21E(A)

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - I

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time: 2 hrs. 45 min.

[Maximum Marks: 40

Instructions:

- 1. 15 minutes are allocated to read the question paper and 2 hrs. 30 min. are allocated to write answers.
- 2. Part-A must be unswered in a separate answer sheet.
- 3. Students can take Part-A (Question Paper) with them.
- 4. Map of (India) and Part-B (Bit Paper) should be attached to the answer sheet and should be handed over to the invegilator.



Time: 2 hours

Marks: 30

SECTION - I

 $4 \times 1 = 4$

NOTE: (i) Write answers to the FOUR questions.

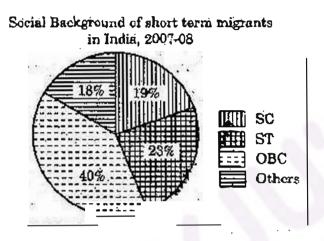
- (ii) Each question carries ONE mark.
- 1. Write any two slogans on the environmental protection.
- 2. Expand WTO.
- 3 In the context of development, two persons or groups of persons may seek things which are conflicting. Give one example for this.
- 4. What is Arab Spring?

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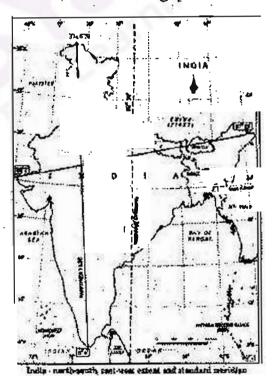
NOTE: (i) Write answers to the FIVE questions.

- (ii) Each question carries TWO marks.
- 5. Differentiate between environment's 'Source function' and 'Sink function'.
- 6. Even in years of continuous drought, there was no drinking water shortage in Hiware Bazar. What are the reasons for this?
- 7. Study the information given below and write your observations.



8. Observe the map given below and answer the following questions.

- (a) What is the distance between the eastern and western most points of India?
- (b) Name any two countries that share their boundaries with India.



9. How would the rapid extraction of natural resources effect the future development prospects? Explain.

SECTION - III

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- NOTE: (i) Answer all the following questions.
 - (ii) Each question carries FOUR marks.
 - (iii) Each question has internal choice.
 - 10. (A) Explain the differences between the Eastern Ghats and the Western Ghats. OR
 - (B) "Public Distribution System can ensure better food security for people." Explain.
 - 11. (A) Read the paragraph given below and comment.

 The benefits of globalisation have been unevenly distributed. It has benefited well-off consumers and also producers with skill, education and huge wealth. Certain services, enabled with technology, have expanded. On the other hand, thousands of small producers and workers have seen their employment and workers' rights erode. It is important to understand the two-sided nature of globalisation.

OR

(B) The organised sector offers jobs that are the most sought-after. But the employment opportunities in the organised sector have been expanding very slowly. As a result, a large number of workers are forced to enter the unorganised sector jobs, which pay a very low salary.

Q. Do you think organised sector is better than unorganised sector? Give your opinion.

12. (A) Observe the table and answer the following questions:

Some data regarding India and its neighbours for 2013

Country	Fer capita Income in \$	Life Expectancy at birth (Years)	years of	•	Index (HDI) rank
Sri Lanka	5170	75.1	9.3	12.7	92
India	3285	65.8	4.4	10.7	136
Pakistan	2566	65.7	4.9	7.3	146
Myanmar	1817	65.7	3.9 .	9.4	149
Bangladesl	1785	69.2	4.8	8.1	146
Nepal	1137	69.1	3.2	8.9	157

- 1. Which country stands ahead of India in all aspects in HDI?
- 2. Mention the aspects that are considered in making Human Development Index.
- 3. Name the country that has the lowest per capita income.
- 4. Give two suggestions for the improvement of the rank of India in HDI.

OR

(B) Plot the below information on a bar-graph. Write your observation.

Table: India Population: Sex Ratio 1951-2011

Sl.No.	Year	No. of females for 1000 males
1.	1951	946
2.	1961	941
3.	1971	930.
4.	1981	934
5.	1991	929
6.	. 2001	933
7.	2011.	943

- 13. Locate the following in the given outline map of India:
 - (A) (1) The Mount Everest
 - (2) Manipur
 - (3) The Malwa Plateau
 - (4) Lakshadweep

OR

- (B) (1) The river which flows in Thar Desert.
 - (2) The southern boundary of the Deccan plateau.
 - (3) The state which has the lowest population density.
 - (4) . The latitude that divides India into two halves.

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SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - I

(English version)
Parts A and B

Time: 2 hrs. 45 min.] [Maximum Marks: 40

Instruction: Write the enswers to the questions in this Part-B on the Question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of Part-A.

