms. Control variable, manipulative variable and load Concept of mix design, Reinforces Concrete: Working Stress and Limit State method of variables. Linear control theory-Laplace, transforms. PID controllers. Block diagram design-recommendations of I.S codes, design of one way and two way slabs, stair-case

representation, Transient and frequency response, stability of closed loop system.	slabs, simple and continuous beams of rectangular, T and L sections, Compression
Advanced control strategies. Computer based process control.	members under direct load with or without eccentricity, Isolated and combined footings.
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING	Cantilever and counterfort type retaining walls, Water tanks: Design requirements for
PAPER II	rectangular and circular tanks resting on ground. Prestressed concrete; Methods and
SECTION-A	systems of prestressing, anchorages, analysis and design of sections for flexure beed on
(a) Material and Energy Balances	workingstress loss of prestress, Disign of brick masonry as per I.S. Codes Design of
Material and energy balance calculations in processes with recycle/bypass/purge,	masonry retaining walls.
Combustion of solid/liquid/gaseous fuels, stoichiometric relationships and excess air	PART-C
requirements. Adiabatic flame temperature.	FLUID MECHANICS, OPEN CHANNEL FLOW AND HYDRAULIC MACHINES
(b) Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics Laws of thermodynamics. PVT relationship	Fluid Mechanics: Fluid properties and their role in fluid motion, fluid statics including
for pure components and mixture, Energy functions and inter-relatioships-Maxwells	forces acting on plane and curve surfaces, Kinematics and Dynamics of Fluid flow: Velocity
relations, Fugacity, activity and chemical potential. Vapourliquid equilibria, for ideal/non-	and accelerations, stream lines, equation of continuity, irrotational and rotational flow,
ideal, single and multi component systems. Criteria for chemical reaction equilibrium,	velocity potential and stream functions, flownet, methods of drawing flownet, sources and
equilibrium constant and equilibrium conversions, Thermodynamic cycles-refrigeration	sinks, flow separation, free and forced vortices.
and power.	Control volume equation, continuity, momentum, energy and moment of momentum
(c) Chemical Reaction Engineering	equations from control volume equation, Navier-Strokes equation, Euler's equation of
Batch reactors-kinetics of homogeneous reactions and interpretation of kinetic data. Ideal	motion, application to fluid flow problems, pipe flow, plane, curved, stationary and moving
flow reactors-CSTR, plug flow reactors and their performance equations. Temperature	
effects and run-away reactions. Heterogeneous reactions-catalystic and non-catalystic	Dimensional Analysis and Similitude: Buckingham's Pi-theorem, dimensionless
and gas-solid and gas-liquid reactions. Interinsic kinetics and global rate concept.	parameters, similitude theory, model laws, undistorted and distorted models.
	Contd

Laminar Flow: Laminar flow between parallel, stationary and moving plates, flow through Drainage of roads: Surface and subsurface drainage. tube. Boundary Layer: Laminar and turbulent boundary layer on a flat plate, laminar sublayer, smooth and rough boundaries, drag and lift.

Turbulent flow through pipes: Characteristics of turbulent flow, velocity distribution and variation of pipe friction factor, hydraulic grade line and total energy line, siphons, expansion and contractions in pipes, pipe networks, water hammer in pipes and surge tanks.

Open Channel Flow: Uniform and nonuniform flows, momentum and energy correction factors, Specific energy and specific force, critical depth, resistance equations and variation of roughness coefficient, rapidly varied flow, flow in contractions, flow at sudden drop, hydraulic jump and its applications surges and waves, gradually varied flow, classification of surface profiles, control section, step method of Integration of varied flow equation, moving surges and hydraulic bore.

HYDRAULIC MACHINES AND HYDROPOWER:

Centrifugal pumps-Types, characteristics, Net Positive Suction-height (NPSH), specific speed, Pumps in parallel.

Reciprocating pumps, Air vessels, Hydraulic ram, efficiency parameters, Rotary and positive displacement pumps, diaphragm and jet pumps, Hydraulic turbines, types classification, Choice of turbines, performance parameters, controls, characteristics, IRRIGATION ENGINEERING: Water requirements of crops: consumptive use, quality of specific speed. Principles of hydropower development. Type, layouts and Component works, surge tanks, types and choice, Flow duration curves and dependable flow. Storage and pondage, Pumped storage plants, Special features of mini, micro-hydel plants.

Part-D **GEO TECHNICAL ENGINEERING**

Types of soil, phase relationships, consistency limits particles size distribution, Water logging: causes and control, drain-age system design, salinity. classifications of soil, structure and clay mineralogy. Capillary water and structural water, effectives trees and pore water pressure, Darcy's Law, factors affecting permeability, determination of permeability, permeability of stratified soil deposits.

Seepage pressure quick sand condition, compressibility and consoli-dation, Terzaghi's theory of one dimensional consolidation, consolidation test.

Compaction of soil, field control of compaction, Total stress and effective stress parameters, pore pressure coefficients. Shear strength of soils, Mohr Coulomb failure theory, Shear tests.

Earth pressure at rest, active and passive pressure, Rankin's theory, Coulomb's wedge theory, earth pressure on retaining wall, sheetpile walls, Braced excavation, Bearing capacity, Terzaghi and other important theories, net and gross bearing pressure

Immediate and consolidation settlement. Stability of slope, Total Stress and Effective Stress methods, Conventional methods of slices, stability number.

Subsurface exploration, methods of boring, sampling, penetration tests, pressure meter tests, Essential features of foundation, types of foundation, design criteria, choice of type of foundation, stress distribution in soils, Boussinessq's theory, Newmarks chart, pressure bulb, contact pressure, applicability of different bearing capacity theories, evaluation of bearing capacity from field tests, allowable bearing capacity, Settlement analysis, allowable settlement. Proportioning of footing, Isolated and combined footings, rafts, Buoyancy rafts, Pile foundation, types of piles, plies capacity, static and dynamic analysis, design, of pile groups, pile load test, settlement of piles, lateral capacity, Foundation for Bridges. Ground improvement techniques-preloading sand drains, stone column, grouting, soil stabilisation.

CIVIL ENGINEERING

PAPER-II Part-A

CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY, EQUIPMENT, PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT 1. Construction Technology:

Engineering Materials: Physical properties of construction materials: Stones, Bricks and Tiles; Lime, Cement and Surkhi Mortars; Lime concrete and Cement concrete, Properties of freshly, mixed and hardened concrete, flooring Tiles, use of ferro-cement, fibrereinforced and polymer concrete, high strength concrete and light weight concrete. Timber: Properties and uses; defects in timber; seasoning and preservation of timber, Plastics, rubber and damp-proofing materials, termite proofing, Materials for Low cost housing.

Construction: Building components and their functions; Brick masonry: Bonds, jointing, Stone masonry, Design of Brick masonry walls as per I.S. codes, factors of safety, serviceability and strength requirements; plastering, pointing, Types of Floors & Roofs, Ventilators, Repairs in buildings, Functional planning of building; Building orientation, circulation, grouping of areas, privacy concept and design of energy efficient building; provisions of National Building Code, Building estimates and specifications; Cost of works; valuation.

2. Construction Equipment:

Standard and special types of equipment, Preventive maintenance and repair, factors 2. Silviculture-Systems: affecting the selection of equipment, economical life, time and motion study, capital and Clear felling, uniform shelter wood selection, coppice and conversion systems, maintenance cost.

Concreting equipments: Weigh batcher, mixer, vibration, batching plant, Concrete pump.

Earth-work equipment: Power shovel hoe, bulldozer, dumper, trailers, and tractors, rollers, sheep foot roller.

3. Construction Planning and Management: Construction activity, schedules, Job layout, bar charts, organization of contracting firms, project control and supervision. Cost reduction measures.

New-work analysis: CPM and PERT analysis, Float times, cashing of activities, contraction of network for cost optimization, up dating, cost analysis and resource

Traffic Engineering: Forecasting techniques, origin and destination survey, highway capacity, Channelised and unchannelised Intersections, rotary design elements, markings, sign, signals, street lighting; Traffic surveys, Principle of highway financing.

Part-C HYDROLOGY, WATER RESOURCES AND ENGINEERING

Hydrology: Hydrologilcal cycle, precipitation, evaporation, transpiration, depression storage, infiltration, overland flow, hydrograph, flood frequency analysis, flood estimation, flood routing through a reservoir, channel flow routing-Muskingam method.

Ground water flow: Specific yield, storage coefficient of permeability, confined and unconfined aquifers, aquifers, aquitards, radial flow into a well under confined and unconfined conditions, tube wells, pumping and recuperation tests, ground water potential

WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING:

Ground and surface water resource, single and multipurpose projects, storage capacity of reservoirs, reservoir losses, reservoir sedimentation, economics of water resources projects.

water for irrigation duty and delta, irrigation methods and their efficiencies.

Canals: Distribution systems for canal irrigation, canal capacity, canal losses, alignment of main and distributory canals, most efficient section, lined canals, their design, regime theory, critical shear stress, bed load, local and suspended load transport, cost analysis of lined and unlied canals, drain-age behind lining.

Canal structures: Design of cross regulators, head regulators, canal falls, aqueducts, metering flumes and canal outlets.

Diversion head work: Principles and design of weirs of permeable and impermeable foundation, Khosle's theory, energy dissipation, stilling basin, sediment excluders.

Storage Works: Types of dams, design, principles of rigid gravity and earth dams, stability analysis, foundation treatment, joints and galleries, control of seepage. Spillways: Spillway types, crest gates, energy dissipation. River training: Objectives of river training, methods of river training.

Part-D

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

Water Supply: Estimation of surface and subsurface water resources, predicting demand for, water, impurities of water and their significance, physical, chemical and bacteriological analysis, waterborne diseases, standards for potable water.

