



EXERCISE 1

1. A manufacture sells a T.V to a dealer for Rs.18000 and the dealer sells it to a consumer at a profit of Rs 1500. If the sales are intra state and the rate of G.S.T is 12 %, Find:

(i) The amount of GST paid by the dealer to the State Government.

(ii) The amount of GST received by the Central Government.

(iii) The amount of GST received by the State Government.

(iv) The amount that the consumer pays for the TV.

Solution:

It is a case of intra-state transaction of goods and services.

 $SGST = CGST = \frac{1}{2} GST$

Given:

Manufacturer sells T.V to a dealer = ₹ 18000

Amount of GST collected by manufacturer from dealer,

CGST - SGST = 6% of 18000

 $= (6/100) \times 18000$

So, Manufacturer will pay ₹ 1080 as CGST and ₹ 1080 as SGST

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CP of a TV for dealer = ₹ 18000

Profit = ₹ 1500

SP of a TV for dealer to customer – CP + Profit = ₹ 18000 + ₹ 1500

= ₹ 19500

Amount of GST collected by dealer from customer,

CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹ 19500

= (6/100) × 19500

= ₹ 1170
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(i) Amount of GST paid by the dealer to the State Government. ₹ 1170 - ₹ 1080 = ₹ 90

(ii) Amount of GST received by the Central Government. CGST paid by manufacturer + CGST paid by dealer = $\gtrless 1080 + \gtrless 90$ = $\gtrless 1170$

(iii) Amount of GST received by the State Government. SGST paid by manufacturer + SGST paid by dealer = ₹ 1080 + ₹ 90



=₹1170

(iv) Amount that the consumer pays for the TV.

CP of TV + CGST paid by customer + SGST paid by customer = ₹19500 + ₹1170 + ₹ 1170 = ₹ 21840

2. A shopkeeper buys a camera at a discount of 20% from a wholesaler. The printed price of the camera being Rs 1600. The shopkeeper tells it to a consumer at the printed price.

If the sales are intra-state and the rate of GST Is 12%, find:

(i) GST paid by the shopkeeper to the Central Government

(ii) GST received by the Central Government.

(iii) GST received by the State Government.

(iv) The amount at which the consumer bought the camera. ning AP Solution:

It is a case of intra-state transaction of goods and services.

 $SGST = CGST = \frac{1}{2} GST$

Given:

Printed price of a camera = ₹ 1600

Rate of discount = 20%

CP of camera for shopkeeper = printed price - Discount

= ₹1600 – 20% of ₹1600 = ₹1600 – (20/100) × 1600 = ₹1600 - ₹320 =₹1280

It is given that, rate of GST = 12%Amount of GST paid by the shopkeeper to the wholesaler, CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹1280 $= (6/100) \times 1280$ =₹76.80

(i) GST paid by the shopkeeper to the Central Government CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹1600 $= (6/100) \times 1600$ = ₹96

GST paid by the shopkeeper to the Central Government = $\overline{196} - \overline{19.20}$

(ii) GST received by the Central Government.



CGST paid by wholesaler + CGST paid by shopkeeper = ₹76.80 + ₹19.20 = ₹96

(iii) GST received by the State Government. SGST paid by wholesaler + SGST paid by shopkeeper = ₹76.80 + ₹19.20 = ₹96

(iv) The amount at which the consumer bought the camera. Amount paid by consumer for camera = CP of camera + CGST paid by consumer + SGST paid by consumer = $\overline{1600} + \overline{1600} + \overline{1600} = \overline{1792}$

3. A manufacturer sells a washing machine to a wholesaler for Rs 15000. The wholesaler sells it to a trader at a profit of Rs 1200 and the trader sells it to a consumer at a profit of Rs 1800. If all the sales are intra-state and the rate of GST is 12%, find:

(i) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government from the wholesaler.

(ii) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government from the trader.

(iii) The amount that the consumer pays for the machine. Solution:

It is a case of intra-state transaction of goods and services.

 $SGST = CGST = \frac{1}{2} GST$

Given:

CP of washing machine for wholesaler = ₹15000

Rate of GST = 12%

Amount of GST paid by wholesaler to manufacturer,

CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹15000

 $= (6/100) \times 15000$

=₹900

SP of washing machine by wholesaler to trader = CP + profit

= ₹15000 + ₹1200

Amount of GST paid by trader to wholesaler,

CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹16200 = $(6/100) \times 16200$ = ₹972

(i) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government from the wholesaler.

