

English Reader Cum Activity Book

(REVISED)

SECOND LANGUAGE



THIRD STANDARD

Karnataka Textbook Society (R.)

100 Feet Ring Road, Banashankari 3rd Stage, Bengaluru - 85



PREFACE

The Textbook Society, Karnataka has been engaged in producing new textbooks for Standards I to X since 2010. These books have been prepared according to the new syllabi which in turn are designed on NCF – 2005 and KCF 2007, Textbooks are prepared in 12 languages, and seven media.

In view of the low standard of attainment of Kannada Medium students in English, the Government of Karnataka introduced English from Standard I in the year 2007. A series of books were prepared and they have been in use ever since. With the introduction of the new textbooks in all subjects. The Government decided to replace these books and the new books prepared now satisfy the redefined objectives of NCF 2005. The new objectives are -

- connecting knowledge to life activities
- learning to shift from rote methods
- enriching the curriculum beyond textbooks
- providing learning experiences for the construction of knowledge by learners
- making education relevant to the present and future needs.

The new book for Standard I to 4 is called English Reader - cum - Activity book. Children learn spoken English through activities relating to their immediate environment and personal experiences. The book is full of attractive pictures in colours. These pictures represent objects which the learners encounter in their life. Learners begin learning English by naming objects and then use them in sentences. In the early stages, a lot of importance is given to fluent communication in the spoken form.

The emphasis gradually shifts to learners using language to express their needs, feelings and emotions in the simplest possible form. Then come simple stories which they listen to and enjoy.

Then they begin to read pictures, words and simple sentences off the black board and from the Textbook. The learners are slowly introduced to writing the letters of the English alphabet. This process continues in standard II and by the end of the second year it is hoped that learners should be able to read and write the letters of English alphabet, simple words and short sentences in English.

There is not going to be the Teacher's Source Book as we used to have for the earlier package of Practice Books. All the materials and instructions are given in the Textbook itself.

In the books for classes I and II a number of rhymes are included to help learners master the rhythm of the language. The rhymes are very simple and children enjoy saying these rhymes after the teacher.

Listening to stories begin half way through the first year and continues throughout the course (four years). In class I the teachers may use a bit of the learner's mother tongue and reduce the use of it gradually. Let the children use English. Do not insist on grammatical accuracy to begin with. Let the learners feel confident that they can speak English like any others.

The Textbook Society expresses grateful thanks to the chairpersons, writers and scrutinizers for their sincere efforts in preparing the books and making them interesting.

Prof GS Mudambadithaya

Co-ordinator Curriculum Revision and Textbook Preparation Nagendra Kumar

Managing Director Karnataka Textbook Society® Bengaluru



A WORD WITH THE TEACHER

The 'English Reader cum Activity Book' is a completely new book. The book is based on ten different topics some of which have already been introduced in earlier classes i.e. classes I and II. In such cases (e.g. Parts of the Body, Plants and Trees), new words have been introduced and higher level activities have been designed for Class 3 learners. Also, in Class-3, some new topics have been discussed. For example, topics such as 'Celebrations', 'Let's Count', 'Keep Fit' and 'Have Fun' are newly introduced.

The major focus in this book is on developing the topic knowledge and the vocabulary of children in English. This is in tune with the principles of NCF 2005 which advocates constructivist pedagogy in the classrooms. In this book, children are encouraged to construct knowledge about different topics that are relevant to the world they live in. The book provides an exposure to different aspects of English language such as words and phrases, spellings, pronunciation, handwriting practice, etc. It also provides them opportunities to listen to English and to read different passages in English. In addition, children get opportunities to use language i.e. to speak and write in English.

Each Unit of the book has the following components:

- 1. A rhyme to listen to and recite
- 2. A short dialogue to practice
- 3. Activities for vocabulary development
- 4. Activities for learning spelling and pronunciation
- 5. Handwriting practice exercises
- 6. Short texts for reading and simple writing tasks
- 7. Proverbs related to the topics

In addition to these, a few stories have been given at the end of the book. As a teacher you are expected to narrate these stories in the class and develop the listening skills of the students. Interesting activities for drawing and colouring have also been included in the book. Each Unit ends with 'My Progress' where students evaluate the learning outcomes they have achieved.

We sincerely hope that children will make the best use of this book to enhance their English language skills.

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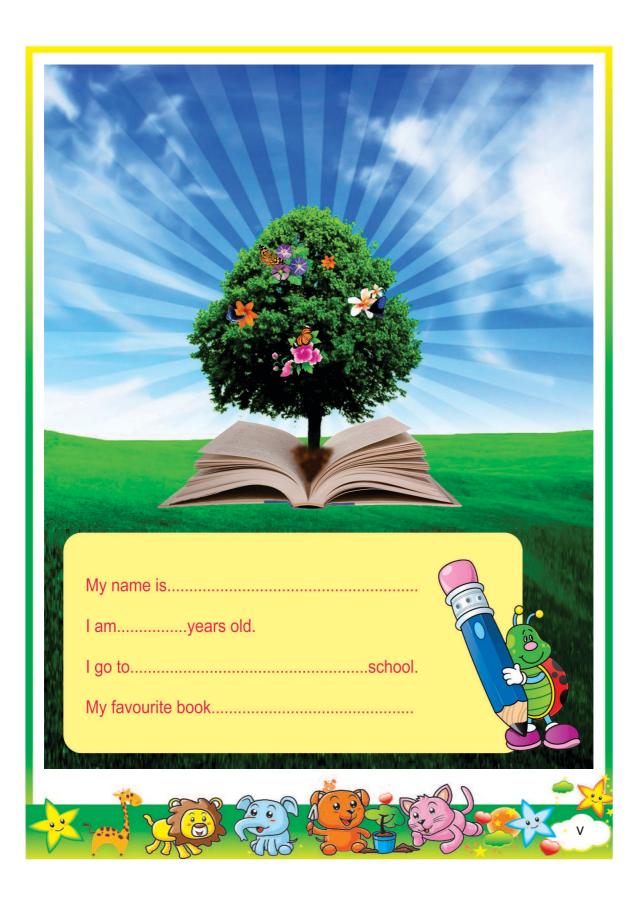
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About the Revision of Textbooks

Honourable Chief Minister Sri Siddaramaiah who is also the Finance Minister of Karnataka, in his response to the public opinion about the new textbooks from standard I to X, announced, in his 2014-15 budget speech of constituting an expert-committee, to look into the matter. He also spoke of the basic expectations there in, which the textbook experts should follow: "The textbooks should aim at inculcating social equality, moral values, development of personality, scientific temper, critical acumen, secularism and the sense of national commitment", he said.

Later, for the revision of the textbooks from class I to X, the Department of Education constituted twenty seven committees and passed an order on 24-11-2014. The committees so constituted were subject and class-wise and were in accordance with the standards prescribed. Teachers who are experts in matters of subjects and syllabi were in the committees.

There were already many complaints and analyses about the textbooks. So, a freehand was given in the order dated 24-11-2014 to the responsible committees to examine and review text and even to prepare new text and revise if necessary. Eventually, a new order was passed on 19-9-2015 which also gave freedom even to re-write the textbooks if necessary. In the same order, it was said that the completely revised textbooks could be put to force from 2017-18 instead of 2016-17.

Many self inspired individuals and institutions, listing out the wrong information and mistakes there in the text, had sent them to the Education Minister and to the Textbook Society. They



were rectified. Before rectification we had exchanged ideas by arranging debates. Discussions had taken place with Primary and Secondary Education Teachers' Associations. Questionnaires were administered among teachers to pool up opinions. Separate meetings were held with teachers, subject inspectors and DIET Principals. Analytical opinions had been collected. To the subject experts of science, social science, mathematics and languages, textbooks were sent in advance and later meetings were held for discussions. Women associations and science related organisations were also invited for discussions. Thus, on the basis of inputs received from various sources, the textbooks have been revised where ever necessary.

Another important aspect has to be shared here. We constituted three expert committees. They were constituted to make suggestions after making a comparative study of the texts of science, mathematics and social science subjects of central schools (NCERT), along with state textbooks. Thus, the state text books have been enriched based on the comparative analysis and suggestions made by the experts. The state textbooks have been guarded not to go lower in standards than the textbooks of central schools. Besides, these textbooks have been examined along side with the textbooks of Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Tamil Nadu and Maharashtra states.

Another clarification has to be given here. Whatever we have done in the committees is only revision, it is not the total preparation of the textbooks. Therefore, the structure of the already prepared textbooks have in no way been affected or distorted. They have only been revised in the background of gender equality, regional representation, national integrity, equality and social harmony.



While doing so, the curriculum frames of both central and state have not been transgressed. Besides, the aspirations of the constitution are incorporated carefully. Further, the reviews of the committees were once given to higher expert committees for examination and their opinions have been inculcated into the textbooks.

Finally, we express our grateful thanks to those who strived in all those 27 committees with complete dedication and also to those who served in higher committees. At the same time, we thank all the supervising officers of the Textbook Society, who sincerely worked hard in forming the committees and managed to see the task reach its logical completion. We thank all the members of the staff who co-operated in this venture. Our thanks are also to the subject experts and to the associations who gave valuable suggestions.

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UNIT - I

GREENWOOD

1. Listen and repeat.



Four seeds in a hole Four seeds in a hole *One for the mouse,*

One for the crow, One to rot and one to grow!







* rot : decay, decompose

crow	hole	rot
grow	pole	hot

2. Listen and Speak: Your teacher will read the dialogues. Listen to him/ her. Taking roles of Sunita and Prajwal practice the dialogue.

