

EXERCISE 12B

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Solve:

1. $8y - 4y = 20$

Solution:

$$8y - 4y = 20$$

By further calculation

$$4y = 20$$

So we get

$$y = 20/4 = 5$$

2. $9b - 4b + 3b = 16$

Solution:

$$9b - 4b + 3b = 16$$

By further calculation

$$8b = 16$$

So we get

$$b = 16/8 = 2$$

3. $5y + 8 = 8y - 18$

Solution:

$$5y + 8 = 8y - 18$$

By further calculation

$$8y - 5y = 8 + 18$$

So we get

$$3y = 26$$

$$y = 26/3 = 8 \frac{2}{3}$$

4. $6 = 7 + 2p - 5$

Solution:

$$6 = 7 + 2p - 5$$

By further calculation

$$2p = 6 - 7 + 5$$

So we get

$$2p = 4$$

$$p = 4/2 = 2$$

5. $8 - 7x = 13x + 8$

Solution:

$$8 - 7x = 13x + 8$$

By further calculation

$$13x + 7x = 8 - 8$$

$$20x = 0$$

$$x = 0/20 = 0$$

6. $4x - 5x + 2x = 28 + 3x$

Solution:

$$4x - 5x + 2x = 28 + 3x$$

By further calculation

$$4x - 5x + 2x - 3x = 28$$

So we get

$$-2x = 28$$

$$x = 28/-2 = -14$$

7. $9 + m = 6m + 8 - m$

Solution:

$$9 + m = 6m + 8 - m$$

By further calculation

$$6m - m - m = 9 - 8$$

$$4m = 1$$

So we get

$$m = 1/4$$

8. $24 = y + 2y + 3 + 4y$

Solution:

$$24 = y + 2y + 3 + 4y$$

By further calculation

$$24 - 3 = 7y$$

$$21 = 7y$$

So we get

$$y = 21/7 = 3$$

9. $19x + 13 - 12x + 3 = 23$

Solution:

$$19x + 13 - 12x + 3 = 23$$

By further calculation

$$7x = 23 - 16$$

So we get

$$7x = 7$$

$$x = 7/7 = 1$$

10. $6b + 40 = -100 - b$

Solution:

$$6b + 40 = -100 - b$$

By further calculation

$$7b = -100 - 40$$

$$7b = -140$$

So we get

$$b = -140/7 = -20$$

11. $6 - 5m - 1 + 3m = 0$

Solution:

$$6 - 5m - 1 + 3m = 0$$

By further calculation

$$5 - 2m = 0$$

So we get

$$2m = 5$$

$$m = 5/2 = 2 \frac{1}{2}$$

12. $0.4x - 1.2 = 0.3x + 0.6$

Solution:

$$0.4x - 1.2 = 0.3x + 0.6$$

By further calculation

$$0.1x = 1.8$$

Multiply and divide both numerator and denominator by 10

$$1/10x = 18/10$$

By cross multiplication

$$x = 18/10 \times 10/1 = 18$$

13. $6(x + 4) = 36$

Solution:

$$6(x + 4) = 36$$

By further calculation

$$6x + 24 = 36$$

So we get

$$6x = 36 - 24$$

$$6x = 12$$

$$x = 12/6 = 2$$

14. $9(a + 5) + 2 = 11$

Solution:

$$9(a + 5) + 2 = 11$$

By further calculation

$$9a + 45 + 2 = 11$$

So we get

$$9a = 11 - 47$$

$$9a = -36$$

$$a = -36/9 = -4$$

15. $4(x - 2) = 12$

Solution:

$$4(x - 2) = 12$$

By further calculation

$$4x - 8 = 12$$

So we get

$$4x = 20$$

$$x = 20/4 = 5$$

