

EXERCISE 11B

PAGE: 125

```
1. Fill in the blanks:

(i) 8x + 5x = .....

(ii) 8x - 5x = .....

(iii) 6xy^2 + 9xy^2 = .....

(iv) 6xy^2 - 9xy^2 = .....

(v) The sum of 8a, 6a and 5b = .....

(v) The addition of 5, 7xy, 6 and 3xy = .....

(vii) 4a + 3b - 7a + 4b = .....

(viii) -15x + 13x + 8 = .....

(ix) 6x^2y + 13xy^2 - 4x^2y + 2xy^2 = .....

(x) 16x^2 - 9x^2 = ..... and 25xy^2 - 17xy^2 = .....

Solution:
```

(i) 8x + 5x = 13x

(ii) 8x - 5x = 3x

(iii) $6xy^2 + 9xy^2 = 15xy^2$

(iv)
$$6xy^2 - 9xy^2 = -3xy^2$$

(v) The sum of 8a, 6a and 5b = 14a + 5bIt can be written as 8a + 6a + 5b = 14a + 5b

(vi) The addition of 5, 7xy, 6 and 3xy = 11 + 10xyIt can be written as 5 + 7xy + 6 + 3xy = 11 + 10xy

(vii) 4a + 3b - 7a + 4b = 7b - 3aIt can be written as 4a + 3b - 7a + 4b = (4 - 7)a + (3 + 4)b= -3a + 7b

(viii) - 15x + 13x + 8 = 8 - 2xIt can be written as -15x + 13x + 8 = (-15 + 13)x + 8 = -2x + 8

(ix) $6x^2y + 13xy^2 - 4x^2y + 2xy^2 = 2x^2y + 15xy^2$ It can be written as $6x^2y + 13xy^2 - 4x^2y + 2xy^2 = (6-4)x^2y + (13+2)xy^2$ $= 2x^2y + 15xy^2$

(x)
$$16x^2 - 9x^2 = 7x^2$$
 and $25xy^2 - 17xy^2 = 8xy^2$

2. Add:

(i) -9x, 3x and 4x (ii) 23y², 8y² and - 12y²



(iii) 18pq, -15pq and 3pq Solution:

(i) -9x, 3x and 4x It can be written as = -9x + 3x + 4xSo we get = 9x + 7x= -2x(ii) $23y^2$, $8y^2$ and $-12y^2$ It can be written as $= 23y^2 + 8y^2 - 12y^2$ So we get $=31y^2 - 12y^2$ $= 19y^{2}$ (iii) 18pq, -15pq and 3pq It can be written as = 18pq - 15pq + 3pqSo we get = 3pq + 3pq= 6pq **3. Simplify:** (i) 3m + 12m - 5m(ii) $7n^2 - 9n^2 + 3n^2$ (iii) 25zy - 8zy - 6zy(iv) $-5ax^2 + 7ax^2 - 12ax^2$ (v) - 16am + 4mx + 4am - 15mx + 5amSolution: (i) 3m + 12m - 5mIt can be written as = 15m - 5mSo we get = 10m(ii) $7n^2 - 9n^2 + 3n^2$ It can be written as $=(7+3) n^2 - 9n^2$ So we get $=10n^{2}-9n^{2}$ $= n^2$ (iii) 25zy - 8zy - 6zyIt can be written as = 25zy - 14zySo we get = 11zy

Selina Solutions Concise Maths Class 7 Chapter 11 – Fundamental Concepts (Including Fundamental Operations)



(iv) $-5ax^{2} + 7ax^{2} - 12ax^{2}$ It can be written as = $(-5 - 12) ax^{2} + 7ax^{2}$ So we get = $-17ax^{2} + 7ax^{2}$ = $-10ax^{2}$

(v) - 16am + 4mx + 4am - 15mx + 5amIt can be written as = (-16 + 4 + 5) am + (4 - 15) mxSo we get = -7am - 11mx

4. Add:

(i) a + b and 2a + 3b (ii) 2x + y and 3x - 4y (iii) -3a + 2b and 3a + b (iv) 4 + x, 5 - 2x and 6x Solution:

(i) a + b and 2a + 3bIt can be written as = a + b + 2a + 3bSo we get = a + 2a + b + 3b= 3a + 4b

```
(ii) 2x + y and 3x - 4y
It can be written as
= 2x + y + 3x - 4y
So we get
= 2x + 3x + y - 4y
= 5x - 3y
```

```
(iii) -3a + 2b and 3a + b
It can be written as
= -3a + 2b + 3a + b
So we get
= -3a + 3a + 2b + b
= 3b
```

(iv) 4 + x, 5 - 2x and 6xIt can be written as = 4 + x + 5 - 2x + 6xSo we get = x - 2x + 6x + 4 + 5= 5x + 9