Sunita: Why are you so excited?

Prajwal: I saw a nest in

the tree!

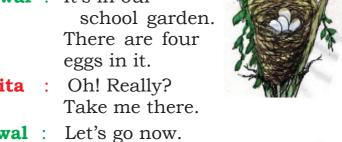
Sunita: Where is it?

Prajwal: It's in our

Sunita: Oh! Really?

Prajwal: Let's go now.







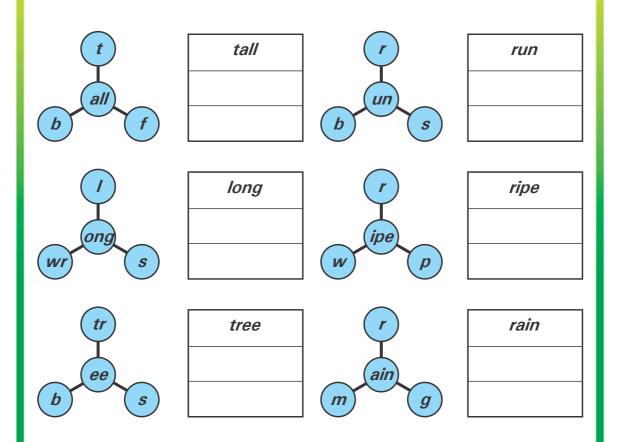
- 3. Look and Learn: Your teacher will take you around the school. S/he will show you different plants and trees. Learn the names of those plants and trees.
- a. Collect the leaves of different plants and trees.
- b. Keep the leaves in a book for a day and paste them in the space given below.

My green corner

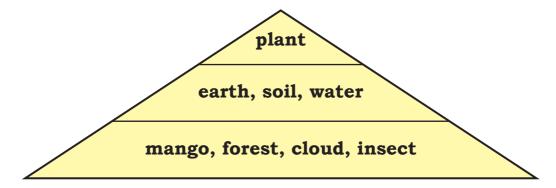


4. Writing Practice:

Make different words using the letters. One has been done for you.



5. Read the words in the triangle. Find a word within each word and write it. One is done for you.



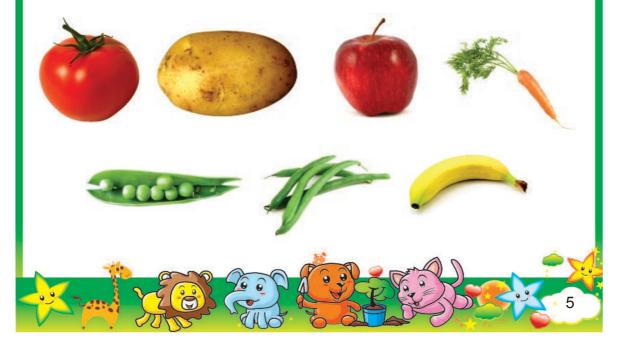
e.g.: ant



6. Let's go shopping!

How many vegetables and fruits can you find in this maze? Look at the pictures. Draw a circle around each word. One has been done for you.

Е	M	L	В	Α	С	Р	G
ı	Α	Q	Е	Р	K	Е	Н
X	Р	F	Α	R	W	Α	S
В	Р	G	N	_	Α	S	Z
Т	L	M	S	R	Е	S	J
Α	Е	В	Α	N	Α	N	Α
Р	D	С	Α	R	R	0	Т
0	J	0	Υ	M	F	V	D
Т	С	K	٦	Q	0	Η	Р
Α	N	Т	0	М	Α	Т	0
Т	W	С	J	E	Н	U	L
0	_	F	Т	G	X	N	K



7. Complete the boxes with suitable words.

	One	Many	
	Insect		
	Mango	<i>Mangoes</i>	
STATE OF THE PARTY	Bee		STATE OF THE STATE
	Apple		
-	Sparrow	Sparrows	
	Potato		

8. One word in each set is different from the others. Circle the odd one out.

- 1. banyan, neem, peepal, mango, snake, apple. (clue trees)
- 2. peas, potato, tomato, sunflower, carrot, brinjal. (clue vegetables)
- 3. lion, horse, goat, cow, kangaroo, melon. (clue animals)
- 4. peacock, parrot, squirrel, crow, sparrow. (clue birds)
- 5. rose, lily, sunflower, lotus, cauliflower. (clue flowers)



9.	These sentences are jumbled. Write them in the correct
	order.

- 1. have / home / at / I / garden/a
- 2. make/the/honey/bees/will
- 3. plants/my/I/in/grow/garden.....
- 4. water/the/I/plants/everyday.

10. Trace the following and copy them in your four line book.

Trees give us fruits, shadow and oxygen.

Grow trees, save the forest and the earth.

11. Project work: Grow a plant



soil



seeds



- 1. Take a cup.
- 2. Put in some soil.
- 3. Plant a seed.
- 4. Water the seed every day.





12. Proverbs / Sayings:

Can you think of any proverbs/sayings related to plants and trees in English or your mother tongue? Rearrange the sayings given below. Add a few more.

- 1. forest / save / the / earth / save the._____
- 2. walk / on / the / green / grass / do / not._____
- 3. do / pluck / not / the / flowers. _____
- 4. avoid / environment / and / save / the / plastic. _____
- 5. _____

MY PROGRESS

Read the competencies listed below and put a tick (\checkmark) mark:

S1. No.	What I have learnt	©	<u></u>	(3)
1	I can recite the rhyme without mistakes.			
2	I can take roles and read the dialogues aloud.			
3	I have found all the words related to plants and trees in the puzzle.			
4	I can rearrange the proverbs and sayings.			
5	I can write words and copy sentences in a four line book.			

UNIT - II

HEAD, SHOULDERS, KNEES AND TOES

1. Listen and repeat after your teacher.

Two little eyes to look around,



Two little ears to hear each sound,



Two little feet to walk the way,



Two little lips to talk all day,



Two little hands to work so smart,



And one little nose to smell the tart. (tart : open pie containing jam or fruit.)



Read the words aloud.

around	way	smart	ear
sound	day	tart	hear



2. Listen to your teacher. Then take the roles of Spandana and Pragati. Practise the dialogue.

Spandana: Hey! Come, let's play in the

park.

Pragati : Wow! This is really a

beautiful park.

Can you see a butterfly there on

the flower?

Spandana: Come slowly, we will catch

the butterfly.

Pragati: No, we can just watch and

enjoy the moment.





3. Can you read the story given below?

Spoorti is eight years old. She has black shiny eyes. She enjoys herself looking at butterflies, flowers and trees. How wonderful



to be able to see things!,' feels Spoorti. For a while Spoorti shuts her eyes with her hands. She cannot see anything.

Spoorti has sharp ears. She can hear the sounds.

She hears the birds singing, the bees buzzing and more than anything, her mother singing. 'How wonderful it is to hear sounds!' says Spoorti to herself.



a. Answer the following questions.

- 1. How old is Spoorti? _____
- 2. What does she look at?
- 3. How can she hear the sounds?

b. Read and match the following.

A B

- 1. We hear with our hands
- 2. We clap with our eyes
- 3. We kick the ball with our mouth
- 4. We eat food with our legs
- 5. We see with our ears

4. (a) Opposites:

When your teacher says 'old', you should say 'young'. *Use the words given below and continue.*

Teacher's words	Your words
old	young
open	close
bottom	top
far	near
in	out
white	black

These words are called opposites.

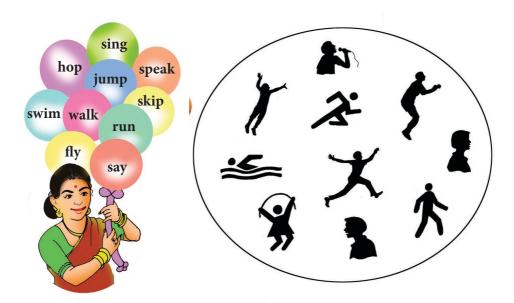


(b) Read the words given in the cloud. Group them as 'naming words' and 'action words'.

bee, see, eye, hear,
nose, breathe, taste, leg, kick,
ear, hand, mouth, buzz, Spoorti,
clap, eat

Naming words	Action words
bee	buzz

(c) There are different ways to move. Tick (\checkmark) only the movement words in the balloons. Match them with the pictures. Draw lines.



5. Now let's learn about our body parts and their functions.

Head – It is the topmost part of the body covered with hair.

Neck – It joins the head to the rest of our body.

Chest - The air that we breathe goes into this. The action of breathing in and breathing out takes place here.

Stomach – The food that we take in is stored here.

Hands - We can pick up things, write, draw, clap with the help of these.

Legs – These help us walk and go to school, we can jump, run and hop with these.

All the parts of the body are important. Each part helps us to do some work.

6. What can I do?

Say what each of these can do. Choose words from the box.

fly	swim	write	sing	jump	run
I can _		1	I can		
I can _			I can		
I can			I can		

Now write four things that you can do.

- 1. I can _____ 3. I can _____
- 2. I can _____
- 4. I can _____



7. Listen to your teacher and repeat after him/her.

After a bath, I try, try, try,
To wipe myself till I am dry, dry, dry,
Hands to wipe, fingers and toes,
And two wet legs and a shiny nose,
Just think how much less time I'd take
If I were a dog and could shake, shake, shake!

