## SOCIAL SCIENCE-087 (FOREIGN)
### SECONDARY SCHOOL EXAMINATION MARCH 2016

**SA-II, Set-2 (32/2/2)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q.NO.</th>
<th>EXPECTED ANSWERS/ VALUE POINTS</th>
<th>PAGES</th>
<th>MARKS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Aim and Treaty of Vienna:</td>
<td>11(H)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Undoing most of the changes that had come about in Europe.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>OR</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Aim to establish Tonkin Free school.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>To provide a western style education.</td>
<td>35(H)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Bailadila iron- ore mine:</td>
<td>35(G)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The Bailadila hills look like the hump of an ox, hence Bialadila iron- ore field get to its name.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Due to globalization the latest models of digital camera, mobile phone, TV, etc are available with us</td>
<td>55(E)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Right to choose</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Sectional interest groups-seek to promote the interest of a particular section</td>
<td>64(PS)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Public interest groups-promotes collective rather than selective good</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>One party system has no democratic option.</td>
<td>77(PS)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>BAMCEF's main aim is with social justice and social equality for the entire society</td>
<td>65(PS)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>The logo of pure gold generally: <strong>Hallmark</strong></td>
<td>85(E)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td><strong>Self Help Group</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>i. SHGs help in pooling the savings of the members, who are poor people.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>ii. Members can get timely loans for a variety of purposes</td>
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</table>
|   | iii. They get loan at a reasonable rate of interest.  
iv. It helps borrowers to overcome the problem of lack of collateral and documentation.  
v. It saves them from exploitation of the money lenders.  
vi. This interest income becomes an extra source of income of the members.  
i. **Any other relevant point**  
   Any three Points to be explained |  |  |
|   |   | 50(E) 3X1=3 |
| 10 | Protest against water privatization in Bolivia:  
FEDECOR (comprised local professionals, including engineers and Environmentalists), human rights and community leaders |   |   |
|   | **Ways of their Protest:**  
i. Organized a successful four-day general strike in the city.  
ii. Influenced the decision through direct participation in competitive politics.  
iii. Created parties and formed governments.  
iv. Formed pressure groups for the protest.  
v. **Any other relevant point**  
   Any two Points to be explained |   | 62(PS) 1+2=3 |
| 11 | A political party is a group of people who come together to contest elections and hold power in the government. They agree on some policies and programmers for the society with a view to promote the collective good (1) ideology of BJP |   |   |
|   | i. Wants full territorial and political integration of Jammu and Kashmir with India  
ii. A uniform civil code for all people living in the country irrespective of religion  
iii. Cultural nationalism.  
v. **Any other relevant point**  
   Any two Points to be explained |   | 80(PS) 1+2=3 |
| 12 | India is an important iron and steel producing country in the world yet, we are not able to perform to our full potential largely due to |   |   |
### Need to use renewable energy Resources

1. The growing consumption of energy has resulted in the country becoming increasingly dependent on fossil fuels such as coal, oil and gas.
2. Rising prices of oil and gas and their potential shortages have raised uncertainties about the security of energy supply in future.
3. Has serious repercussions on the growth of the national economy.
4. Increasing use of fossil fuels also causes serious environmental problems.
5. Hence, there is a pressing need to use renewable energy sources like solar energy, wind, tide, biomass and energy from waste material.

### According to their main role:

- **Basic or key industries** which supply their products or raw materials to manufacture other goods e.g. iron and steel, aluminum smelting.
- **Consumer industries** that produce goods for direct use by consumers – sugar, toothpaste, paper, sewing machines, fans etc.

### Simon commission

1. The new Tory government in Britain constituted a statutory commission under Sir John Simon.
2. Set up in response to the nationalist movement.
3. The commission was to look into the functioning of the constitutional system in India and suggest changes.
4. The problem was that the commission didn’t have a single Indian member.
5. When the Simon Commission arrived in India in 1928, it was greeted with the slogan ‘Go back Simon’.
6. All parties, including the Congress and the Muslim League, participated in the demonstrations.
7. Any other relevant point
### Different social groups in The Civil Disobedience Movement

1. **Rich Peasantry Group**: the Patidar and Jats demanded reduction in revenue and participated in the boycott program.
2. **Poor Peasantry Group**: they wanted unpaid rent to be remitted, joined radical movement led by the socialist and communist.
3. **Business Class Group**: prominent industrialist like Purushottam Das, G D Birla formed FICCI wanted protection against imports of foreign goods and rupee sterling exchange ratio and refused to sell imported goods.
4. **Working Class Group**: Nagpur Workers adopted boycott of foreign goods, against low wages and poor working conditions.
5. **Women**: participate in the protest marches, manufacturing of salt and boycotted foreign goods.
6. **Any other relevant point**

### Democratic governments in practice are accountable:

1. It is right to expect democracy to produce a government that follows procedures and is accountable to the people.
2. It is also expected that the democratic government develops mechanisms for citizens to take part in decision making whenever they think it is fit.
3. The democratic government is accountable to the people. If it ignores the will of the people they will not elect their ruler in the next general election.
4. The procedures and decision making process should be transparent for democratic government to be accountable to the people.

