

## Exercise 1.4

1. Without actually performing the long division, state whether the following rational numbers will have a terminating decimal expansion or a non-terminating repeating decimal expansion:

(i)  $\frac{13}{3125}$  (ii)  $\frac{17}{8}$  (iii)  $\frac{64}{455}$  (iv)  $\frac{15}{1600}$  (v)  $\frac{29}{343}$  (vi)  $\frac{23}{2^3 5^2}$  (vii)  $\frac{129}{2^2 5^7 7^5}$  (viii)  $\frac{6}{15}$  (ix)  $\frac{35}{50}$  (x)  $\frac{77}{210}$

**Solutions:**

**Note:** If the denominator has only factors of 2 and 5 or in the form of  $2^m \times 5^n$  then it has terminating decimal expansion.

If the denominator has factors other than 2 and 5 then it has a non-terminating decimal expansion.

(i)  $\frac{13}{3125}$

Factorizing the denominator, we get,

$$3125 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 5^5$$

Since, the denominator has only 5 as its factor,  $\frac{13}{3125}$  has a terminating decimal expansion.

(ii)  $\frac{17}{8}$

Factorizing the denominator, we get,

$$8 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3$$

Since, the denominator has only 2 as its factor,  $\frac{17}{8}$  has a terminating decimal expansion.

(iii)  $\frac{64}{455}$

Factorizing the denominator, we get,

$$455 = 5 \times 7 \times 13$$

Since, the denominator is not in the form of  $2^m \times 5^n$ , thus  $\frac{64}{455}$  has a non-terminating decimal expansion.

(iv)  $\frac{15}{1600}$

Factorizing the denominator, we get,

$$1600 = 2^6 5^2$$

Since, the denominator is in the form of  $2^m \times 5^n$ , thus  $\frac{15}{1600}$  has a terminating decimal expansion.

(v)  $\frac{29}{343}$

Factorizing the denominator, we get,

$$343 = 7 \times 7 \times 7 = 7^3$$

Since, the denominator is not in the form of  $2^m \times 5^n$ , thus  $\frac{29}{343}$  has a non-terminating decimal expansion.

(vi)  $\frac{23}{2^3 5^2}$

Clearly, the denominator is in the form of  $2^m \times 5^n$ .

Hence,  $\frac{23}{2^3 5^2}$  has a terminating decimal expansion.

(vii)  $\frac{129}{2^2 5^7 7^5}$

As you can see, the denominator is not in the form of  $2^m \times 5^n$ .

Hence,  $\frac{129}{2^2 5^7 7^5}$  has a non-terminating decimal expansion.

(viii)  $\frac{6}{15}$

$$\frac{6}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$$

Since, the denominator has only 5 as its factor, thus,  $\frac{6}{15}$  has a terminating decimal expansion.

(ix)  $\frac{35}{50}$   
 $\frac{35}{50} = \frac{7}{10}$

Factorising the denominator, we get,

$$10 = 2 \times 5$$

Since, the denominator is in the form of  $2^m \times 5^n$ , thus,  $\frac{35}{50}$  has a terminating decimal expansion.

(x)  $\frac{77}{210}$

$$\frac{77}{210} = \frac{7 \times 11}{7 \times 30} = \frac{11}{30}$$

Factorising the denominator, we get,

$$30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$$

As you can see, the denominator is not in the form of  $2^m \times 5^n$ .

Hence,  $\frac{77}{210}$  has a non-terminating decimal expansion.

2. Write down the decimal expansions of those rational numbers in Question 1 above which have terminating decimal expansions.

Solutions:

$$(i) \frac{13}{3125}$$

```

3125)13.00000(0.00416
      0
      -----
      130
       0
       -----
      13000
     -12500
     -----
       5000
      -3125
      -----
       18750
       18750
       -----
         00000
         -----
  
```

$$\frac{13}{3125} = 0.00416$$

$$(ii) \frac{17}{8}$$

```

8) 17 (2.125
   -16
   ----
    10
    -8
    ----
    20
    -16
    ----
    40
    -40
    ----
    00
    ----
  
```

$$\frac{17}{8} = 2.125$$

(iii)  $\frac{64}{455}$  has a Non terminating decimal expansion

(iv)  $\frac{15}{1600}$

1600) 15.000000 (0.009375

```

0
-----
150
  0
-----
1500
  0
-----
15000
-14400
-----
  6000
  -4800
-----
  12000
 -11200
-----
   8000
  -8000
-----
   0000
-----

```

$$\frac{15}{1600} = 0.009375$$

(v)  $\frac{29}{343}$  has a Non terminating decimal expansion

(vi)  $\frac{23}{2^3 5^2} = \frac{23}{8 \times 25} = \frac{23}{200}$

200) 23.000(0.115

$$\begin{array}{r}
 0 \\
 \hline
 23 \\
 -0 \\
 \hline
 230 \\
 -200 \\
 \hline
 300 \\
 -200 \\
 \hline
 1000 \\
 -1000 \\
 \hline
 0000 \\
 \hline
 \frac{23}{2^3 5^2} = 0.115
 \end{array}$$

(vii)  $\frac{129}{2^2 5^7 7^5}$  has a Non terminating decimal expansion

(viii)  $\frac{6}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5) 2.0 (0.4 \\
 0 \\
 \hline
 20 \\
 -20 \\
 \hline
 00 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

(ix)  $\frac{35}{50} = \frac{7}{10}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 10) 7 (0.7 \\
 0 \\
 \hline
 70 \\
 -70 \\
 \hline
 00 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{35}{50} = 0.7$$

(x)  $\frac{77}{210}$  has a non-terminating decimal expansion.

**3. The following real numbers have decimal expansions as given below. In each case, decide whether they are rational or not. If they are rational, and of the form,  $\frac{p}{q}$  what can you say about the prime factors of  $q$ ?**

(i) 43.123456789

(ii) 0.120120012000120000. . .

(iii)  $43.\overline{123456789}$

**Solutions:**

(i) 43.123456789

Since it has a terminating decimal expansion, it is a rational number in the form of  $\frac{p}{q}$  and  $q$  has factors of 2 and 5 only.

(ii) 0.120120012000120000. . .

Since, it has non-terminating and non-repeating decimal expansion, it is an irrational number.

(iii)  $43.\overline{123456789}$

Since it has non-terminating but repeating decimal expansion, it is a rational number in the form of  $\frac{p}{q}$  and  $q$  has factors other than 2 and 5.