Aileen Fisher



Read the words aloud.

try dry	toes nose	take shake	
cry	rose	lake	



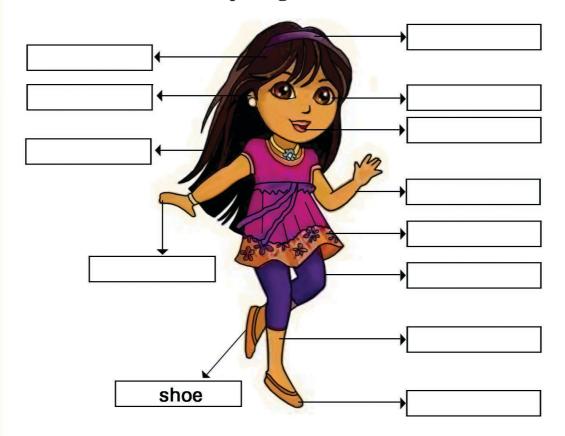
8 (a) Write the parts of the body used to do the actions. Choose words from the list.

hands **legs** mouth eyes ears nose listen watch to T.V music 1 hear listen search see eyes bird to internet flowers teacher song hear read each books sound smell drink the dish water breathe chew sniff in and speak food out smell flower taste walk write cook draw dance run food pictures clap stand 18

(b)	Correct these sentences and write the answ	wers in the boxes.	
	1. We see with our nose.		
	2. We hear with our eyes.		
	3. We smell with our tongue.		
	4. We taste with our ears.		
	Read the actions below. Draw © if it is 1 False. One is done for you.	Yrue and ⊖ if it is	
1.	Brush your teeth twice a day.		
2.	Wash hands before you eat.		
3.	Don't cut your nails.		
4.	Early to bed, early to rise.		
5.	Avoid junk food and soft drinks.		
6.	Comb your hair.		
7.	Don't apply oil to your hair.		
8.	Rinse mouth after having food.		
	•		

10. (a) My doll - Jolly Janaki

Write the words in the space given.



(b) Complete the description.

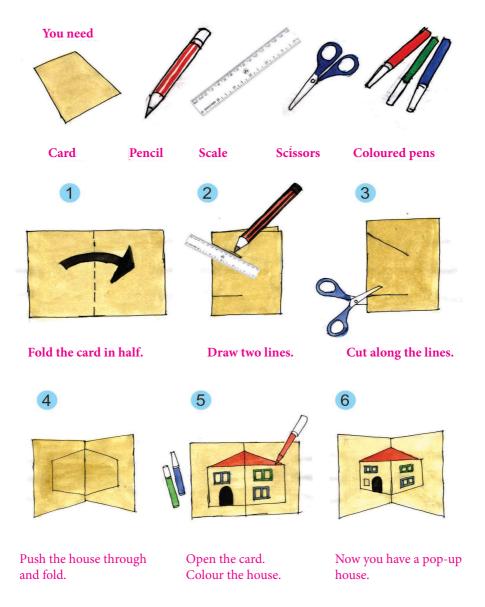
My doll's name is Jolly Janaki. She has ______
and _____. She has a big ______
on her face. She is wearing ______
and _____ I love her very much.



(c) Colour Me:

11. Game Time:

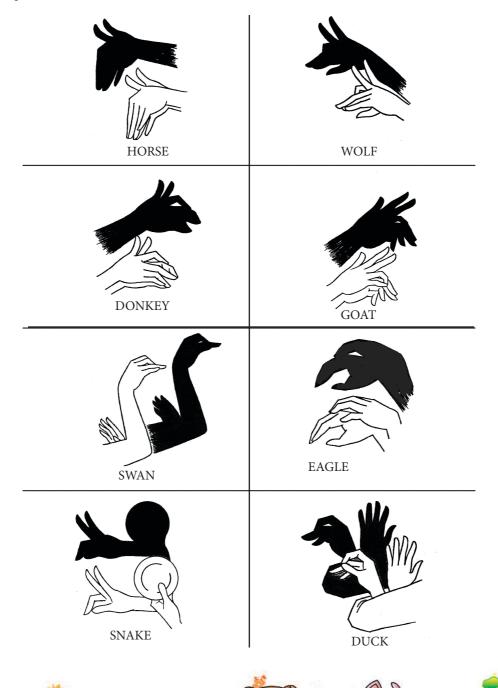
Make a pop-up house.

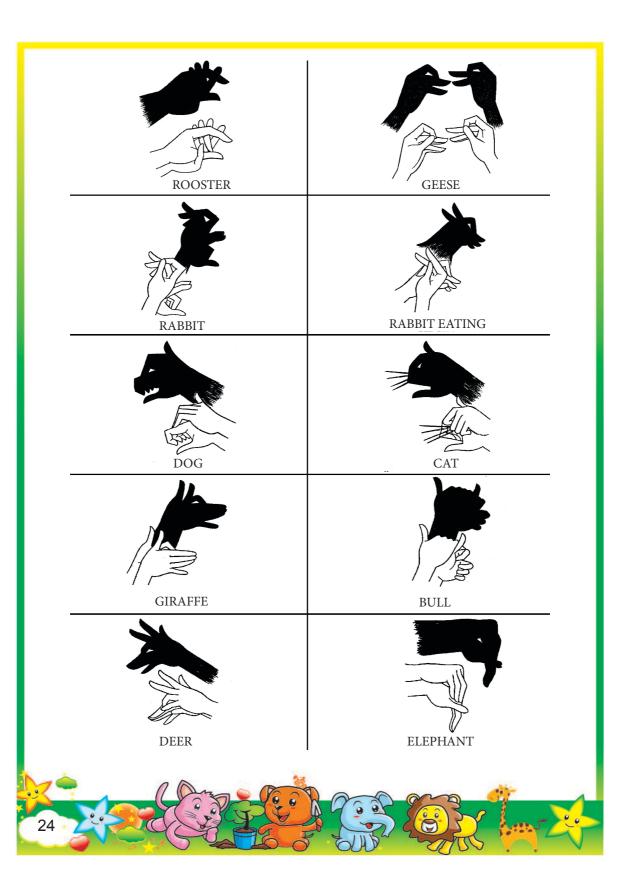




12. Shadow play.

Use your hands to show the animals and birds.





13. Action game: Do as I Say

Stand in a semicircle. Do as your teacher says.

If the teacher says 'Touch your eyes' you should touch your eyes. But if the teacher says, 'Don't touch your eyes,' then you should not do it.

Instructions:

look up, look down, don't look back, keep your hands on shoulders, touch your knees, spread your lips, don't stretch your hands, touch your elbows, rotate your wrists, thumbs up, don't touch your feet etc.

14. Proverbs/Sayings:

Can you think of any proverbs related to human body and its functions in English or your mother tongue? Rearrange the proverbs/sayings given below. Add a few more.

1.	godliness / is / next / cleanliness / to
2.	worship / work /is
3.	index / is / of /mind / face / the
4.	an apple / doctor / a day / away / the / keeps
5.	



15. Riddles:

Solve the riddles.

boive the fidules.
What is broken when you speak?
What has two legs and flies in the sky?
What can't you hold for long, though it is as light as air?
What runs from Delhi to Mumbai without moving?
What has eyes but no head?
What is most useful when broken?
What has a head but no face?
What always comes after a dog?

Answers: Silence, a bird, your breath, the road, a potato, an egg, a pin, its tail.

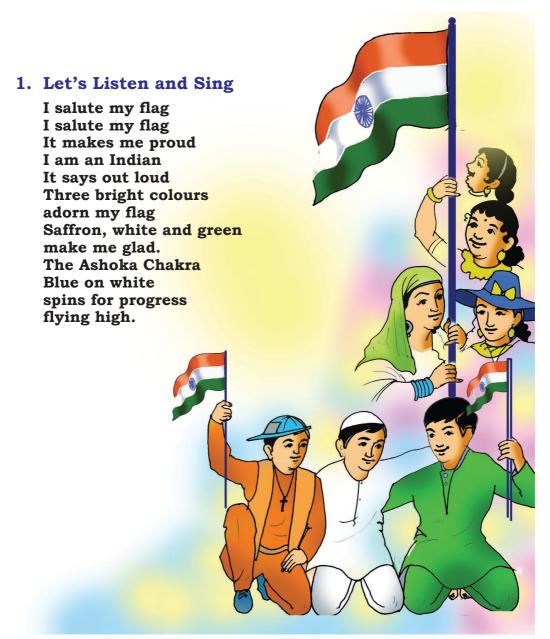
MY PROGRESS

S1. No.	What I have learnt	\odot	<u>:</u>	(3)
1	I can recite the rhyme without mistakes.			
2	I can take roles and read the dialogues aloud.			
3	I can read the text aloud with correct pronunciation.			
4	I have answered all the questions related to the text.			
5	I know the parts of the body and their functions.			
6	I know the naming words and action words.			



UNIT - III

CELEBRATIONS





Repeat after the teacher

proud loud cloud green keen seen white tight site high fly sky glad bad pad

2. Let's Remember

Celebrations bring joy and happiness.

Celebrations unite people and unite families.

Celebrations lead to national integration among the people.

3. Let's Speak

Repeat after the teacher.

Lavina: We have a lot of things to

do for Chirag's

birthday party. Look, I have made a list.

Radha : Good idea, who's going to

help us?

Lavina: Bhuvan. He's going to

send the invitations.

Radha: Good. Who is going to decorate the house?

Lavina : Mother and father will decorate the house.





Radha : Great! What are we going to buy for Chirag?

Lavina: Let's get him a bicycle.

Radha: That's a nice gift. Come, let's go to the market.

Did you learn any new words from this conversation? Write them down.



