## Exercise 13.4

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### 1. Find the surface area of a sphere of radius:

(i) 10.5cm (ii) 5.6 cm (iii) 14cm (Assume π=22/7)

#### Solution:

Formula: Surface area of sphere (SA) =  $4\pi r^2$ 

(i)Radius of sphere, r = 10.5 cm SA =  $4 \times 22/7 \times (10.5)^2 = 1386$ 

Surface area of sphere is 1386 cm<sup>2</sup>

(ii)

Radius of sphere, r = 5.6 cm

Using formula,  $SA = 4 \times 22 / 7 \times (5.6)^2 = 394.24$ 

Surface area of sphere is 394.24 cm<sup>2</sup>

(iii)

Radius of sphere, r = 14 cm

 $SA = 4\pi r^2$ 

 $= 4 \times 22/7 \times (14)^2 = 2464$ 

Surface area of sphere is 2464 cm<sup>2</sup>

### 2. Find the surface area of a sphere of diameter:

### (i) 14 cm (ii) 21 cm (iii) 3.5 cm

(Assume  $\pi=22/7$ )

#### Solution:

Radius of sphere, r = diameter/2 = 14/2 cm = 7 cm

Formula for Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 

$$= 4 \times 22/7 \times 7^2 = 616$$

Surface area of a sphere is 616 cm<sup>2</sup>

(ii) Radius (r) of sphere = 21/2 = 10.5 cm

Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 

$$= 4 \times 22/7 \times (10.5)^2 = 1386$$

Surface area of a sphere is 1386 cm<sup>2</sup>

Therefore, the surface area of a sphere having diameter 21cm is 1386 cm<sup>2</sup>

(iii) Radius(r) of sphere= 3.5/2 = 1.75 cm

Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 

 $= 4 \times 22/7 \times (1.75)^2 = 38.5$ 

Surface area of a sphere is 38.5 cm<sup>2</sup>

## 3. Find the total surface area of a hemisphere of radius 10 cm. [Use $\pi$ =3.14]

Solution:

Radius of hemisphere, r = 10 cm Formula: Total surface area of hemisphere =  $3\pi r^2$ =  $3 \times 3.14 \times 10^2 = 942$ The total surface area of given hemisphere is  $942 \text{ cm}^2$ 

## 4. The radius of a spherical balloon increases from 7 cm to 14 cm as air is being pumped into it. Find the ratio of surface areas of the balloon in the two cases.

Solution:

Let  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  be the radii of spherical balloon and spherical balloon when air is pumped into it respectively. So

$$r_1 = 7 \text{ cm}$$
  
 $r_2 = 14 \text{ cm}$ 

Now, Required ratio = (initial surface area)/(Surface area after pumping air into balloon)

$$=\frac{4\pi r_1^2}{4\pi r_2^2} = \left(\frac{r_1}{r_2}\right)^2$$

$$=(7/14)^2=(1/2)^2=\frac{1}{4}$$

Therefore, the ratio between the surface areas is 1:4.

## 5. A hemispherical bowl made of brass has inner diameter 10.5 cm. Find the cost of tin-plating it on the inside at the rate of Rs 16 per 100 cm<sup>2</sup>. (Assume $\pi$ =22/7)

#### Solution:

Inner radius of hemispherical bowl, say r = diameter/2 = (10.5)/2 cm = 5.25 cm Formula for Surface area of hemispherical bowl =  $2\pi r^2$ =  $2 \times 22/7 \times (5.25)^2 = 173.25$ 

Surface area of hemispherical bowl is 173.25 cm<sup>2</sup>

Cost of tin-plating 
$$100 \text{ cm}^2$$
 area = Rs  $16$   
Cost of tin-plating  $1 \text{ cm}^2$  area = Rs  $16/100$   
Cost of tin-plating  $173.25 \text{ cm}^2$  area = Rs.  $(16 \text{ x } 173.25)/100 = \text{Rs } 27.72$ 

Therefore, the cost of

tin-plating the inner side of the hemispherical bowl at the rate of Rs 16 per 100 cm<sup>2</sup> is Rs 27.72.

### 6. Find the radius of a sphere whose surface area is 154 cm<sup>2</sup>. (Assume $\pi$ =22/7)

#### Solution:

Let the radius of the sphere be r.

Surface area of sphere = 154 (given)

Now,

 $4\pi r^2 = 154$ 

$$r^2 = (154 \times 7)/(4 \times 22) = (49/4)$$

$$r = (7/2) = 3.5$$

The radius of the sphere is 3.5 cm.

## 7. The diameter of the moon is approximately one fourth of the diameter of the earth. Find the ratio of their surface areas.

#### Solution:

If diameter of earth is say d, then the diameter of moon will be d/4 (as per given statement)

Radius of earth = d/2

Radius of moon =  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{d}{4} = \frac{d}{8}$ 

Surface area of moon =  $4\pi (d/8)^2$ 

Surface area of earth =  $4\pi (d/2)^2$ 

Ratio of their Surface areas = 
$$\frac{4\pi \left(\frac{d}{8}\right)^2}{4\pi \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2} = 4/64 = 1/16$$

The ratio between their surface areas is 1:16.

## 8. A hemispherical bowl is made of steel, 0.25 cm thick. The inner radius of the bowl is 5cm. Find the outer curved surface of the bowl. (Assume $\pi = 22/7$ )

#### Solution:

Given:

Inner radius of hemispherical bowl = 5 cm

Thickness of the bowl = 0.25 cm

Outer radius of hemispherical bowl = (5 + 0.25) cm = 5.25 cm

Formula for outer CSA of hemispherical bowl=  $2\pi r^2$ , where r is radius of hemisphere

$$= 2 \times 22/7 \times (5.25)^2 = 173.25$$



Therefore, the outer curved surface area of the bowl is 173.25 cm<sup>2</sup>.

- 9. A right circular cylinder just encloses a sphere of radius r (see fig. 13.22). Find
- (i) surface area of the sphere,
- (ii) curved surface area of the cylinder,
- (iii) ratio of the areas obtained in (i) and (ii).



Fig. 13.22

#### Solution:

(i) Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ , where r is the radius of sphere

(ii) Height of cylinder, h = r + r = 2r

Radius of cylinder = r

CSA of cylinder formula =  $2\pi rh$  =  $2\pi r$  (2r) (using value of h)

 $=4\pi r^2$ 

(iii) Ratio between areas = (Surface area of sphere)/CSA of Cylinder)

$$=\frac{4\pi r^2}{4\pi r^2}=\frac{1}{1}$$

Ratio of the areas obtained in (i) and (ii) is 1:1.