

EXERCISE 23.11
PAGE NO: 23.83
1. Prove that the following sets of three lines are concurrent:

(i) $15x - 18y + 1 = 0$, $12x + 10y - 3 = 0$ and $6x + 66y - 11 = 0$

(ii) $3x - 5y - 11 = 0$, $5x + 3y - 7 = 0$ and $x + 2y = 0$

Solution:

(i) $15x - 18y + 1 = 0$, $12x + 10y - 3 = 0$ and $6x + 66y - 11 = 0$

Given:

$15x - 18y + 1 = 0 \dots\dots (i)$

$12x + 10y - 3 = 0 \dots\dots (ii)$

$6x + 66y - 11 = 0 \dots\dots (iii)$

Now, consider the following determinant:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 15 & -18 & 1 \\ 12 & 19 & -3 \\ 6 & 66 & -11 \end{vmatrix} = 15(-110 + 198) + 18(-132 + 18) + 1(792 - 60)$$

$\Rightarrow 1320 - 2052 + 732 = 0$

Hence proved, the given lines are concurrent.

(ii) $3x - 5y - 11 = 0$, $5x + 3y - 7 = 0$ and $x + 2y = 0$

Given:

$3x - 5y - 11 = 0 \dots\dots (i)$

$5x + 3y - 7 = 0 \dots\dots (ii)$

$x + 2y = 0 \dots\dots (iii)$

Now, consider the following determinant:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & -5 & -11 \\ 5 & 3 & -7 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \times 14 + 5 \times 7 - 11 \times 7 = 0$$

Hence, the given lines are concurrent.

2. For what value of λ are the three lines $2x - 5y + 3 = 0$, $5x - 9y + \lambda = 0$ and $x - 2y + 1 = 0$ concurrent?
Solution:

Given:

$2x - 5y + 3 = 0 \dots (1)$

$5x - 9y + \lambda = 0 \dots (2)$

$x - 2y + 1 = 0 \dots (3)$

It is given that the three lines are concurrent.

Now, consider the following determinant:

$$\therefore \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -5 & 3 \\ 5 & -9 & \lambda \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$2(-9 + 2\lambda) + 5(5 - \lambda) + 3(-10 + 9) = 0$$

$$-18 + 4\lambda + 25 - 5\lambda - 3 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 4$$

\therefore The value of λ is 4.

3. Find the conditions that the straight lines $y = m_1x + c_1$, $y = m_2x + c_2$ and $y = m_3x + c_3$ may meet in a point.

Solution:

Given:

$$m_1x - y + c_1 = 0 \dots (1)$$

$$m_2x - y + c_2 = 0 \dots (2)$$

$$m_3x - y + c_3 = 0 \dots (3)$$

It is given that the three lines are concurrent.

Now, consider the following determinant:

$$\therefore \begin{vmatrix} m_1 & -1 & c_1 \\ m_2 & -1 & c_2 \\ m_3 & -1 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$m_1(-c_3 + c_2) + 1(m_2c_3 - m_3c_2) + c_1(-m_2 + m_3) = 0$$

$$m_1(c_2 - c_3) + m_2(c_3 - c_1) + m_3(c_1 - c_2) = 0$$

$$\therefore \text{The required condition is } m_1(c_2 - c_3) + m_2(c_3 - c_1) + m_3(c_1 - c_2) = 0$$

4. If the lines $p_1x + q_1y = 1$, $p_2x + q_2y = 1$ and $p_3x + q_3y = 1$ be concurrent, show that the points (p_1, q_1) , (p_2, q_2) and (p_3, q_3) are collinear.

Solution:

Given:

$$p_1x + q_1y = 1$$

$$p_2x + q_2y = 1$$

$$p_3x + q_3y = 1$$

The given lines can be written as follows:

$$p_1x + q_1y - 1 = 0 \dots (1)$$

$$p_2x + q_2y - 1 = 0 \dots (2)$$

$$p_3x + q_3y - 1 = 0 \dots (3)$$

It is given that the three lines are concurrent.

Now, consider the following determinant:

$$\begin{vmatrix} p_1 & q_1 & -1 \\ p_2 & q_2 & -1 \\ p_3 & q_3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$- \begin{vmatrix} p_1 & q_1 & 1 \\ p_2 & q_2 & 1 \\ p_3 & q_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} p_1 & q_1 & 1 \\ p_2 & q_2 & 1 \\ p_3 & q_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Hence proved, the given three points, (p_1, q_1) , (p_2, q_2) and (p_3, q_3) are collinear.

5. Show that the straight lines $L_1 = (b + c)x + ay + 1 = 0$, $L_2 = (c + a)x + by + 1 = 0$ and $L_3 = (a + b)x + cy + 1 = 0$ are concurrent.

Solution:

Given:

$$L_1 = (b + c)x + ay + 1 = 0$$

$$L_2 = (c + a)x + by + 1 = 0$$

$$L_3 = (a + b)x + cy + 1 = 0$$

The given lines can be written as follows:

$$(b + c)x + ay + 1 = 0 \dots (1)$$

$$(c + a)x + by + 1 = 0 \dots (2)$$

$$(a + b)x + cy + 1 = 0 \dots (3)$$

Consider the following determinant.

$$\begin{vmatrix} b + c & a & 1 \\ c + a & b & 1 \\ a + b & c & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

Let us apply the transformation $C_1 \rightarrow C_1 + C_2$, we get

$$\begin{vmatrix} b + c & a & 1 \\ c + a & b & 1 \\ a + b & c & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a + b + c & a & 1 \\ c + a + b & b & 1 \\ a + b + c & c & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} b + c & a & 1 \\ c + a & b & 1 \\ a + b & c & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (a + b + c) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & 1 \\ 1 & b & 1 \\ 1 & c & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} b + c & a & 1 \\ c + a & b & 1 \\ a + b & c & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Hence proved, the given lines are concurrent.