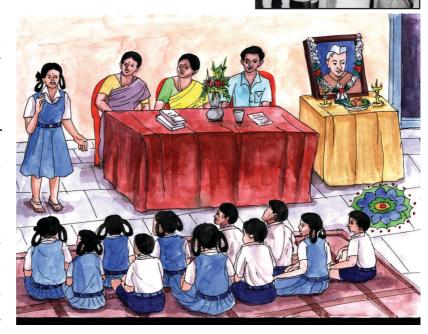
4. Now let's read and understand the lesson on 'Children's Day Celebration'.

Children are the best gifts of God to the parents.

Children's day in India is celebrated on November 14th every year. November 14th is the birthday of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. As a tribute to Jawaharlal Nehru and his love for children, his birthday is celebrated all over India as children's day.

Children affectionately called Jawaharlal Nehru 'Chacha Nehru' or 'Chachaji' because he was fond of both children and roses. He said that children are like the buds in a garden.

They should be carefully nurtured. Children are the future of the nation and the citizens of tomorrow. He felt that children are the real strength of a country. On



children's day schools have cultural programmes, games and these are managed by students themselves.



Teachers perform various cultural activities for their beloved students.

New Words

tribute : respect

affection : love fond : like

nurture : take care

bud : little one of flower. (ಮೊಗ್ರು)

Let's Understand

- a. Answer the following questions.
 - 1. In India children's day is celebrated on
 - □ November 14 □ November 20
 - 2. Nehru was fond of both children and
 - 3. Who are the real strength of a country?

_____ are the real strength of a country.

4. Children affectionately called Jawaharlal Nehru

☐ Chachaji ☐ Mamaji

- b. Rearrange the letters and find the words hidden. Write their plural forms.
 - 1. tfig gift =
 - 2. dlihc =
 - 3. yad ____ =

4	1 1		
4.	ubd	_	=

c. Fill in the blanks with the suitable letters given in the box.

d. Re-write the jumbled words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences.

1. are/the buds/garden/in/a/like/children

2. are/the future/the nation/children/of

3. Children's day/celebrate/we/on/November 14.

4. fond/was/Nehru/children/of



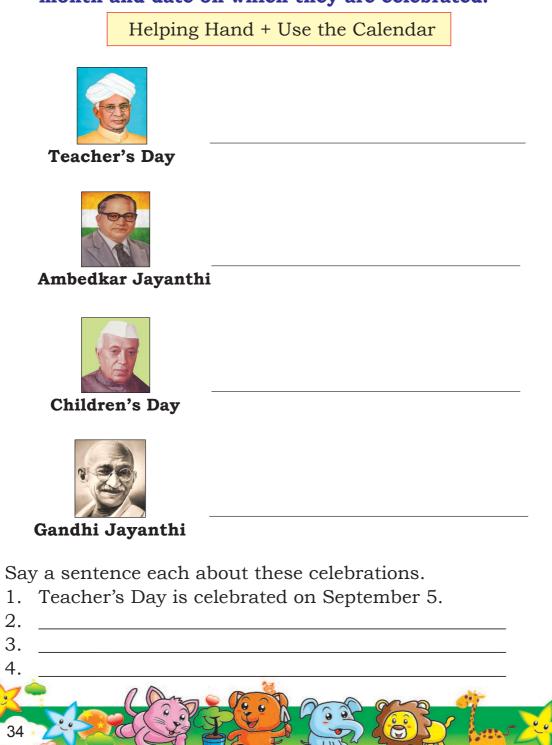
5. Do you Celebrate?

Stand in a circle. Meet at least three friends and ask which festivals they celebrate.

e.g. Do you celebrate Children's day? If they say YES put a \checkmark If they say NO put a X.

Celebrations	Friend 1	Friend 2	Friend 3
Children's day			
Teacher's day			
Ramzan			
Deepavali			
Onam			
Muharram			
Ganesha Chaturthi			
Buddha Poornima			
Mahaveera Jayanthi			
Ambedkar Jayanthi			
Christmas			
Independence Day		_	

6. Some celebrations are mentioned below. Write the month and date on which they are celebrated.



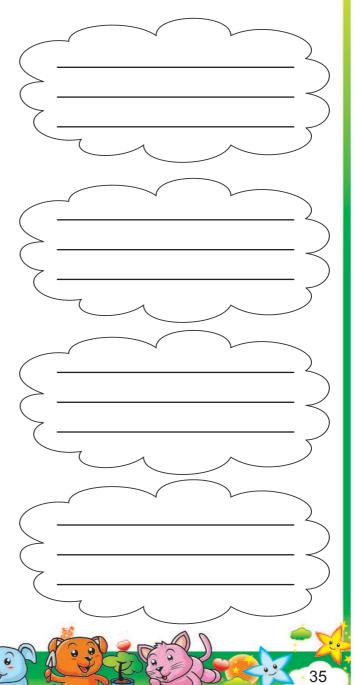
7. Asking Questions

Move around the class. Meet four friends and collect information about their age and in which month they were born by asking questions.

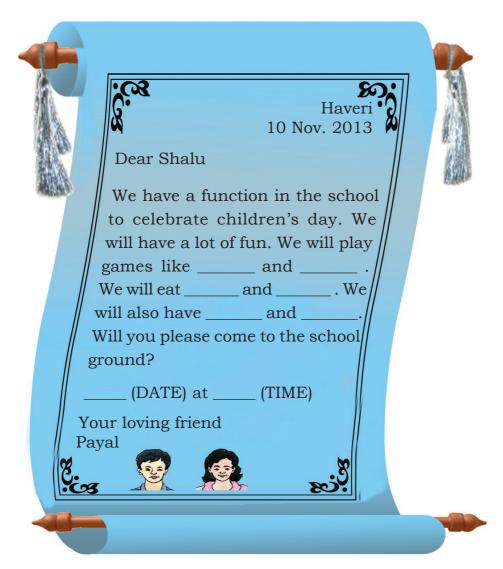
e.g.

Hello, I am Ameena. I'm six years old. I was born on 10th August.

What is your name? How old are you? When is your birthday?



8. All the students have planned to celebrate children's day. Payal, the class leader, has written this letter of invitation. Fill in the blanks with your choice of food, games and fun activities.



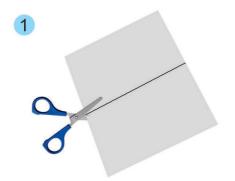


9.		I am sweets.			
	2.	Nehru was on November 14.			
	3.	We Deepavali in November.			
	4.	My parents give on my birthday.			
	5.	Children are the of our nation.			
10.	Co	py the sentences in the lines given below.			
	Celebrations bring joy and happiness				
Celeb		ebrations unite people and families			

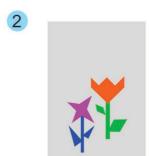
11. Prepare a greeting card on 'Teacher's Day' and present it to your teacher.



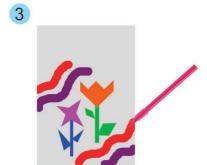
drawing sheet colour pencils coloured pens gum scissors some pictures message



Cut the drawing sheet



Paste some pictures on the drawing sheet



Make some designs with the colour penciles/pens



Write a message on the sheet



12. Look at the picture. Read the sentences below the picture.

Colour the box green if the sentence is true or red if it is false.



	Т	RUE	FALSE
1.	The girl is five years old today.		
2.	There are three boys at the party.		
3.	There are seven gifts on the floor.		
4.	There are five candles on the cake.		
5.	The cat is on the chair.		



Let's Listen

Note to the Teacher: Read the following words aloud - fond of, born, celebrate, gifts, future.

Remember: All the flowers of all the tomorrows are in the seeds of today.

MY PROGRESS

S1. No.	What I have learnt	\odot	<u>:</u>	(i)
1.	I can ask simple questions.			
2.	I can respond to simple questions.			
3.	I can pronounce the words correctly.			
4.	I can rearrange the letters to make words.			
5.	I can arrange the words in a proper order to make sentences.			
6.	I have answered all the questions related to the text.			
7.	I can take roles and read the dialogue aloud.			
8.	I was able to complete the box with appropriate words.			



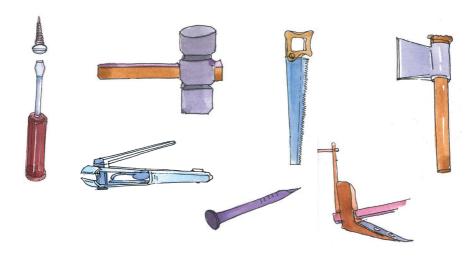
UNIT - IV

THINGS WE USE

1. What do you use for the following? Name the things.

- e.g. for cutting nails
 Nail cutter
- for sharpening a pencil
- for cutting papers
- for opening a lock
- for cutting vegetables.

2. Identify the tools shown below:



3. Show the class what you do with the above tools.

e.g. Show the action of cutting your nails if the tool is a nail cutter.



4. Match the tools with their uses.

a.	Sharpener	1.	It's used for ironing the clothes
b.	Nail cutter	2.	It's used for sawing the wood
c.	Needle	3.	It's used for ploughing the field
d.	Hammer	4.	It's used for sharpening the pencils
e.	Axe	5.	It's used for cutting the nails
f.	Knife	6.	It's used for sewing the clothes.
g.	Saw	7.	It's used for hitting the nails
h.	Plough	8.	It's used for cutting the vegetables / fruits
i.	Iron	9.	It's used for chopping the wood.

Read the sentences aloud. e.g. A sharpener is used for sharpening the pencil.

