

EXERCISE 1.1

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1. Add the following rational numbers:

(i) -5/7 and 3/7 (ii) -15/4 and 7/4 (iii) -8/11 and -4/11 (iv) 6/13 and -9/13

Solution:

Since the denominators are of same positive numbers we can add them directly (i) -5/7 + 3/7 = (-5+3)/7 = -2/7(ii) -15/4 + 7/4 = (-15+7)/4 = -8/4Further dividing by 4 we get, -8/4 = -2(iii) -8/11 + -4/11 = (-8 + (-4))/11 = (-8-4)/11 = -12/11(iv) 6/13 + -9/13 = (6 + (-9))/13 = (6-9)/13 = -3/13

2. Add the following rational numbers:

(i) 3/4 and -5/8

Solution: The denominators are 4 and 8 By taking LCM for 4 and 8 is 8 We rewrite the given fraction in order to get the same denominator $3/4 = (3 \times 2) / (4 \times 2) = 6/8$ and $-5/8 = (-5 \times 1) / (8 \times 1) = -5/8$ Since the denominators are same we can add them directly 6/8 + -5/8 = (6 + (-5))/8 = (6-5)/8 = 1/8

(ii) 5/-9 and 7/3

Solution: Firstly we need to convert the denominators to positive numbers. $5/-9 = (5 \times -1)/(-9 \times -1) = -5/9$ The denominators are 9 and 3 By taking LCM for 9 and 3 is 9 We rewrite the given fraction in order to get the same denominator $-5/9 = (-5 \times 1)/(9 \times 1) = -5/9$ and $7/3 = (7 \times 3)/(3 \times 3) = 21/9$ Since the denominators are same we can add them directly -5/9 + 21/9 = (-5+21)/9 = 16/9

(iii) -3 and 3/5 Solution: The denominators are 1 and 5

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By taking LCM for 1 and 5 is 5 We rewrite the given fraction in order to get the same denominator $-3/1 = (-3 \times 5) / (1 \times 5) = -15/5$ and $3/5 = (3 \times 1) / (5 \times 1) = 3/5$ Now, the denominators are same we can add them directly -15/5 + 3/5 = (-15+3)/5 = -12/5

(iv) -7/27 and 11/18 Solution: The denominators are 27 and 18 By taking LCM for 27 and 18 is 54 We rewrite the given fraction in order to get the same denominator $-7/27 = (-7\times2) / (27\times2) = -14/54$ and $11/18 = (11\times3) / (18\times3) = 33/54$ Now, the denominators are same we can add them directly -14/54 + 33/54 = (-14+33)/54 = 19/54

(v) 31/-4 and -5/8

Solution: Firstly we need to convert the denominators to positive numbers. $31/-4 = (31 \times -1)/(-4 \times -1) = -31/4$ The denominators are 4 and 8 By taking LCM for 4 and 8 is 8 We rewrite the given fraction in order to get the same denominator $-31/4 = (-31 \times 2) / (4 \times 2) = -62/8$ and $-5/8 = (-5 \times 1) / (8 \times 1) = -5/8$ Since the denominators are same we can add them directly -62/8 + (-5)/8 = (-62 + (-5))/8 = (-62-5)/8 = -67/8

(vi) 5/36 and -7/12 Solution: The denominators are 36 and 12 By taking LCM for 36 and 12 is 36 We rewrite the given fraction in order to get the same denominator $5/36 = (5 \times 1) / (36 \times 1) = 5/36$ and $-7/12 = (-7 \times 3) / (12 \times 3) = -21/36$ Now, the denominators are same we can add them directly 5/36 + -21/36 = (5 + (-21))/36 = 5-21/36 = -16/36 = -4/9

(vii) -5/16 and 7/24 Solution: The denominators are 16 and 24 By taking LCM for 16 and 24 is 48



We rewrite the given fraction in order to get the same denominator $-5/16 = (-5 \times 3) / (16 \times 3) = -15/48$ and $7/24 = (7 \times 2) / (24 \times 2) = 14/48$ Now, the denominators are same we can add them directly -15/48 + 14/48 = (-15 + 14)/48 = -1/48

(viii) 7/-18 and 8/27

Solution: Firstly we need to convert the denominators to positive numbers. $7/-18 = (7 \times -1)/(-18 \times -1) = -7/18$ The denominators are 18 and 27 By taking LCM for 18 and 27 is 54 We rewrite the given fraction in order to get the same denominator $-7/18 = (-7 \times 3) / (18 \times 3) = -21/54$ and $8/27 = (8 \times 2) / (27 \times 2) = 16/54$ Since the denominators are same we can add them directly -21/54 + 16/54 = (-21 + 16)/54 = -5/54

