# Selina Solutions For Class 9 Biology Chapter 15 - Hygiene

# **Progress Check**

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1.	Fill in (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	the blanks Cleanliness, rest and sleep, and physical exercise are a part of hygiene One must always breathe by the and never by the Fresh air brings into the living rooms. One must never put a sharp pointed object into the it may rupture the
	(v) (vi)	For adults 6-7 hours of continuous undisturbed is sufficient.  The municipal bodies must ensure the supply of clean germ-free and an efficient disposal.
	Soluti	on:
	(i)	Personal
	(ii)	Nose, mouth
	(iii)	Oxygen
	(iv)	Ear, eardrum
	(v)	Sleep

# 2. List any three advantages of a daily bath.

Drinking water, sewage

#### Solution:

(vi)

The three advantages are as follows:

- It keeps the skin clean and germ-free
- Eliminates body odours given out by perspiration
- Keeps the sweat pores open
- To keep the body warm



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- 1. Tick-mark the correctly matched pairs of certain animals and the related diseases/habits.
  - Culex \_\_\_\_\_yellow fever Aedes \_\_\_\_\_filarial (i)
  - (ii)
  - (iii)
  - (iv)
  - (v)
  - Anopheles \_\_\_\_\_\_malaria
    Gambusia \_\_\_\_\_\_eat up mosquito larvae
    Rat flea \_\_\_\_\_diarrhea
    Cockroaches \_\_\_\_\_breed in man-holes (vi)

#### Solution:

Culexyellow fever		
Aedesfilarial		
Anophelesmalaria		
Gambusia	eat up mosquito	✓
larvae		9
Rat fleadiarrhea		
Cockroachesbreed in man-holes		<b>✓</b>



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# Mention if the following statements are true (T) or false (F)

(i)	Contamination means entry of germs by insect bite	T/F
(ii)	Sewage is the commonest source of contamination of water in the cities	T/F
(iii)	Cholera is marked by acute diarrhea and no urination	T/F
(iv)	Typhoid is caused by a type of worm	T/F
( <b>v</b> )	Mosquitoes are the source of dysentery germs	T/F

#### Solution:

- (i) The statement is false. Contamination means entry of germs into drinking water or edible foods.
- (ii) The statement is true.
- (iii) The statement is true.
- (iv) The statement is false. Typhoid is caused by a bacteria
- (v) The statement is false. Dysentery can be caused by bacteria or protozoans.

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# **Review Questions**

## A. Multiple Choice Type

- 1. No urination due to shortage of water in the body is a typical symptom of
  - (a) Typhoid
  - (b) Malaria
  - (c) Dysentery
  - (d) Cholera

#### Solution:

(d) Cholera

It is because urea accumulates in the blood, which is highly poisonous and fatal.

- 2. Which one of the following is an unhealthy habit?
  - (a) Removing wax from inside the ears
  - (b) Keeping the mouth closed while breathing
  - (c) Sleeping for only 6-7hours
  - (d) Sharing towels with others

#### Solution:

(d) Sharing towels with others

Trachoma and conjunctivitis are two common eye diseases caused through sharing towels and others.

- 3. The protozoan that causes malaria is:
  - (a) Entamoeba histolytica
  - (b) Euglena
  - (c) Paramecium
  - (d) Plasmodium

#### Solution:

(d) Plasmodium

Malaria is caused by the protozoan Plasmodium

- 4. The chemical substance mainly responsible for tooth disorder is
  - (a) Calcium
  - (b) Chloride
  - (c) Fluorides
  - (d) Iodides

#### Solution:

(c) Fluorides

Presence of fluorides in drinking water causes tooth disorders.

- 5. Typhoid is caused by
  - (a) Housefly
  - (b) Bacteria



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- (c) Virus
- (d) None of the above

#### Solution:

(b) Bacteria

Typhoid is caused by Salmonella typhi, a bacterium.

#### 6. The germ causing Hepatitis is transmitted through:

- (a) The bite of a mosquito
- (b) Contamination of food by a housefly

Column I

- (c) Personal contact with a patient
- (d) Contaminated water

#### Solution:

(d) Contaminated water

Hepatitis A is an infectious hepatitis transmitted through contaminated water.