₹972 - ₹900 = ₹72



(ii) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government from the trader. SP of washing machine for trader to consumer = CP of washing machine + profit

> = ₹16200 + ₹1800 = ₹18000

= **X**18000

Amount of GST paid by consumer to trader, CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹18000 = (6/100) × 18000 = ₹1080

Amount of GST received by the Central Government from the trader = ₹1080 - ₹972

=₹108

(iii) The amount that the consumer pays for the machine. CP of washing machine for consumer + CGST paid by consumer + SGST paid by consumer = 15000 + 1080 + 1080 = 17160

4. A dealer buys an article at a discount of 30% from the wholesaler, the marked price being Rs 6000. The dealer sells it to a consumer at a discount of 10% on the marked price. If the sales are intra-state and the rate of GST is 5%. Find:

(i) The amount paid by the consumer for the article.

(ii) The tax (under GST) paid by the dealer to the State Government.

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government. Solution:

It is a case of intra-state transaction of goods and services.

 $SGST = CGST = \frac{1}{2} GST$

Given:

Marked price of an article = ₹6000

Rate of GST = 5%

Rate of discount given by the wholesaler = 30%

CP of an article for dealer = Marked price – Discount

= ₹6000 – 30% of ₹6000

Amount of GST paid by dealer to wholesaler, CGST = SGST = 2.5% of ₹4200 = $(2.5/100) \times 4200$



=₹105

(i) The amount paid by the consumer for the article. SP of an article for consumer = Marked price – Discount $= \overline{1000} - 10\% \text{ of } \overline{1000}$ $= \overline{1000} = \overline{1000}$

(ii) The tax (under GST) paid by the dealer to the State Government. $\overline{135} - \overline{105} = \overline{30}$

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government. CGST paid by wholesaler + CGST by dealer = $\overline{105} + \overline{30} = \overline{135}$

5. The printed price of an article is Rs 50000. The wholesaler allows a discount of 10% to a shopkeeper. The shopkeeper sells the article to a consumer at 4% above the marked price. If the sales are intra-state and the rate of GST is 18%, find: (i) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) which the shopkeeper pays for the articles.

(ii) The amount paid by the consumer for the article.

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the shopkeeper to the Central Government.

(iv) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government. Solution:

It is a case of intra-state transaction of goods and services.

 $SGST = CGST = \frac{1}{2} GST$

Given:

Marked price of an article = ₹50000

Rate of GST = 18%

(i) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) which the shopkeeper pays for the articles.

Rate of discount given by the wholesaler = 10%

CP of an article for shopkeeper = Marked price – Discount



= ₹50000 - 10% of ₹50000= ₹50000 - (10/100) × 50000 = ₹50000 - 5000 = ₹45000

Amount of GST paid by dealer to wholesaler, CGST = SGST = 9% of ₹45000 = $(9/100) \times 45000$ = ₹4050

Amount paid by shopkeeper for an article = CP of an article for shopkeeper + CGST paid by consumer + SGST paid by consumer = 345000 + 34050 + 34050 = 353100

(ii) The amount paid by the consumer for the article. SP of an article for consumer = Marked price – Discount = \$50000 - 4% of \$50000 $= \$50000 - (4/100) \times 50000$ = \$50000 - 2000 = \$48000Amount of GST paid by consumer to dealer, CGST = SGST = 9% of \$\\$48000 $= (9/100) \times 48000$ = \$4320

Amount paid by consumer for article = CP of article for consumer + CGST paid by consumer + SGST paid by consumer = 348000 + 34320 + 34320 = 356640

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the shopkeeper to the Central Government. $\mathbf{\xi}4320 - \mathbf{\xi}4050 = \mathbf{\xi}270$

(iv) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government. SGST paid by wholesaler + SGST paid by shopkeeper = ₹4050 + ₹270 = ₹4320

6. A retailer buys a TV from a wholesaler for Rs 40000. He marks the price of the T.V. 15% above his cost price and sells it to a consumer at 5% discount on the marked price. If the sales are intra-state and the rate of GST is 12%, find:

(i) The marked price of the TV.

(ii) The amount which the consumer pays for the TV.

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the retailer to the Central Government.

(iv) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government.

