

EXERCISE 10.4

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1. Construct \triangle ABC, given m \angle A =60°, m \angle B = 30° and AB = 5.8 cm. Solution:-



Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw a line segment AB = 5.8 cm.
- 2. At point A, draw a ray P to making an angle of 60° i.e. $\angle PAB = 60^{\circ}$.
- 3. At point B, draw a ray Q to making an angle of 30° i.e. \angle QBA = 30° .
- 4. Now the two rays AP and BQ intersect at the point C. Then, ΔABC is the required triangle.

2. Construct $\triangle PQR$ if PQ = 5 cm, m $\angle PQR$ = 105° and m $\angle QRP$ = 40°. (Hint: Recall angle-sum property of a triangle). Solution:-



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We know that the sum of the angles of a triangle is 180°.

- $\therefore \angle PQR + \angle QRP + \angle RPQ = 180^{\circ}$
- $= 105^{\circ} + 40^{\circ} + \angle RPQ = 180^{\circ}$
- = 145° + ∠RPQ = 180°
- = ∠RPQ = 180°- 145⁰

Hence, the measures of $\angle RPQ$ is 35°.

Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw a line segment PQ = 5 cm.
- 2. At point P, draw a ray L to making an angle of 105° i.e. \angle LPQ = 105° .
- 3. At point Q, draw a ray M to making an angle of 40° i.e. \angle MQP = 40° .
- 4. Now the two rays PL and QM intersect at the point R. Then, ΔPQR is the required triangle.

3. Examine whether you can construct $\triangle DEF$ such that EF = 7.2 cm, $m \angle E = 110^{\circ}$ and $m \angle F = 80^{\circ}$. Justify your answer.

Solution:-

From the question it is given that,

EF = 7.2 cm

- ∠E = 110°
- ∠F = 80°



Now we have to check whether it is possible to construct ΔDEF from the given values. We know that the sum of the angles of a triangle is 180° . Then,

 $\angle D + \angle E + \angle F = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle D + 110^{\circ} + 80^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle D + 190^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle D = 180^{\circ} - 190^{\circ}$ $\angle D = -10^{\circ}$

We may observe that the sum of two angles is 190° is greater than 180°. So, it is not possible to construct a triangle.