Intake of water: Pumping and gravity schemes. Water treatment: Principles of coagulation, flocculation and sedimentation; slow-, rapid-, pressure-, filters; chlorination, softening, removal of taste, odour and salinity.

Water storage and distribution: Storage and balancing reservoirs; types, location and capacity. Distribution system; layout, hydraulics of pipe lines, pipe fittings, valves including check and pressure reducing valves, meters, analysis of distribution systems, leak detection, maintenance of distribution systems, pumping stations and their operations.

Sewerage systems: Domestic and Industrial wastes, storm sewage-separate and combined systems, flow through sewers, design of sewers, sewer appurtenances, manholes, in lets, junctions, siphon, Plumbing in Public buildings.

Sewage characterisation: BOD, COD, solids, dissolved oxygen, nitrogen and TOC, Standards of disposal in normal water course and on land.

Sewage treatment: Working principles, units, chambers, sedimentation tanks, trickling filters, oxidation ponds, activated sludge process, septic tank; disposal of sludge, recycling of waste water.

Solid waste: Collection and disposal in rural and urban contexts, management of longterm ill-effects.

Environmental pollution: Sustainable development. Radioactive wastes and disposal Environmental impact assessment for thermal power plants, mines, river valley projects, Air pollution, Pollution control acts.

FORESTRY PAPER-I SECTION A

1. Silviculture-General:

General Silviculture Principles:

Ecological and physiological factors influencing vegetation, natural and artificial regeneration of forests; methods of propagation, grafting techniques; site factors; nursery and planting techniques-nursery beds, poly-bags and maintenance, water budgeting, grading and hardening of seedlings; special approaches; establishment and tending.

Management of silviculture systems of temperate, subtropical, humid tropical, dry tropical and coastal tropical forests with special reference to plantation silviculture, choice of species, establishment and management of standards, enrichment methods, technical constraints, intensive mechanized methods, aerial seeding, thinning.

3. Silviculture Mangrove and Cold desert: Mangrove:

Habitat and characteristics, mangrove, plantation-establishment and rehabilitation of degraded mangrove formations; silvicultural systems for mangrove; protection of habitats against natural disasters, Cold desert Characteristics, identification and management of species.

4. Silviculture of trees:

Fraditional and recent advances in tropical silvicultural research and practices. Silviculture

benefit-cost, incremental analysis. Economy of scale and size. Choosing between nilotica, Acacia auriculiformis, Albizzia lebbeck, Albizzia procera, Anthocephalus alternativesincluding levels of investments, project profitability.

Part-B

SURVEY AND TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

Survey: Common methods of distance and angle measurements, plane Table survey, levelling traverse survey, triangulation survey, corrections, and adjustments, contouring, topographical map. Surveying instruments for above purposes Techeometry, Circular and transition curves, Principles of photogrammetry.

Railway: Permanent way, sleepers, rail fastenings, ballast, points and crossings, design of turn outs, stations and yards, turn-tables, signals, and interlocking, level-crossing, Construction and maintenance of permanent ways: Supereleviation, creep of rail, ruling gradient, track resistance, tractive effort, relaying of track.

Highway Engineering: Principles of highway planning, Highway alignments, Geometrical design:, Cross section, camber, superelevation, horizontal and vertical curves. Classification of roads: low cost roads, flexible pavements, rigid pavements, Design of pavements and their construction, evaluation of pavement failure and strengthening.

Elements of Engineering Economics, methods of appraisal, present worth, annual cost, of some of the economically important species in India such as Acacia catechu, Acacia Cadamba, Anogeissus, latifokia. Azadirachta indica, Bamboo spp, Butea monosperma, Cassia siamea, Casuarina equisetifolia, Cedrus deodara, Chukrasia tabularis, Dalbergia sisoo, Dipterocarpus spp, Ernblica officindils, Eucalyptus spp, Gmelina Arborea, Hardwickia binata, Largerstroemia Lanceolata, Pinus roxburghi, Populus spp, Pterocarpus marsupium, Prosopis juliflora, Santalum album, Samecarpus anacrdium, Shorea robusta, Salmalla malabaricum, Tectona grandis, Terminalis tomemtosa, Tamarindus Indica.

SECTION-B

1. Agroforestry, Social Forestry, Joint Forest Management and Tribology: Agroforestry- Scope and necessity; role in the life of people and domestic animals and in integrated land use, planning especially related to (i) soil and water conservation; (ii) water recharge; (iii) nutrient availability to crops; (iv) nature and eco-system preservation including ecological balances through pest-predator relationships and (v) Providing opportunities for enhancing biodiversity, medicinal and other flora and fauna. Agro forestry systems under different agro ecological zones; selection of species and role of

multipurpose trees and NTFPs, techniques, food, fodder and fuel security. Research and	control against grazing and browsing animals; effect of wild animals on fores
Extension needs.	regeneration, human impacts; encroachment, poaching, grazing, live fencing, theft
Social/Urban Forestry: Objectives, scope and necessity; people's participation.	shifting cultivation and control.

Social/Urban Forestry: Objectives, scope and necessity; people's participation.

JFM- Principles, objectives, methodology, scope, benefits and role of NGOs.

Tribology: Tribal scene in India; tribes, concept of races, Principles of social grouping, stages of tribal economy, education, cultural tradition, customs, ethos and participation in forestry programmes.

2. Forest Soils, Soil Conservation Watershed Management:

Forests Soils: Classification, factors affecting soil formation; physical, chemical and biological properties.

Soil Conservation: definition, causes for erosion; typeswind and water erosion conservation and management of eroded soils/areas, wind breaks, shelter belts; sand dunes; reclamation of saline and alkaline soils, water logged and other waste lands. Role of forests in conserving soils. Maintenance and build up of soil organic matter, provision of loppings for green leaf manuring; forest leaf litter and composting; Role of microorganisms in ameliorating soils; N and C cycles, VAM.

Watershed Management: Concepts of watershed; role of mini-forests and forest trees in overall resource management, forest hydrology, watershed development in respect of torrent control, river channel stabilization, avalanche and landslide controls, rehabilitation of degraded areas; hilly and mountain areas; watershed management and environmental functions of forests; water-harvesting and conservation; ground water recharge and watershed management; role of integrating forest trees, horticultural crops, field crops, grass and fodders.

3. Environmental Conservation and biodiversity:

Environment: Components and Importance, principles of conservation, impact of deforestation; forest fires and various human activities like mining, construction and developmental projects, population growth on environment.

Pollution: Types, Global warming, green house effects, ozone layer depletion, acid rain impact and control measures, environmental monitoring; concept of sustainable development, Role of trees and forests in environmental conservation; control and prevention of air, water and noise pollution. Environmental policy and legislation in India, Environmental impact Assessment, Economics assessment of water shed development vis-a-vis ecological and environmental protection.

4. Tree Improvement and Seed Technology: General concept of tree improvement, methods and techniques, variation and its use, provenance, seed source, exotics; quantitative aspects of forest tree improvement, seed production and seed orchards, progeny tests, use of tree improvement in natural forest and stand improvement, genetic testing programming, selection and breeding for resistance to diseases, insects, and adverse environment: the genetic base, forest genetic resources and gene conservation in situ and ex-situ, Cost benefit ratio, economic evaluation.

FORESTRY PAPER-II **SECTION-A**

1. Forest Management and Management Systems:

Objective and principles; techniques; stand structure and dynamics, sustained yield relation; rotation, normal forest, growing stock; regulation of yield; management of forest plantations, commercial forests, forest cover monitoring. Approaches viz., (i) site-specific planning, (ii) strategic planning, (iii) Approval, sanction and expenditure, (iv) Monitoring (v Reporting and governance. Details of steps involved such as formation of Village Forest Committees, Joint Forest Participatory Management.

2. Forest Working Plan:

Forest planning, evaluation and monitoring tools and approaches for integrated planning; multipurpose development of forest resources and forest industries development; working plans and working schemes, their role in nature conservation, bio-diversity and other dimensions; preparation and control. Divisional Working Plans, Annual Plan of Operations 3. Forest Mensuration and Remote Sensing: Methods of measuring- diameter, girth. height and volume of trees; form-factor; volume estimation of stand, current annual increment; mean annual increment, Sampling methods and sample plots. Yield calculation; yield and stand tables, forest cover monitoring through remote sensing; Geographic Information Systems for management and modelling.

4. Surveying and Forest Engineering:

Forest Surveying: different methods of surveying, maps and map reading, Basic principles of forest engineering. Building materials and construction. Roads and Bridges General principles, objects, types, simple design and construction of timber bridges.

SECTION-B

1. Forest Ecology and Ethnobotany:

Forest Ecology: Biotic and abiotic components, forest eco-systems; forest community concepts; vegetation concepts, ecological succession and climax, primary productivity, nutrient cycling and water relations; physiology in stress environments (drought, water logging salinity and alkalinity). Forest types in India, identification of species, composition and associations; dendrology, taxonomic classification, principles and establishment of herbaria and arboreta. Conservation of forest ecosystems. Clonal parks.

Role of Ethnobotany in Indian Systems of Medicine; Ayurveda and Unani: Introduction nomenclature, habitat, distribution and botanical features of medicinal and aromatic plants. Factors affecting action and toxicity of drug plants and their chemical constituents.

