Sample Question Paper Class XII (2017-18) CLASS: XII Biology (044)

MARKING SCHEME

TIME: 3HOURS

<u>MM:70</u>

SECTION A

1.	Tissue culture using meristematic tissue as it is virus free	1⁄2+ 1⁄2 =1
2.	RNA interference	1/2+ 1/2 =1
3.	Intra Cytoplasmic Sperm Injection (No marks for abbreviation - ICSI)	1⁄2+ 1⁄2 =1
4.	The two components are –antibiotic resistant gene and plasmid vector of Salmonella typhimurium.	¹ ⁄ ₂ + ¹ ⁄ ₂ =1
5.	Test cross	1

SECTION B

6.	Population control measures other than contraception are:	2
	 Advertisements in the media, to generate awareness Statutory raising of marriageable age of the 	
	female to 18 years and that of males to 21 years, to delay the number of births	
	 Incentives given to couples with small families, to motivate others to comply 	
	(Any two of the above measures with explanation)	
7.	 X body/ X factor/ X chromosome In insects the sex chromosome consists of XX female; XO –Males 1/2 + 1/2 	1+1
8.	Spirulina –	2
	Produces large quantities of food rich in protein, minerals, fats, carbohydrates and vitamins. Methylophilus methylotrophus –	
	250 gm of this microorganism produces 25 tonnes of protein per day $1 \times 2 = 2$ OR	
	Multiple Ovulation Embryo Transfer Technology1	
	increases herd size, in a short time. $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$	
9.	a) Source – Trichoderma polysporum	2
	Reason – Immuno suppressive agent $1/2 + 1/2$	
	b) They are clarified by pectinases and proteases $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	

10.	- Decline in plant production/Decline in number of animal species	½x4=2
	- Lowered resistance to environmental perturbations such as drought	
	 Increased variability in certain ecosystem processes such as plant productivity/ water use / pest & disease cycles Species may become endangered/increased rate of species extinction 	

SECTION C	;
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11.		Epidermis				3
	EFF	Endothecium				
	Tox	Middle layers				
	- ol	XTHI				
	Hoto	Microspore mother cells				
	Z.	ATTR.				
	00	Tapetum				
	E					
	(Any four c	of the labels)			$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$	
			eloping pollen grains		1	
12.			nedium of gamete trans			1+1+1
		er number of the r nance the chance	nale gametes fail to rea	ich the female gar	netes	
13.	,	H_3 , H_2O and H_2	s of syngramy			1+1+1
	,	obic / Anoxygeni	C			
	c) Life co	me from pro-exis	sting non – living orgar	ic malecules and	that formation	
	of life v	was preceded by	chemical evolution.			
14.	a) There	will be 138 pink f	flower bearning plants	and 69 white flow	er bearing	1+1+1
	plants.					
	b)		Pink (Rr) selfing			
		Gameter	R	r D-		
		R	RR Red	Rr Pink		
			Rr	rr		
		r	Pink	White		
	Pheno	typic ratio : red :	-			
			2 : 1			
	,	plete dominance				
15.			The process of evolu		•	3
	-	• .	tarting from a point and	Interally radiating	to other areas of	
	-	ography (habitats nvergent evolutio				
	1 5,00	si yon ovoidilo				
	c) Wo	olf is a placenta	al mammal, whereas	Tasmanian wolf	is a marsupial	

16.	Doctor confirms pneumonia on the basis of the following symptoms - fever/chills/grey - blue lips and finger nails (any two); $\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{2}$	3
	and not common cold as the following symptoms are not observed - Nasal congestion/sore throat/hoarseness (any two) $\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Precautions –	
	1) Cover the nose when near the patient	
17	2) Do not share glasses and utensils / articles used by the infected person ¹ / ₂ + ¹ / ₂	2
17.	Methanogens are present in Cow dung so there is need to add innoculum.1 mark Breakdown of cellulose1 mark Anaerobic conditions. 1 mark	3
18.	Gene Therapy ¹ / ₂ mark	3
	ADA (Adenosine deaminase) deficiency ½ mark	5
	Lymphocytes from the blood of the patient are grown in a culture, a functional ADA cDNA is introduced into these lymphocytes, which are subsequently returned to the patient. The permanent cure is done by introducing ADA cDNA into cells at early embryonic stages.2 marks	
19.	Drug dependence - is the tendency of the body to manifest a characteristic and unpleasant withdrawal syndrome if regular dose of drugs is abruptly discontinued / because of perceived benefits, drugs are frequently used repeatedly from which the person may not be able to get out. 1 mark Measures:	3
	 Education and counseling - to face problems and stresses/ to channelize the energy into healthy pursuits like reading, music, yoga and other extracurricular activities 	
	 Seeking help from parents - to guide the person appropriately and immediately Seeking professional and medical help – to help the person to get rid of the problem completely with sufficient efforts and will power (any two) 1 mark each 	
20.	a) Positive terminal - 'B' $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$	3
20.	Negative terminal - 'A'	5
	b) DNA being negatively charged, moves towards the positive $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$ electrode (anode)	
	c) By elution - separated bands of DNA are cut out from the $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$ agarose gel and extracted from the gel piece	
	OR	
	a) Bt corn 1/2	
	b) Cry I Ab/ Bt toxin gene codes for crystal protein; the Bttoxin protein exists as an inactive protein, but once an insect ingests it, it gets converted into an active form due to the alkaline pH of the gut which solubilizes the crystal. The activated toxin binds to the surface of mid gut and creates pores that cause swelling, lysis and eventually death of the insect. $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2\frac{1}{2}$	
21.	a) Bam HI should be used, as restriction site for this enzyme is present in tet ^R region 1 mark	3
	b) Pvul will not be used, as restriction site for this enzyme is present in amp ^R region (not in tet ^R) 1 mark	

