

Exercise 4.3

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Question 1: Find the cube of each of the following binomial expressions: (i) (1/x + y/3)

- (ii) $(3/x 2/x^2)$
- (iii) (2x + 3/x)
- (iv) (4 1/3x)

Solution:

[Using identities: $(a + b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a + b) and (a - b)^3 = a^3 - b^3 - 3ab(a - b)$]

(i)

Using identities:
$$(a + b)^{2} = a^{2} + b^{2} + 3ab(a + b)$$
 and $(a - b)^{2} = a^{2} - b^{2} - 3ab(a - b)^{2}$

$$\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right)^{3} = \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{3} + \left(\frac{y}{3}\right)^{3} + 3\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\left(\frac{y}{3}\right)\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^{3}} + \frac{y^{3}}{27} + 3x \frac{1}{x} \times \frac{y}{3}\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^{3}} + \frac{y^{3}}{27} + \frac{y}{x}\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^{3}} + \frac{y^{3}}{27} + \left(\frac{y}{x} \times \frac{1}{x}\right) + \left(\frac{y}{x} \times \frac{y}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^{3}} + \frac{y^{3}}{27} + \frac{y}{x^{2}} + \frac{y^{2}}{3x}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^3 - \left(\frac{2}{x^2}\right)^3 - 3\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)\left(\frac{2}{x^2}\right)\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)$$
$$= \frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - 3 \times \frac{3}{x} \times \frac{2}{x^2}\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)$$
$$= \frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - \frac{18}{x^3}\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)$$
$$= \frac{27}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x^6} - \frac{54}{x^4} + \frac{36}{x^5}$$



$$(2x + \frac{3}{x})^{3}$$

$$= 8x^{3} + \frac{27}{x^{3}} + \frac{18x}{x}(2x + \frac{3}{x})$$

$$= 8x^{3} + \frac{27}{x^{3}} + \frac{18x}{x}(2x + \frac{3}{x})$$

$$= 8x^{3} + \frac{27}{x^{3}} + (18 \times 2x) + (18 \times \frac{3}{x})$$

$$= 8x^{3} + \frac{27}{x^{3}} + 36x + \frac{54}{x}$$

(iv)

$$(4 - \frac{1}{3x})^3 = 4^3 - (\frac{1}{3x})^3 - 3(4)(\frac{1}{3x})(4 - \frac{1}{3x})$$

= $64 - \frac{1}{27x^3} - \frac{4}{x}(4 - \frac{1}{3x})$
= $64 - \frac{1}{27x^3} - \frac{16}{x} + \frac{4}{3x^2}$

Question 2: Simplify each of the following:

(i) $(x + 3)^3 + (x - 3)^3$ (ii) $(x/2 + y/3)^3 - (x/2 - y/3)^3$ (iii) $(x + 2/x)^3 + (x - 2/x)^3$ (iv) $(2x - 5y)^3 - (2x + 5y)^3$

Solution:

[Using identities: $a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 + b^2 - ab)$ $a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + b^2 + ab)$ $(a + b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$ $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$ and $(a - b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab$]

(i) $(x + 3)^3 + (x - 3)^3$ Here a = (x + 3), b = (x - 3)



$$= (x + 3 + x - 3)[(x + 3)^{3} + (x - 3)^{3} - (x + 3)(x - 3)]$$

$$= 2x[(x^{2} + 9 + 6x) + (x^{2} + 9 - 6x) - x^{2} + 9]$$

$$= 2x[(x^{2} + 9 + 6x + x^{2} + 9 - 6x - x^{2} + 9)]$$

$$= 2x (x^{2} + 27)$$

$$= 2x^{3} + 54x$$
(ii) $(x/2 + y/3)^{3} - (x/2 - y/3)^{3}$
Here $a = (x/2 + y/3)$ and $b = (x/2 - y/3)$

$$= [(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{3}) - (\frac{x}{2} - \frac{y}{3})][(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{3})^{2} + (\frac{x}{2} - \frac{y}{3})^{2} + (\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{3})(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{y}{3})]$$