Forest Resources and Utilization: Environmentally sound forest harvesting practices: logging and extraction techniques and principles transportation systems, storage and sale; Non-Timber Forest Products (NTFPs) -definition and scope; gums, resins, ole fibres, oil seeds nuts, rubber, canes, bamboos, medicinal plants, charcoal, lac and shellac, katha and Bidi leaves, collection; processing and disposal, need and importance of wood, seasoning and preservation; general principles of seasoning, air and kiln seasoning, solar dehumidification, steam heated and electrical kilns, Composite wood; adhesivesmanufacture, properties, uses, plywood manufacture- properties, uses, fibre boardsmanufacture properties, uses; particle boards-manufacture; properties, uses, Present status of composite wood industry in India and future expansion plans. Pulp-paper and rayon; present position of supply of raw material to industry, wood substitution, utilization of plantation wood; problems and possibilities. Anatomical structure of wood, defects and abnormalities of wood, timber identification general principles. 3. Forest Protection & wildlife Biology: Injuries to forest-abiotic and biotic, destructive agencies, insect-pests and disease, effects of air pollution on forests and forest die back Susceptibility of forests to damage, nature of damage, cause, prevention, protective measures and benefits due to chemical and biological control. General forest protection against fire, equipment and methods, controlled use of fire, economic and environmenta costs; timber salvage operations after natural disasters, Role of afforestation and forest regeneration in absorption of CO2. Rotational and controlled grazing, different methods of

4. Forest Economics and Legislation:

Forest economics: Fundamental principles, cost-benefit analysis; estimation of demand and supply; analysis of trends in the national and international market and changes in production and consumption patterns; assessment and projection of market structures; role of private sector and co-operatives; role of corporate financing. Socio-economic analysis of forest productivity and attitudes; valuation of forest goods and service.

Legislation-History of forest development; Indian Forest Policy of 1894, 1952 and 1990, National Forest Policy, 1988 of People's involvement, Joint Forest Management, Involvement of women; Forestry policies and Issues related to land use, timber and nontimber products, sustainable forest manage-ment; industrialisation policies; institutional and structural changes. Decentralization and Forestry Public Administration, Forest laws, necessity; general principles, Indian Forest Act 1927; Forest Conservation Act, 1980; Wildlife Protection Act 1972 and their amendments; Application of Indian Penal Code to Forestry, Scope and objectives of Forest Inventory.

GEOLOGY PAPER-I **SECTION-A**

(i) General Geology:

The Solar System, meteorities, origin and interior of the earth, Radioactivity and age of earth; Volcanoes-causes and products, volcanic belts, Earthquakes-causes, effects, earthquake belts, seismicity of India, intensity and magnitude, seismongraphs, Island arcs, deep sea trenches and mid-ocean ridges, Continental drift-evidences and mechanics; sea-floor spreading, plate tectonics. Isostasy, orogeny and epeirogeny. Continents and oceans.

(ii) Geomorphology and Remote Sensing:

Basic concepts of geomorphology, Weathering and mass wasting, Landforms, slopes and drainage. Geomorphic cycles and their interpretation, Morphology and its relation to structures and lithology. Applications of geomorphology in mineral prospecting, civil engineering, hydrology and environmental studies. Geomorphology of Indian subcontinent. Aerial photographs and their interpretation-merits and limitations. The Electromagnetic Spectrum. Orbiting satellites and sensor systems. Indian Remote Sensing Satellites. Satellites data products, Applications of remote sensing in geology. The Geographic Information System and its applications. Global Positioning System.

(iii) Structural geology:

Principles of geologic mapping and map reading, projection diagrams, stress and strain ellipsoid and stress-strain relationships of elastic, plastic and viscous materials, Strain markers in deformed rocks, Behaviour of minerals and rocks under deformation conditions, Folds and faults classification and mechanics. Structural analysis of folds, foliations, lineations, joints and faults, unconformities, Superposed deformation, Timerelationship between crystallization and deformation. Introduction to petrofabrics.

SECTION-B

(iv) Paleontology:

Species definition and nomenclature. Megafossils and Microfossils. Modes of preservation of fossils, Different kinds of micro fossils. Application of microfossils in correlation, petroleum exploration, paleo-climatic and pale oceanographic studies, Morphology, geological history and evolutionary trend in Cephalopoda, Trilobita, Brachiopoda, Echi-noidea and Anthozoa, Stratigraphic utility of Ammonoidea, Trilobita and Graptoloidea, Evolutionary trend in Hominidae, Equidae and Probo-scidae. Siwalik fauna, Gondwana flora and its importance.

(v) Stratigraphy and Geology of India:

Classification of Stratigraphic sequences: Lithostratigraphic, biostratigraphic, chronostratigraphic and magnetostratigraphic and the interrelation-ships, Distribution and classification of Precambrian rocks of India, Study of stratigraphic distribution and lithology of Phanerozoic rocks of India with reference to fauna, flora and economic importance, Major boundary problems-Cambrian/Precambrian, Permian/Triassic, Cretaceous/Tertiary and Pliocene/ Pleistocene, Study of climatic conditions, paleogeography and igneous activity in the Indian subcontinent in the geological past, Tectonic framework of India. Evolution of the Himalayas.

(vi) Hydrogeology and Engineering Geology:

Hydrologic cycle and genetic classification of water. Movement of subsurface water, Springs, Porosity, permeability, hydraulic conductivity, transmissivity and storage coefficient, classification of aquifers. Water-bearing characteristics of rocks, Ground-water chemistry. Salt water intrusion, Types of wells. Drainage basin morphometry. Exploration for groundwater. Groundwater recharge, Problems and management of groundwater, Rainwater harvesting. Engineering properties of rocks. Geological Investigations for dams, tunnels and bridges, Rock as construction material. Alkali-aggregate reaction, Landslides causes, prevention and rehabilitation, Earthquake-resistant structures.

GEOLOGY PAPER-II SECTION-A

(i) Mineralogy:

Classification of crystals into systems and classes of symmetry. International system of crystallographic notation, Use of projection diagrams to represent crystal symmetry. Crystal defects. Elements of x-ray crystallography. Petrological microscope and accessories. Optical properties of common rock forming minerals, Pleochroism, extinction

angle, double refraction birefringence, twinning and dispersion in minerals.

Physical and chemical characters of rock forming silicate mineral groups. Structural classification of silicates. Common minerals of igneous and metamorphic rocks. Minerals of the caronate, phosphate, sulphide and halide groups.

(ii) Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology Generation and crystallisation of magma. Crystallisation of albite-anorthite, diopside-anorthite and diopsidewollastonite-silica systems, Reaction principle, Magmatic differentiation and assimilation, Petrogenetic significance of the textures and structures of igneous rocks. Petrography and petrogenesis of granite, syenite, diorite, basic and ultrabasic groups, charnockite, anorthosite and alkaline rocks, Carbonatites. Deccan volcanic province, Types and agents of metamorphism, Metamorphic grades and zones, Phase rule. Facies of regional and contact metamorphism, ACF and AKF diagrams Textures and structures of metamorphic rocks, Metamorphism of arenaceous, argillaceous and basic rocks, Minerals assemblages, Retrograde metamorphism, Metasomatism and granitisation, migmatities, granulite terrains of India.

(iii) Sedimentology:

Sedimentary rocks : Processes of formation, diagenesis and lithification, Properties of sediments, Clastic and nonclastic rocks-their classification petrography and depositional

environment, Sedimentary facies and provenance. Sedimenetary structures and their graphical method and Simplex method of solutions, Duality. significance. Heavy minerals and their significance, Sedimentary basins of India. SECTION-B

(iv) Economic Geology

formation of minerals deposits, Controls of ore locallisation. Ore textures and structures, Metallogenic epochs and provinces, Geology of the important Indian deposits of equations; partial differential equation of the first order, solution by Cauchy's method of aluminium, chromium, copper, gold, iron, lead, zinc, manganese, titanium, uranium and characteristics; Charpit's method of solutions, linear partial differential equations of the thorium and industrial minerals, Deposits of coal and petroleum in India, National Mineral Policy, Conservation and utilization of mineral resources, Marine mineral resources and Law of Sea.

(v) Mining Geology:

Methods of prospecting-Geological, geophysical, geo-chemical and geo-botanical ore dressina.

(vi) Geochemistry and Environmental Geology:

composition of earth and distribution of elements, Trace elements, Elements of crystal logical operations on numbers, Bitwise operations. AND, OR, SOR, NOT, and shift/ rotate chemistry types of chemical bonds, coordination number, Isomorphism and operators, Octal and Hexadecimal Systems, Conversion to and form decimal Systems. polymorphism, Elementary thermodynamics.

Natural hazards-floods, landslides, coastal erosion, earthquakes and volcanic activity and long integers. mitigation, Environmental impact of urbanization, open cast mining, industrial and Algorithms and flow charts for solving numerical analysis problems. radioactive waste disposal, use of fertilizers, dumping of mine waste and fly-ash, Pollution of ground and surface water, marine pollution, environment protection legislative numerical analysis. measures in India.

MATHEMATICS PAPER-I Section-A

Linear Algebra:

Vector, space, linear dependence and independence, subspaces, bases, dimensions Finite dimensional vector spaces. Matrices, Cayley-Hamilition theorem, eigen-values and eigenvectors, matrix of linear transformation, row and column reduction, Echelon form, equivalences, congruences and similarity, reduction to cannonical form, rank, orthogonal, symmetrical, skew symmetrical, unitary, hermitian, skew-hermitian forms- their 1. Theory of Machines eigenvalues. Orthogonal and unitary reduction of quadratic and hermitian forms, positive Kinematic and dynamic analysis of planar mechanisms, Cams, Gears and gear trains, definite quardratic forms.

Calculus

Real numbers, limits, continuity, differentiability, mean-value theorems, Taylor's theorem with remainders, indeterminate forms, maxima and minima, asymptotes. Functions of drives. Hydrodynamic bearings. several variables: continuity, differentiability, partial derivatives, maxima and minima, 2. Mechanics of Solids Lagrange's method of multipliers, Jacobian, Riemann's definition of definite integrals, Stress and strain in two dimensions, Principal stresses and strains, Mohr's construction, indefinite integrals, infinite and improper integrals, beta and gamma functions. Double and linear elastic materials, isotropy and anisotropy, Stress-strain relations, unilaxial loading, triple integrals (evaluation techniques only). Areas, surface and volumes, centre of gravity. **Analytical Geometry**

Cartesian and polar coordinates in two and three dimensions, second degree equations in two and three dimensions; reduction to cannonical forms, straight lines, shortest distance energy concepts ad theories of failure. Rotating discs. Shrink fits. between two skew lines, plane, sphere, cone, cylinder, paraboloid, ellipsoid, hyperboloid of 3. Engineering Materials one and two sheets and their properties.

