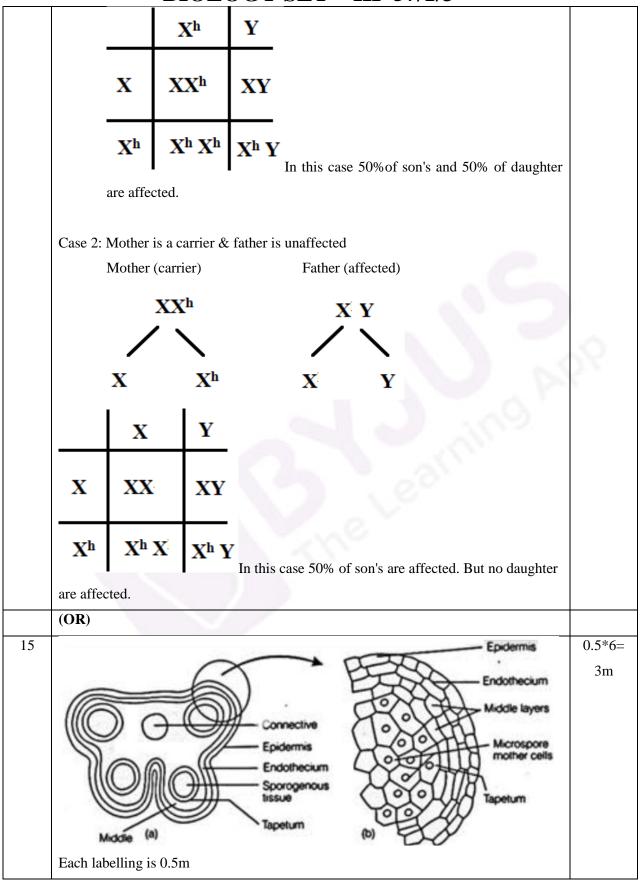
CBSE Class 12 Biology Question Paper 2020 Set 3 Solution

CLASS XII BIOLOGY SET – III 57/1/3

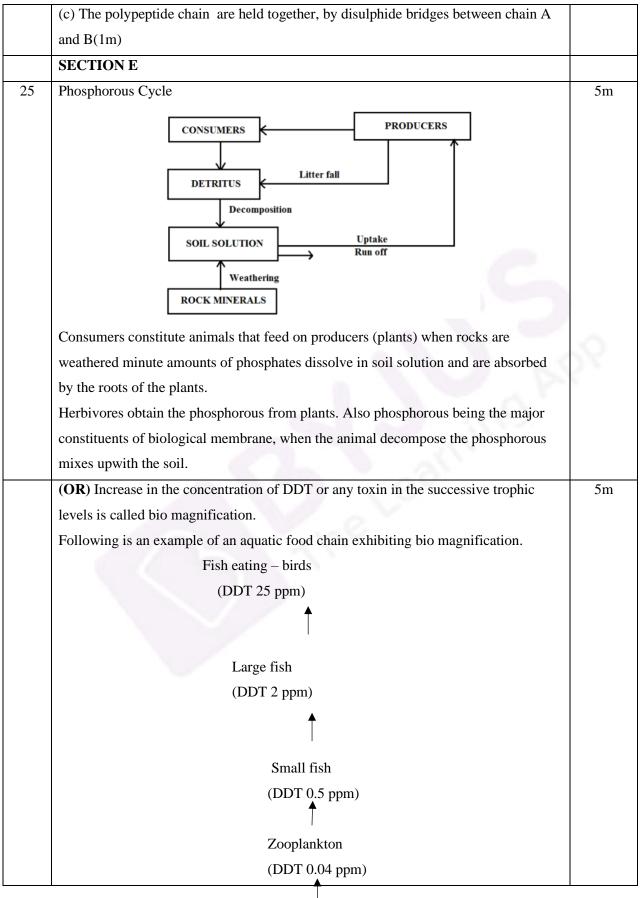
S.NO	SOLUTION	MARK
	SECTION A	
1	(B) antigen and antibody interaction.	1
2	Micro propagation can be achieved by	1
	(C) Tissue culture.	
	(OR) The microbes commonly used in kitchen are	1
	(A) Lactobacillus & Yeast.	
3	(C) The normal DNA from ¹⁵ N-DNA	1
4	(C) The flower is cleistogamous	1
	(OR) (A) Chlamydomonas.	1
5	(D) skin	1
	SECTION B	
6	Baculoviruses belongs to the genus Nucleopolyhedro viruses(0.5m). They can be used	0.5+1.5=
	as bio control agent due to the following reasons:-	2m
	(a) Baculovirus are species specific(0.5m)	
	(b) They have no negative impact on plants, mammals, birds, fish and non-target	
	insects(0.5m)	
	(c) Baculovirus have narrow spectrum-insecticidal application(0.5m)	
	(OR) Bacteria & filamentous fungi forms flocs in the secondary treatment	2m
	(Biological treatment) of sewage. The flocs are essential to digest the organic matter	
	present in the sewage. Thus this results in decrease of BOD, making the sewage	
	water safe for disposal into the water bodies.	
7	When the person suffers from measles in their early childhood, their body prepares	2m
	antibodies against the measles virus. Thus when the body comes in contact with the	
	virus for the second time, those antibodies act against the measles virus. Therefore	
	the body becomes immune to measles virus for the second time. This type of	
	immunity is known as active immunity.	
8	Wings of birds and wings of butterflies are example of analogous organs and they	2m
	exhibit convergent evolution. Organisms developing different structures but have the	
	same function is called convergent evolution .	
9	During unfavorable conditions amoeba becomes round and forms a thick cyst around	2m
	it. Followed by the formation of the cyst is the division of nucleus. Thus during	
	unfavorable condition amoeba under goes multiple fission. As the favorable	
	condition returns the cyst ruptures and the daughter cells are released	

