

CBSE Class 10 Political Science Chapter 5 Popular Struggles and Movements Important Questions

- **1.** What are the differences between political parties and pressure groups? Mention three points.
- **2**. Discuss the "Movement for Democracy in Nepal". What are the conditions that led to this movement?
- 3. Explain "Bolivia's Water War."
- **4**. Governments initiate schemes and programmes to alleviate the suffering of the poor and meet their basic needs. But poverty remains in the country. What could be the reasons for such a situation?
- 5. Explain the term "Pressure Groups." Mention a few examples.
- **6.** Can you identify the pressure groups functioning in the news clippings given below? What demand are they making?



- 7. Explain the difference between pressure groups, interest groups and movement groups.
- 8. In what ways do pressure groups and movements exert influence on politics?
- 9. What is the difference between a pressure group and a political party?
- 10. Define the values that the Bolivian war reflects.
- **11.** Explain how the activities of pressure groups are useful in the functioning of a democratic government.
- **12.** Are sectional interest groups and public interest groups the same? Give examples.
- 13. Define the term "FEDECOR."
- **14.** Organisations that undertake activities to promote the interests of specific social sections such as workers, employees, teachers, and lawyers are called ______ groups.
- **15.** Elaborate on the term "movement groups." Mention any two kinds of movement groups.
- **16.** Pressure groups are the organised expression of the interests and views of specific social sections. True or False?
- 17. Discuss "Maoists."



- **18**. Explain the two stages of the democratic movement in Nepal.
- 19. Are there any similarities between the struggles of Nepal and Bolivia? What are they?
- **20**. Explain about the movement called Kittiko-Hachchiko.