Section-B

Ordinary Differential Equations:

Formulation of differential equations, order and degree, equations of first order and first degree, integrating factor, equations of first order but not of first degree, Clariaut's equation singular solution. Higher order linear equations with constant coefficients, complementary Merchant's force analysis, Taylor's tool life equation, machinability and machining function and particular integral, general solution, Euler-Cauchy equation.

solution when one solution is known, method of variation of parameters.

Dynamics, Statics and Hydrostatics:

Degree of freedom and constraints, rectilinear motion, simple harmonic motion, motion in a plane, projectiles, constrained motion, work and energy, conservation of energy, motion Production Planning and Control, Forecasting-moving average exponential smoothing under impulsive forces, Kepler's laws, orbits under central forces, motion of varying mass, motion under resistance.

Equilibrium of a system of particles, work and potential energy, friction, common catenary principle of virtual work, stability of equilibrium, equilibrium of forces in three dimensions. Pressure of heavy fluids, equilibrium of fluids under given system of forces, Bernoulli equation, centre of pressure, thrust on curved surfaces, equilibrium of floating bodies stability of equilibrium, meta-centre, pressure of gases.

Vector Analysis:

Scalar and vector fields, triple products, differentiation of vector function of a scalar variable, gradient, divergence and curl in Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates and their physical interpretations. Higher order derivatives, vector identities and vector equations. Application to Geometry; Curves in space curvature and torision. Serret-Frenet's formulae, Gauss and Stokes' theorems, Green's identities.

MATHEMATICS PAPER-II **SECTION-A**

Algebra:

Transportation and assignment problems, Travelling salesman problems. **SECTION-B**

Partial differential equations:

Ore, ore minerals and gangue, tenor of ore, classification of ore deposits. Process of Curves and surfaces in three dimensions, formulation of partial differentiation equations, solutions of equations of type dx/p=dy/q=dz/r; orthogonal trajectories, Pfaffian differential second order with constant coefficients, equations of vibrating string, heat equation, Laplace equation.

Numerical analysis and Computer programming: Numerical methods solution of algebraic and transcendental equations of one variable by bisection, Regula-Falsi and Newton-Raphson methods, solution of system of linear equations by Gaussian elimination Techniques of sampling. Estimation of reserves of ore, Methods of exploration and mining and Gauss-Jordan (direct) methods, Gauss-Seidel (iterative) method. Newton's (Forward metalic ores. Industrial minerals and marine mineral resources, Mineral beneficiation and and backward) and Lagrange's method of interpolation. Numerical integration; Simpson's one-third rule, tranpezodial rule, Gaussian quadrature formula. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations: Euler and Runge Kuttamethods, Computer Programming: Cosmic abundance of elements, Composition of the planets and meteorites, Structure and Storage of numbers in computers, bits, bytes and words, binary system, arithmetic and Representation of unsigned integers, signed integers and reals, double precision reals and

Developing simple programs in Basic for problems involving techniques covered in the

Mechanics and Fluid Dynamics:

Generalised coordinates, constraints, holonomic and non-holonomic, systems, D Alembert's principle and Lagrange's equations, Hamilton equations, moment of inertia, motion of rigid bodies in two dimensions. Equation of continuity, Euler's equation motion for inviscid flow, stream-lines, path of a particle, potential flow, two-dimensional and axisymetric motion, sources and sinks, vortex motion, flow past a cylinder and a sphere, method of images, Navier-Stokes equation for a viscous fluid.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-I

Flywheels, Governors, Balancing of rigid rotors, Balancing of single and multi-cylinder engines, Linear vibration analysis of mechanical systems (single degree and two degrees of freedom), Critical speeds and whirling of shafts, Automatic Controls, Belts and chain

thermal stresses, Beams: Banding moment and shear force diagrams, bending stresses and deflection of beams, Shear stress distribution. Torsion of shafts, helical springs, Combined stresses, Thick and thin walled pressure vessels. Struts and columns. Strain

Basic concepts on structure of solids, crystalline materials, Defects in crystalline materials, Alloys anc, binary phase diagrams, structure and properties of common engineering materials. Heat treatment of steels, plastics, Ceramics and camposite. Materials, common applications of various materials.

4. Manufacturing Science

economics, Rigid, small and flexible automation, NC, CNC. Recent machining methods-Second order linear equations with variable coefficients, determination of complete EDM, ECM and ultrasonic. Application of lasers and plasmas, analysis of forming processes. High energy rate forming Jigs, fixtures, tools and gauges, Inspection of length, position, profile and surface finish.

5. MANUFACTURING MANAGEMENT

Operations scheduling assembly line balancing. Product development, Breakeven analysis, Capacity planning, PERT and CPM, Control Operations: Inventory control-ABC analysis, EOQ model, Materials requirement planning, Job design, Job standards, work Measurement, Quality management- Quality control Operations Research: Linear programming-Graphical and Simplex methods, Transportation and assignment models, Single server queuing model. Value Engineering; Value analysis, for cost/value, Total quality management and forecasting techniques. Project management.

6. ELEMENTS OF COMPUTATION

Computer Organisation, Flow charting, Features of Common Computer Languages FORTRAN, d Base-III, Lotus 1-2-3, C and elementary programmings.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PAPER-II

1. THERMODYNAMICS:

Basic concept, Open and closed systems, Applications of Thermo-dynamic Laws., Gas equations, Clapeyron equation, Availability, Irreversibility and T ds relations. 2. I.C. Engines:

Fuels and Combustion: Spark Ignition and compression ignition engines, four stroke

Groups, sub-groups, normal subgroups, homomorphism of groups, quotient groups, basic	engine and two stroke engines, mechanical, thermal and volumetric efficiency, Heat	
isomorphism theorems, Sylovi's group, permutation groups, Cayley theorem, rings and	balance.	
ideals, principal ideal domains, unique factorization domains and Euclidean domains.	Combustion process in S.I. and C.I. engines, pre-ignition detonation in S.I. engine Diesel	
Field extensions, finite fields.	knock in C.I. engine, Choice of engine fuels, Octane and Cetane ratings. Alternate fuels	
Real Analysis:	Carburration and Fuel injection, Engine emissions and control, Solid, liquid and gaseous	
Real number system, ordered sets, bounds, ordered field, real number system as an	fuels, stoichometric air requirements and excess air factor, fuel gas analysis, higher and	
ordered field with least upper bound property, Cauchy sequence, completeness,		
Continuity and uniform continuity of functions, properties of continuous functions on	3. HEAT TRANSFER, REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING:	
compact sets. Riemann integral, improper integrals, absolute and conditional	One and two dimensional heat conduction. Heat transfer from extended surfaces, heat	
convergence of series of real and complex terms, rearrangement of series, Uniform	transfer by forced and free convection, Heat exchangers, Fundamentals for diffusive and	
convergence, continuity, differentiability and integrability for sequences and series of	connective mass transfer, Radiation laws, heat exchange between black and non black	
functions. Differentiation of functions of several variables, change in the order of partial	surfaces, Network Analysis, Heat pump, refrigeration cycles and systems, Condensers,	
derivatives, implicit function theorem, maxima and minima, Multiple integrals.	evaporators and expansion devices and controls, Properties and choice of refrigerant,	
Complex Analysis:	Refrigeration Systems and components, psychometrics, comfort indices, cooling loading	
Analytic function Cauchy-Riemann equations, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's integral	calculations, solar refrigeration.	
formula, power series, Taylor's series, Laurent's Series, Singularities, Cauchy's residue	4. TURBO-MACHINES AND POWER PLANTS:	
theorem, contour integration, Conformal mapping, bilinear transformations.	Continuity, momentum and Energy Equations. Adiabatic and Isentropic flow, fanno lines,	
Linear Programming:	Raylegh lines, Theory and design of axial flow turbines and compressors, Flow through	
Linear programming problems, basic solution, basic feasible solution and optimal solution,	turbo-machine balde, cascades, centrifugal compressor. Dimensional analysis and	
	Contd	

