

EXERCISE 25.2

PAGE NO: 25.21

1. The pie chart given in Fig. 25.17 represents the expenditure on different items in constructing a flat in Delhi. If the expenditure incurred on cement is Rs. 112500, find the following:



(i) Total cost of the flat.(ii) Expenditure incurred on labour.

Solution:

(i) By using the formula,

Expenditure incurred on cement = (central angle × Total cost) / 360° Total cost of the flat = ($360^{\circ} \times 112500$) / 75° = Rs 540000

(ii) By using the formula, Expenditure incurred on labour = (central angle × Total cost) / 360° = ($100^{\circ} \times 540000$) / 360° = Rs 150000

2. The pie-chart given in Fig. 25.18 shows the annual agricultural production of an Indian state. If the total production of all the commodities is 81000 tonnes, find the production (in tonnes) of





(i) Wheat (ii) Sugar (iii) Rice (iv) Maize (v) Gram Solution:

We know that,

Total Production = 81000 Tonnes. So,

(i) Production of wheat = (central angle of wheat × Total production) / 360° = (120° × 81000) / 360° = 27000 tonnes

(ii) Production of sugar = (central angle of sugar × Total production) / 360° = (100° × 81000) / 360° = 22500 tonnes

(iii) Production of rice = (central angle of rice × Total production) / 360° = ($60^{\circ} \times 81000$) / 360° = 13500 tonnes (iv) Production of maize = (central angle of maize × Total production) / 360° = ($30^{\circ} \times 81000$) / 360° = 6750 tonnes

(v) Production of gram = (central angle of gram × Total production) / 360° = ($50^{\circ} \times 81000$) / 360° = 11250 tonnes

3. The following pie chart shows the number of students admitted in different faculties of a college. If 1000 students are admitted in Science answer the following :





(i) What is the total number of students? (ii) What is the ratio of students in science and arts? Solution:

(i)

Students in science = (central angle × Total students) / 360° $1000 = (100^{\circ} \times \text{Total students}) / <math>360^{\circ}$ Total students = $(1000 \times 360^{\circ})/100^{\circ}$ = 3600 students \therefore Total number of students are 3600.

(ii) Students in arts = (central angle of arts × Total students) / 360° = (120° × 3600) / 360° = 1200 students

 \therefore Ratio of students in science and arts is 1000:1200 = 5:6

4. In Fig. 25.20, the pie-chart shows the marks obtained by a student in an examination. If the student secures 440 marks in all, calculate his marks in each of the given subjects.





Solution:

Marks secured in mathematics = (central angle of maths × Total score secured) / 360° = (108×440) / 360° = 132 marks

Marks secured in science = (central angle of science × Total score secured) / 360° = (81 × 440) / 360° = 99 marks Marks secured in English = (central angle of English × Total score secured) / 360° = (72 × 440) / 360° = 88 marks

Marks secured in Hindi = (central angle of Hindi × Total score secured) / 360° = (54 × 440) / 360° = 66 marks

Marks secured in social science = (central angle of social science \times Total score secured) / 360°

Subject	Mathematics	Science	English Hindi Social			
					Science	
Marks	132	99	88	66	55	
secured						

 $= (45 \times 440) / 360^{\circ} = 55$ marks

5. In Fig. 25.21, the pie chart shows the marks obtained by a student in various subjects. If the student scored 135 marks in mathematics, find the total marks in all the subjects. Also, find his score in individual subjects.





Solution:

Let us calculate the total marks. So,

Marks scored in mathematics = (central angle of maths × Total marks) / 360° 135 = (90 × Total marks) / 360° Total marks = (135 × 360)/90 = 540 marks

Now,

Marks scored in Hindi = (central angle of Hindi × Total marks) / 360° = (60×540) / 360° = 90 marks

Marks scored in Science = (central angle of Science × Total marks) / 360° = (76 × 540) / 360° = 114 marks

Marks scored in Social science = (central angle of Social science × Total marks) / 360° = (72 × 540) / 360° = 108 marks

Marks scored in English = (central angle of English × Total marks) / 360° = (62×540) / 360° = 93 marks



Subject	Mathematics	Science	Social science	English	Hindi
Marks secured	135	114	108	93	90

6. The following pie chart shows the monthly expenditure of Shikha on various items. If she spends Rs 16000 per month, answer the following questions:



(i) How much does she spend on rent?

(ii) How much does she spend on education?

(iii) What is the ratio of expenses on food and rent?

Solution:

(i) Money spent on rent = (central angle of rent × Total money spent) / 360° = (81×16000) / 360°

(ii) Money spent on education = (central angle of education × Total money spent) / 360° = (36×16000) / 360° = Rs 1600

(iii) Money spent on food = (central angle of food × Total money spent) / 360° = (135 × 16000) / 360° = Rs 6000 Ratio of expenses on food and rent is Rs 6000/Rs3600 = 5/3



Ratio = 5:3

7. The pie chart (as shown in the figure 25.23) represents the amount spent on different sports by a sports club in a year. If the total money spent by the club on sports is Rs 108000, find the amount spent on each sport.



Solution:

Money spent on cricket = (central angle of cricket × Total money spent) / 360° = (150 × 108000) / 360° = Rs 45000

Money spent on football = (central angle of football × Total money spent) / 360° = (60×108000) / 360° = Rs 18000

Money spent on tennis = (central angle of tennis × Total money spent) / 360° = (50×108000) / 360° = Rs 15000

Money spent on hockey = (central angle of cricket × Total money spent) / 360° = (100 × 108000) / 360° = Rs 30000