

Exercise 2(A)

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1. Manish opens a Recurring Deposit Account with the Bank of Rajasthan and deposits Rs. 600 per month for 20 months. Calculate the maturity value of this account, if the bank pays interest at the rate of 10% per annum.

Solution:

From the question, we have Instalment per month (P) = Rs 600 Number of months (n) = 20 Rate of interest(r) = 10% p.a. So, p(p + 1) r

$$S.I. = P \times \frac{N(22+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{1}{100}$$
$$= 600 \times \frac{20(20+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{10}{100}$$
$$= 600 \times \frac{420}{24} \times \frac{10}{100}$$

S.I = Rs 1,050 Therefore, The amount that Manish will be getting at the time of maturity is = Rs (600 x 20) + 1,050 = Rs 12,000 + 1,050

= Rs 13,050

2. Mrs. Mathew opened a Recurring Deposit Account in a certain bank and deposited Rs. 640 per month for $4^{1}/_{2}$ years. Find the maturity value of this account, if the bank pays interest at the rate of 12% per year.

Solution:

Instalment per month (P) = Rs 640 Number of months (n) = 54 Rate of interest (r) = 12% p.a. So,

$$S.I. = P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$$

= 640 \times \frac{54(54+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{12}{100}
= 640 \times \frac{2970}{24} \times \frac{12}{100}

S.I = Rs 9,504Therefore,

The amount that Manish will be getting at the time of maturity is $P_{1} = (540 + 54) + P_{2} = 0.504$

= Rs (640 x 54)+ Rs 9,504



= Rs 34,560 + Rs 9,504 = Rs 44,064

3. Each of A and B both opened recurring deposit accounts in a bank. If A deposited Rs 1,200 per month for 3 years and B deposited Rs 1,500 per month for 2½ years; find, on maturity, who will get more amount and by how much? The rate of interest paid by the bank is 10% per annum. Solution:

Calculating for A: Instalment per month (P) = Rs 1,200Number of months (n) = 36Rate of interest (r) = 10% p.a. So. $S.I. = P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$ $=1,200 \times \frac{36(36+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{10}{100}$ $=1,200 \times \frac{1332}{24} \times \frac{10}{100}$ S.I = Rs 6.660Hence, The amount that A will be getting at the time of maturity is = Rs (1,200x36) + Rs 6,660= Rs 43,200 + Rs 6,660 = Rs 49,860Calculating for B: Instalment per month (P) = Rs1,500Number of months (n) = 30Rate of interest(r) = 10% p.a. So, S.I. = $P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$ $=1,500 \times \frac{30(30+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{10}{100}$ $=1,500 \times \frac{930}{24} \times \frac{10}{100}$ S.I = Rs 5,812.50Hence, The amount that B will be getting at the time of maturity is = Rs (1,500 x 30) + Rs 5,812.50 = Rs 45,000 + Rs 5,812.50 = Rs 50,812.50Now,



Difference between both amounts is = Rs 50,812.50 - Rs 49,860= Rs 952.50Therefore, B will get more amount than A and by Rs 952.50

4. Ashish deposits a certain sum of money every month is a Recurring Deposit Account for a period of 12 months. If the bank pays interest at the rate of 11% p.a. and Ashish gets Rs 12,715 as the maturity value of this account, what sum of money did money did he pay every month? Solution:

Let us assume the instalment per month (P) as Rs y Number of months (n) = 12 Rate of interest (r) = 11% p.a. So,

S.I. =
$$P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$$

= $y \times \frac{12(12+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{11}{100}$
= $y \times \frac{156}{24} \times \frac{11}{100}$

 $S.I = Rs \ 0.715y$

Hence,

The amount at maturity will be = Rs (y x 12) + Rs 0.715y = Rs 12.715yGiven that the maturity value = Rs 12,715 So, on equating we have Rs 12.715y = Rs 12,715 y = 12,715/ 12.715 = Rs 1,000 Therefore, the sum of money Ashish paid every month was Rs 1,000

5. A man has a Recurring Deposit Account in a bank for 3½ years. If the rate of interest is 12% per annum and the man gets Rs 10,206 on maturity, find the value of monthly instalments. Solution:

Let's assume that the instalment per month (P) = Rs y Number of months (n) = 42 Rate of interest (r) = 12% p.a. So, S.I. = $P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$ = $V \times \frac{42(42+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{12}{100}$ = $V \times \frac{1806}{24} \times \frac{12}{100}$ S.I = Rs 9.03y Hence,