5. Find the sum of: (i) 3x + 8y + 7z, 6y + 4z - 2x and 3y - 4x + 6z



(ii) 3a + 5b + 2c, 2a + 3b - c and a + b + c(iii) $4x^2 + 8xy - 2y^2$ and $8xy - 5y^2 + x^2$ (iv) $9x^2 - 6x + 7$, 5 - 4x and $6 - 3x^2$ (v) $5x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2$, $-2x^2 + 5xy + 9y^2$ and $3x^2 - xy - 4y^2$ Solution: (i) 3x + 8y + 7z, 6y + 4z - 2x and 3y - 4x + 6zIt can be written as = 3x + 8y + 7z + 6y + 4z - 2x + 3y - 4x + 6zBy further calculation = 3x - 2x - 4x + 8y + 6y + 3y + 7z + 4z + 6zSo we get = 3x - 6x + 17y + 17z= -3x + 17y + 17z(ii) 3a + 5b + 2c, 2a + 3b - c and a + b + cIt can be written as = 3a + 5b + 2c + 2a + 3b - c + a + b + cBy further calculation = 3a + 2a + a + 5b + 3b + b + 2c - c + cSo we get = 6a + 9b + 3c - c= 6a + 9b + 2c(iii) $4x^2 + 8xy - 2y^2$ and $8xy - 5y^2 + x^2$ It can be written as $=4x^{2}+8xy-2y^{2}+8xy-5y^{2}+x^{2}$ By further calculation $=4x^{2} + x^{2} + 8xy + 8xy - 2y^{2} - 5y^{2}$ So we get $=5x^{2}+16xy-7y^{2}$ (iv) $9x^2 - 6x + 7$, 5 - 4x and $6 - 3x^2$ It can be written as $=9x^{2}-6x+7+5-4x+6-3x^{2}$ By further calculation $=9x^2 - 3x^2 - 6x - 4x + 7 + 5 + 6$ So we get $= 6x^2 - 10x + 18$ (v) $5x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2$, $-2x^2 + 5xy + 9y^2$ and $3x^2 - xy - 4y^2$ It can be written as $= 5x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2 - 2x^2 + 5xy + 9y^2 + 3x^2 - xy - 4y^2$ By further calculation $= 5x^{2} - 2x^{2} + 3x^{2} - 2xy + 5xy - xy + 3y^{2} + 9y^{2} - 4y^{2}$ So we get $= 6x^{2} + 2xy + 8y^{2}$

6. Find the sum of: (i) x and 3y



(ii) -2a and +5 (iii) -4x² and + 7x (iv) +4a and -7b (v) x³, 3x²y and 2y² (vi) 11 and -by Solution:

(i) x and 3y The sum of x and 3y is x + 3y.

(ii) -2a and +5 The sum of -2a and + 5 is -2a + 5.

(iii) $-4x^2$ and +7xThe sum of $-4x^2$ and +7x is $-4x^2 + 7x$.

(iv) +4a and -7b The sum of +4a and -7b is + 4a - 7b.

(v) x^3 , $3x^2y$ and $2y^2$ The sum of x^3 , $3x^2y$ and $2y^2$ is $x^3 + 3x^2y + 2y^2$.

(vi) 11 and –by The sum of 11 and -by is 11 – by.

7. The sides of a triangle are 2x + 3y, x + 5y and 7x - 2y. Find its perimeter. Solution:

It is given that Sides of a triangle are 2x + 3y, x + 5y and 7x - 2yWe know that Perimeter = Sum of all three sides of a triangle Substituting the values = 2x + 3y + x + 5y + 7x - 2yBy further calculation = 2x + x + 7x + 3y + 5y - 2ySo we get = 10x + 8y - 2x= 10x + 6y

8. The two adjacent sides of a rectangle are 6a + 9b and 8a – 4b. Find its perimeter. Solution:

It is given that Sides of a rectangle are 6a + 9b and 8a - 4bSo length = 6a + 9b and breadth = 8a - 4bWe know that Perimeter = 2 (length + breadth) Substituting the values = 2 (6a + 9b + 8a - 4b)



By further calculation = 2(14a + 5b)So we get = 28a + 10b

9. Subtract the second expression from the first: (i) 2a + b, a + b(ii) -2b + 2c, b + 3c(iii) 5a + b, -6b + 2a(iv) $a^3 - 1 + a$, $3a - 2a^2$ (v) p + 2, 1 Solution: (i) 2a + b, a + bIt can be written as = (2a + b) - (a + b)So we get = 2a + b - a - b= 2a - a + b - b= a (ii) -2b + 2c, b + 3cIt can be written as =(-2b+2c)-(b+3c)So we get = -2b + 2c - b - 3c= -2b - b + 2c - 3c= -3b - c(iii) 5a + b, -6b + 2aIt can be written as =(5a+b)-(-6b+2a)So we get = 5a + b + 6b - 2a= 5a - 2a + b + 6b= 3a + 7b(iv) $a^3 - 1 + a$, $3a - 2a^2$ It can be written as $=(a^{3}-1+a)-(3a-2a^{2})$ So we get $=a^{3}-1+a-3a+2a^{2}$ $=a^{3}+2a^{2}+a-3a-1$ $=a^{3}+2a^{2}-2a-1$ (v) p + 2, 1It can be written as = p + 2 - 1So we get = p + 1



