

## Exercise 26A

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**Question 1:** If a point lies on the z-axis, then find its x-coordinate and y-coordinate.

**Solution:**

If the point lies on the z axis then its x-coordinate and y-coordinate will be zero.

**Question 2:** If a point lies on yz-plane then what is its x-coordinate?

**Solution:**

If the point lies on yz-plane then x-coordinate will be zero.

**Question 3:** In which plane does the point (4, -3, 0) lie?

**Solution:**

Given: x, y, z coordinates of the point are 4, -3, 0.

As the distance of point along the z-axis is 0, the plane in which the point lies is the xy-plane.

**Question 4:** In which octant does each of the given points lie?

(i) (-4, -1, -6)

(ii) (2, 3, -4)

(iii) (-6, 5, -1)

(iv) (4, -3, -2)

(v) (-1, -6, 5)

(vi) (4, 6, 8)

**Solution:**

The position of a point in a octant is signified by the signs of the x, y, z coordinates.

Signs of x, y, z coordinates in all the octants are as follow:

Number	Sign of X	Sign of Y	Sign of Z
I	+	+	+
II	-	+	+
III	-	-	+
IV	+	-	+
V	+	+	-
VI	-	+	-
VII	-	-	-
VIII	+	-	-

Compare signs with given table and allocate octants to the points

**(i)**  $(-4, -1, -6)$  lies in octant VII

**(ii)**  $(2, 3, -4)$  lies in octant V

**(iii)**  $(-6, 5, -1)$  lies in octant VI

**(iv)**  $(4, -3, -2)$  lies in octant VIII

**(v)**  $(-1, -6, 5)$  lies in octant III

**(vi)**  $(4, 6, 8)$  lies in octant I

