

EXERCISE 25.1

PAGE NO: 25.6

1. A coin is tossed 1000 times with the following frequencies:

Head: 445, Tail: 555

When a coin is tossed at random, what is the probability of getting?

(i) A head?

(ii) A tail?

Solution:

Given total number of times a coin is tossed = 1000

Number of times a head comes up = 445

Number of times a tail comes up = 555

- (i) Probability of getting head = number of heads/total number of trails
- = (445/1000)
- = 0.445
- (ii) Probability of getting tail = number of tail/total number of trails
- = (555/1000)
- = 0.555

2. A die is thrown 100 times and outcomes are noted as given below:

Outcome	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	21	9	14	23	18	15

If a die is thrown at random, find the probability of getting a/an:

- (i) 3
- (ii) 5
- (iii) 4
- (iv) Even number
- (v) Odd number
- (vi) Number less than 3.

Solution:

Given total number of trials = 100

(i) From the table, number of times 3 comes up = 14

Probability of getting 3 = frequency of 3/ total number of trails

= 14/100



- = 7/50
- (ii) From the table, number of times 5 comes up = 18
 Probability of getting 5 = frequency of 5/ total number of trails
- = 18/100
- = 9/50
- (iii) From the table, number of times 4 comes up = 23Probability of getting 4 = frequency of 4/ total number of trails = 23/100
- (iv) Frequency of getting an even number = Frequency of 2 + Frequency of 4 + Frequency of 6
- = 9 + 23 + 15
- = 47

Probability of getting an even number = frequency of an even number/ total number of trails

- = 47/100
- (v) Frequency of getting an even number = Frequency of 1 + Frequency of 3 + Frequency of 5
- = 21 + 14 + 18
- = 53

Probability of getting odd number = frequency of odd number/ total number of trails = 53/100

- (vi) Frequency of getting number less than 3 = Frequency of 1 + Frequency of 2
- = 21 + 9
- = 30

Probability of getting number less than 3 = frequency of number less than 3/ total number of trails

- = 30/100
- = 3/10
- 3. A box contains two pair of socks of two colours (black and white). I have picked out a white sock. I pick out one more with my eyes closed. What is the probability that I will make a pair?



Solution:

Given number of socks in the box = 4

Let B and W denote black and white socks respectively. Then we have

 $S = \{B, B, W, W\}$

If a white sock is picked out, then the total no. of socks left in the box = 3

Number of white socks left = 2 - 1 = 1

Probability of getting white socks = number of white socks left in the box/ total number of socks left in the box

= 1/3

4. Two coins are tossed simultaneously 500 times and the outcomes are noted as given below:

Outcome:	Two heads (HH)	One head (HT or TH)	No head (TT)
Frequency:	105	275	120

If same pair of coins is tossed at random, find the probability of getting:

- (i) Two heads
- (ii) One head
- (iii) No head.

Solution:

Given number of trials = 500

From the given table it is clear that,

Number of outcomes of two heads (HH) = 105

Number of outcomes of one head (HT or TH) = 275

Number of outcomes of no head (TT) = 120

- (i) Probability of getting two heads = frequency of getting 2 heads/ total number of trials
- = 105/500
- = 21/100
- (ii) Probability of getting one head = frequency of getting 1 heads/ total number of trials
- = 275/500
- = 11/20
- (iii) Probability of getting no head = frequency of getting no heads/ total number of trials = 120/500



= 6/25