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Solution:

It is a case of intra-state transaction of goods and services. $SGST = CGST = \frac{1}{2} GST$ Given: (i) The marked price of the TV. It is given that, CP of TV for retailer = ₹40000Marked price of TV = ₹40000 + 15% of 40000 = ₹40000 + (15/100) × 40000 = ₹40000 + 6000 =₹46000 (ii) The amount which the consumer pays for the TV. It is given that, Discount given by retailer = 5% of ₹46000 $= (5/100) \times 46000$ =₹2300 Amount paid by consumer without GST for TV = ₹46000 - ₹2300 =₹43700 Rate of GST = 12%Amount of GST paid by consumer = 12% of ₹43700 $=(12/100) \times 43700$ = ₹5244 Amount which consumer pays for $TV = \overline{43700} + \overline{5244} = \overline{48944}$ (iii) The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the retailer to the Central Government. CGST paid by shopkeeper = 6% of ₹40000 $= (6/100) \times 40000$ = ₹2400 SGST paid by shopkeeper = 6% of ₹40000 = ₹2400 Shopkeeper sells the article to consumer = ₹43700GST collected by shopkeeper = 12% of ₹43700 $=(12/100)\times 43700$ =₹5244 CGST of shopkeeper = SGST = 6% of ₹43700 $= (6/100) \times 43700$ =₹2622 The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the retailer to the Central Government =

₹2622 - ₹2400 = ₹222



(iv) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government. SGST paid by wholesaler + SGST paid by shopkeeper = ₹2400 + ₹222 = ₹2622

7. A shopkeeper buys an article from a manufacturer for Rs 12000 and marks up it price by 25%. The shopkeeper gives a discount of 10% on the marked up price and he gives a further off-season discount of 5% or, the balance to a customer of TV. If the sales are intra-state and the rate of CST is 12%, find:

(i) The price inclusive of tax (under GST) which the consumer pays for the TV.

(ii) The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the shopkeeper to the Stale Government.

(iii) The amount of tax (under CST) received by the Central Government. Solution:

It is a case of intra-state transaction of goods and services.

 $SGST = CGST = \frac{1}{2} GST$

Given:

(i) The price inclusive of tax (under GST) which the consumer pays for the TV.

CP of an article for shopkeeper = ₹12000

Marked price of article = ₹12000 + 25% of ₹12000

= ₹12000 + (25/100) × 12000

Amount of discount given by shopkeeper = 10% of ₹15000

$$=(10/100) \times 15000$$

Again, shopkeeper gives off season discount of 5% on the balance = 5% of $(15000 - 1500) = (5/100) \times 13500$

=₹675

CP of TV for consumer = ₹13500 - ₹675 = ₹12825

Amount of GST paid by consumer = 12% of ₹12825

 $=(12/100) \times 12825$

The price inclusive of tax (under GST) which the consumer pays for the TV = $\overline{12825} + \overline{1539} = \overline{14364}$

(ii) The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the shopkeeper to the Stale Government. CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹12000 (6/100) × 12000

= (6/100) × 12000 = ₹720



GST paid by consumer to shopkeeper, CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹12825 = $(6/100) \times 12825$

=₹769.50

The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the shopkeeper to the Stale Government = $\mathbf{1}$ 769.50 - $\mathbf{1}$ 720 = $\mathbf{1}$ 49.50

(iii) The amount of tax (under CST) received by the Central Government. CGST paid by manufacturer = ₹720 CGST paid by shopkeeper = ₹769.50 - ₹720 = ₹49.50 The amount of tax (under CST) received by the Central Government = ₹720 + ₹49.50 = ₹769.50

8. A manufacturer marks an article at Rs 5000, He sells it to a wholesaler at a discount of 25% on the marked price and the wholesaler sells it to a retailer at a discount of 15% on the marked price. The retailer sells it to a consumer at the marked price. if all the sales are intra-state and the rate of GST is 12%, find:
(i) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) which the wholesaler pays for the article.

(ii) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) which the retailer pays for the article.(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) which the wholesaler pays to the Central Government.

(iv) The amount of tax (under CS?) which the retailer pays to the State Government.

Solution:

It is a case of intra-state transaction of goods and services.