Part - B

Time: 30 minutes

Marks: 10

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SECTION IY

20x1/2=10 marks

NOTE:

- 1. Write the CAPITAL LETTERS (A, B, C, D) showing the correct enswer for the following questions in the brackets provided against each question.
- 2. Each question carries 1/2 mark.
- 3. Answer all the questions.
- 4. Answers are to be written on the question paper only.
- 5. Marks will not be awarded in any case of over-writing, rewriting or erased answers...
- 14. The author of the book "Silent Spring":
 - (A) Rachel Carson
- (B) Arundhati Roy
- (C) Medha Patkar
- (D) None of the above
- 15. Which article provides the Right to Life?
 - (A) Article 21

(B) Article 22

(C) Article 23

(D) Article 24

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B

16.	The	origin of the river Krishna.		E to the second	I	1
	(A)	Triambak	(B)	Mahabaleswar		
	(C)	Amarkantak	(D)	Multai		
17.	Tota	l value of goods and services	prod	uced in a country		
	dari	ng a particular year :			[]
	(A)	GDP	(B)	NDP		
	(C)	GNP	(D)	NNP		
18.	Whi	ch coast receives low rainfall	dura	the south-west monsoon?	[1
	(A)	Circar coast	(4)	Coramandal		
	(C)	Uthal coast	(D)	Canara coast		
19.	The	first Census was taken in In	dia in	1	[]
	(A)	1872	(B)	1772		
	(C)	1820	(D)	1773		
20.	Liberalisation in India was started around				[]
	(A)	1991	(B)	2000		
	(C)	1981	(D)	2001		
21.	The	Bhimbedka Rockshelters, us	sed by	the early humans, were		
	situ	ated in this state.			Ĺ]
	(A)	Madhya Pradesh	(B)	Karnataka		
	(C)	Kerala	(D)	Maharashtra		
22.	The	first state that implemented	the l	Mid-day Meal Scheme :	[]
	(A)	Andhra Pradesh	(B)	Karnataka		
	· (C)	Tamil Nadu	(D)	Kerala		

23.	Consider the following statements.				[]		
	(1)	(1) Sikkim is the first state in India that planned to shift completely to organic farming.						
	(2)							
	Which of the above statements is / arc True?							
	(A)	(I) only	(B)	(2) only				
	(C)	Both (1) & (2)	(D)	None of the two.				
24.	The	National Institute of Nutrit	ion is	situated at	ĺ	1		
	(A)	Chennai	(B)	Hyderamed				
	(C)	Mumbai	(D)	Deun				
25.	The	winter crop season is called			[]		
	(A)	Kharif	(B)	Rabi				
	(C)	Ziad	(D)	None of the above.				
26.	The	river that is called as 'Padm	aà' in	Bangladesh :	ĺ]		
	(A)	The Ganga	(B)					
	(C)	The Brahmaputra	(D)	The Sutlej				
		- 1 m						
27.	Whi	ch of the following helps to	water	conservation?	[]		
	(A)	Borewells for irrigation sho	ould n	ot be laid without permission.				
(B) Much water consuming crops like sugarcane should not be gro(C) Wise usage of drinking and irrigated water.								
	(D)	All the above.						
28. Which of the following statements is True in the context								
		ervice sector in India?			[]		
	(A)	While service sector has grare also growing equally we		all service sector activities				
	(B)	While service sector has gr	own,	all service sector activities are				
		not growing equally well.						
	(C)	Service sector provides em	p loym	ent only for highly educated p	eople.			
	(D)	The sectoral share of servi	-		-			
21E				· •				
B								

29.	Kulu and Kangra valleys are present in these rages:].
	(A)	The Greater Himalayas.				
	(B)	The Lesser Himalayas.				
	(C)	The Shivaliks.				
	(D)	The Sahyadri.				
30.	May	vkdok Dympep valley is sit	tuated in	n	E]
	(A)	Arunachal Pradesh		.Serim	_	
	(C)	Meghalaya	(D)	Andhra Pradesh		
31	The	state where schooling rev	exition	took place.	[
	(A)	Asom	(B)	Himachal Pradesh		
	(C)	Sikkim	(D)	. Tamilnadu		
32.	Çon	Consider the following statements.]
	(1)	1) Human activities are one of the causes of the global warming.				
	(2)	Climate change happens	at a glo	bal level.		
	Whi	Which of the above statements is / are true?				
	(A)	(1) only.				
	(B)	(2) only:				
	(C)	Both (1) & (2).				
	(D)	None of the two.				
				į. 		
33.	Whi	ich of the following is not	physical	capital?	1]
	(A) Tools				
	(B					
	(C	J				
٠	(D) Salaries & Wages				