5. Identify the persons







Answer me:

Do the above people use tools in their professions? Yes/No What tools do they use?

|--|

b)	I'm an	electrician.	I use	
,				

c)	I'm a farmer and I use	
\sim	THE A PARTITION AND THE ADDITION	



6. Singular/plural

- Singular number indicates only one object.
- Plural number indicates two or more than two objects.

Complete the following:

A)

a. hammer – hammers



b. saw – saws



c. sharpener – _____



d. nail – _____



e. screw driver - _____



f. axe – _____



B) Knife – knives a. b. leaf 7. Rearrange the jumbled letters: Clue: The first letter is given in capital. efinK a) b) exA c) mreHam _____ d) wSa e) dleNee f) ghlouP arpeShren _____ g) Inor h) Re write the above words using the appropriate articles using 'a' or 'an'. a knife e.g. g.____ h.

8. Read and understand the story.

Deepu was a poor stone-cutter. It was very hot and Deepu did not feel like working. So he put his hammer down and said:



Suddenly, an angel came down from heaven.



And Deepu became rich. He ate and drank all day.



One day he saw a king.





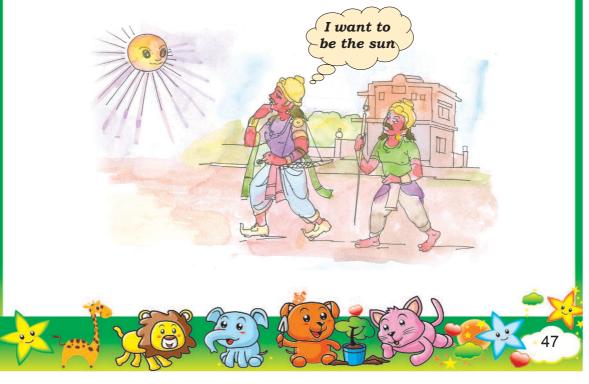
The angel came again and made him a king.



Now everybody in the village bowed to him. Deepu was happy.



One day he was going around his kingdom.
The hot sun burnt him. Suddenly Deepu shouted...



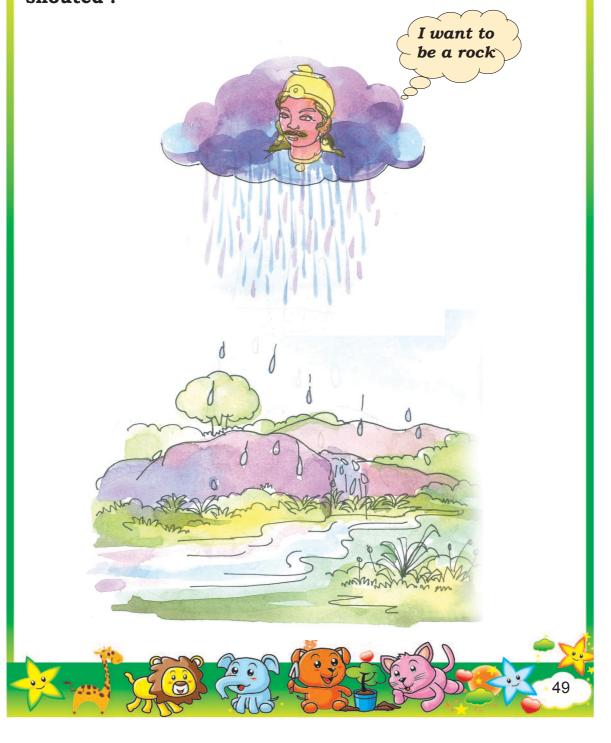
The angel came again and turned Deepu into the sun. Deepu burnt everything. He was happy.



But after some days, he saw a cloud below him. It was a strong cloud. Now the sun could not reach the earth anymore. And of course Deepu wanted to be a cloud.



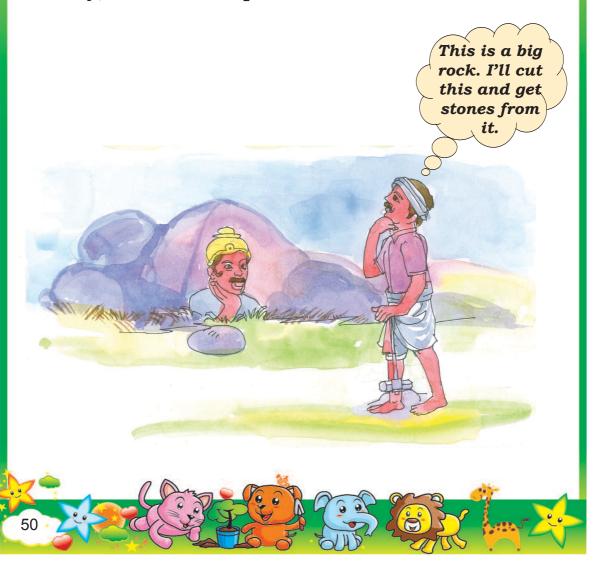
The angel came again and turned Deepu into a cloud. The cloud rained everyday. The rain water fell on a rock but the rock did not move. Deepu as a cloud saw this and shouted:



The angel came down and turned Deepu into a rock. The rock did not move when it rained.



One day, a man with a pick-axe came and saw the rock.







Finally, Deepu was a stonecutter again. He was poor but he was happy.

Did you understand the story?

- I. Choose 'a' or 'b' to complete each of the sentences given below:
- 1) First of all, Deepu wanted to be ______a) a King b) rich
- 2) When Deepu became a king, he ______a) went around the country
 - b) ate and drank all day
- 3) The sun burnt him, when he was ______a) a king b) a cloud
- 4) When the water fell on the rock, _____ a) it was washed away b) it did not move
- 5) Finally, the angel turned Deepu into a ______a) stone cutter b) pick axe

II. You have read the story, right? Now, complete the dialogue given below.

Deepu: I want to be rich.

Angel: You shall be rich, my son.

Deepu: I want to be a king.

Angel:

Deepu: I want to be the sun.

Angel:

* Can you enact the story by taking the roles of the Angel and Deepu?

9. Do you know these words?

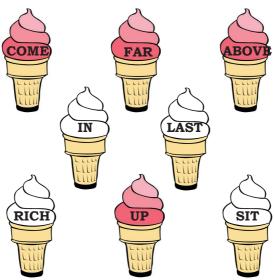
Make new words:

- 1) screw + driver
- 2) chair + man
- 3) foot + ball
- 4) neck + lace
- 5) wrist + watch
- 6) star + fish
- 7) class + teacher
- 8) motor + cycle
- 9) straw + berry
- 10) ice + cream



10. COMPLETE THESE ICE-CREAMS.

In the ice-cream cones given below, you find words. In the ice-cube box, you find the opposites. Match the words with their opposites and eat the ice-creams!

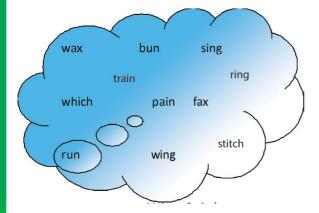


Stand poor out go near down first below



11. (A) Rhyming words

Pick the rhyming words from the cloud and write them in the blanks below.



$$axe = wax, fax$$

(B) Read the words aloud. Try to frame sentences using the above words. e.g: 1) The sun gives us light. 2) _____ 3) _____ 5) 12. Fun with words Read the word backwards and make new words. CLUE: Look at the pictures. One has been done for you. 1) PAT TAP 2) TOP 3) BUT 4) GUM 5) BIN 6) NET 7) DUB



8) WAS

13. Now, check these words.

Read them backwards. You will get the same word.

MOM POP DAD
DID DEED PEEP
MALAYALAM NUN

14. Let's practice sounds: Repeat after the teacher.

cock	rain	see	pan	king
pit	plate	ball	bake	well
take	mat	sell	wing	bell
hit	fee	rock	call	

Now group the words that sound alike:

9) gate		
---------	--	--

10) lock _____

7)

bee

15. MY SPACE:

- 1) Do you have a tool box or a tool kit in your home?
- 2) Name the tools that your father uses at home.
- 3) Name the tools that your mother uses in the kitchen.
- 4) Name the tools that you use both in school and at home.

Say aloud:

I CAN THINK OF SIX THIN THINGS.



16. Read the proverbs given below.

- a) Children and fools must not play with edged tools.
- b) Man is greater than the tools he invents.
- c) A speaker needs no tools.
- d) A wise man without a book is like a workman with no tools.
- e) A wise man will make tools of what comes to hand.

Think of some more either in English or your mother tongue.



MY PROGRESS

S1. No.	What I have learnt	\odot	<u></u>	
1.	I can name the tools in English.			
2.	I am able to say the uses of the tools.			
3.	I am able to classify the tools used in different professions.			
4.	I am able to rearrange the letters to get meaningful words.			
5.	I am able to identify the singular and plural forms.			
6.	I am able to read and understand the story.			
7.	I am able to enact the dialogues of Deepu and Angel.			
8.	I am able to identify the opposites.			
9.	I am able to find out the rhyming words.			

UNIT - V LET'S COUNT

1. Hima and her mother have gone shopping.

Hima wants to buy some things.

Read the dialogue.

Hima Have you got

some water

colours, please?

Shopkeeper: No, I'm sorry

but I have some

crayons.

Hima : Can I have a box

of crayons?

Shopkeeper: Yes, of course.

: How much does it cost? Hima

Shopkeeper: It's 25 rupees per box, dear.

Hima : Ok Sir, here it is. Thank you.