10. Subtract: (i) 4x from 8 - x(ii) -8c from c + 3d (iii) - 5a - 2b from b + 6c(iv) $4p + p^2$ from $3p^2 - 8p$ (v) 5a - 3b + 2c from 4a - b - 2cSolution: (i) 4x from 8 - xIt can be written as =(8-x)-4xBy further calculation = 8 - x - 4x= 8 - 5x(ii) -8c from c + 3dIt can be written as = (c + 3d) - (-8c)By further calculation = c + 3d + 8c= 9c + 3d(iii) - 5a - 2b from b + 6cIt can be written as = (b + 6c) - (-5a - 2b)By further calculation = b + 6c + 5a + 2b= 5a + 3b + 6c(iv) $4p + p^2$ from $3p^2 - 8p$ It can be written as $=(3p^2-8p)-(4p+p^2)$ By further calculation $=3p^{2}-8p-4p-p^{2}$ $=2p^{2}-12p$ (v) 5a - 3b + 2c from 4a - b - 2cIt can be written as = (4a - b - 2c) - (5a - 3b + 2c)By further calculation =4a-b-2c-5a+3b-2c= -a + 2b - 4c

11. Subtract $-5a^2 - 3a + 1$ from the sum of $4a^2 + 3 - 8a$ and 9a - 7. Solution:

We know that Sum of $4a^2 + 3 - 8a$ and 9a - 7 can be written as $= 4a^2 + 3 - 8a + 9a - 7$ By further calculation



 $=4a^{2}+a-4$

 $(4a^{2} + a - 4) - (-5a^{2} - 3a + 1) = 4a^{2} + a - 4 + 5a^{2} + 3a - 1$ By further calculation $= 4a^{2} + 5a^{2} + a + 3a - 4 - 1$ So we get $= 9a^{2} + 4a - 5$

12. By how much does $8x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 10$ exceed $4x^3 + 2x^2 + 7x - 3$? Solution:

We know that $8x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 10$ exceed $4x^3 + 2x^2 + 7x - 3$ It can be written as $= (8x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 10) - (4x^3 + 2x^2 + 7x - 3)$ By further calculation $= 8x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 10 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 7x + 3$ So we get $= 8x^3 - 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 2x^2 + 9x - 7x - 10 + 3$ $= 4x^3 - 8x^2 + 2x - 7$

13. What must be added to $2a^3 + 5a - a^2 - 6$ to get $a^2 - a - a^3 + 1$? Solution:

The answer can be obtained by subtracting $2a^3 + 5a - a^2 - 6$ from $a^2 - a - a^3 + 1$ = $(-a^3 + a^2 - a + 1) - (2a^3 + 5a - a^2 - 6)$ It can be written as = $-a^3 + a^2 - a + 1 - 2a^3 - 5a + a^2 + 6$ By further calculation = $-a^3 - 2a^3 + a^2 + a^2 - a - 5a + 1 + 6$ = $-3a^3 + 2a^2 - 6a + 7$

14. What must be subtracted from $a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$ to get $-4ab + 2b^2$? Solution:

The answer can be obtained by subtracting $-4ab + 2b^2$ from $a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$ = $a^2 + b^2 + 2ab - (-4ab + 2b^2)$ It can be written as = $a^2 + b^2 + 2ab + 4ab - 2b^2$ By further calculation = $a^2 + b^2 - 2b^2 + 2ab + 4ab$ = $a^2 - b^2 + 6ab$

15. Find the excess of $4m^2 + 4n^2 + 4p^2$ over $m^2 + 3n^2 - 5p^2$. Solution:

The answer can be obtained by subtracting $m^2 + 3n^2 - 5p^2$ from $4m^2 + 4n^2 + 4p^2 = (4m^2 + 4n^2 + 4p^2) - (m^2 + 3n^2 - 5p^2)$ It can be written as



 $= 4m^{2} + 4n^{2} + 4p^{2} - m^{2} - 3n^{2} + 5p^{2}$ By further calculation $= 4m^{2} - m^{2} + 4n^{2} - 3n^{2} + 4p^{2} + 5p^{2}$ $= 3m^{2} + n^{2} + 9p^{2}$