 $SGST = CGST = \frac{1}{2} GST$

Given:

(i) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) which the wholesaler pays for the article. It is given that, Marked price of an article by the manufacturer = ₹5000

Discount given by manufacturer = 25% of ₹5000

$$= (25/100) \times 5000$$

CP of article for wholesaler = ₹5000 - ₹1250 = ₹3750

Discount given by wholesaler to retailer = 15% of ₹5000

$$=(15/100)\times 5000$$

CP of article for retailer = ₹5000 - ₹750 = ₹4250



CP of article for consumer without tax = ₹5000 Rate of GST = 12% Amount of GST paid by wholesaler = 12% of ₹3750 = (12/100) × 3750 = ₹450 The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) which the wholesaler pays for the article = ₹3750 + ₹450 = ₹4200 (ii) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) which the retailer pays for the article. Amount of GST paid by retailer = 12% of ₹4250 = (12/100) × 4250 = ₹510 The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) which the retailer pays for the article = ₹4250 + ₹510 = ₹4760

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) which the wholesaler pays to the Central Government.

Amount of GST paid by wholesaler to manufacturer,

CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹3750

 $= (6/100) \times 3750$ = ₹225Amount of GST paid by retailer to wholesaler,

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CGST = SGST = 6\% \text{ of } ₹4250
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= (6/100) × 4250
= ₹255
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The amount of tax (under GST) which the wholesaler pays to the Central Government = $\underbrace{255} - \underbrace{225} = \underbrace{30}$

(iv) The amount of tax (under CS?) which the retailer pays to the State Government. Amount of GST paid by retailer to wholesaler,

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CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹4250
= (6/100) × 4250
= ₹255
Amount of GST collected by retailer,
CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹5000
= (6/100) × 5000
= ₹300
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The amount of tax (under CS?) which the retailer pays to the State Government =





₹300 - ₹255 = ₹45

9. The printed price of an article is Rs 40000. A wholesaler in Uttar Pradesh buys the article horn a manufacturer in Gujarat at a discount of 10% on the printed price. The wholesaler sells the article to a retailer in Himachal at 5% above the printed price. If the rate of GST on the article is 18%, find:

(i) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) paid by the wholesaler for the article.

(ii) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) paid by the retailer for the article.

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the wholesaler to the Central Government.

(iv) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government. Solution:

Here, both given sales from manufacturer to wholesaler and wholesaler to retailer are inter-state.

So, CGST = SGST = 0

GST = IGST

Given:

Printed price of an article = $\mathbf{E}40000$

Discount given by manufacturer = 10% of ₹40000

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=(10/100) \times 40000
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=₹4000

CP of article for wholesaler = ₹40000 - ₹4000 = ₹36000

CP of article without tax for retailer = $\mathbf{\xi}40000 + 5\%$ of $\mathbf{\xi}40000$

$$= \mathbf{3}40000 + (5/100) \times 40000$$

(i) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) paid by the wholesaler for the article. Amount of GST paid by wholesaler to manufacturer = 18% of ₹36000

 $=(18/100) \times 36000$

=₹6480

The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) paid by the wholesaler for the article = $\mathbf{\xi}_{36000} + \mathbf{\xi}_{6480} = \mathbf{\xi}_{42480}$

(ii) The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) paid by the retailer for the article. Amount of GST paid by retailer to wholesaler = 18% of ₹42000

$$=(18/100) \times 42000$$

The amount inclusive of tax (under GST) paid by the retailer for the article =



₹42000 + ₹7560 = ₹49560

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the wholesaler to the Central Government. Amount of GST paid by wholesaler to manufacturer = 18% of ₹36000

 $= (18/100) \times 36000$ = ₹6480Amount of GST paid by retailer to wholesaler = 18% of ₹42000 $= (18/100) \times 42000$

The amount of tax (under GST) paid by the wholesaler to the Central Government = $\overline{7560} - \overline{6480} = \overline{1080}$

(iv) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government. IGST paid by wholesaler to the Central Government = ₹1080 IGST paid by manufacturer = ₹6480 The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government = ₹1080 + ₹6480 = ₹7560

10. A shopkeeper in Delhi buys an article at the printed price of Rs 24000 horn a wholesaler in Mumbai. The shopkeeper sells the article to a consumer in Delhi at a profit of 15% on the basic reel price. if the rate of GST is 12%, find:

(i) The price inclusive of tax (under GST) at which the wholesaler bought the article.(ii) The amount which the consumer pays for the article.