2. Listen and repeat after your teacher.

BIG MONEY

Big money goes around the world

Big money goes underground Big money gets a mighty voice Big money makes no sound.

* What else does 'big money' qo3





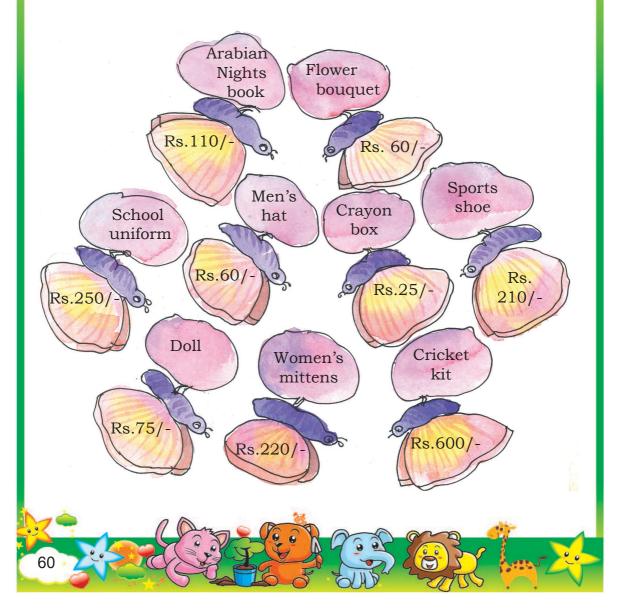


Read these pairs of words aloud.

ground sound

money honey coin join

3. Look at the price labels on the articles and complete the table.

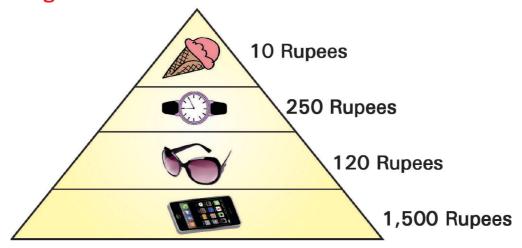


S1. No.	Name of the item	Cost of the item	Would you like to buy this	
			Yes	No
1.	Arabian Nights book			
2.	Flower bouquet			
3.	Sports shoe			
4.	School uniform			
5.	Women's mittens**			
6.	Men's hat			
7.	Crayon box			
8.	Doll Doll			
9.	Cricket Kit			

^{**} Mittens = a type of glove that covers all the fingers

4. (a) Complete the pyramid given below. One has been done for you.

(b) Make sentences using the following clues. An example is given.



- 1. This is an ice-cream. It costs ten rupees.
- 2. This is _____. It _____
- 3. This _____. It _____
- 4. This _____. It _____
- 5. Here is a two thousand rupee note. Describe the note in your own sentences.

For example:

It is a two thousand rupee note.

It is pinkish purple.

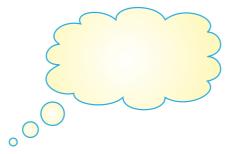
What will you do if you win two thousand rupees in a competition?





6. Fun: Draw and enjoy

Imagine you are in a shop / a market / a fair. You have 100 rupees with you. Write three things you want to buy. **One has been done for you.**



I have 100 rupees with me. I'm going to buy apples, ice-cream and a ball.



I have 100 rupees. I'm going to buy_____



7. Look at the pictures below. Observe them carefully. With the help of the clues given, build a story.

Clue: Shamim and Mary are planning to save ____ for themselves.



Clue: Everyday both of them start saving money. They put in their boxes.





Clue: The boy spends all his money by _____



Clue: But the girl does not spend money. She keeps collecting because she dreams of _____





8.	Here a	are	some	actio	on	words.	Whi	ch o	f ther	n can	be
	used v	with	the	word	'M	oney'?	One	has	been	done	for
	you.										

(pick, place, give, feel, take, grant, cry, keep, save, buy, go)

- 1. **Place** the money on the table.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

9. Repeat after the teacher:

door	jar	book	watcl	n nest	umbrella
kenne	el lorry	cave	can	owl	igloo
people	e bag	cart	bat	train	mug

Now answer these in a sentence each.

1. Which three can be opened?

Which three hove wheels?

Ans: The three which can be opened are **a can**, **a jar** and **a book**.

4.	Willell tillee flave wheels:
Ans:	
3.	Which three have handles?

4. Which three are homes?

Ans: _____

5. Which three come out in the dark?

Ans: _____



Ans:

10. My Space:

Note: A piggy bank is a box or a container in which we store the coins that we save.

- 1. Have you saved money?
- 2. Do you have your own piggy bank?
- 3. How much money is there in your piggy bank?
- 4. What would you like to buy with that money?



11. Say aloud:

If you want to buy, buy

If you don't want to buy, bye-bye.



- 12. Here are some proverbs. Read them and try to add some more proverbs either in English or Kannada.
 - 1. Honesty is the best policy.
 - 2. If wealth is lost nothing is lost.
 If health is lost something is lost.
 If character is lost everything is lost.
 - 3. Money can buy....
 - a friend not friendship.
 - a book but not knowledge.
 - a bed but not sleep.



	MY PROGRESS												
S1. No.	What I have learnt	\odot	<u></u>	(3)									
1.	I am able to construct simple sentences.												
2.	I am able to enact the dialogue.												
3.	I am able to say a few things about money.												
4.	I am able to describe the pictures.												
5.	I am able to build a story.												
6.	I am able to read and understand the proverbs.												

UNIT - VI LET'S TALK

1. Look at the word:

	~		
com:		9 4 l	•
>com	miin	1C2T	ION
COIII	HUMIL	Tout.	
			_
			5

Using the ab	ove word,	how 1	nany	words	can you	make?
Try now!						

Mat, ___, ___, ___, No.

2. Fill in the blanks with the missing letters.

- **Hint:** Use only a, e, i, o, u.

 1) T__lev__si__n
- 2) C__mp_t_r
- 3) C__llph__n__
- 4) T__leph__n__
- 5) R__di__
- 6) N_wsp_p_rs

3. Match the pictures with the names by drawing lines.

Cell phone Television Computer Newspaper

Letters

Radio

Television Newspa

Newspaper Magazine













4. Decode me!

Instructions: 1) All the letters of the alphabet are numbered. Read them.

2) Write the letter for the number to find out the hidden word. One has been done for you

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Ι	J	K	L	M
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
N	О	P	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26

1.	20	5	12	5	22	9	19	9	15	14
	Т	Е	L	Е	V	Ι	S	Ι	О	N

2.	18 1		4	9	15

3.	3	15	13	16	21	20	5	18

4.	20	5	12	5	16	8	15	14	5
				400.00					

	5	. 14	4 5	2	3 1	9	16	1	16	5		18	19]
														1
	_								<u> </u>					J
		6.	13	1	7	1	26	5 9		14	5	19)	
5.	Answ	er tl	ie q	uest	tion	s.	Say	'Ye	s I	do	' o	r 'N	o, I	don't'.
	i) Do	yoı	่ง wa	tch	tele	vis	ion?)						
	ii) Do	yoı	ı list	en 1	to ra	adi	03							
	iii) Do	you	ı rea	ıd n	.ews	pa	pers	?						
	iv) Do	yoı	ı wr	ite 1	ette:	rs :)							
	v) Do	yoı	ı us	e a o	cell	ph	one '	5						
Yo	u can v	•				_			as	abo	OVC	e.		
_	D: 441	T	171 0 0		12									
6.	Riddle						a							
a)	I help I help	•				_								
	I help	_												
	Iamp	•	-			_		rrie	l a	nyw	7he	ere.		
	Who a									-				
	-													
	L													I
			an	9 _/	2	9	P	To.	9	Pur	4	2		* * X

b) I help you read news. I have topics related to all the fields. I will reach your home early in the morning. Compared to others, I'm very cheap. Do you know who I am? C) I help you watch different programmes. I show both black and white and colour pictures. I am mostly rectangular in shape. Who am I? d) I help you share ideas with your friends. I help you write messages on birthdays and festivals. I was used very widely before the mobiles came. To get my name, just change a letter in this word 'Latter'. Who am I? e) I'm just like a television. I always need electricity to run.	b)					
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I am mostly rectangular in shape. Who am I? d) I help you share ideas with your friends. I help you write messages on birthdays and festivals. I was used very widely before the mobiles came. To get my name, just change a letter in this word 'Latter'. Who am I? e) I'm just like a television. I always need electricity to run.	c)	I help you watch different programmes.				
Who am I? d) I help you share ideas with your friends. I help you write messages on birthdays and festivals. I was used very widely before the mobiles came. To get my name, just change a letter in this word 'Latter'. Who am I? e) I'm just like a television. I always need electricity to run.		I show both black and white and colour pictures.				
d) I help you share ideas with your friends. I help you write messages on birthdays and festivals. I was used very widely before the mobiles came. To get my name, just change a letter in this word 'Latter'. Who am I? e) I'm just like a television. I always need electricity to run.		I am mostly rectangular in shape.				
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e) I'm just like a television. I always need electricity to run.						
e) I'm just like a television. I always need electricity to run.						
I always need electricity to run.		Who am I?				
I always need electricity to run.						
I always need electricity to run.						
I always need electricity to run.	e)	I'm just like a television				
	C)					
2		I will give you information from all parts of the world.				
Using me, you can watch movies, listen to songs,						
_		gather information, send an e-mail, and download pictures.				
Who am I?		Who am I?				
	-					
	X'					
72	72					

7. Letter Writing

(a) READ THIS LETTER CAREFULLY.

