

RD Sharma Solutions for Class 8 Maths Chapter 1 – Rational Numbers

EXERCISE 1.5

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1. Multiply: (i) 7/11 by 5/4 Solution: 7/11 by 5/4 (7/11) × (5/4) = (7×5)/(11×4) = 35/44

(ii) 5/7 by -3/4 Solution: 5/7 by -3/4 (5/7) × (-3/4) = (5×-3)/(7×4) = -15/28

(iii) -2/9 by 5/11 Solution: -2/9 by 5/11 (-2/9) × (5/11) = (-2×5)/(9×11) = -10/99

(iv) -3/17 by -5/-4 Solution: -3/17 by -5/-4 $(-3/17) \times (-5/-4) = (-3 \times -5)/(17 \times -4)$ = 15/-68= -15/68

(v) 9/-7 by 36/-11 Solution: 9/-7 by 36/-11 (9/-7) × (36/-11) = (9×36)/(-7×-11) = 324/77

(vi) -11/13 by -21/7 Solution: -11/13 by -21/7 (-11/13) × (-21/7) = (-11×-21)/(13×7) = 231/91 = 33/13



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(vii) -3/5 by -4/7 Solution: -3/5 by -4/7 $(-3/5) \times (-4/7) = (-3 \times -4)/(5 \times 7)$ = 12/35

(viii) -15/11 by 7 Solution: -15/11 by 7 (-15/11) × 7 = (-15×7)/11 = -105/11

2. Multiply: (i) -5/17 by 51/-60 Solution: -5/17 by 51/-60 (-5/17) × (51/-60) = (-5×51)/(17×-60) = -255/-1020 Further can divide by 255 we get, -255/-1020 = 1/4

(ii) -6/11 by -55/36 Solution:

 $\begin{array}{l} -6/11 \text{ by } -55/36 \\ (-6/11) \times (-55/36) = (-6 \times -55)/(11 \times 36) \\ = 330/396 \\ \end{array}$ Further can divide by 66 we get, $330/396 = 5/6 \end{array}$

(iii) -8/25 by -5/16 Solution: -8/25 by -5/16 $(-8/25) \times (-5/16) = (-8 \times -5)/(25 \times 16)$ = 40/400 Further can divide by 40 we get, 40/400 = 1/10

(iv) 6/7 by -49/36 Solution:



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6/7 by -49/36 $(6/7) \times (-49/36) = (6 \times -49)/(7 \times 36)$ = 294/252Further can divide by 42 we get, 294/252 = -7/6

(v) 8/-9 by -7/-16 Solution: 8/-9 by -7/-16 $(8/-9) \times (-7/-16) = (8 \times -7)/(-9 \times -16)$ = -56/144Further can divide by 8 we get, -56/144 = -7/18

(vi) -8/9 by 3/64 Solution: -8/9 by 3/64 $(-8/9) \times (3/64) = (-8 \times 3)/(9 \times 64)$ = -24/576Further can divide by 24 we get, -24/576 = -1/24

3. Simplify each of the following and express the result as a rational number in standard form: (i) $(-16/21) \times (14/5)$ Solution: $(-16/21) \times (14/5) = (-16/3) \times (2/5)$ (divisible by 7) $= (-16 \times 2)/(3 \times 5)$ = -32/15

(ii) $(7/6) \times (-3/28)$ Solution: $(7/6) \times (-3/28) = (1/2) \times (-1/4)$ (divisible by 7 and 3) = -1/8

(iii) $(-19/36) \times 16$ Solution: $-19/36 \times 16 = (-19/9) \times 4$ (divisible by 4) $= (-19 \times 4)/9 = -76/9$

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(iv) $(-13/9) \times (27/-26)$ Solution: $(-13/9) \times (27/-26) = (-1/1) \times (3/-2)$ (divisible by 13 and 9)

= -3/-2 = 3/2

(v) $(-9/16) \times (-64/-27)$ Solution: $(-9/16) \times (-64/-27) = (-1/1) \times (-4/-3)$ (divisible by 9 and 16) = 4/-3 = -4/3

(vi) $(-50/7) \times (14/3)$ Solution: $(-50/7) \times (14/3) = (-50/1) \times (2/3)$ (divisible by 7) $= (-50 \times 2)/(1 \times 3)$ = -100/3

(vii) (-11/9) × (-81/-88) Solution:

 $(-11/9) \times (-81/-88) = (-1/1) \times (-9/-8)$ (divisible by 11 and 9) = $(-1 \times -9)/(1 \times -8)$ = 9/-8 = -9/8

(viii) $(-5/9) \times (72/-25)$ Solution: $(-5/9) \times (72/-25) = (-1/1) \times (8/-5)$ (divisible by 5 and 9) $= (-1 \times 8)/(1 \times -5)$ = -8/-5 = 8/5

4. Simplify:

(i) $((25/8) \times (2/5)) - ((3/5) \times (-10/9))$ Solution: $((25/8) \times (2/5)) - ((3/5) \times (-10/9)) = (25 \times 2)/(8 \times 5) - (3 \times -10)/(5 \times 9)$ = 50/40 - -30/45 = 5/4 + 2/3 (divisible by 5 and 3) By taking LCM for 4 and 3 which is 12 $= ((5 \times 3) + (2 \times 4))/12$ = (15+8)/12= 23/12

