

Exercise 16.2

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1. If 21y5 is a multiple of 9, where y is a digit, what is the value of y?

**Solution:**

Suppose 21y5 is a multiple of 9.

Therefore according to the divisibility rule of 9, the sum of all the digits should be a multiple of 9.

That is,  $2 + 1 + y + 5 = 8 + y$

Therefore,  $8 + y$  is a factor of 9.

This is possible when  $8 + y$  is any one of these numbers 0, 9, 18, 27, and so on

However, since y is a single digit number, this sum can be 9 only.

Therefore, the value of y should be 1 only i.e.  $8 + y = 8 + 1 = 9$ .

2. If 31z5 is a multiple of 9, where z is a digit, what is the value of z? You will find that there are two answers for the last problem. Why is this so?

**Solution:**

Since, 31z5 is a multiple of 9.

Therefore according to the divisibility rule of 9, the sum of all the digits should be a multiple of 9.

$3 + 1 + z + 5 = 9 + z$

Therefore,  $9 + z$  is a multiple of 9

This is only possible when  $9 + z$  is any one of these numbers: 0, 9, 18, 27, and so on.

This implies,  $9 + 0 = 9$  and  $9 + 9 = 18$

Hence 0 and 9 are two possible answers.

3. If  $24x$  is a multiple of 3, where  $x$  is a digit, what is the value of  $x$ ?

(Since  $24x$  is a multiple of 3, its sum of digits  $6 + x$  is a multiple of 3; so  $6 + x$  is one of these numbers: 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, ... . But since  $x$  is a digit, it can only be that  $6 + x = 6$  or 9 or 12 or 15. Therefore,  $x = 0$  or 3 or 6 or 9. Thus,  $x$  can have any of four different values.)

**Solution:** Let's say,  $24x$  is a multiple of 3.

Then, according to the divisibility rule of 3, the sum of all the digits should be a multiple of 3.

$$2 + 4 + x = 6 + x$$

So,  $6 + x$  is a multiple of 3, and  $6 + x$  is one of these numbers: 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18 and so on.

Since,  $x$  is a digit, the value of  $x$  will be either 0 or 3 or 6 or 9, and the sum of the digits can be 6 or 9 or 12 or 15 respectively.

Thus,  $x$  can have any of the four different values: 0 or 3 or 6 or 9.

4. If  $31z5$  is a multiple of 3, where  $z$  is a digit, what might be the values of  $z$ ?

**Solution:** Since  $31z5$  is a multiple of 3.

Therefore according to the divisibility rule of 3, the sum of all the digits should be a multiple of 3.

$$\text{That is, } 3 + 1 + z + 5 = 9 + z$$

Therefore,  $9 + z$  is a multiple of 3.

This is possible when the value of  $9 + z$  is any of the values: 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, and so on.

$$\text{At } z = 0, 9 + z = 9 + 0 = 9$$

$$\text{At } z = 3, 9 + z = 9 + 3 = 12$$

$$\text{At } z = 6, 9 + z = 9 + 6 = 15$$

$$\text{At } z = 9, 9 + z = 9 + 9 = 18$$

The value of  $9 + z$  can be 9 or 12 or 15 or 18.

Hence 0, 3, 6 or 9 are four possible answers for  $z$ .