Column II

## B. Very short answer type

# 1. Match Column I with that which is most appropriate in Column II.

	(a) Mosquito (b) Plasmodium	(i) DDT (ii) Dengue
	(c) Entamoeba histolytica	(iii) Vector
	(d) Aedes mosquito	(iv) Malaria
	(e) Insecticide	(v) Dysentery
Solution:	Column I	Column II
	(a) Mosquito	Malaria
	(b) Plasmodium	Vector
	(c) Entamoeba histolytica	Dysentery
	(d) Aedes mosquito	Dengue
	(e) Insecticide	DDT

#### 2. Name the following:

- (a) Organism that transmit microbes that cause disease.
- (b) Organisms that cause disease.
- (c) Science of maintaining good health

#### Solution:

- (a) Organism that transmit microbes that cause disease Vectors
- (b) Organisms that cause disease Pathogens
- (c) Science of maintaining good health Hygiene

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## 3. Describe the different ways by which the housefly contaminates our food.

#### Solution:

The different ways by which housefly contaminates food are:

- Pouring saliva out Food gets moist when housefly regurgitates on food or pours its saliva as a result pathogens get discharged on them causing the food to get contaminated.
- Hairy body and legs pick up filth Spiny or hairy legs and body tend to pick up dirt containing germs from germ-infested places such as faecal matter, rotten material, infected wound. When these carriers/flies rest on our food, they rub their legs continuously dropping the particles of dirt on the food, causing it to get contaminated.
- Excreta it deposits its excreta while it feeds, thus contaminating human food.
- Direct transmission of germs houseflies directly transmit pathogens in some cases. In case of eye disease trachoma, pathogens are transmitted from an infected person to a healthy person, when a fly settled on an infected eye of a person sits on the eyes of a healthy person.

#### 4. Suggest any two methods of controlling flies.

#### Solution:

The two methods of controlling flies are:

- Elimination of breeding places
- Spraying with DDT and other insecticides

# 5. List any three effective methods for controlling mosquitoes.

#### Solution:

The effective methods for controlling mosquitoes are:

- Elimination of breeding places for mosquitoes
- Spraying with DDT other insecticides
- Avoidance food should be protected by covering it

#### 6. Name the two common kinds of mosquitoes and the diseases they transmit.

#### Solution:

The two common kinds of mosquitoes and the diseases they transmit are as follows:

Mosquito	Disease	it
	transmits	
Anopheles	Malaria	
Aedes	Dengue	

## 7. Mention any three ways by which potable water can be contaminated.

#### Solution:

Potable water can be contaminated in the following three ways:

- Urination and defecation near water bodies such as ponds, lakes and rivers
- Sewage disposed improperly
- Contamination of water bodies by the drainage of animal washings and wastes from poultries and dairies

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#### C. Long Answer Type

# 1. Give suitable explanations for the following:

- (i) One should breathe by nose and never by mouth.
- (ii) Hands must be washed before eating food
- (iii) Eating places must be kept free of flies

# Solution:

- (i) It is because nostrils has hair and mucous that traps dust and microbes entering while breathing causing it to become purified and hence ensuring the respiratory passage is dust-free and germ-free.
- (ii) Everything around us mostly has microbes which are not visible to us. The furniture, books, public transport etc all of these objects inhabit germs which can be picked up by us once we get in touch with these objects. These germs are then transmitted to the different parts of the body, through the water we drink or through the food we eat. Hence it becomes a necessity to wash hands thoroughly before consuming food so as to stay at bay from the diseases that could be spread through these germs/vectors.
- (iii) Eating places must be kept free of flies as flies carry bacteria and germs that cause various diseases.

#### 2. How are cockroaches and rats harmful to humans?

#### Solution:

Cockroaches and rats are harmful to humans in the following ways:

- Rats consume grains and other food products. They carry pathogens. Rat-fleas is a pathogen that inhabits on the skin of the rat and carries the plague germs
- Cockroaches are known to perish food, cloth and paper. They carry viruses especially carcinogens.

# 3. Name the two types of dysentery and their causative germs and give one main precaution against them.

#### Solution:

The table below depicts the two types of dysentery, their causatives and precautions:

Type of Dysentery	Causative	Precaution	
Bacillary	Bacterium – Shigella	Consume safe(boiled) drinking water	
Amoebic	Protozoan – Entamoeba	Always check for food and water	
	histolytica	contamination before consumption.	

#### 4. Mention three symptoms of the disease Hepatitis.

#### Solution:

The three symptoms of Hepatitis disease are as follows:

- Body ache
- Eyes turn yellowish, due to the bile pigments urine turns to deep yellow
- Enlargement of liver