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(ii) $((1/2) \times (1/4)) + ((1/2) \times 6)$ Solution: $((1/2) \times (1/4)) + ((1/2) \times 6) = (1 \times 1)/(2 \times 4) + (1 \times 3)$ (divisible by 2) = 1/8 + 3By taking LCM for 8 and 1 which is 8 $=((1\times1)+(3\times8))/8$ =(1+24)/8= 25/8(iii) $(-5 \times (2/15)) - (-6 \times (2/9))$ Solution: $(-5 \times (2/15)) - (-6 \times (2/9)) = (-1 \times (2/3)) - (-2 \times (2/3))$ (divisible by 5 and 3) =(-2/3)+(4/3)Since the denominators are same we can add directly =(-2+4)/3= 2/3(iv) $((-9/4) \times (5/3)) + ((13/2) \times (5/6))$ Solution: $((-9/4) \times (5/3)) + ((13/2) \times (5/6)) = (-9 \times 5)/(4 \times 3) + (13 \times 5)/(2 \times 6)$ = -45/12 + 65/12Since the denominators are same we can add directly =(-45+65)/12= 20/12 (divisible by 2) = 10/6 (divisible by 2) = 5/3 $(v) ((-4/3) \times (12/-5)) + ((3/7) \times (21/15))$ Solution: $((-4/3) \times (12/-5)) + ((3/7) \times (21/15)) = ((-4/1) \times (4/-5)) + ((1/1) \times (3/5))$ (divisible by 3, 7) $= (-4 \times 4)/(1 \times -5) + (1 \times 3)/(1 \times 5)$ = -16/-5 + 3/5Since the denominators are same we can add directly =(16+3)/5= 19/5 $(vi) ((13/5) \times (8/3)) - ((-5/2) \times (11/3))$ Solution: $((13/5) \times (8/3)) - ((-5/2) \times (11/3)) = (13 \times 8)/(5 \times 3) - (-5 \times 11)/(2 \times 3)$



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$$= 104/15 + 55/6$$

By taking LCM for 15 and 6 which is 30
$$= ((104\times2) + (55\times5))/30$$
$$= (208+275)/30$$
$$= 483/30$$

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(vii) ((13/7) \times (11/26)) - ((-4/3) \times (5/6))
Solution:
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((13/7) \times (11/26)) - ((-4/3) \times (5/6)) = ((1/7) \times (11/2)) - ((-2/3) \times (5/3)) (divisible by 13, 2)
                                          = (1 \times 11)/(7 \times 2) - (-2 \times 5)/(3 \times 3)
                                          = 11/14 + 10/9
             By taking LCM for 14 and 9 which is 126
                                          =((11\times9)+(10\times14))/126
                                          =(99+140)/126
                                          = 239/126
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(viii) ((8/5) \times (-3/2)) + ((-3/10) \times (11/16))
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Solution:

 $((8/5) \times (-3/2)) + ((-3/10) \times (11/16)) = ((4/5) \times (-3/1)) + ((-3/10) \times (11/16))$ (divisible by 2)

> $= (4 \times -3)/(5 \times 1) + (-3 \times 11)/(10 \times 16)$ = -12/5 - 33/160By taking LCM for 5 and 160 which is 160 $= ((-12 \times 32) - (33 \times 1))/160$ =(-384 - 33)/160= -417/160

5. Simplify:

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(i) ((3/2) \times (1/6)) + ((5/3) \times (7/2) - (13/8) \times (4/3))
Solution:
((3/2) \times (1/6)) + ((5/3) \times (7/2) - (13/8) \times (4/3)) =
((1/2) \times (1/2)) + ((5/3) \times (7/2) - (13/2) \times (1/3))
(1\times1)/(2\times2) + (5\times7)/(3\times2) - (13\times1)/(2\times3)
1/4 + 35/6 - 13/6
By taking LCM for 4 and 6 which is 24
((1 \times 6) + (35 \times 4) - (13 \times 4))/24
(6 + 140 - 52)/24
94/24
Further divide by 2 we get, 94/24 = 47/12
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(ii) $((1/4) \times (2/7)) - ((5/14) \times (-2/3) + (3/7) \times (9/2))$ Solution: $((1/4) \times (2/7)) - ((5/14) \times (-2/3) + (3/7) \times (9/2)) =$ $((1/2) \times (1/7)) - ((5/7) \times (-1/3) + (3/7) \times (9/2))$ $(1\times1)/(2\times7) - (5\times-1)/(7\times3) + (3\times9)/(7\times2)$ 1/14 + 5/21 + 27/14By taking LCM for 14 and 21 which is 42 $((1\times3) + (5\times2) + (27\times3))/42$ (3 + 10 + 81)/4294/42 Further divide by 2 we get, 94/42 = 47/21

(iii) $((13/9) \times (-15/2)) + ((7/3) \times (8/5) + (3/5) \times (1/2))$ Solution:

 $((13/3) \times (-5/2)) + ((7/3) \times (8/5) + (3/5) \times (1/2)) =$ $(13\times-5)/(3\times2) + (7\times8)/(3\times5) + (3\times1)/(5\times2)$ -65/6 + 56/15 + 3/10By taking LCM for 6, 15 and 10 which is 30 $((-65\times5) + (56\times2) + (3\times3))/30$ (-325 + 112 + 9)/30-204/30Further divide by 2 we get, -204/30 = -102/15

(iv) $((3/11) \times (5/6)) - ((9/12) \times (4/3) + (5/13) \times (6/15))$ Solution: $((3/11) \times (5/6)) - ((9/12) \times (4/3) + (5/13) \times (6/15)) =$

 $((3/11) \times (3/0)) - ((3/12) \times (4/3) + (3/13) \times (0/13))$ $((1/11) \times (5/2)) - ((1/1) \times (1/1) + (1/13) \times (2/1))$ $(1\times5)/(11\times2) - 1/1 + (1\times2)/(13\times1)$ 5/22 - 1/1 + 2/13By taking LCM for 22, 1 and 13 which is 286 $((5\times13) - (1\times286) + (2\times22))/286$ (65 - 286 + 44)/286-177/286