modelling. Selection of site for steam, hydro nuclear and stand-by power plants, Selection	(a) Quantum Mechanics II
	Particle in a three dimensional box, density of states, free electron theory of metals, The
removal equipment, Fuel and cooling water systems, heat balance, station and plant heat	angular momentum problem, The hydrogen atom, The spin half problem and properties of
rates, operation and maintenance of various power plants, preventive maintenance,	Pauli spin matrices.
economics of power generation.	(b) Atomic Physics
PHYSICS	Stern-Gerlack experiment, electron spin, fine structure of hydrogen atom, L-S coupling, J-
PAPER-I	J, coupling, Spectroscopic notation of atomic states, Zeeman effect, Frank-Condon
SECTION-A	principle and applications.
1. Classical Mechanics (a) Particle dynamics	3. Molecular Physics
Centre of mass and laboratory coordinates, conservation of linear and angular	Elementary theory of rotational, vibrational and electronic spectra of diatomic molecules,
momentum, The rocket equation, Rutherford scattering, Galilean transformation, inertial	Raman effect and molecular structure, Laser Raman spectroscopy importance of neutral
and non-inertial frames, rotating frames, centrifugal and Coriolls forces; Foucault	hydrogen atom, molecular hydrogen and molecular hydrogen ion in astronomy
pendulum.	Fluorescence and Phos-phorescence, Elementary theory, and applications of NMR.
(b) System of particles	Elementary ideas about Lamb shift and its significance.
Constraints, degrees of freedom, generalised coordinates and momenta, Lagranje's	SECTION-B
equation and applications to linear harmonic oscillator, simple pendulum and central force	4. Nuclear Physics
problems Cyclic coordinates, Hamiltonian Lagrange's equation from Hamilton's principle.	Basic nuclear properties-size, binding energy, angular momentum, parity, magnetic
(c) Rigid body dynamics	moment, Semi-empirical mass formula and applications, Mass parabolas, Ground state of deuteron magnetic moment and non-central forces, Meson theory of nuclear forces,
Eulerian angles, inertia tensor, principal moments of inertia. Euler's equation of motion of a	Salient features of nuclear forces, Shell model of the nucleus-success and limitations,
rigid body, force-free motion of a rigid body, Gyroscope.	Violation of parity in beta decay, Gamma decay and internal conversion, Elementary ideas
2. Special Relativity, Waves & Geometrical Optics	about Mossbauer spectroscopy, Q-value of nuclear reactions, Nuclear fission and fusion,
(a) Special Relativity Michelson-Morley experiment and its implications, Lorentz transformations-length	energy production in stars, Nuclear reactors.
contraction, time dilation, addition of velocities, aberration and Doppler effect, mass	5. Particle Physics & Solid State Physics:
energy relation, simple application to a decay process Minkowski diagram, four	(a) Particle Physics
dimensional momentum vector. Covariance of equations of physics.	Classification of elementary particles and their interactions, Conservation laws, Quark
(b) Waves	structure of hadrons, Field quanta of electro-weak and strong Interactions, Elementary
Simple harmonic motion, damped oscillation forced oscillation and resonance, Beats.	ideas about Unification of Forces, Physics of neutrinos.
Stationary waves in a string. Pulses and wave packets. Phase and group velocities.	b) Solid State Physics
Reflection and Refraction from Huygen's principle.	Cubic crystal structure, Band theory of solids-conductors, insulators and semiconductors,
(c) Geometrical Optics	Elements of superconductivity, Meissner effect, Joseph-son junctions and applications,
Laws of reflection and refraction from Format's principle. Matrix method in paraxial optic-	Elementary ideas about high temperature superconductivity.
thin-lens formula, nodal planes, system of two thin lenses, chromatic and spherical	6. Electronics
aberrations.	Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors-p-n-p and n-p-n transistors. Amplifiers and
3. Physical Optics	oscillators, Op-amps, FET, JFET and MOSFET, Digital electronics-Boolean Identities, De-
(a) Interference	Morgan's laws, Logic gates and truth tables, Simple logic circuits, Thermistors, solar cells,
Interference of light-Young's experiment, Newton's rings, Interference by thin films,	Fundamentals of microprocessors and digital computers.
Michelson Interferometer. Multiple beam Interference and Fabry-Perot interferometer.	STATISTICS PAPER-I
Holography and simple applications	
Holography and simple applications.	
(b) Diffraction	Probability
(b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as
(b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous-
(b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous- type random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, vector-valued
(b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern.	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous-
 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics 	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous- type random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, vector-valued random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of
 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics Production and detection of linearly and circularly polarised light. Double refraction, quarter 	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous- type random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, vector-valued random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable,
 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics 	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous- type random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, vector-valued random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation, convergence of a sequence of random variable in distribution, in probability, in p-th mean and almost everywhere, their criteria and inter-relations, Borel- Cantelli lemma, Chebyshev's and Khinchine's weak laws of large numbers, strong law of
 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics Production and detection of linearly and circularly polarised light. Double refraction, quarter wave plate, Optical activity, Principles of fibre optics attenuation; pulse dispersion in step 	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous- type random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, vector-valued random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation, convergence of a sequence of random variable in distribution, in probability, in p-th mean and almost everywhere, their criteria and inter-relations, Borel- Cantelli lemma, Chebyshev's and Khinchine's weak laws of large numbers, strong law of large numbers and Kolmogorov's theorems, Glivenko-Cantelli theorem, probability
 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics Production and detection of linearly and circularly polarised light. Double refraction, quarter wave plate, Optical activity, Principles of fibre optics attenuation; pulse dispersion in step index and parabolic index fibres; material dispersion, single mode fibres. Lasers-Einstein A 	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous- type random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, vector-valued random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation, convergence of a sequence of random variable in distribution, in probability, in p-th mean and almost everywhere, their criteria and inter-relations, Borel- Cantelli lemma, Chebyshev's and Khinchine's weak laws of large numbers, strong law of large numbers and Kolmogorov's theorems, Glivenko-Cantelli theorem, probability generating function, characteristic function, inversion theorem, Laplace transform, related
 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics Production and detection of linearly and circularly polarised light. Double refraction, quarter wave plate, Optical activity, Principles of fibre optics attenuation; pulse dispersion in step index and parabolic index fibres; material dispersion, single mode fibres. Lasers-Einstein A and B coefficients; Ruby and He-Ne lasers. Characteristics of laser light-spatial and temporal coherence, Focussing of laser beams, Three-level scheme for laser operation. SECTION-B 	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous- type random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, vector-valued random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation, convergence of a sequence of random variable in distribution, in probability, in p-th mean and almost everywhere, their criteria and inter-relations, Borel- Cantelli lemma, Chebyshev's and Khinchine's weak laws of large numbers, strong law of large numbers and Kolmogorov's theorems, Glivenko-Cantelli theorem, probability generating function, characteristic function, inversion theorem, Laplace transform, related uniqueness and continuity theorems, determination of distribution by its moments.
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 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction:- half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Corru's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics Production and detection of linearly and circularly polarised light. Double refraction, quarter wave plate, Optical activity, Principles of fibre optics attenuation; pulse dispersion in step index and parabolic index fibres; material dispersion, single mode fibres. Lasers-Einstein A and B coefficients; Ruby and He-Ne lasers. Characteristics of laser light-spatial and temporal coherence, Focussing of laser beams, Three-level scheme for laser operation. SECTION-B 4. Electricity and Magnetism (a) Electrostatics and Magneto-statics Laplace and Poisson equations in electrostatics and their applications. Energy of a system of charges, multiple expansion of scalar potential. Method of images and its applications, Potential and field due to a dipole, force and torque on a dipole in an external field. Dielectrics, polarisation, Solutions, to boundary-value problems-conducting and dielectric spheres in a uniform electric field. Magnetic shell, uniformly magnetised sphere, Ferromagnetic materials, hysteresis, energy loss. (b) Current Electricity Kirchhoff's laws and their applications, Biot-Savart law, Ampere's law, Faraday's law, Lenz' law. Self and mutual inductances. Mean and rms values in AC circuits, LR, CR and LCR circuits-series and parallel resonance, Quality factor, Principle of transformer. 5. Eectromagnetic Theory Bislack Body Radiation (a) Electromagnetic field tensor, cavariance of Maxwell's equations, Wave equations in lsotropic dielectrics, reflection and refraction at the boundary of two dielectrics. Fresnel' relations, Normal a	Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous-type random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, vector-valued random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation, convergence of a sequence of random variable in distribution, in probability, in p-th mean and almost everywhere, their criteria and inter-relations, Borel-Cantelli lemma, Chebyshev's and Khinchine's weak laws of large numbers, strong law of large numbers and Kolmogorov's theorems, Glivenko-Cantelli theorem, probability generating function, characteristic function, inversion theorem, Laplace transform, related uniqueness and continuity theorems, determination of distribution by its moments. Linderberg and Levy forms of central limit theorem, standard discrete and continuous probability distributions, their Inter-relations and limiting cases, simple properties of finite Markov chains. Statistical Inference Consistency, unbiasedness, efficiency, sufficiency, minimal-sufficiency, completeness, ancillary statistic, factorization theorem, exponential family of distribution and its properties, uniformly minimum variance unbiased (UMVU) estimation, Rao-Blackwell and Lehmann-Scheffe theorems, Cramer-Rao inequality for single and several-parameter family of distributions, minimum variance bound estimator and its properties, modifications and extensions of Cramer-Rao inequality, Chapman-Robbins inequality, Bhattacharya's bounds, estimation by methods of moments, maximum likelihood, least squares, minimum chisquare and modified minimum chi-square properties of maximum likelihood and other estimators, idea of asymptotic efficiency, idea of prior and posterior distributions, Bayes', estimators. Non-randomised and randomised tests, c
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 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction: - half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics Production and detection of linearly and circularly polarised light. Double refraction, quarter wave plate, Optical activity, Principles of fibre optics attenuation; pulse dispersion in step index and parabolic index fibres; material dispersion, single mode fibres. Lasers-Einstein A and B coefficients; Ruby and He-Ne lasers. Characteristics of laser light-spatial and temporal coherence, Focussing of laser beams, Three-level scheme for laser operation. SECTION-B 4. Electricity and Magnetism (a) Electrostatics and Magneto-statics Laplace and Poisson equations in electrostatics and their applications. Energy of a system of charges, multiple expansion of scalar potential. Method of images and its applications, Potential and field due to a dipole, force and torque on a dipole in an external field. Dielectrics, polarisation, Solutions, to boundary-value problems-conducting and dielectric spheres in a uniform electric field. Magnetic shell, uniformly magnetised sphere, Ferromagnetic materials, hysteresis, energy loss. (b) Current Electricity Kirchhoff's laws and their applications, Biot-Savart law, Ampere's law, Faraday's law, Lenz' law. Self and mutual inductances. Mean and rms values in AC circuits, LR, CR and LCR circuits-series and parallel resonance, Quality factor, Principle of transformer. 5. Eectromagnetic Theory Black Body Radiation (a) Electroand anamalous dispersion, Rayleigh scattering. (b) Blackbody radiation Blackbody radiation Blackbody radiation Blackbody radiation and Planck radiation la	 Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous-type random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation, convergence of a sequence of random variable in distribution, in probability, in p-th mean and almost everywhere, their criteria and inter-relations, Borel-Cantelli lemma, Chebyshev's and Khinchine's weak laws of large numbers, strong law of large numbers and Kolmogorov's theorems, Glivenko-Cantelli theorem, probability generating function, characteristic function, inversion theorem, Laplace transform, related uniqueness and continuity theorems, determination of distribution by its moments. Linderberg and Levy forms of central limit theorem, standard discrete and continuous probability distributions, their Inter-relations and limiting cases, simple properties of finite Markov chains. Statistical Inference Consistency, unbiasedness, efficiency, sufficiency, minimal-sufficiency, completeness, ancillary statistic, factorization theorem, exponential family of distribution and its properties, uniformly minimum variance unbiased (UMVU) estimation, Rao-Blackwell and Lehmann-Scheffe theorems, Cramer-Rao inequality, Chapman-Robbins inequality, Bhattacharya's bounds, estimation by methods of moments, maximum likelihood, least squares, minimum chisquare and modified minimum chi-square properties of maximum likelihood, and other estimators, idea of asymptotic efficiency, idea of prior and posterior distributions, Bayes', estimators. Non-randomised and randomised tests, critical function, MP tests, Neyman-Pearson lemma, UMP tests, montone likelihood ratio, generalised Neyman Pearson lemma, UMP tests, montone likelihood ratis grage and several-parameter families of distributions, likeli
 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction-in half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics Production and detection of linearly and circularly polarised light. Double refraction, quarter wave plate, Optical activity, Principles of fibre optics attenuation; pulse dispersion in step index and parabolic index fibres; material dispersion, single mode fibres. Lasers-Einstein A and B coefficients; Ruby and He-Ne lasers. Characteristics of laser light-spatial and temporal coherence, Focussing of laser beams, Three-level scheme for laser operation. SECTION-B 4. Electricity and Magnetism (a) Electrostatics and Magneto-statics Laplace and Poisson equations in electrostatics and their applications. Energy of a system of charges, multiple expansion of scalar potential. Method of images and its applications, Potential and field due to a dipole, force and torque on a dipole in an external field. Dielectrics, polarisation, Solutions, to boundary-value problems-conducting and dielectric spheres in a uniform electric field. Magnetic shell, uniformly magnetised sphere, Ferromagnetic materials, hysteresis, energy loss. (b) Current Electricity Kirchhoff's laws and their applications, Biot-Savart law, Ampere's law, Faraday's law, Lenz' law. Self and mutual inductances. Mean and rms values in AC circuits, LR, CR and LCR circuits-series and parallel resonance, Quality factor, Principle of transformer. 5. Eectromagnetic Theory Displacement current and Maxwell's equations Wave equations in vacuum, Poynting theorem, Vector and scalar potentials, Gauge invariance, Lorentz and Coulomb gauges, Electromagnetic field tensor, cavariance of Maxwell's equations, W	 Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous-type random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation, convergence of a sequence of random variable in distribution, in probability, in p-th mean and almost everywhere, their criteria and inter-relations, Borel-Cantelli lemma, Chebyshev's and Khinchine's weak laws of large numbers, strong law of large numbers and Kolmogorov's theorems, Glivenko-Cantelli theorem, probability generating function, characteristic function, inversion theorem, Laplace transform, related uniqueness and continuity theorems, determination of distribution by its moments. Linderberg and Levy forms of central limit theorem, standard discrete and continuous probability distributions, their Inter-relations and limiting cases, simple properties of finite Markov chains. Statistical Inference Consistency, unbiasedness, efficiency, sufficiency, minimal-sufficiency, completeness, ancillary statistic, factorization theorem, exponential family of distribution and its properties, uniformly minimum variance unbiased (UMVU) estimation, Rao-Blackwell and Lehmann-Scheffe theorems, Cramer-Rao inequality, for single and several-parameter family of distributions, minimum variance bound estimator and its properties, modifications and extensions of Cramer-Rao inequality. Chapman-Robbins inequality, Bhattacharya's bounds, estimation by methods of moments, maximum likelihood, least squares, minimum chisquare and modified minimum chi-square properties of maximum likelihood and other estimators, lidea of asymptoic efficiency, idea of prior and posterior distributions, Bayes', estimators. Non-randomised and randomised tests, critical function, MP tests, Neyman-Pears
 (b) Diffraction Fraunhofer diffraction-single slit, double slit, diffraction grating, resolving power. Fresnel diffraction: - half-period zones and zones plates. Fersnel integrals, Application of Cornu's spiral to the analysis of diffraction at a straight edge and by a long narrow slit. Deffraction by a circular aperture and the Airy pattern. (c) Polarisation and Modern Optics Production and detection of linearly and circularly polarised light. Double refraction, quarter wave plate, Optical activity, Principles of fibre optics attenuation; pulse dispersion in step index and parabolic index fibres; material dispersion, single mode fibres. Lasers-Einstein A and B coefficients; Ruby and He-Ne lasers. Characteristics of laser light-spatial and temporal coherence, Focussing of laser beams, Three-level scheme for laser operation. SECTION-B 4. Electricity and Magnetism (a) Electrostatics and Magneto-statics Laplace and Poisson equations in electrostatics and their applications. Energy of a system of charges, multiple expansion of scalar potential. Method of images and its applications, Potential and field due to a dipole, force and torque on a dipole in an external field. Dielectrics, polarisation, Solutions, to boundary-value problems-conducting and dielectric spheres in a uniform electric field. Magnetic shell, uniformly magnetised sphere, Ferromagnetic materials, hysteresis, energy loss. (b) Current Electricity Kirchhoff's laws and their applications, Biot-Savart law, Ampere's law, Faraday's law, Lenz' law. Self and mutual inductances. Mean and rms values in AC circuits, LR, CR and LCR circuits-series and parallel resonance, Quality factor, Principle of transformer. 5. Eectromagnetic Theory Black Body Radiation (a) Electroand anamalous dispersion, Rayleigh scattering. (b) Blackbody radiation Blackbody radiation Blackbody radiation Blackbody radiation and Planck radiation la	 Probability Sample space and events, probability measure and probability space, random variable as a measurable function, distribution function of a random variable, discrete and continuous-type random variable, marginal and conditional distributions, stochastic independence of events and of random variables, expectation and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation, convergence of a sequence of random variable in distribution, in probability, in p-th mean and almost everywhere, their criteria and inter-relations, Borel-Cantelli lemma, Chebyshev's and Khinchine's weak laws of large numbers, strong law of large numbers and Kolmogorov's theorems, Glivenko-Cantelli theorem, probability generating function, characteristic function, inversion theorem, Laplace transform, related uniqueness and continuity theorems, determination of distribution by its moments. Linderberg and Levy forms of central limit theorem, standard discrete and continuous probability distributions, their Inter-relations and limiting cases, simple properties of finite Markov chains. Statistical Inference Consistency, unbiasedness, efficiency, sufficiency, minimal-sufficiency, completeness, ancillary statistic, factorization theorem, exponential family of distribution and its properties, uniformly minimum variance unbiased (UMVU) estimation, Rao-Blackwell and Lehmann-Scheffe theorems, Cramer-Rao inequality, Chapman-Robbins inequality, Bhattacharya's bounds, estimation by methods of moments, maximum likelihood, least squares, minimum chisquare and modified minimum chi-square properties of maximum likelihood, and other estimators, idea of asymptotic efficiency, idea of prior and posterior distributions, Bayes', estimators. Non-randomised and randomised tests, critical function, MP tests, Neyman-Pearson lemma, UMP tests, montone likelihood ratio, generalised Neyman Pearson lemma, UMP tests, montone likelihood ratis grage and several-parameter families of distributions, likeli

