

CBSE Class 9 Social Science Sample Paper SET - 2

Class : IX

Sample Question Paper SET - 2

Subject : Social Science

I. Very short answer type question (1 to 10 question 1 marks only)

1. What is the total length of the coastline of mainland including Andaman and Nicobar and Lakshadweep?
2. The neighbouring countries that share their boundaries with India are?
3. Which are the main causes of rock displacement?
4. Name any four factors which are responsible for creating and modifying the relief to its present form.
5. Which river has the largest basin in India?
6. An area through which a river and its tributaries flow is called -----.
7. Name the main production activity of Palampur.
8. Give two examples of fixed capital.
9. How can the population of a nation becomes human capital?
10. What is social exclusion?
11. what was the name of parliament of France
12. what was convention
13. where did first socialist government form
14. what do you mean by suffragete movement
15. who was the friend of Karl Marx
16. where had Hitler born
17. direct democracy is being practiced in which country
18. Why is it not possible to have direct democracy in India
19. on which date the constitution of Indian Republic come into force
20. who was the president of constituent assembly

II. Short answer type questions (3 marks)

21. How does India occupy an important strategic position in South Asia?
22. What are the major sources of river pollution?
23. Explain the problems which arise due to unequal distribution of land?
24. How has human capital formation helped India
25. describe the role of philosophers in French Revolution
26. why Hitler committed to suicide
27. how is India a democratic country
28. what was apartheid

III. Long answer type questions (5 marks)

29. How did the northern plains come to existence? Also mention two features of these plains.
30. What do you understand by human capital formation? Highlight two initiatives each of Indian government to enhance health and education facilities?
31. What are the major features of poverty?
32. What were the outputs of French Revolution?
33. What are the features of democracy?
34. How did South Africa become an example of a modern democratic country?
35. Locate the following on the given outline map of Europe
- Paris
 - Austria
 - Germany
36. On the outline political map of India, locate and label the following:
- Karakoram range
 - Anaimudi peak
 - Chilika lake

