Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- क्रप्या जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 8 + 2 मानचित्र हैं।
- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए कोड नम्बर को छात्र उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- क्रप्या जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 30 प्रश्न हैं।
- क्रप्या प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वांद में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा। 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।
- Please check that this question paper contains 8 printed pages + 2 Maps.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 30 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

संकलित परीक्षा – II
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – II
सामाजिक विज्ञान
SOCIAL SCIENCE

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे
Time allowed : 3 hours

अधिकतम अंक : 90
Maximum Marks : 90

32/2/2

P.T.O.
General Instructions:

(i) This question paper has 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Marks are indicated against each question.

(iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 8 are Very Short Answer Questions. Each question carries 1 mark. Answers of these questions should not exceed 30 words each.

(iv) Questions from serial number 9 to 20 are 3 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.

(v) Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are 5 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.

(vi) Questions number 29 and 30 are map questions of 3 marks each from History and Geography. After completion, attach the maps inside your answer-book.
1. Explain the meaning of political reforms.

2. Write the name of the international airport of Mumbai.

3. Give an example of a catchy advertisement to attract consumers.

4. How is money beneficial in transactions?

5. For whose interest do the public welfare interest groups work?

6. Who wrote the song ‘Vande Mataram’?

7. Explain the meaning of ‘sectional interest group’.

8. Which quality logo would you like to see on the electric goods to be sure about their quality?

9. Illustrate with examples the role of ‘loan’ in ‘business’.

10. Explain with appropriate examples the relevance of ‘popular struggle’ of both Nepal and Bolivia for democracy.

12. Give any three examples of different types of exploitation in the market.

13. How is foreign trade interlinking markets of different countries? Explain with example.

14. Differentiate between ferrous and non-ferrous minerals, with examples.

15. Describe any three conditions that led to the formation of the British Nation State.

   OR

   Describe any three efforts made by the French to suppress the movement inspired by Huynh Phu So.

16. Assess the importance of political parties in democracy.
17. Which values make democracy better than any other form of government? Explain.

18. Why did Gandhiji relaunch the Civil Disobedience Movement after the Second Round Table Conference? Explain any three reasons.

19. Describe any three characteristics of Bellary-Chitradurga, Chikmaglur-Tumkur iron-ore belt in India.

20. “Manufacturing sector is considered as the backbone of economic development of a country.” Support the statement with examples.

21. Explain the contribution of textile industry in the Indian economy.

22. Analyse any five ways by which ‘pressure groups’ can exert influence on politics.
23. How are industries responsible for polluting fresh water? Suggest any three measures to reduce the water pollution.

24. Explain the importance of the ‘Salt March’ of Gandhiji as a symbol to unite the nation.

25. Examine the ‘Nation State Building’ process in Germany after 1848.

OR

Examine the impact of the ‘Great Depression’ of 1930s on Vietnam.

26. Describe any five features of democracy.

27. Describe the problems created by globalisation for small producers and workers.

28. Evaluate the measures to make globalisation more fair.
29. तीन लक्षण – A, B और C भारत के दिए गए राजनीतिक रेखा-मानचित्र में अंकित किए गए हैं। इन लक्षणों को निम्नलिखित जानकारी की सहायता से पहचानिए और उनके नाम मानचित्र पर खींची गई रेखाओं पर लिखिए:

A. वह स्थान जहाँ से सचिवालय आंदोलन शुरू हुआ था।
B. वह स्थान जहाँ नील की खेती करने वाले किसानों का आंदोलन प्रारंभ हुआ था।
C. वह स्थान जहाँ भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कौशम का अधिवेशन हुआ था।

Three features – A, B and C are marked on the given political outline map of India. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their names on the lines marked in the map:

A. The place from where the Civil Disobedience Movement was started.
B. The place from where the Movement of Indigo Planters was started.
C. The place where the Indian National Congress Session was held.

Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 29:

(29.1) उस स्थान का नाम लिखिए, जहाँ गांधीजी ने मूती कपड़ा मिल मज़दूरों के पक्ष में सत्याग्रह किया।

(29.2) उस राज्य का नाम लिखिए, जहाँ नील की खेती करने वालों ने सत्याग्रह किया।

(29.3) उस राज्य का नाम लिखिए, जहाँ जलियाँवाला बाग की घटना हुई।

(29.1) Name the place, where Gandhiji organised a Satyagraha in favour of cotton mill workers.

(29.2) Name the State, where the Indigo Planters organised Satyagraha.

(29.3) Name the State, where Jallianwala Bagh incident took place.
30. On the given political outline map of India locate and label the following with appropriate symbols:

A. Ajmer : Mica Mines
B. Kochi : Major Sea Port
C. Bhadravati : Iron and Steel Plant

Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 30:

(30.1) Name the State where Bellary iron-ore mines are located.
(30.2) Name the southern-most major sea port of India.
(30.3) In which State is Bhadravati Iron and Steel Plant located?
For question no. 29

�ारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक)

Outline Map of India (Political)
For question no. 30

India Political Outline Map