Sindhu has written a letter to her grandfather.

H.No. 1948/72 A

Vinobanagar.

DAVANGERE

14 September 2013

Dear grandpa

Thank you for the nice gift of Panchatantra stories. You will be happy to know that I read one story everyday.

With love Sindhu

(b) With the help of the clues given, write a letter to your friend.

Dear Kshama,

I am	How are	? For the su	ımmer holidays
I am going to	with	my	What are you
planning to do	in your	? If you are	please
come with me	for the	Both of us	will play and
a lot	•		
How are a	unty and	? How is y	our
Manu? Give m	ny regards to the	em. I will be wa	aiting for your
reply	a letter	to me fast.	

With love JALAJA

[uncle, brother, fine, you, Goa, Parents, free, holidays, enjoy, trip, write]



8. Read the telephonic conversation between Nandini and Mohan.

Try to enact it in the classroom taking roles of Nandini and Mohan.

Nandini: Hello!

Mohan: Hello Nandini! Mohan

here, how are you?

Nandini: Oh, fine. Thank you

Mohan. And you?

Mohan: Fine. Thanks.

Nandini: Mohan, next Sunday we

are planning to go for a picnic. Please come with

us.

Mohan: That's nice! I'll ask my parents. If they agree,

I am ready to come Nandu.

Nandini: Ok yaar, talk to your

parents today itself and

call me back.

Mohan: Ok Nandu bye, take

care.

Nandini: You too take care Mo-

han, bye!





SAY ALOUD:

If two witches were watching two watches, which witch would watch which watch?



MY PROGRESS

S1. No.	What I have learnt	<u></u>	<u>:</u>	
1.	I am able to make new words from the given word.			
2.	I am able to ask 'Yes or No' questions.			
3.	I have answered the riddles.			
4.	I have completed the letter using the clues given.			
5.	I am able to enact the dialogue by taking roles.			

UNIT - VII

KEEP FIT

1. Let us Listen and Sing.

I had a loose tooth
I had a loose tooth
A wriggly, jiggly loose tooth
I had a loose tooth
A-hanging by a thread.

I pulled my loose tooth My wriggly, jiggly loose tooth Put it beneath my pillow And then I went to bed.

The fairy took my loose tooth My wriggly, jiggly loose tooth And now I have a quarter And a hole in my head.



Repeat the rhyme with actions.

2. Let us remember

- A cool mouth and warm feet live long.
- After dinner sit a while, after supper walk a mile.
- An apple a day keeps the doctor away.
- Laughter is the best medicine.



3. Repeat the dialogue after your teacher.

Joseph: Excuse me mam, could you tell me

where the hospital is?

Pragathi: Which hospital are you asking for?

Joseph: I want to consult a doctor. I have

fever.

Pragathi: Yes, there is a good hospital. But it's

far away from here.

Joseph: How far is it?

Pragathi: I think it's about eight kilometers from here.

Joseph: Ummmm! How can I get there?

Pragathi: Walk up to the next cross. You will find

autorickshaws.

Joseph: Thank you very much for your help.

Pragathi: You are welcome.

4. Have you ever been to a Hospital? YES / NO.

Have you ever consulted a doctor during illness? YES / NO

What comes to your mind when you hear the word 'hospital'? Close your eyes. Think, recall and write down the words in the space given below.

1.	doctor	6.	

- 2. _____ 7. ____
- 3. 8.
- 4. ______ 9. ____
- 5. ______ 10. ____



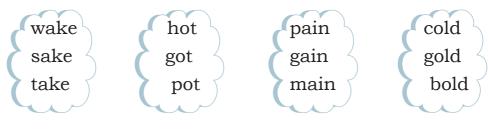


5. Match the words with the correct pictures. Say the words aloud.

cough
headache
temperature
sore throat
cold
backache

6. Circle the word that does not belong to the group.

- 1. Doctor, Teacher, Nurse, Patient.
- 2. Scissors, Bandage, Plaster, Paste.
- 3. Tablets, Dettol, First aid box, Soap.
- 4. Thermometer, Cough Syrup, First aid book, Hammer
- 5. Winter, Cough, Cold, Hedache.
- 7. Listen carefully and repeat after the teacher.





8. Imagine that you are a doctor. Which of the following materials do you wish to keep with you in a first aid box? Write the names of the materials in the space given.





First Aid Box

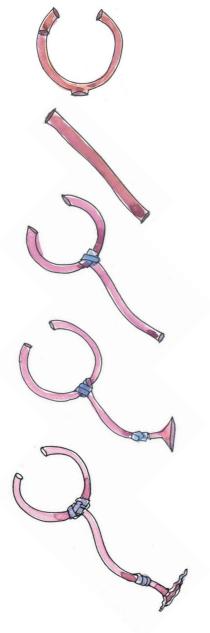
- 1. _____
- 2.
- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6.
- 7. _____
- 8.
- 9. _____
- 10.

9. Preparation of Health card. Sit in pairs and prepare a Health Record Card of your friend.

Put a \checkmark or a X on the Health Record Card.

Patient's Name	Health Record Card		
	This Year	Last Year	Never
cough			
headache			
fever			
backache			
sore throat			
cold			
flu			
measles			
whooping cough			

10. Prepare a stethoscope using the materials given (pipe, funnel, gum tape, balloon). Using this, listen to the heartbeat of your friend.



Take a "U" shaped pipe. Make a hole as shown.

Take another pipe and pierce it into the U shaped pipe's hole.

Cover the hole with a (plaster) gum tape.

Pierce a funnel into the pipe as shown and cover the hole with a (plaster) gum tape.

Your stethoscope is ready now. Listen to the heart beat of your friend.



11. Do's and Don'ts during illness.

Read the statements. Put ✓ mark if it is True for you or put X mark if it is Not True.

SL. No.	Statements	True	Not true
1.	I drink hot water during illness.		
2.	I swallow tablets with cold water.		
3.	I take rest during illness.		
4.	I wear thin clothes when I have fever.		
5.	I wear neat and clean clothes.		
6.	I keep the windows wide open to breathe in fresh air.		
7.	I keep myself warm during illness.		
8.	I wear warm clothes during illness.		
9.	I follow the instructions of the doctor.		
10.	I take bath in cold water when I'm suffering from fever.		

12. The letters are jumbled. Rearrange them in the proper order.

1.	mdiencie	2.	pihotsla	-
----	----------	----	----------	---



13. Copy the sentences in the lines given below.
Health is wealth
Cleanliness is next to Godliness

MY PROGRESS

Read the statements and put a tick mark in the box.

	Read the statements and put a tick mark in the box.				
S1. No.	What I have learnt	\odot		(i)	
1.	I was able to rearrange the jumbled letters.				
2.	I was able to pronounce the words correctly.				
3.	I learnt some new words.				
4.	I learnt how to be neat, clean and tidy.				
5.	I was able to match the pictures with the diseases.				
6.	I learnt how to prepare a stethoscope.				
7.	I was able to copy the sentences in the lines.				
8.	I was able to prepare the 'Health Card' of my friend.				

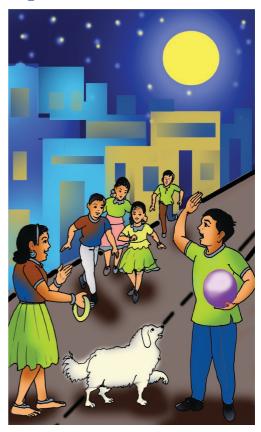


UNIT - VIII

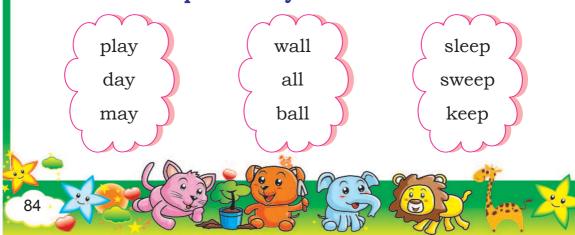
LET'S PLAY

1. Listen to your teacher and repeat after him/her.

Boys and girls come out to play, The moon does shine as bright as day; Come with a hoop and come with a ball, Come with a good will or not at all; Lose your supper and lose your sleep, Come to your playfellows in the street; Up the ladder and down the wall, A half packet biscuit will serve us all.



2. Listen and repeat after your teacher:



3. How many games do you know? Can you find out the names of some games with the help of your friends? Match them with the pictures.





My favourite game is.....

My favourite player is.....

4. Ask three of your friends what they like playing. Write their names. Then put a tick (\checkmark) or a cross (X) in the box.

Do you like to play?	Name	(√)	(X)
100			
			Anna Z

5. Listen to the dialogue. Take the roles of Aditi and Vishwa. Practice the dialogue.

: Hi Vishwa, are you watching T.V? Aditi

Vishwa: Yeah! Come, let's watch a cartoon show.

Aditi : No, I want to play. Will you come and play

with me?

Vishwa: Ok, but I want to play a new game.

: Come on! We will play shuttle badminton

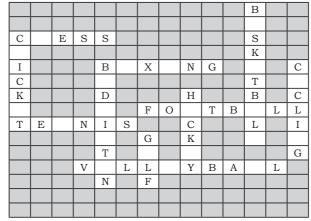
today.

Vishwa: That's wonderful! Teach me how to play it.

Aditi : Sure, I will.

6. Find out the games with the help of the pictures.



























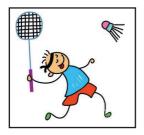
7. Match the games with the players.

