

Exercise 20.2

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Question 1: Find the volume of the right circular cone with:

- (i) Radius 6cm, height 7cm**
- (ii) Radius 3.5cm, height 12cm**
- (iii) Height is 21cm and slant height 28cm**

Solution:

(i) Radius of cone(r)=6cm

Height of cone(h)=7cm

We know, Volume of a right circular cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

By substituting the values, we get

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times 6^2 \times 7$$

$$= 264$$

Volume of a right circular cone is 264 cm^3

(ii) Radius of cone(r)=3.5 cm

Height of cone(h)=12cm

Volume of a right circular cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

By substituting the values, we get

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times 3.5^2 \times 12$$

$$= 154$$

Volume of a right circular cone is 154 cm^3

(iii) Height of cone(h)=21 cm

Slant height of cone(l) = 28 cm

Find the measure of r:

We know, $l^2 = r^2 + h^2$

$$28^2 = r^2 + 21^2$$

$$\text{or } r = 7\sqrt{7}$$

Now,

Volume of a right circular cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

By substituting the values, we get

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times (7\sqrt{7})^2 \times 21$$

$$= 7546$$

Volume of a right circular cone is 7546 cm^3

Question 2: Find the capacity in litres of a conical vessel with:

(i) radius 7 cm, slant height 25 cm

(ii) height 12 cm, slant height 13 cm.

Solution:

(i) Radius of the cone (r) = 7 cm

Slant height of the cone (l) = 25 cm

As we know that, $l^2 = r^2 + h^2$

$$25^2 = 7^2 + h^2$$

$$\text{or } h = 24$$

Now, Volume of a right circular cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

By substituting the values, we get

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times (7)^2 \times 24$$

$$= 1232$$

Volume of a right circular cone is 1232 cm^3 or 1.232 litres

[$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 0.01 \text{ liter}$]

(ii) Height of cone(h)=12 cm

Slant height of cone(l)=13 cm

As we know that, $l^2 = r^2 + h^2$

$$13^2 = r^2 + 12^2$$

$$\text{or } r = 5$$

Now, Volume of a right circular cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

By substituting the values, we get
 $= \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times (5)^2 \times 12$

$$= 314.28$$

Volume of a right circular cone is 314.28 cm^3 or 0.314 litres.
[1 $\text{cm}^3 = 0.01$ liters]

Question 3: Two cones have their heights in the ratio 1:3 and the radii of their bases in the ratio 3:1. Find the ratio of their volumes.

Solution:

Let the heights of the cones be h and $3h$ and radii of their bases be $3r$ and r respectively. Then, their volumes are

$$\text{Volume of first cone (V1)} = \frac{1}{3} \pi (3r)^2 h$$

$$\text{Volume of second cone (V2)} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 (3h)$$

$$\text{Now, } V1/V2 = 3/1$$

Ratio of two volumes is 3:1.

Question 4: The radius and the height of a right circular cone are in the ratio 5:12. If its volume is 314 cubic meter, find the slant height and the radius. (Use $\pi=3.14$).

Solution:

Let us assume the ratio of radius and the height of a right circular cone to be x .

Then, radius be $5x$ and height be $12x$

We know, $l^2 = r^2 + h^2$

$$= (5x)^2 + (12x)^2$$

$$= 25x^2 + 144x^2$$

$$\text{or } l = 13x$$

Therefore, slant height is $13x$ m.

Now it is given that volume of cone = 314 m^3

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h = 314$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times (25x^2) \times (12x) = 314$$

$$\Rightarrow x^3 = 1$$

$$\text{or } x = 1$$

So, radius = $5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ m}$

Therefore ,

Answer: Slant height = 13 m

Radius = 5 m

Question 5: The radius and height of a right circular cone are in the ratio 5 : 12 and its volume is 2512 cubic cm. Find the slant height and radius of the cone. (Use $\pi=3.14$).

Solution:

Let the ratio of radius and height of a right circular cone be y .

Radius of cone(r) = $5y$

Height of cone (h) = $12y$

Now we know, $l^2 = r^2 + h^2$

$$= (5y)^2 + (12y)^2$$

$$= 25y^2 + 144y^2$$

$$\text{or } l = 13y$$

Now, volume of the cone is given 2512cm^3

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h = 2512$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times (5y)^2 \times 12y = 2512$$

$$\Rightarrow y^3 = \frac{(2512 \times 3)}{(3.14 \times 25 \times 12)} = 8$$

$$\text{or } y = 2$$

Therefore,

$$\text{Radius of cone} = 5y = 5 \times 2 = 10\text{cm}$$

$$\text{Slant height } (l) = 13y = 13 \times 2 = 26\text{cm}$$

Question 6: The ratio of volumes of two cones is 4 : 5 and the ratio of the radii of their bases is 2 : 3. Find the ratio of their vertical heights.

Solution:

Let the ratio of the radius be x and ratio of the volume be y .

$$\text{Then, Radius of 1st cone } (r_1) = 2x$$

$$\text{Radius of 2nd cone } (r_2) = 3x$$

$$\text{Volume of 1st cone } (V_1) = 4y$$

$$\text{Volume of 2nd cone } (V_2) = 5y$$

We know formula for volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Let h_1 and h_2 be the heights of respective cones.

$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{4}{5} = \frac{\frac{1}{3}\pi r_1^2 h_1}{\frac{1}{3}\pi r_2^2 h_2} = \frac{4}{5} = \frac{4h_1}{9h_2} = \frac{4}{5} = \frac{h_1}{h_2} = \frac{9}{5}$$

Therefore, heights are in the ratio of 9 : 5.

Question 7: A cylinder and a cone have equal radii of their bases and equal heights. Show that their volumes are in the ratio 3:1.

Solution:

We are given, a cylinder and a cone are having equal radii of their bases and heights.

Let, radius of the cone = radius of the cylinder = r and

Height of the cone = height of the cylinder = h

Now,

$$\frac{\text{volume of cylinder}}{\text{volume of the cone}} = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h} = \frac{3}{1}$$

Therefore, ratio of their volumes is 3:1.