Gibb's phase rule and chemical potential. Van der Waals equation of state of real gas, critical constants, Maxwell-Boltzman distribution of molecular velocities, transport phenomena, equipartition and virial theorems, Dulong-Petit, Einstein, and Debye's theories of specific heat of solids. Maxwell relations and applications. Clausius-Clapeyron equation. Adiabatic demagnetisation, Joule-Kelvin effect and liquefication of gases.

(b) Statistical Physics

Saha ionization formula, Bose-Einstein condensation, Thermodynamic behaviour of an ideal Fermi gas, Chandrasekhar limit, elementary ideas about neutron stars and pulsars, Brownian motion as a random walk, diffusion process, Concept of negative temperatures.

PHYSICS PAPER-II **SECTION-A**

1. Quantum Mechanics: Wave-particle duality, Schroedinger equation and expectation values. Uncertainty principle, Solutions of the one-dimensional Schroedinger equation free particle (Gaussian wave-packet), particle in a box, particle in a finite well, linear, harmonic oscillator, Reflection and transmission by a potential step and by a rectangular barrier, use of WKB formula for the life-time calculation in the alpha-decay problem. 2. Quantum Mechanics II & Atomic Physics

squares and analysis of variance, Gauss-Markoff theory, normal equations, least squares estimates and their precision, test of significance and interval estimates based on least squares theory in one-way, two-way and three-way classified data, regression analysis, linear regression, curvilinear regression and orthogonal polynomials, multiple regression, multiple and partial correlations, regression diagnostics and sensitivity analysis. calibration problems, estimation of variance and covariance components, MINQUE theory, multivariate normal distribution, Mahalanobis; D² and hotelling's T² statistics and their applications and properties, discriminant analysis, canonical correlations, one-way MANOVA, principal component analysis, elements of factor analysis.