10	(a) Red blood cells of human	2m
	(b) Stomach of female anopheles mosquito	
	(c) Human being	
11	MOET stands for multiple ovulation embryo transfer. In this method the cow is	2m
	administered hormones, with FSH like activity. This hormone induces follicular	
	maturation and super ovulation. Thus instead of one-egg per cycle. We obtain around	
	6-8 eggs in a cycle. This animal is either mated with an elite bull or artificially	
	recovered non-surgically & transferred to surrogate mother. The genetic mother is	
	available for another round of super ovulation.	
12	(a) 5' ATGCATGCATGC 3'	1+1=
	(b) 5' AUGCAUGCAUGC 3'	2m
	Note: 3' – 5' is template stand	n!
	5' - 3' is coding strand	
	SECTION C	0
13	Hemophilia is sex-linked recessive disorder. Thus if the female is heterozygous, then	3m
	she acts as a carrier but is not hemophilic.	
	Since the son receives X chromosome from the mother, in most of the cases the	
	heterozygous carrier female transmit the disease to sons.	
	The possibility of a female becoming hemophilic is rare because mother of such female	
	has to be at least carrier and the father should be hemophilic.	
	The above mentioned possibilities can be explained using the following cross;-	
	Case 1:- Mother is carrier & Father is affected	
	Mother (carrier) Father (affected)	
	XX^h X^hY	
	$\mathbf{X} \qquad \mathbf{X}^{\mathbf{h}} \qquad \mathbf{X}^{\mathbf{h}} \qquad \mathbf{Y}$	



16	When alien analies are introduced un intentionally or deliberately, some of them turn	3m
10	When alien species are introduced un intentionally or deliberately, some of them turn	3111
	invasive and cause decline or extinction of indigenous species. For example the Nile	
	perch introduced into lake Victoria in East Africa led to the extinction of more than	
	200 species of cichlid fish. Other alien species examples includes African cat fish;	
	parthenium and water hyacinth. Introduction of these species have caused loss of	
	biodiversity.(1.5m) Apart from Alien species invasion; the other causes of loss of	
	biodiversity are;-	
	a) Co-extinction(0.5m)	
	b) Habitat loss & Fragmentation (0.5m)	
	c) Over exploitation(0.5m)	
17	When the inoculum is added curdling of milk occurs(1m). The end product formed	
	is curd. The inoculum consists of <i>Lactobacillus</i> which digest the milk protein during	II.
	the process of formation of curd. Thus presence of <i>Lacto bacillus</i> in curd is	
	beneficial for human health as it enriches the Vit B ₁₂ content and also keeps a check	0.
	on disease causing microbes in our stomach.(2m)	3.7
18	Plasmids and Bacteriophages are two natural closing vector.(1m) Plasmids have the	1+1+1=
	ability to replicate within bacterial cells independent of the control of chromosomal	3m
	DNA. Bacteriophages because of their high number per cell, have very high copy	
	numbers of their genome within the bacterial cells.(1m)	
	Two features that the engineered vectors made to posses are	
	(1) ORI (0.5m)	
	(2) Selectable marker.(0.5m)	
19	(a) DNA fragments are negatively charged molecules. Using this property of DNA it	1.5+1.5=
	is forced to move towards an anode under an electric field through an agarose	3m
	medium. The DNA fragment separates according to their size through sieving effect	
	provided by agarose gel. Hence the smaller the fragment in size, farther it moves.	
	(b) The DNA fragments after separation are treated with ethidium bromide followed	
	by UV radiation exposure. This enables us to visualize the DNA fragments.	
20	(a) Chilli	0.5*6=
	(b) Leafcurl Tobaccomosaic virus or chilli mosaic virus	3m
	(c) Brassica	
	(d) Pusa swarnim	
	(e) Wheat	
	(f) Hill bunt, Leaf and strip	
	Each option carries 0.5m	

