

EXERCISE 1.4

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Simplify each of the following:

1. $3 - (5 - 6 \div 3)$

Solution:

Given $3 - (5 - 6 \div 3)$

According to removal of bracket rule firstly remove inner most bracket

We get $3 - (5 - 6 \div 3) = 3 - (5 - 2)$

$= 3 - 3$

$= 0$

2. $-25 + 14 \div (5 - 3)$

Solution:

Given $-25 + 14 \div (5 - 3)$

According to removal of bracket rule firstly remove inner most bracket

We get $-25 + 14 \div (5 - 3) = -25 + 14 \div 2$

$= -25 + 7$

$= -18$

3. $25 - \frac{1}{2} \{5 + 4 - (3 + 2 - \overline{1 + 3})\}$

Solution:

Given $25 - \frac{1}{2} \{5 + 4 - (3 + 2 - \overline{1 + 3})\}$

According to removal of bracket rule first we have to remove vinculum we get

$= 25 - \frac{1}{2} \{5 + 4 - (5 - 4)\}$

Now by removing the innermost bracket we get

$= 25 - \frac{1}{2} \{5 + 4 - 1\}$

By removing the parentheses we get

$= 25 - \frac{1}{2} (8)$

Now simplifying we get

$= 25 - 4$

$= 21$

$$4. 27 - [38 - \{46 - (15 - \overline{13 - 2})\}]$$

Solution:

$$\text{Given } 27 - [38 - \{46 - (15 - \overline{13 - 2})\}]$$

According to removal of bracket rule first we have to remove vinculum we get

$$= 27 - [38 - \{46 - (15 - 11)\}]$$

Now by removing inner most bracket we get

$$= 27 - [38 - \{46 - 4\}]$$

By removing the parentheses we get

$$= 27 - [38 - 42]$$

Now by removing braces we get

$$= 27 - (-4)$$

$$= 27 + 4$$

$$= 31$$

$$5. 36 - [18 - \{14 - (15 - 4 \div 2 \times 2)\}]$$

Solution:

$$\text{Given } 36 - [18 - \{14 - (15 - 4 \div 2 \times 2)\}]$$

By removing innermost bracket we get

$$= 36 - [18 - \{14 - (11 \div 2 \times 2)\}]$$

$$= 36 - [18 - \{14 - 11\}]$$

Now by removing the parentheses we get

$$= 36 - [18 - 3]$$

Now remove the braces we get

$$= 36 - 15$$

$$= 21$$

$$6. 45 - [38 - \{60 \div 3 - (6 - 9 \div 3) \div 3\}]$$

Solution:

$$\text{Given } 45 - [38 - \{60 \div 3 - (6 - 9 \div 3) \div 3\}]$$

First remove the inner most brackets

$$= 45 - [38 - \{20 - (6 - 3) \div 3\}]$$

$$= 45 - [38 - \{20 - 3 \div 3\}]$$

Now remove the parentheses we get

$$= 45 - [38 - 19]$$

Now remove the braces we get

$$= 45 - 19$$
$$= 26$$

$$7. 23 - [23 - \{23 - (23 - \overline{23 - 23})\}]$$

Solution:

$$\text{Given } 23 - [23 - \{23 - (23 - \overline{23 - 23})\}]$$

Now first remove the vinculum we get

$$= 23 - [23 - \{23 - (23 - 0)\}]$$

Now remove the innermost bracket we get,

$$= 23 - [23 - \{23 - 23\}]$$

By removing the parentheses we get,

$$= 23 - [23 - 0]$$

Now we have to remove the braces and on simplifying we get,

$$= 23 - 23$$

$$= 0$$

$$8. 2550 - [510 - \{270 - (90 - \overline{80 + 70})\}]$$

Solution:

$$\text{Given } 2550 - [510 - \{270 - (90 - \overline{80 + 70})\}]$$

First we have to remove the vinculum from the given equation we get,

$$= 2550 - [510 - \{270 - (90 - 150)\}]$$

By removing innermost bracket we get,

$$= 2550 - [510 - \{270 - (-60)\}]$$

$$= 2550 - [510 - \{270 + 60\}]$$

Now remove the parentheses we get,

$$= 2550 - [510 - 330]$$

Now we have to remove parentheses

$$= 2550 - 180$$

$$= 2370$$

$$9. 4 + \frac{1}{5} [\{-10 \times (25 - \overline{13 - 3})\} \div (-5)]$$

Solution:

