

Exercise 5.4

Page No: 174

Differentiate the functions with respect to x in Exercise 1 to 10.

1. $\frac{e^x}{\sin x}$

Solution: Let $y = \frac{e^x}{\sin x}$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x, we get

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin x \frac{d}{dx} e^x - e^x \frac{d}{dx} \sin x}{\sin^2 x}$$

[Using quotient rule]

$$= \frac{\sin x e^x - e^x \cos x}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$= e^x \frac{(\sin x - \cos x)}{\sin^2 x}$$

2. $e^{\sin^{-1} x}$

Solution: Let $y = e^{\sin^{-1} x}$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x, we get

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{\sin^{-1} x} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1} x$$

$$= e^{\sin^{-1} x} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\left[\because \frac{d}{dx} e^{f(x)} = e^{f(x)} \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \right]$$

3. e^{x^3}

Solution: Let $y = e^{x^3} = e^{(x^3)}$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x , we get

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= e^{(x^2)} \frac{d}{dx} x^3 \\ &= e^{(x^2)} \cdot 3x^2 = 3x^2 \cdot e^{(x^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[\because \frac{d}{dx} e^{f(x)} = e^{f(x)} \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \right]$$

4. $\sin(\tan^{-1} e^{-x})$

Solution: Let $y = \sin(\tan^{-1} e^{-x})$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x , we get

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos(\tan^{-1} e^{-x}) \frac{d}{dx} (\tan^{-1} e^{-x})$$

$$\left[\because \frac{d}{dx} \sin f(x) = \cos f(x) \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \right]$$

$$= \cos(\tan^{-1} e^{-x}) \frac{1}{1+(e^{-x})^2} \frac{d}{dx} e^{-x}$$

$$\left[\because \frac{d}{dx} \tan^{-1} f(x) = \frac{1}{(f(x))^2} \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \right]$$

$$= \cos(\tan^{-1} e^{-x}) \frac{1}{1+e^{-2x}} e^{-x} \frac{d}{dx} (-x)$$

$$= - \frac{e^{-x} \cos(\tan^{-1} e^{-x})}{1+e^{-2x}}$$

5. $\log(\cos e^x)$

Solution: Let $y = \log(\cos e^x)$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x , we get

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{\cos e^x} \frac{d}{dx} (\cos e^x) \left[\because \frac{d}{dx} \log f(x) = \frac{1}{f(x)} \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\cos e^x} (-\sin e^x) \frac{d}{dx} e^x \left[\because \frac{d}{dx} \cos f(x) = -\sin f(x) \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \right] \\ &= -(\tan e^x) e^x = -e^x (\tan e^x) \end{aligned}$$

6. $e^x + e^{x^2} + \dots + e^{x^5}$

Solution: Let $y = e^x + e^{x^2} + \dots + e^{x^5}$
 Define the given function for 5 terms,
 Let us say, $y = e^x + e^{x^2} + e^{x^3} + e^{x^4} + e^{x^5}$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} e^x + \frac{d}{dx} e^{x^2} + \frac{d}{dx} e^{x^3} + \frac{d}{dx} e^{x^4} + \frac{d}{dx} e^{x^5} \\ &= e^x + e^{x^2} \frac{d}{dx} x^2 + e^{x^3} \frac{d}{dx} x^3 + e^{x^4} \frac{d}{dx} x^4 + e^{x^5} \frac{d}{dx} x^5 \\ &= e^x + e^{x^2} \cdot 2x + e^{x^3} \cdot 3x^2 + e^{x^4} \cdot 4x^3 + e^{x^5} \cdot 5x^4 \\ &= e^x + 2xe^{x^2} + 3x^2e^{x^3} + 4x^3 \cdot e^{x^4} + 5x^4 \cdot e^{x^5} \end{aligned}$$

7. $\sqrt{e^{\sqrt{x}}}, x > 0$

Solution: Let $y = \sqrt{e^{\sqrt{x}}}$
 or $y = (e^{\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{1}{2}}$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x, we get

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} (e^{\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{1}{2}-1} \frac{d}{dx} e^{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\left[\because \frac{d}{dx} (f(x))^n = n(f(x))^{n-1} \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{e^{\sqrt{x}}}} e^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{e^{\sqrt{x}}}} e^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{e^{\sqrt{x}}}}$$

8. $\log(\log x), x > 1$

Solution: Let $y = \log(\log x)$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x , we get

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\log x} \frac{d}{dx} (\log x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\log x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x \log x}$$

9. $\frac{\cos x}{\log x}, x > 0$

Solution: Let $y = \frac{\cos x}{\log x}$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x , we get

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log x \frac{d}{dx} (\cos x) - \cos x \frac{d}{dx} (\log x)}{(\log x)^2}$$

[By quotient rule]

$$= \frac{\log x (-\sin x) - \cos x \frac{1}{x}}{(\log x)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{-\left(\sin x \log x + \frac{\cos x}{x}\right)}{(\log x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-(x \sin x \log x + \cos x)}{x(\log x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

10. $\cos(\log x + e^x), x > 0$

Solution: Let $y = \cos(\log x + e^x)$

Differentiate the functions with respect to x , we get

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= -\sin(\log x + e^x) \frac{d}{dx}(\log x + e^x) \\ &= -\sin(\log x + e^x) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x} + e^x\right) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{x} + e^x\right) \sin(\log x + e^x) \end{aligned}$$