	(OR) The purposeful manipulation of plant species in order to create desired plant	1+2=
	types that are better suited for cultivation, give better yields and are disease resistant	3m
	is called plant breeding. (1m)	
	Classical plant breeding involves the following steps:- (2m)	
	1. Crossing or hybridization of purelines →	
	Hybridisation is done between homozygous parent.	
	2. Artificial selection →	
	Choosing the progenies with desirable characteristics. Higher yield, nutrition and	
	resistance to diseases are few of the desirable characteristics based an which the	
	hybrids are chosen.	
21	Natural ageing of lake is called as eutrophication. Its caused due to gradual	3m
	accumulation of organic matter over a period of time.	
	Due to uncontrolled human activities like deposition of waste into the water bodies,	
	there is an increase in the organic matter. Thus polluting the water.	0
	The human activities accelerated the accumulation of organic matter, thus resulting is	5 /
	early aging of lake which is known as accelerated eutrophication.	
	SECTION D	
22	(a) A → Meiosis B → Mitosis	1+1+1=
	(b) C → Parthenogenesis	3m
23	(a) Pyramid B → Declining (1m)	1+1+1=
	Pyramid $C \rightarrow Stable (1m)$	3m
	(b) The above pyramids are plotted based on the number of organisms in different	
	age groups.	
	The human population are categorized into three age groups namely pre-	
	reproductive, reproductive and post-reproductive.	
	Pre-reproductive phase includes young children; Reproductive phase includes adults	
	capable of reproduction; Post-reproductive includes people who are in their senescent	
	or old age and has lost their reproductive ability.(1m)	
24	(a) Proinsulin has three polypeptide chains namely A, B and C. The chain C acts as a	1+1+1=
	link between, chain A and chain B.	3m
	Polypeptide C aligns chain A & B in such way that a disulphide bond is formed	
	between polypeptide A and B. With the formation of disulphide bridge pro-insulin	
	becomes functional. A function insulin has only two polypeptide chain.(1m)	
	(b) r-DNA technology or recombinant DNA technology (1m)	



	Water	
	(DDT 0.003 ppm)	
	From the food chain it can be determined the DDT level is increasing at every	
	successive trophic level.	
	This happens because the toxic substance cannot be metabolized or excreted by the	
	organism at each trophic level.	
	High concentration of DDT disturb calcium metabolism is birds which causes	
	thinning of egg shell and their premature breaking, eventually causing decline in bird	
	population.	
26	(A) The DNA replication in prokaryotes takes place in the following place:	5m
	1. The two strands of DNA unwind at the origin of replication.	
	2. Helicase opens the DNA and replication forks are formed.	
	3. The DNA is coated by the single-strand binding proteins around the	0
	replication fork to prevent rewinding of DNA.	DY
	4. Topoisomerase prevents the supercoiling of DNA.	
	5. RNA primers are synthesised by primase. These primers are complementary	
	to the DNA strand.	
	6. DNA polymerase III starts adding nucleotides at the end of the primers.	
	7. The leading and lagging strands continue to elongate.	
	The primers are removed and the gaps are filled with DNA Polymerase I and sealed	
	by ligase.	
	(OR) Oparin and Haldane suggested that life originated from non-living organic	5m
	molecules like <u>proteins</u> and RNA. Stanley L. Muller and Harold C. Urey conducted	
	an experiment to explain the origin of life on earth. They believed that the early	
	earth's atmosphere was capable of producing amino acids from inorganic substances.	
	The two biologists used water, methane, ammonia, and hydrogen which they	
	believed were present in the early earth's atmosphere. The chemicals were sealed	
	inside sterile glass tubes and flasks connected together in a loop and circulated inside	
	the apparatus.	
	One flask is half-filled with water and the other flask contains a pair of electrodes.	
	The water vapour was heated and the vapour released was added to the chemical	
	mixture. The released gases circulated around the apparatus imitating the earth's	
	atmosphere. The water in the flask represents the water on the earth's surface and the	
		1

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	water vapour is just like the water evaporating from lakes, and seas. The electrodes	
	were used to spark the fire to imitate lightning and storm through water vapour.	
	The vapours were cooled and the water condensed. This condensed water trickles	
	back in the first water flask in a continuous cycle. After a week Miller and Urey	
	analyzed the cooled water and observed that 10-15% of the carbon was in the form of	
	organic compounds. 2% of carbon had formed 13 amino acids. Still, the Miller and	
	Urey experiments were criticised by their fellow scientists.	
27	(a) Steps involved in IVF.	5m
	(1) Collection of gametes from Donor/Parents	
	(2) The egg is placed in a petridish and sperms are allowed to fertilise the egg.	
	(3) Once the fertilization is done the zygote is allowed to under go further cleavage	
	(4) Either at 8 celled stage its transferred into fallopian tube or at 32 called stage its	
	transferred into the uterus of the mother/surrogate mother.	
	(b) GIFT cannot be considered as IVF as the gamete is transferred into the fallopian	
	tube and fertilization happens in vivo. Since fertilization does not occur under lab	
	conditions, GIFT is not an IVF method.	
	(OR) (a)	5m
	Primary follicle Graafian follicle Corpus Juteum	
	iuteum	
	(b) The gonadotrophins are hormones released by the pituitary gland ,associated with	
	(b) The gonadotrophins are hormones released by the pituitary gland ,associated with the primary sex organs.	

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As the FSH concentration increases follicular maturation begins in the ovary .The matured follicles secrete estrogen hormone.

High level of estrogen triggers the secretion of LH .The LH secretion reaches its peak .This is known as LH surge .

The surge causes the rupture of graffian follicle and thus the secondary oocyte is released. This is known as ovulation.