3.Simplify:

(i) 8/9 + -11/6Solution: let us take the LCM for 9 and 6 which is 18 $(8\times2)/(9\times2) + (-11\times3)/(6\times3)$ 16/18 + -33/18Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (16-33)/18 = -17/18

(ii) 3 + 5/-7Solution: Firstly convert the denominator to positive number $5/-7 = (5 \times -1)/(-7 \times -1) = -5/7$ 3/1 + -5/7Now let us take the LCM for 1 and 7 which is 7 $(3 \times 7)/(1 \times 7) + (-5 \times 1)/(7 \times 1)$ 21/7 + -5/7Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (21-5)/7 = 16/7

(iii) 1/-12 + 2/-15 Solution: Firstly convert the denominator to positive number $1/-12 = (1 \times -1)/(-12 \times -1) = -1/12$ $2/-15 = (2 \times -1)/(-15 \times -1) = -2/15$



-1/12 + -2/15Now let us take the LCM for 12 and 15 which is 60 $(-1\times5)/(12\times5) + (-2\times4)/(15\times4)$ -5/60 + -8/60Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (-5-8)/60 = -13/60

(iv) -8/19 + -4/57Solution: let us take the LCM for 19 and 57 which is 57 $(-8\times3)/(19\times3) + (-4\times1)/(57\times1)$ -24/57 + -4/57Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (-24-4)/57 = -28/57

(v) 7/9 + 3/-4Solution: Firstly convert the denominator to positive number $3/-4 = (3 \times -1)/(-4 \times -1) = -3/4$ 7/9 + -3/4Now let us take the LCM for 9 and 4 which is 36 $(7 \times 4)/(9 \times 4) + (-3 \times 9)/(4 \times 9)$ 28/36 + -27/36Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (28-27)/36 = 1/36

(vi) 5/26 + 11/-39Solution: Firstly convert the denominator to positive number $11/-39 = (11 \times -1)/(-39 \times -1) = -11/39$ 5/26 + -11/39Now let us take the LCM for 26 and 39 which is 78 $(5 \times 3)/(26 \times 3) + (-11 \times 2)/(39 \times 2)$ 15/78 + -22/78Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (15-22)/78 = -7/78

(vii) -16/9 + -5/12

Solution: let us take the LCM for 9 and 12 which is 108 $(-16\times12)/(9\times12) + (-5\times9)/(12\times9)$ -192/108 + -45/108 Since the denominators are same we can add them directly





(-192-45)/108 = -237/108Further divide the fraction by 3 we get, -237/108 = -79/36

(viii) -13/8 + 5/36Solution: let us take the LCM for 8 and 36 which is 72 $(-13\times9)/(8\times9) + (5\times2)/(36\times2)$ -117/72 + 10/72Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (-117+10)/72 = -107/72

(ix) 0 + -3/5Solution: We know that anything added to 0 results in the same. 0 + -3/5 = -3/5

(x) 1 + -4/5

Solution: let us take the LCM for 1 and 5 which is 5 $(1\times5)/(1\times5) + (-4\times1)/(5\times1)$ 5/5 + -4/5Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (5-4)/5 = 1/5

4. Add and express the sum as a mixed fraction:

(i) -12/5 and 43/10 Solution: let us add the given fraction -12/5 + 43/10let us take the LCM for 5 and 10 which is 10 $(-12\times2)/(5\times2) + (43\times1)/(10\times1)$ -24/10 + 43/10Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (-24+43)/10 = 19/1019/10 can be written as 1 9/10 in mixed fraction.

(ii) 24/7 and -11/4 Solution: let us add the given fraction 24/7 + -11/4let us take the LCM for 7 and 4 which is 28 $(24\times4)/(7\times4) + (-11\times7)/(4\times7)$ 96/28 + -77/28



Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (96-77)/28 = 19/28

(iii) -31/6 and -27/8

Solution: let us add the given fraction -31/6 + -27/8let us take the LCM for 6 and 8 which is 24 $(-31\times4)/(6\times4) + (-27\times3)/(8\times3)$ -124/24 + -81/24Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (-124-81)/24 = -205/24-205/24 can be written as -8 13/24 in mixed fraction.

(iv) 101/6 and 7/8

Solution: let us add the given fraction 101/6 + 7/8let us take the LCM for 6 and 8 which is 24 $(101\times4)/(6\times4) + (7\times3)/(8\times3)$ 404/24 + 21/24Since the denominators are same we can add them directly (404+21)/24 = 425/24425/24 can be written as 17 17/24 in mixed fraction.