CBSE Class 8 Maths Sample Paper SA1 Set 1

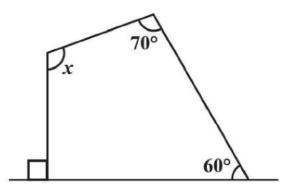
SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS MAX. MARKS: 60
CLASS: VIII DURATION: 2½ HRS

General Instructions:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Question paper is divided into four sections: Section A consists 8 questions each carry 1 marks, Sections B consists 6 questions each carry 2 marks, Sections C consists 8 questions each carry 3 marks and Sections D consists 4 questions each carry 4 marks

SECTION - A

- 1. Write the additive inverse of $\frac{4}{-5}$.
- **2.** Solve: 7x 9 = 16.
- **3.** State the name of a regular polygon of 7 sides.
- **4.** Find *x* in the adjoining figure:
- **5.** Find the square of the number 42.



- **6.** A table marked at Rs 15,000 is available for Rs 14,400. Find the discount percent.
- 7. A football team won 10 matches out of the total number of matches they played. If their win percentage was 40, then how many matches did they play in all?
- **8.** A bag has 2 red balls and 4 yellow balls. (The balls are identical in all respects other than colour). A ball is drawn from the bag without looking into the bag. What is probability of getting a red ball?

SECTION - B

- **9.** Find two rational numbers between $\frac{-3}{2}$ and $\frac{5}{3}$.
- 10. How many sides does a regular polygon have if the measure of an exterior angle is 24°?
- 11. Find the cube root of 10648 by prime factorisation method.
- 12. A man got a 10% increase in his salary. If his new salary is Rs 1,54,000, find his original salary.
- 13. Find the smallest square number that is divisible by each of the numbers 8, 15 and 20.
- 14. The following marks (out of 50) obtained in Mathematics by 60 students of Class VIII:

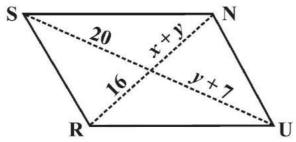
21, 10, 30, 22, 33, 5, 37, 12, 25, 42, 15, 39, 26, 32, 18, 27, 28, 19, 29, 35, 31, 24, 36,

18, 20, 38, 22, 44, 16, 24, 10, 27, 39, 28, 49, 29, 32, 23, 31, 21, 34, 22, 23, 36, 24,

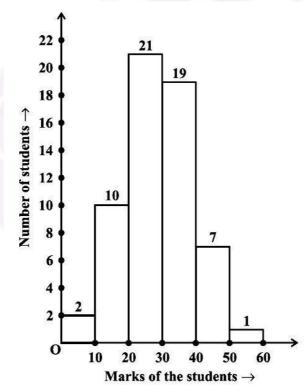
36, 33, 47, 48, 50, 39, 20, 7, 16, 36, 45, 47, 30, 22, 17.

Using tally marks make a frequency table with intervals as 0–10, 20–30 and so on.

- **15.** Represent these numbers on the number line: $(i)\frac{5}{6}$ $(ii)\frac{-7}{4}$ $(iii)\frac{2}{7}$
- **16.** Construct a quadrilateral JUMP where JU = 3.5 cm, UM = 4 cm, MP = 5 cm, PJ = 4.5 cm and PU = 6.5 cm
- 17. Find CI on Rs 12600 for 2 years at 10% per annum compounded annually.
- **18.** Solve: $\frac{7y+4}{y+2} = \frac{-4}{3}$
- 19. Find the smallest number by which 704 must be divided to obtain a perfect cube.
- **20.** In a parallelogram RUNS, (see below Figure), find the values of x and y.



- 21. Observe the histogram (see below Figure) and answer the questions given below.
 - (i) What information is being given by the histogram?
 - (ii) Which group contains maximum students and minimum students?
 - (iii) How many students have score 20 marks and more?



22. A gardener has 1000 plants. He wants to plant these in such a way that the number of rows and the number of columns remain same. Find the minimum number of plants he needs more for this.

SECTION – D

- **23.** One of the two digits of a two digit number is three times the other digit. If you interchange the digits of this two-digit number and add the resulting number to the original number, you get 88. What is the original number?
- **24.** Construct a quadrilateral TRUE where TR = 3.5 cm, RU = 3 cm, UE = 4 cm, \angle R = 75° and \angle U = 120°
- **25.** Find the population of a city after 2 years, which is at present 12 lakhs, if the rate of increase is 4%. Write any two effects of high populations?
- **26.** On a particular day, the sales (in rupees) of different items of a baker's shop are given below.

Ordinary bread	320
Fruit bread	80
Cakes and pastries	160
Biscuits	120
Others	40
Total	720

Draw a pie chart for this data.