$$= \frac{2y}{3}[(\frac{x^{2}}{4} + \frac{y^{2}}{9} + \frac{2xy}{6}) + (\frac{x^{2}}{4} + \frac{y^{2}}{9} - \frac{2xy}{6}) + \frac{x^{2}}{4} - \frac{y^{2}}{9}]$$

$$= \frac{2y}{3}[\frac{x^{2}}{4} + \frac{y^{2}}{9} + \frac{x^{2}}{4} + \frac{x^{2}}{4}]$$

$$= \frac{2y}{3}[\frac{3x^{2}}{4} + \frac{y^{2}}{9}]$$

$$= \frac{x^{2}y}{2} + \frac{2y^{3}}{27}$$

(iii) $(x + 2/x)^3 + (x - 2/x)^3$

Here a = (x + 2/x) and b = (x - 2/x)



$$= (x + \frac{2}{x} + x - \frac{2}{x})[(x + \frac{2}{x})^{2} + (x - \frac{2}{x})^{2} - ((x + \frac{2}{x})(x - \frac{2}{x}))]$$

$$= (2x)[(x^{2} + \frac{4}{x^{2}} + \frac{4x}{x}) + (x^{2} + \frac{4}{x^{2}} - \frac{4x}{x}) - (x^{2} - \frac{4}{x^{2}})$$

$$= (2x)[(x^{2} + \frac{4}{x^{2}} + \frac{4}{x^{2}} + \frac{4}{x^{2}})$$

$$= (2x)[(x^{2} + \frac{12}{x^{2}})$$

$$= 2x^{3} + \frac{24}{x}$$
(iv) $(2x - 5y)^{3} - (2x + 5y)^{3}$
Here $a = (2x - 5y)$ and $b = 2x + 5y$

$$= (2x - 5y - 2x - 5y)[(2x - 5y)^{2} + (2x + 5y)^{2} + ((2x - 5y)(2x + 5y))]$$

$$= (-10y)[(4x^{2} + 25y^{2} - 20xy) + (4x^{2} + 25y^{2} + 20xy) + 4x^{2} - 25y^{2}]$$

$$= (-10y)[4x^{2} + 4x^{2} + 4x^{2} + 25y^{2}]$$

$$= (-10y)[12x^{2} + 25y^{2}]$$

$$= -120x^{2}y - 250y^{3}$$

Question 3: If a + b = 10 and ab = 21, find the value of $a^3 + b^3$. Solution: a + b = 10, ab = 21 (given) Choose a + b = 10Cubing both sides, $(a + b)^3 = (10)^3$ $a^3 + 6^3 + 3ab(a + b) = 1000$ $a^3 + b^3 + 3 \times 21 \times 10 = 1000$ (using given values) $a^3 + b^3 + 630 = 1000$ $a^3 + b^3 = 1000 - 630 = 370$ or $a^3 + b^3 = 370$



Question 4: If a - b = 4 and ab = 21, find the value of $a^3 - b^3$. Solution: a - b = 4, ab = 21 (given) Choose a - b = 4Cubing both sides, $(a - b)^3 = (4)^3$ $a^3 - b^3 - 3ab (a - b) = 64$ $a^3 - b^3 - 3 \times 21 \times 4 = 64$ (using given values) $a^3 - b^3 - 252 = 64$ $a^3 - b^3 = 64 + 252$ = 316 Or $a^3 - b^3 = 316$

Question 5: If x + 1/x = 5, find the value of $x^3 + 1/x^3$. Solution: Given: x + 1/x = 5

Apply Cube on x + 1/x

$$(x + \frac{1}{x})^{3} = x^{3} + \frac{1}{x^{3}} + 3(x \times \frac{1}{x})(x + \frac{1}{x})$$

$$5^{3} = x^{3} + \frac{1}{x^{3}} + 3(x + \frac{1}{x})$$

$$125 = x^{3} + \frac{1}{x^{3}} + 3(5)$$

$$125 = x^{3} + \frac{1}{x^{3}} + 15$$

$$125 - 15 = x^{3} + \frac{1}{x^{3}}$$

$$x^{3} + \frac{1}{x^{3}} = 110$$

Question 6: If x - 1/x = 7, find the value of $x^3 - 1/x^3$. Solution: Given: x - 1/x = 7Apply Cube on x - 1/x

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$$(x - \frac{1}{x})^{3} = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} - 3(x \times \frac{1}{x})(x - \frac{1}{x})$$

$$7^{3} = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} - 3(x - \frac{1}{x})$$

$$343 = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} - (3 \times 7)$$

$$343 + 21 = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}}$$

$$x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} = 364$$

Question 7: If x - 1/x = 5, find the value of $x^3 - 1/x^3$.