Given

$$4 + \frac{1}{5} [\{-10 \times (25 - \overline{13 - 3})\} \div (-5)]$$

First we have to remove vinculum from the given equation,

$$= 4 + 1/5 \{ \{-10 \times (25 - 10)\} \div (-5) \}$$

Now remove the innermost bracket, we get

$$= 4 + 1/5 \{ \{-10 \times 15\} \div (-5) \}$$

Now by removing the parenthesis we get,

$$= 4 + 1/5 [-150 \div -5]$$

By removing the braces we get,

$$= 4 + 1/5 (30)$$

On simplifying we get,

$$= 4 + 6$$

$$= 10$$

$$10. 22 - \frac{1}{4} \{ -5 - (-48) \div (-16) \}$$

Solution:

$$\text{Given } 22 - \frac{1}{4} \{ -5 - (-48) \div (-16) \}$$

Now we have to remove innermost bracket

$$= 22 - \frac{1}{4} \{ -5 - (-48 \div -16) \}$$

$$= 22 - \frac{1}{4} \{ -5 - 3 \}$$

Now remove the parenthesis we get

$$= 22 - \frac{1}{4} (-8)$$

On simplifying we get,

$$= 22 + 2$$

$$= 24$$

$$11. 63 - [(-3) \{ -2 - \overline{8 - 3} \}] \div [3 \{ 5 + (-2)(-1) \}]$$

Solution:

$$\text{Given } 63 - [(-3) \{ -2 - \overline{8 - 3} \}] \div [3 \{ 5 + (-2)(-1) \}]$$

First we have to remove vinculum from the given equation then we get,

$$= 63 - [(-3) \{ -2 - 5 \}] \div [3 \{ 5 + 2 \}]$$

Now remove the parenthesis from the above equation

$$= 63 - [(-3) (-7)] \div [3 (7)]$$

$$= 63 - [21] \div [21]$$

$$= 63 - 1$$

$$= 62$$

$$12. [29 - (-2) \{6 - (7 - 3)\}] \div [3 \times \{5 + (-3) \times (-2)\}]$$

Solution:

$$\text{Given } [29 - (-2) \{6 - (7 - 3)\}] \div [3 \times \{5 + (-3) \times (-2)\}]$$

First we have to remove the innermost brackets then we get,

$$= [29 - (-2) \{6 - 4\}] \div [3 \times \{5 + 6\}]$$

Now remove the parenthesis in the above equation,

$$= [29 + 2 (2)] \div [3 \times 11]$$

Now remove all braces present in the above equation,

$$= 33 \div 33$$

$$= 1$$

13. Using brackets, write a mathematical expression for each of the following:

(i) Nine multiplied by the sum of two and five.

(ii) Twelve divided by the sum of one and three.

(iii) Twenty divided by the difference of seven and two.

(iv) Eight subtracted from the product of two and three.

(v) Forty divided by one more than the sum of nine and ten.

(vi) Two multiplied by one less than the difference of nineteen and six.

Solution:

$$(i) 9 (2 + 5)$$

$$(ii) 12 \div (2 + 3)$$

$$(iii) 20 \div (7 - 2)$$

$$(iv) 2 \times 3 - 8$$

$$(v) 40 \div [1 + (9 + 10)]$$

$$(vi) 2 \times [(19 - 6) - 1]$$