CBSE Class 10 Social Science Sample Paper SET - 1

MAX. MARKS: 80

DURATION: 3 HRS

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE CLASS: X

General Instructions:

- 1. The question paper has **28** questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Marks are indicated against each question.
- 3. Questions from serial number 1 to 7 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
- 4. Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- 5. Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
- 6. Question numbers 26 & 27 are map questions from History with 1 mark each.
- 7. Question number **28** is map question of **3 marks** from Geography.
- 8. For **Q. Nos. 26, 27 and 28 (map based questions)** one outline political map of India is provided. After completion the work, attach the map inside your answer book.
- 9. Questions at Serial Number 1, 2, 8, 9, 19, 20, 21, 23 & 25 have Internal Choice. Attempt any one option out of the given in each of these questions.
- 1. What was the major change that occured in the political and constitutional scenario due to French Revolution in Europe?

OR

Why did the French build canals systems in Vietnam?

2. Why did the Roman Catholic Church begin to maintain an Index of Prohibited Books from 1558?

OR

Which problem of the society was focused in the novel Hard Times written by Charles Dickens?

- **3.** What factor is responsible for maximum land degradation?
- 4. Which language is spoken by the majority of population in Brussels, the capital city of Belgium?
- 5. What is meant by double coincidence of wants?
- **6.** Define a Multinational Corporation (MNC).
- 7. Which major step was taken by the Indian government in 1986?
- **8.** Explain any three reasons which created a large number of new readers in the nineteenth century.

OR

Why did O Chandu Menon decide to write a novel in Malayalam instead of translating the English novel?

9. Explain liberalism in political and economic fields prevailing in Europe in the 19th century.

OR

Explain any three characteristics of the 'Tonkin Free School' in Vietnam.

10. What is a multipurpose river valley project? Give any four objectives of the multipurpose river valley projects.

- 11. Agriculture has been the backbone of the Indian economy though its share in the Gross Domestic Product has registered a declining trend from 1951 onwards; yet its share in providing employment and livelihood to the population continues to be as high as 63 per cent in 2001.
 - (a) What can be done to increase the share of agriculture in the Gross Domestic Product?
 - (b) What values does the paragraph exhibit?
- **12.** What are the features of homogenous society? Mention the name of any one country having such society.
- **13.** How does democracy stand much superior to any other form of government in promoting dignity and freedom of the individual? Explain with suitable examples.
- **14.** Examine the impact of caste system on Indian democratic system. List out any two measures to irradicate effects of casteism.
- **15.** What is meant by economic development? Write two basis of measuring economic development of a country.
- **16.** Explain why the supervision of the functioning of formal sources of loans is necessary?
- 17. Why do governments try to attract more foreign investment?
- 18. What is Consumer Protection Act, 1986? Mention its advantages to the consumers.
- 19. Explain any five consequences of the Great Depression of 1929 on Indian economy?

OR

List the various problems faced by the Indian weavers in the 19th century.

OR

How did the development of cities influence the ecology and environment in the late 19th century? Explain by giving an example of Calcutta (Kolkata).

20. Why can modern democracies not exist without political parties? Explain.

OR

Why is there a lack of internal democracy within the political parties in India? Explain with examples.

21. Why did Mahatma Gandhi decide to call off the Civil Disobedience Movement? Explain.

OR

Describe any four economic effects of the Non-Cooperation Movement.

- **22.** Explain the pro-active approach adopted by the National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC) for preserving the natural environment and resources.
- **23.** What is mass communication? What are the different means of mass communication? What is the significance of mass communication in a country like India?

ΩR

How are pipelines useful? Explain any four merits of pipeline transport in India.

- **24.** Examine the composition and structure of urban local self-government.
- **25.** Enumerate the causes of rural unemployment in India.

OB

What is Planning Commission? What have been its findings?

MAP BASED QUESTIONS

- **26.** On the outline map of India locate and label the following:
 - (i) The place where indigo planters organized a satyagraha.
- **27.** One feature 'X' is marked on the given outline map of India. Identify the feature and write its correct name on the line provided.
 - X. Place where Indian National Congress session was held in 1929.
- **28.** (a) One feature A is marked on the given political map of India. Identify the feature and write its name with the help of information given.
 - A. Coffee-producing state
- (b) Locate and label on the given political map of India
- (i) Termination Station of East-West Corridor
- (ii) Arid Soil

