

EXERCISE 5.5

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1. Find six rational numbers between $(-4/8)$ and $(3/8)$ **Solution:**

We know that between -4 and -8, below mentioned numbers will lie
-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2.

According to definition of rational numbers are in the form of (p/q) where q not equal to zero.

Therefore six rational numbers between $(-4/8)$ and $(3/8)$ are
 $(-3/8)$, $(-2/8)$, $(-1/8)$, $(0/8)$, $(1/8)$, $(2/8)$, $(3/8)$

2. Find 10 rational numbers between $(7/13)$ and $(-4/13)$ **Solution:**

We know that between 7 and -4, below mentioned numbers will lie
-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.

According to definition of rational numbers are in the form of (p/q) where q not equal to zero.

Therefore six rational numbers between $(7/13)$ and $(-4/13)$ are
 $(-3/13)$, $(-2/13)$, $(-1/13)$, $(0/13)$, $(1/13)$, $(2/13)$, $(3/13)$, $(4/13)$, $(5/13)$, $(6/13)$

3. State true or false:

- (i) Between any two distinct integers there is always an integer.**
- (ii) Between any two distinct rational numbers there is always a rational number.**
- (iii) Between any two distinct rational numbers there are infinitely many rational numbers.**

Solution:

(i) False

Explanation:

Between any two distinct integers not necessary to be one integer.

(ii) True

Explanation:

According to the properties of rational numbers between any two distinct rational numbers there is always a rational number.

(iii) True

Explanation:

According to the properties of rational numbers between any two distinct rational numbers there are infinitely many rational numbers.