Sampling Theory and Design of Experiments An outline of fixed-population and superpopulation approaches, distinctive features of finite population sampling, probability sampling designs, simple random sampling with and without replacement stratified random sampling, systematic sampling and its efficacy for structural populations, cluster sampling' two-stage and multi-stage sampling ratio and regression, methods of estimation involving one or more auxiliary Variables, two-phase sampling, probability proportional to size sampling with and without replacement, the Hansen-Hurwitz and the Horvitz-Thompson estimator. Non-negative variance estimation with reference to the Horvitz Thompson estimators, non-sampling errors, Warner's randomised response technique for

sensitive characteristics.	(m) Amphibia: Origin of tetrapods; parental care, paedomorphosis.
Fixed effects model (two-way classification) random and mixed effects models (two-way	(n) Reptilia: Origin of reptiles; skull types; status of Sphenodon and crocodiles.
classification with equal number of observation per cell), CRD, RBD, LSD and their analysis; incomplete block designs, concepts of chronogonality and balance, BIBD,	(o) Aves: Origin of birds; flight adaptation, migration.(p) Mammalia: Origin of mammals; dentition; general features of egg-laying mammals,
missing plot technique, factorial designs: $2n$, 3^2 and 3^3 , confounding in factorial	pouched mammals, aquatic mammals and primates; endocrine glands and other hormone
experiments, split-plot and simple lattice designs.	producing structures (pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, pancreas, gonads) and their
STATISTICS	interrelationships.
PAPER- II	(q) Comparative functional anatomy of various systems of vertebrates (integument and its
I. Industrial Statistics	derivatives, endoskeleton, locomotory organs digestive system, respiratory system,
Process and product control, general theory of control charts, different types of control	circulatory system including heart and aortic arches; urinogenital system, brain and sense
charts for variables and attributes, X, R, s, p, nn and c charts, cumulative sum chart, V-	
mask, single, double, multiple and sequential sampling plans for attribute, OC, ASN, AQQ	Section-B
and ATI curves concepts of producer's and consumer's risks, AQL, LTPD and AOQL,	I. Ecology:
sampling plans for variables, use of Dodge-Roming and Military Standard tables,	(a) Biosphere: Biogeochemical cycles, green-houses effect, ozone layer and its impact;
Concepts of reliability, maintainability and availability, reliability of series and parallel systems and other simple configurations, renewal density and renewal function, survival	
models (exponential, Weibull, lognormal, Rayleigh, and bath-tub), different types of	
redundancy and use of redundancy in reliability improvement, Problems in life-testing	
censored and truncated experiments for exponential models.	management.
II. Optimization Techniques	(d) Environmental biodegradation; pollution and its impact on biosphere and its prevention.
Different types of models in Operational Research, their construction and general methods	
	(a) Behaviour: Sensory filtering, responsiveness, sign stimuli, learning, instinct,
programming (LP) problem, simple LP model and its graphical solution, the simplex	
	(b) Role of hormones in drive; role of pheromones in alarm spreading; crypsis, predator
theory of LP and its economic interpretation, sensitivity analysis, transportation and assignment problems, rectangular games, two-person zero- sum games, method of	
solution (graphical and algebraic).	(c) Orientation, navigation, homing; biological rhythms; biological clock, tidal, seasonal
Replacement of failing or deteriorating items, group and individual replacement policies,	
concept of scientific inventory management and analytical structure of inventory problems,	
simple models with deterministic and stochastic demand with and without lead time,	
storage models with particular reference to dam type. Homogeneous discrete-time Markov	(a) Apiculture, sericulture, lac culture, carp culture, pearl culture, prawn culture.
chains, transition probability matrix, classification of states and ergodic theorems,	(b) Major infectious and communicable diseases (small pox, plague, malaria, tuberculosis,
homogeneous continuous-time Markov chains, Poisson process, elements of queuing	cholera and AIDS) their vectors, pathogens, and prevention.
theory, M/M/1, M/M/K, G/M/1 and M/G/1 queues. Solution of statistical problems on	(c)Cattle and livestock diseases, their pathogens (helminths) and vectors (ticks, mites,
computers using well-known statistical software packages like SPSS.	Tabanus, Stomoxys)
III. Quantitative Economics and Official Statistics Determination of trend, seasonal and cyclical components, Box-Jenkins method, tests for	(d) Pests of sugar cane (Pyrilla perpusiella), oil seed (Achaea Janata) and rice (Silophilus
stationery of series, ARIMA models and determination of orders of autoregressive and	
moving average components, forecasting.	Designing of experiments; null hypothesis; correlation, regression, distribution and
	measure of central tendency, chi square, student t-test, F-test (one-way & two-way F-test)
chain-base index numbers, uses and limitations of index numbers, index number of	V. Instrumental methods:
wholesale prices, consumer price index number, index numbers of agricultural and	
industrial production, test for index numbers like proportionality test, time-reversal test,	(b) Electron microscopy (TEM, SEM).
factor-reversal test, circular test and dimensional invariance test.	ZOOLOGY
General linear model, ordinary least squares and generalised least squares methods of	PAPER-II Section-A
estimation, problem of multi-collinearity, consequences and solutions of multi-collinearity, autocorrelation and its consequences, heteroscedasticity of disturbances and its testing,	I. Cell Biology:
test for independence of disturbances, Zellner's seemingly unrelated regression equation	(a) Structure and function of cell an its organelles (nucleus, plasma membrane,
model and its estimation, concept of structure and model for simultaneous equations,	mitochondria, Golgibodies, endoplasmic reticulum ribosomes and lysosomes), cell
problem of identification-rank and order conditions of identifiability, two-stage least	division (mitosis and melosis), mitutic spindle and mitotic apparatus, chromosome
squares method of estimation. Present official statistical sytem in India relating to	
population agriculture, industrial production, trade and prices, methods of collection of	(b) Watson-Crick model of DNA; replication of DNA, protein synthesis, transcription and
official statistics, their reliability and limitation and the principal publications containing	transcription factors.
such statistics, various official agencies responsible for data collection and their main	II. Genetics (a) Gene structure and functions; genetic code.
functions. IV. Demography and Psychometry	(b) Sex chromosomes and Sex determination in Drosophilla, nematodes and man.
Demographic data from census, registration, NSS and other surveys, and their limitation	(c) Mendel's laws of inheritance, recombination, linkage, linkage-maps, multiple alleles,
and uses, definition, construction and uses of vital rates and ratios, measures of fertility,	cistron concept; genetics of blood groups.
reproduction rates, morbidity rate, standardized death rate: complete and abridged life	
tables, construction of life tables from vital statistics and census returns, uses of life tables,	(e) Cloning technology, plasmids and cosmids as vectors, transgenics, transposons, DNA
logistic and other population growth curves, fitting a logistic curve, population projection,	sequence cloning and whole animal cloning (Principles and methodology).
stable population theory, uses of stable population and quasi-stable population techniques	(f) Regulation and gene expression in pro-and eu-karyotes.
in estimation of demographic parameters, morbidity and its measurement, standard	
classification by cause of death, health surveys and use of hospital statistics. Method of standardisation of scales and tests, Z-scores, standard scores, T-scores,	(h) Human genome mapping; DNA fingerprinting. III. Evolution
percentile scores, intelligence quotient and its measurement and uses, validity of test	(a) Origin of life.
scores and its determination, use of factor analysis and path analysis in psychometry.	(b) Natural selection, role of mutation in evolution, mimicry, variation, isolation, speciation.
ZOOLOGY	(c)Fossils and fossllization; evolution of horse, elephant and man.
PAPER-I	(d) Hardy-Weinberg law, causes of change in gene frequency,
Section-A	(e) Continental drift and distribution of animals.
I. Non-chordata and chordata	IV. Systematics
(a) Classification and relationship of various phyla up-to sub-classes; Acoelomata and	(a)Zoological nomenclature; international code; cladistics.
Coelomata; Protostomes and Deuterostomes, Bilateralia and Radiata; Status of Protista,	Section-B I. Biochemistry
Parazoa, Onychophora and Hemichordata; Symmetry. (b) Protozoa: Locomotion, nutrition, reproduction; evolution of sex; general features and	(a) Structure and role of carbohydrates, fats, lipids, proteins, aminoacids, nucleic acids;
life history of Paramaecium, Monocystis, Plasmodium and Leisismania.	saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, cholesterol.
(c)Porifera: Skeleton, canal system and reproduction.	(b) Glycolysis and Krebs cycle, oxidation and reduction, oxidative phosphorylation; energy