(iii) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government of Delhi.(iv) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government.

Solution:

Given:

(i) The price inclusive of tax (under GST) at which the wholesaler bought the article. CP of an article for shopkeeper = ₹24000

Rate of GST = 12%

IGST collected by wholesaler from shopkeeper = 12% of ₹24000

$$=(12/100) \times 24000$$

The price inclusive of tax (under GST) at which the wholesaler bought the article = CP of article for shopkeeper + IGST paid by shopkeeper to wholesaler = ₹24000 + ₹2880= ₹26880

(ii) The amount which the consumer pays for the article.



CP of an article for shopkeeper = ₹24000 Profit on CP of article = 15% of CP SP of an article by the shopkeeper to consumer = CP + Profit = ₹24000 + 15% of ₹24000 $= ₹24000 + (15/100) \times 24000$ = ₹24000 + 3600 = ₹27600The amount which the consumer pays for the article = CP of article for consumer + CGST paid by the consumer + SGST paid by consumer = ₹27600 + 6% of ₹27600 + 6% of ₹27600 = ₹27600 + (6/100) × ₹27600 + (6/100) × ₹27600 = ₹27600 + ₹1656 + ₹1656 = ₹30912 (iii) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government of Delhi. Amount of IGST for shopkeeper = ₹2880

SP of an article to consumer = CP of article for shopkeeper + profit on basic CP

= ₹24000 + 15% of ₹24000= ₹24000 + (15/100) × ₹24000 = ₹24000 + ₹3600 = ₹27600

As the shopkeeper sells an article to consumer in Delhi; so this sales is Intra-state sales. Amount of GST collected by shopkeeper from consumer,

CGST = SGST = 6% of ₹27600 = $(6/100) \times ₹27600$ = ₹1656

Amount of tax paid by shopkeeper to state govt. = ₹2880 - ₹1656 = ₹1224The amount of tax (under GST) received by the State Government of Delhi = ₹1656 - ₹1224 = ₹432

(iv) The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government. The amount of tax (under GST) received by the Central Government = IGST received from wholesaler + CGST received from shopkeeper = ₹2880 + NIL = ₹2880

11. Kiran purchases an article for Rs 5310 which includes 10% rebate on the marked price and 18% tax (under GST) on the remaining price. Find the marked price of the article. Solution:



Given: Rate of GST = 18% CP of an article = x - 10% of x= x - (10/100)x= 90x/100= 9x/10

Amount of GST on CP of article = 18% of 9x/10= (18/100) × 9x/10Total CP of article = 9x/10 + [(18/100) × <math>9x/10] - 9x/10(1 + 18/100) - (118/100) × <math>9x/10It is given that, CP of an article including tax = ₹5310 So, (118/100) × 9x/10 = 5310x = 5310 × (100/118) × (10/9)= 5000The required marked price of an article is ₹5000

12. A Shopkeeper buys an article whose list price is Rs 8000 at some rate of discount from the wholesaler. He sells the article to a consumer at the list price. The sales are intra-state and the rate of GST is 18%. If the shopkeeper pays a tax (under GST) of 72 to the State Government, find the rate of discount at which he bought the article from the wholesaler.

Solution: Given: List of price of an article = ₹8000 Let the rate of discount given by wholesaler = x% So, Discount = x% of ₹8000 = (x/100) × ₹8000 = ₹80x

CP of an article for shopkeeper = ₹8000 - ₹80xIt is given that, CP of article for consumer = ₹8000

Since the sales are intra-state, rate of GST = 18%CGST = SGST = 9%

Amount of GST paid by shopkeeper to wholesaler, SGST = CGST = 9% of [₹8000 - ₹80x]



= (9/100) × [₹8000 - ₹80x]

Amount of GST paid by consumer to shopkeeper, CGST = SGST = 9% of ₹8000 = (9/100) × ₹8000 = ₹720

So, the tax paid by shopkeeper to state government = ₹720 - $(9/100) \times [₹8000 - ₹80x]$ Also, tax paid by shopkeeper to state government = ₹72 ₹72 - 720 - $((9 \times 80)/100) (100 - x)$ 720 - 72 = (720/100) (100 - x)648 = (72/10) (100 - x)100 - x = $(648 \times 10)/72$ 100 - x = 90 x = 100 - 90= 10

Hence, the required rate of discount = 10%