### Integration of Foreign markets:

1. Producers reach beyond the domestic market.
2. Producers compete with markets located in other countries of the world.
3. There is expansion of choice of goods beyond the domestic market.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>20</th>
<th>Culture</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>i.</td>
<td>Culture played an important role in creating the idea of the nation, art and poetry, stories and music helped to express and shape nationalist feelings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii.</td>
<td>emotions, intuition and mystical feelings were not focused</td>
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<tr>
<td>iii</td>
<td>their effort was to shared collective heritage, a common cultural past, as the basis of a nation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iv.</td>
<td>They criticized the glorification of reason and science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v.</td>
<td>German philosopher Johann Gottfried popularized true spirit of nation through folksongs, folk poetry and folk dance.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 15(H) | 3X1=3 |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>21</th>
<th>Globalization for small producers and workers</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>i.</td>
<td>It may lead to widening of income inequalities among various countries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii.</td>
<td>Workers jobs are no longer secure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iii.</td>
<td>Expansion of unorganized sector.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iv.</td>
<td>Small manufacturers have been hit hard due to severe competition.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<p>| 68(E) | 5X1=5 |</p>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>v.</td>
<td>Several units have been shut down rendering many workers jobless.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vi.</td>
<td>Lives of workers are on the whims of employers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vii.</td>
<td>Workers are denied their fair share of benefits.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| viii. | Any other relevant point  
Any Five points to be explained |

### 22

**The spread of non-cooperation movement in countryside:**

1. In Awadh peasants were led by Baba Ramchandra.
2. The peasant movement demanded reduction of revenue.
3. Abolition of beggar and social boycott of oppressive landlords.
4. By 1920 Jawaharlal Nehru, Baba Ramachandra and a few others setup Oudh Kissan Sabha within a month over 300 branch had been set up in the villages.
5. The congress integrated the Awadh Kisan into wider struggle.

*To be assessed as a whole.*

### 23

**Air travel is more popular in the north eastern states on India because:**

1. North Eastern part of the country is marked with presence of big rivers.
2. It has dissected relief.
3. Covered with dense forest.
4. It is hit by frequent foods.
5. It has long international frontiers.
6. Any other relevant Point  
Any Five points to be explained.

### 24

**Factors that promotes MNCs**

1. Close proximity to the market.
2. Availability of skilled and unskilled labour at low cost.
3. Assured production
4. Governments liberalized policies.
5. Developed infrastructure.
7. Any other relevant point  
Any Five points to be explained
### Institutional amendments made by different institutions to reform political parties and their lenders:

i. The constitution was amended to prevent elected MLA’s and MP’s from changing parties. This was done because many elected representatives were indulging in defection in order to become ministers or for cash rewards.

ii. The Supreme Court passed an order to reduce the influence of money and criminals. It is mandatory for every candidate to control elections to the file and affidavit giving details of his property and criminal cases pending against him.

iii. The election commission passed an order making it necessary for political parties to hold their organizational election and file their income tax returns.

vii. **Any other relevant Point**

| Any two points to be examined. | 85,86(PS) | 2.5+2.5=5 |

### Nationalism in Europe- The Balkans:

i. During this period nationalist groups become increasingly intolerant of each other.

ii. Manipulations of the nationalist aspirations were there.

iii. The Balkan was under the control of the ottoman empire

iv. Ideas of romantic nationalism spread in the Balkan

v. They claimed for independence or political rights on nationality and subjected foreign domination

vi. Russia, Germany, England, Austria-hungry were keen on countering the hold of other powers over the Balkans

vii. This led to a series of wars in the region and finally the First World War

| 26(H) | 5X1=5 |

ii. **Any other relevant point**

| Any Five points to be explained | 

### OR

### Vietnamese Women as warriors and as workers:

i. Women joined the army and fought bravely against the American
|  | troops. They succeeded in shooting down war planes.  
|  |  
| ii.  | They were dedicated workers. They carried rifle on their back and worked in the field.  
| iii. | Whether young or old, women began to be depicted as selflessly working and fighting to save the country.  
| iv.  | As casualties in the war increased in the 1960s, women were urged to join the struggle in larger numbers.  
| v.   | They were portrayed as young, brave and dedicated.  
| vi.  | Stories were written to show how happy they felt when they joined the army and could carry a rifle.  
| vii. | Some stories spoke of their incredible bravery in single-handedly killing the enemy – Nguyen Thi Xuan, for instance, was reputed to have shot down a jet with just twenty bullets.  
| iii. | Any other relevant point Any Five points to be explained  

27 Minerals are an indispensable part of our lives.  

| i.  | Almost everything we use, from a tiny pin to a towering building or a big ship, all are made from minerals.  
| ii. | The railway lines and the tarmac (paving) of the roads, our implements and machinery too are made from minerals.  
| iii. | Cars, buses, trains, aeroplanes are manufactured from minerals and run on power resources derived from the earth.  
| iv.  | Even the food that we eat contains minerals.  
| v.   | In all stages of development, human beings have used minerals for their livelihood, decoration, festivities, religious and ceremonial rites.  
| vi.  | Any other relevant point Any Five points to be explained  

28 Pressure groups and movements have deepened democracy.  

| i.  | It reminds the government of the needs and concerns of ordinary citizens.  
| ii. | Put pressure on the rulers for the unhealthy activities.  
| iii. | It performs a useful role of countering undue influence of the rich and powerful people.  
| iv.  | One single group cannot achieve dominance over society.  
| v.   | The government gets to hear about what different sections of the
population want.

vi. This leads to a rough balance of power and accommodation of conflicting interests.

vii. Any other relevant point

Any Five points to be explained

29 See filled MAP for Answer.
### Question 29
**For Visually Impaired Candidate:**

29.1) Calcutta  
29.2) Bardoli  
29.3) Kheda

### Question 30
**See filled MAP for Answer.**

30.1) Chennai  
30.2) Odisha  
30.3) West Coast

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**Outline Map of India (Political)**

![Map of India](attachment:image.png)

3X1=3