(d) Coelenterata: Polymorphism, defensive structures and their - mechanism; coral reefs	conservation and release, ATP, cyclic AMP-its structure and role.
and their formation; metagenesis; general features and life history of Obelia and Aurelia.	(c)Hormone classification (steroid and peptide hormones), biosynthesis and function.
(e) Platyhelminthes: Parasitic adaptation; general features and life history of Fasciola and	(d) Enzymes: types and mechanisms of action; immunoglobulin and immunity; vitamins
Taenia and their relation to man.	and co-enzymes.
(f) Nemathelminthes: General features, life history and parasitic adaptation of Ascaris;	(e)Bioenergetics.
nemathelminths in relation to man.	II. Physiology (with special reference to mammals)
(g) Annelida: Coelom and metarnerism; modes of life in polychaetes; general features and	(a) Composition and constituents of blood; blood groups and Rh factor in man;
life history of nereis (Neanthes), earthworm (Pheretima) and leach (Hirundaria).	coagulation, factors and mechanism of coagulation; acid-base balance, thermo regulation.
	(b) Oxygen and carbon dioxide transport; haemoglobin: constituents and role in regulation.
	(c)Nutritive requirements; role of salivary glands, liver, pancreas and intestinal glands in
(cockroach, mosquito, housefly, honey bee and butterfly); metamorphosis in insects and	
its hormonal regulation; social organization in insects (termites and honey bees).	(d) Excretory products; nephron and regulation of urine formation; osmoregulation.
(i) Mollusca; Feeding, respiration, locomotion, shell diversity; general features and life	
history of Lamellidens, Pila and Sepia, torsion and detorsion in gastropods.	(f) Neuron, nerve impulse-its conduction and synaptic transmission; neurotransmitters.
(j) Echinodermata; Feeding respiration, locomotion larval forms; general features and life	(g) Vision, hearing and olfaction in man.
history of Asterias.	(h) Mechanism of hormone action.
(k)Protochordata; Origin of chordates; general features and life history of Branchiostoma	(i) Physiology of reproduction, role of hormones and phermones.
and Herdamania.	III. Developmental Biology
(I) Pisces: Scales, respiration, locomotion, migration.	(a) Differentiation from gamete to neurula stage; dedifferentation; metaplasia, induction,
	Contd

morphogenesis and morphogon; fate maps of gastrulae in frog and chick; organogenesis	
of eye and heart, placentation in mammals.	of fruit preservation. Preparation of Jam, Jelly and marmalade.
(b) Role of cytoplasm in and genetic control of development; cell lineage; causation of	Horticulture"Vegetables and Ornamental crops"
metamorphosis in frog and insects; paedogenesis and neoteny; growth, degrowth and cell	Paper-II
death; ageing; blastogenesis; regeneration; teratogenesis; neoplasia.	Section "A"
(c)Invasiveness of placenta; in vitro fertilization; embryo transfer, cloning.	Importance and scope of vegetable and ornamental crops. Vegetable garden,
(d) Baer's law; evo-devo concept.	Classification of vegetable crops. Area, Production and Package of practices:- Tomato,
Animal Husbandry and Vet. Science	Brinjal, Chilli, Okra, Watermelon, Muskmelon, Bottlegourd, Bittergourd, Cabbage,
Paper-I	Cauliflower, Onion, Garlic, Beans, French bean, Pea, Potato, Elephant foot, Carrot,
<u>Section-A</u>	Radish, Amaranthus and Palak. Use of phytohormones in vegetable production. Organic
Livestock industry - its scope and potential.	production of vegetable. Protected cultivation of vegetables. OFF season vegetable
Human population in relation to wild life.	production. Fertigation. Principles of vegetable preservation. Drying, Dehydration and
Significance of wild life.	canning of vegetables.
Animal Genetics and Breeding	Section "B'
Animal Genetics: Mendelian inheritance, Expression of genes, linkage and crossing over,	Importance of floriculture and ornamental gardens. Planning of ornamental garden. Style
Sex influenced and sex linked characters. Chromosomal aberration and gene structure,	of garden and components of a garden. Use of trees, Shrubs and Climbers, Palm,
DNA as genetic material, recombinant DNA technology, mutation Quantitative vs	
Qualitative traits. Forces changing gene frequency.	Carnation, Marigold, Tuberose and gladiolus. Use of phytohormones in ornamental crops.
Animal Breeding: Breeding systems-Inbreeding, out breeding, up grading, hybridization,	Loose, cut and dry flowers. Medicinal and aromatic plant and spices.
Cross breeding and out crossing system, selection and their merits, Genetic improvement of cattle, buffaloes, sheep, goat, swine, horses, Poultry and wild animals.	Environmental Science
Adaptation to the environment	Paper First Part-A
Thermal balance in animals, direct and indirect effects of weather on animals, Loss of	
water from body, Growth rate and body weight. Photo sensitive disorder.	study of Environmental Science. Environmental Segments: Geosphere, lithosphere,
Section-B	Hydrosphere, atmosphere and biosphere- their spread, composition and Inter-
Animal diseases:	relationships.
Immunity and vaccination: Principles and method of immunization of animals against	 Environmental and ecological principles: Ecological terminology and definitions,
specific diseases.	level of organization, habitat and niche, individual, species, population. Community, biome
Herd immunity, disease free zone, zero disease concept.	and ecosystem organization.
Diseases of cattle, Cow, Buffalo, sheep, goats and wild animals-Etiology symptoms,	- Ecological Succession: Hydrarch and xerarch, concept of climax and seral
diagnosis, prevention, control and treatment of Antrax, Haemorrhagic Septicaemia, Black	communities
quarter, mastitis, tuberculosis, John's disease, foot and mouth disease, Rinder pest,	- Concept of ecosystem: biotic and abiotic components, structural and functional
Rabies, Trypnosomiasis, milk fever and trympanitis, diseases of newly born calf. Disease	attributes of ecosystem, productivity, energy flow, food chain, food web and ecological
of poultry - Etiology Symtoms, diagnosis, prevention, control and treatment of Ranikhet	pyramids, terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems. Biogeochemical cycles of C, N and P and
disease, Fowl pox, Anian leucosis complex, Marek's diseases and Gumboro Disease.	hydrological cycle.
Diseases of swine- swine fever, and hog cholera, diseases of Dog- Canine distemper,	Part-B
Parvo disease, Rabies in pets in relation to human health.	- Natural resources:- waterits sources, surface and ground water, global distribution
Veterinary Public Health- Zoonosis and zoonotic disease. Veterinary Jurisprudence- rule	and uses of water, water crisis and conservational strategies.
and regulations for improvement of animals, quality and prevention of animal disease,	- Soil and land, resources of India and its uses, conservational strategies and Integrated
Materials and methods for collection and samples for veterolegal investigation.	land use planning.
Extention- Principles of extention, different methods adopted to educate the farmers under	- Minerals and matters- their uses and mining operations.
rural conditions. Generation of technology- Its transfer and feed back. Problems and constrains in transfer	- Forest resources of India, forest cover, community and social forestry, afforestation
of technology Animal husbandry programmes for rural development.	programmes, forest conservation Act and national forest conservation strategy.
Animal Husbandry and Vet. Science	- Biodiversity and its significance, Keystone species and hot spots, measurements of
Paper-II	biodiversity, cause of biodiversity loss, conservation of biodiversity -in-situ and ex-situ
Section-A	conservation. Biological diversity Act.
A- Animal Nutrition: General nutritional considerations, Energy and Protein nutrition,	- Wildlife sanctuaries and national parks in India, Wildlife conservation Act, concept of
Mineral and vitamin nutrition, Hormones and additives. Evaluation of nutritional value of	biosphere reserves.
feeds. Ruminant and non-ruminant nutrition of animals. Meeting nutritional requirement of	- Renewable and non renewable sources of energy and its optimization.
various classes of animals. Digestion, metabolism and absorption of nutrients in different	Environmental Science
types of animals grazing habit and food intake.	Paper- Second
B- Animal Physiology	Part-A
Physiological mechanisms and livestock product, Growth rate & animals production.	- Environmental disruptions, soil erosion, deforestation, drought, flood, fire and desertification-processes, causal factors and their mitigative measures.
Nervous and hormonal controlling mechanism, Physiology of Reproduction. Lactation and	- Environmental pollution: Air pollution-sources, effects on plants, animal, man and
egg laying. Physiology of digestive system of various classes of animals including wild	monuments and their Control measures, Air quality standards.
animals, Semen evaluation, preservation & artificial insemination in various classes of	 Water pollution, types and major sources of water pollutants, effects of water pollutants
animals. Section-B	on physico-chemical and biological properties of water bodies, process and control of
A- Livestock production & Management-	eutrophication, water born diseases with special reference to water pollution.
General care and management of livestock - Cattle, buffalo, Goats, Sheep, Pigs and	 Types and major sources of soil pollutants, effects of soil pollutants on fertility and
Poultry. General care and management of wild animals. Feeding and management of	biological properties of soil.
livestock and wild animals and under drought, Flood and other natural disaster.	- Major sources of noise pollution, effects of noise on human health.
Classification, grading and marketing of livestock and their products.	- Anthropogenic and other biotic activities grazing, burning and mining etc. and their
Milk and milk products-	impact on environment and agriculture, effect of industrialization on environment.
Milk-Collection, transportation of raw milk, quality testing and grading of raw milk, milk	- Introduction to global environmental problems viz: acid rain, ozone depletion, green
pasteurization, standardization, & Homogenization. Reconstituted and recombined milk.	house gases, Global warming and climatic changes.
Milk Product technology- Production, Processing, Storage, distribution and marketing of	- Solid waste disposal and its effects on surrounding environment and management,
milk products such as butter, Ghee, Khoa, Chhena, Cheese, condensed and dried milk,	waste management in domestic, industrial and urban areas, energy generation from
Ice-cream, yoghurt, Dahi and Srikhand and their testing and grading, BIS specification,	wastes.
legal standards, quality control and nutritive properties of various milk products.	Part-B
Milk by product technology - whey products, butter milk, Lactose, and casein.	- Introduction and scope of environmental management, environmental ethics and
Horticulture "Fruit and Plantation Crops"	dharma of ecology.
Paper-I	- Basic concepts of sustainable development, industrial ecology and recycling industry.
Section 'A'	- Basic environmental laws and acts viz: Environmental protection Act, Air Act, Water
Definition of horticulture and its branches. Importance and scope of fruits and plantation crops in India. Area and production of different fruit crops. Geographical	
Classification of fruit crops. Nutritional garden. Planning and establishment of orchard.	National and international Environmental conservation strategies and organizations. Population and Environment, concept of carrying capacity and population regulation
polassingation of trutt crops. Nutritional garden. Framming and establishment of ofchard.	- Population and Environment, concept of carrying capacity and population regulation.

Nursery management, Methods of training and pruning. Use of Phytohormone in fruit production. Section "B"	
	environmental management.
Package of practices for the cultivation of major fruits Mango, Banana, Citrus, Grape, Guava, Litchi and Papaya and Minor Fruits Pineapple, pomegranate, Bael, Aonla, Ber,	Secretary