	EcoRI will not be used, as restriction site for this enzyme is not present in selectable marker tet ^R 1 mark	
22.	a) 'X' axis - Mean annual precipitation (cm) 'Y' axis - Mean annual temperature (0 C)	3
	b) Grassland - B Coniferous forest - E	
	c) The mean annual temperature ranges from -12 to 20C (error accepted \pm 2) and mean annual precipitation ranges from 10 - 125 cm, these are the optimum conditions in tundra biome $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$	

SECTION -D

23.	Father explains that it will lead to generation of e - waste;	4
	Difficulty in recycling e - waste / hazardous nature of recycling of e - waste / exposing workers to toxic substances present in e - waste (Any one) 1	
	Son's wish to update his father with modern techniques, Awareness about trends and technologies, well versed with their applicability in daily life (any other similar / appropriate values) $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 = 1\frac{1}{2}$	
	Concern for environment, scientific thinking, inquisitive nature, social awareness, judicious use of money, sense of responsibility (any other similar /appropriate values) $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 = 1\frac{1}{2}$	

SECTION -E

24.	 a) A is able to penetrate/ fertilize the ovum, whereas B and C are unable to penetrate/ fertilize // B and C will degenerate 1/2 x 2 = 1 b) Zona pellucida ensures the entry of only one sperm into the ovum 1 c) Induces completion of meiotic division of the secondary oocyte, formation of second polar body and a haploid ovum 1/2 x 2 = 1 d) Enzymes of acrosome help (1/2 mark if only 'acrosome' is written) 1 e) Ampullary - isthmic junction of the fallopian tube 1 	5
	OR	
	a) A - Estrogen $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$ B - Progesterone	
	 b) A - Maturing ovarian follicle / Graafian follicle b) ½ x 2 = 1 b) A - Corpus luteum 	
	 c) Formation of Graaffian follicle (releases estrogen) is followed by the formation of corpus luteum (releases progesterone) 1 	
	 d) Role of A (Estrogen) - leads to changes in the ovary and uterus / regeneration of endometrium through proliferation 1/2 Role of B (Progesterone) - Maintenance of endometrium for implantation of the 	

	fertilized ovum/ maintenance of other events of pregnancy	1/2	
	e) In case of pregnancy	1	
25.	For initiation, the ribosome binds to the mature m RNA at the start of that is recognized by the initiator t - RNA. During elongation, cha sequentially binds to the appropriate codon in m- RNA with the anitico on tRNA. The ribosome moves from one codon to another adding ami after the other to form polypeptide, i.e. translation. During termination factor binds to stop codon (UAA, UAG, UGA), terminating tran- releasing the polypeptide chain.	arged t RNÁ odon present no acids one , the release	5
	Methodology used -		
	Sequence Annotation - total DNA from a cell is isolated,	½ x 2 = 1	
	converted into random fragments of relatively smaller sizes	1/2	
	and cloned in suitable host using specialized vectors.	1/2	
	The cloning results in amplification of each piece of DNA fragment.	1/2	
	The fragments are sequenced using automated DNA sequencers,	1/2	
	these sequences are then arranged based on some overlapping regi	ons (present	
	in them).	1/2	
	This requires generation of overlapping fragments (for sequencing).	1/2	
	Specialized computer based programmes are developed, and	1/2	
	these sequences are subsequently annotated and assigned to each ch	nromosome. ½	

		1	
26.	 Productivity - conversion of inorganic into organic material with the help or energy by the autotrophs ¹/₂ x 	f solar 2 = 1	5
	ii) Energy flow - unidirectional movement of energy towards higher trophic		
		2 = 1	
	iii) Decomposition - fragmentation, leaching, catabolism, humific		
	mineralization by bacteria, fungi and flagellates (abundant at the both		
		2 = 1	
	iv) Nutrient cycling - decomposition of dead matter to release the nutrients b	ack to	
	be re-used by the autotrophs 1/2 x	2 = 1	
	Food chain in aquatic ecosystem (lake)	1	
	Phytoplanktons \implies Zooplanktons \implies Small fish \implies Big fish (Any other appropriate example)		
	OR		
	a) Pioneer species, lichen 1/2 x	2 = 1	
	b) Phytoplankton - hydric 1/2 x 7	= 3½	
	Submerged plant stage		
	Ĩ Ĩ		
	Submerged free floating plant stage		
	Ţ.		
	Reed swamp stage		
	Marsh - meadow stage П		
	Scrub stage		
	Forest stage - Mesic		
	c) Forest	1/2	