The amount at maturity will be = Rs (y x 42) + Rs 9.03y = Rs 51.03yBut given maturity value = Rs10,206 So, on equating we have Rs 51.03y = Rs 10206y = 10206/51.03 = Rs 200Therefore, the value of monthly instalment is Rs 200







Exercise 2(B)

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1. Pramod deposits Rs 600 per month in a Recurring Deposit Account for 4 years. If the rate of interest is 8% per year; calculate the maturity value of his account. Solution:

Given,

Instalment per month $(P) = Rs\ 600$ Number of months (n) = 48Rate of interest (r) = 8% p.a. So,

$$S.I. = P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$$
$$= 600 \times \frac{48(48+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{8}{100}$$
$$= 600 \times \frac{2352}{24} \times \frac{8}{100}$$

S.I = Rs 4,704

Hence,

The amount that Manish will be getting at the time of maturity is

= Rs (600 x 48) + Rs 4,704 = Rs 28,800 + Rs 4,704 = Rs 33,504

2. Ritu has a Recurring Deposit Account in a bank and deposits Rs 80 per month for 18 months. Find the rate of interest paid by the bank if the maturity value of account is Rs 1,554. Solution:

Given,

Instalment per month (P) = Rs 80 Number of months (n) = 18 Let rate of interest (r) = r % p.a.

$$S.I. = P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$$
$$= 80 \times \frac{18(18+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$$
$$= 80 \times \frac{342}{24} \times \frac{r}{100}$$

S.I = 11.4r

Hence, the amount at the time of maturity will be = Rs (80×18) + Rs (11.4r)And given maturity value = Rs 1,554 So, on equating Rs (80×18) + Rs (11.4r) = Rs 1,554 11.4r = Rs 1,554 - Rs 1,440



r = 114/11.4 = 10%

Therefore, the rate of interest paid by the bank is 10 %

3. The maturity value of a R.D. Account is Rs 16,176. If the monthly instalment is Rs 400 and the rate of interest is 8%; find the time (period) of this R.D Account. Solution:

Given,

Instalment per month (P) = Rs 400 Let the time, number of months (n) = n Rate of interest (r) = 8 % p.a.

$$S.I. = P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$$

= 400 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{8}{100}
= 400 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{24} \times \frac{8}{100}
= Rs \frac{4n(n+1)}{3}

So, at the time of maturity the value will be = Rs (400 x n)+ Rs 4n(n + 1)/3And, given maturity value = Rs 16,176 So, on equating Rs (400x n) + 4n(n + 1)/3 = Rs 16,176 1200n + $4n^2$ + 4n = Rs 48,528 $4n^2$ + 1204n = Rs 48,528 n^2 + 301n - 12132 = 0 (n + 337)(n - 36) = 0 n = -337 (not considered as time cannot be negative) or n = 36 Therefore, the number of months (time) = 36 months = 3years

4. Mr. Bajaj needs Rs 30,000 after 2 years. What least money (in multiple of Rs 5) must he deposit every month in a recurring deposit account to get required money after 2 years, the rate of interest being 8% p.a.? Solution:

Let's assume the instalment per month to be Rs P Number of months (n) = 24Rate of interest = 8% p.a. So,



S.I. =
$$P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$$

= $P \times \frac{24(24+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{8}{100}$
= $P \times \frac{600}{24} \times \frac{8}{100}$

S.I = Rs 2P Thus, The amount at maturity will be = Rs (P x 24) + Rs 2P = Rs 26P And, given the maturity value = Rs30,000 So, on equating Rs 26P = Rs 30,000 P = 30,000/26P = Rs 1,153.84 = Rs 1,155(multiple of 5)

5. Mr. Richard has a recurring deposit account in a post office for 3 years at 7.5 % p.a. simple interest. If he gets Rs. 8,325 as interest at the time of maturity, find:

(i) the monthly instalment(ii) the amount of maturitySolution:

Let's assume the monthly instalment be Rs P Interest over the period = Rs. 8,325 Rate of interest = 7.5% Time = 3 years = 36 months (i)

Interest =
$$P \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{r}{100}$$

 $\Rightarrow 8325 = P \times \frac{36(36+1)}{2 \times 12} \times \frac{7.5}{100}$

 $\Rightarrow P = Rs. 2,000$

Therefore, the monthly instalment is Rs 2,000

(ii)

Maturity value = total sum deposited + interest = 2000 × 36 + 8325 = 72000 + 8325 = Rs 80, 325

Therefore, the amount of maturity is Rs 80,325