Solution:

Given: x - 1/x = 5Apply Cube on x - 1/x

$$(x - \frac{1}{x})^{3} = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} - 3(x \times \frac{1}{x})(x - \frac{1}{x})$$

$$5^{3} = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} - 3(x - \frac{1}{x})$$

$$125 = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} - (3 \times 5)$$

$$125 = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} - 15$$

$$125 + 15 = x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}}$$

$$x^{3} - \frac{1}{x^{3}} = 140$$

Question 8: If $(x^2 + 1/x^2) = 51$, find the value of $x^3 - 1/x^3$.

Solution:

We know that: $(x - y)^2 = x^2 + y^2 - 2xy$

Replace y with 1/x, we get

 $(x - 1/x)^2 = x^2 + 1/x^2 - 2$

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Since $(x^2 + 1/x^2) = 51$ (given)

 $(x - 1/x)^2 = 51 - 2 = 49$

or $(x - 1/x) = \pm 7$

Now, Find x^3 - 1/x^3

We know that, $x^3 - y^3 = (x - y)(x^2 + y^2 + xy)$

Replace y with 1/x, we get

 $x^3 - 1/x^3 = (x - 1/x)(x^2 + 1/x^2 + 1)$

Use (x - 1/x) = 7 and $(x^2 + 1/x^2) = 51$

 $x^3 - 1/x^3 = 7 \times 52 = 364$

 $x^3 - 1/x^3 = 364$

Question 9: If $(x^2 + 1/x^2) = 98$, find the value of $x^3 + 1/x^3$.

Solution:

We know that: $(x + y)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2xy$

Replace y with 1/x, we get

 $(x + 1/x)^2 = x^2 + 1/x^2 + 2$

Since $(x^2 + 1/x^2) = 98$ (given)

 $(x + 1/x)^2 = 98 + 2 = 100$

or $(x + 1/x) = \pm 10$

Now, Find $x^3 + 1/x^3$

We know that, $x^3 + y^3 = (x + y)(x^2 + y^2 - xy)$

Replace y with 1/x, we get

 $x^3 + 1/x^3 = (x + 1/x)(x^2 + 1/x^2 - 1)$

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Use (x + 1/x) = 10 and $(x^2 + 1/x^2) = 98$

 $x^3 + 1/x^3 = 10 \times 97 = 970$

 $x^3 - 1/x^3 = 970$

Question 10: If 2x + 3y = 13 and xy = 6, find the value of $8x^3 + 27y^3$. Solution:

Given: 2x + 3y = 13, xy = 6Cubing 2x + 3y = 13 both sides, we get $(2x + 3y)^3 = (13)^3$ $(2x)^3 + (3y)^3 + 3(2x)(3y)(2x + 3y) = 2197$ $8x^3 + 27y^3 + 18xy(2x + 3y) = 2197$ $8x^3 + 27y^3 + 18x 6 x 13 = 2197$ $8x^3 + 27y^3 + 1404 = 2197$ $8x^3 + 27y^3 = 2197 - 1404 = 793$ $8x^3 + 27y^3 = 793$

Question 11: If 3x - 2y = 11 and xy = 12, find the value of $27x^3 - 8y^3$. Solution: Given: 3x - 2y = 11 and xy = 12Cubing 3x - 2y = 11 both sides, we get $(3x - 2y)^3 = (11)^3$ $(3x)^3 - (2y)^3 - 3(3x)(2y)(3x - 2y) = 1331$ $27x^3 - 8y^3 - 18xy(3x - 2y) = 1331$ $27x^3 - 8y^3 - 18 \times 12 \times 11 = 1331$ $27x^3 - 8y^3 - 2376 = 1331$ $27x^3 - 8y^3 = 1331 + 2376 = 3707$ $27x^3 - 8y^3 = 3707$