- Macon cho	Samos with	
1.hockey		(a) Rahul Dravid plays <u>cricket.</u>
2.cricket	SHURN	(b) Maradona plays .
3.football		(c) Arjun Halappa plays
4. running race	Marine Control of the	(d) Vishwanathan Anand Plays
5.tennis	organ!	(e) P.T. Usha is a
6.boxing		(f) Sania Mirza plays
7.chess		(g) Mary Kom is a (boxer/wrestler)



8. Read the words given in the box. Write the name of the sport/game below each picture.

tennis table tennis chess badminton athletics
hockey football volleyball basketball swimming









1. <u>Badminton</u> 2 34......













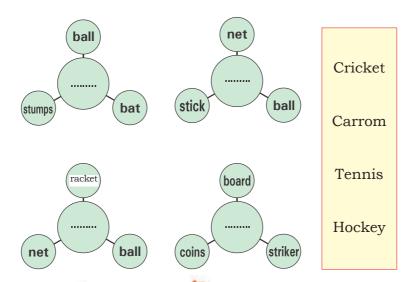
9 10.....



9. We play many games in the ground (outdoor). Some of us play inside the building (indoor). Say which game is indoor and which one is outdoor. Tick the box. One is done for you.

S1. No.	Game/Sport	Indoor	Outdoor
1	Boxing		
2	Badminton		
3	Chess		
4	Cricket		
5	Carrom	✓	
6	Football		
7	Hockey		
8	Tennis		

10. Write the name of the game in the circle. Use the clues given.



11. Read the sentences and write Yes or No.						
	1.	I follow the rules of the game				
	2.	I al	ways win			
	3.	I ha	ate others if I lose the game			
	4.	I en	ijoy playing games			
	5.	I re	spect the umpire's decision			
12.	Wh	at v	vill you say when :			
	1.	son	neone wins a game?			
		a.	Congratulations, well done!			
		b.	You tried your best. Better luck next time.			
	2.	son	neone loses a game?			
		a.	Congratulations, well done!			
		b.	You tried your best. Better luck next time.			
13. Can you think of any proverbs related to sports and games in English or your mother tongue? Rearrange the proverbs given below. Add a few more.						
	1.	stea	ady / Slow / and / race / the / wins.			
	2.	a /	body / mind / in / sound / sound / A.			
	3.	the	re/ is / a / way / will / there / is / a / where.			
	4.	stre	ength / Unity / is.			
	5.		•••••			

14. Fill in the blanks and complete the sentences. One is done for you.

KIYPaintwatchmakelistenridereadplan

1.	e.g.	:	flv	а	kite
	\sim . \sim .	•	,	~	

2	pictures.	3	
3	T.V.		计学
4	a sandcastle	The second second	-0
5	to music.		F
6	horses		

7. a book.





15. Write five sentences with the words given below:

	difficult	easy	great	fun	boring
1.	Flying a kit	e is fun.			
2.	•••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3.		•••••	•••••		•••••
4.	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
5.					



16. Game Time: Make a ball in the cup.





MY PROGRESS

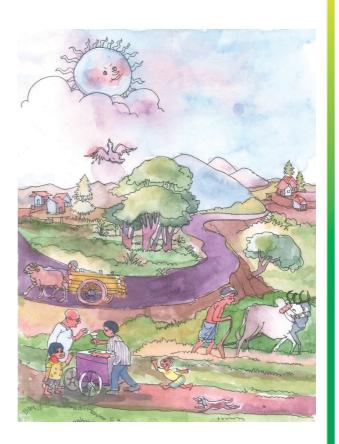
S1. No.	What I have learnt	©	•	(E)
1	I can recite the rhyme without mistakes.			
2	I can take roles and read the dialogue aloud.			
3	I can ask questions to friends about games.			
4	I know many words related to sports and games.			
5	I can rearrange the proverbs and sayings.			

UNIT - IX

MY SURROUNDINGS

1. Let's listen and sing.

Good Morning Mr. Sun
How are you today?
Will you shine bright and
strong?
Will the rain spoil our play?
Your sunbeams through my
window
Gently wake me up.
As I get ready for school
And drink milk from a cup.
I love you Mr. Sun
for you brighten up the day
Making everything so
colourful
And make the trees to sway.



*sway - move

Please sing the rhyme aloud with actions.

2. Listen carefully and repeat after the teacher.

sun bun run fun lay play sway pay

long song wrong strong



3. Let's Remember

In the morning we say 'Good Morning.' At noon we say 'Good Afternoon'. In the evening we say 'Good Evening'. Before going to bed we say 'Good Night.'

Let's Speak

4. Read the dialogue given below.

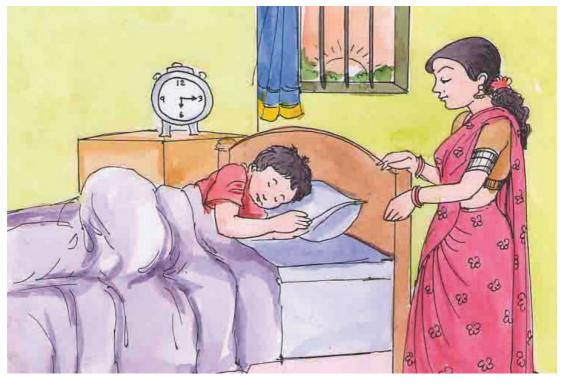
Mother: Good Morning Preetam. Please get up.

Son : It's dark outside. Let me sleep mummy.

Mother: You are getting late for school. Please get up from

the bed, get ready.

Son : It's dark outside. Let me sleep mummy.





Mother: Yes, I know. It's cloudy. So it's dark outside.

But look at the clock. It's already 6-15.

Son : Oh, then I'll get up mom. I'll brush my teeth,

have a bath and get ready to go to school.



5. Say what will happen if....

- a. all the buses are stopped for a day
- b. it rains heavily
- c. all the hospitals are closed
- d. there is no rain
- e. there are no holidays

Clues

Patients will suffer.

We can't go anywhere.

I can't play.

I can't travel to faraway places.

Farmers will be in trouble.



6. Match the pictures and say the pairs of words aloud.

i. bird



children



ii. child



trees



iii. tree



birds



iv. squirrel



flowers



v. flower



squirrels





7. Listening

Listen to your teacher and write down the words.

- 1.
- 6.
- 2.
 - 7.
- 3.
- 8.
- 4.
- 9.
- 5.
- 10.

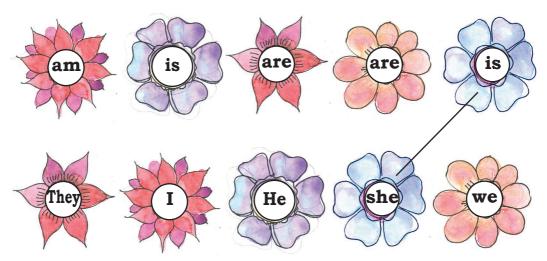








8. Join the flowers of the same type to find out the correct pairs. Write the words in the space provided.



a. She is

- b.
- С.

- d. _____
- e. _____

Use these words in your own sentences.

She is a girl.

9. Using the words in the table below, frame as many meaningful sentences as you can. One is done for you.

Birds		dancing
The sun	is	playing
Boys	are	shining
Girls	am	eating
I		sleeping
We		running
Не		writing
She		singing

- 1. Birds are singing.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10.



10. Complete the words.

1. s_ui_r_l 2. ho_ey b_e

3. e r h

4. ch_l_re__

11. Copy the sentences.

_	Health is we	eaith_	

Cleanliness is next to Godliness

12. Proverb: What does this proverb mean?

The best time to plant a tree is twenty years ago; the second best time is now.

13. Rearrange the letters to get the names of trees.

Write the names in your mother tongue.

lepaep ncuocot

ahsko yanbna

nogam enem

ampl abanan

Listening:

Note to the teacher.

Dictate the following words.

food blue tree

children home bird

mother wind

earth flower

MY PROGRESS

Read the statements and put a tick mark $\sqrt{\ }$ in the appropriate box.

SL.	What I have learnt	\odot	<u></u>	(3)
No.				
1.	I learnt some new words.			
2.	I was able to construct simple sentences.			
3.	I know singular and plural forms.			
4.	I was able to express my ideas in English.			
5.	I was able to arrange the letters in a proper order.			
6.	I enjoyed reading the rhyme.			
7.	I was able to read and understand the dialogue.			



UNIT - X

HAVE FUN

1. Let's sing

Dance, little Baby, dance up high, Never mind, Baby, Mother is by; Crow and caper, Caper and crow,

There, little Baby; there you go;





Up to the ceiling, down to the ground,

Backwards and forwards, round and round;

Dance, little Baby, and Mother will sing,

With the merry coral, ding, ding, ding!

Please recite the rhyme aloud with actions.

2. Let us Remember

- * A day without sunshine is like a night.
- * Laughter is the best medicine.



3. Take different roles and read the dialogue aloud.

Kajal: Hi, Vidya. How are you?

Vidya: Hello Kajal. I'm fine thank you. How about you?

Kajal: I am also fine. Thank you. Where were you

yesterday?

Vidya: I went to the circus with my family.



Kajal: Oh, is it? What is the name of the circus

company?

Vidya : Rambo Circus. It is nice.Kajal : Did you enjoy the show?

Vidya: Yes, I did. I enjoyed a lot.



4. Match the words with the pictures. 1. an amusement park 2. a dance performance 3. a play 4. a cricket game 5. a football game 6. a concert 7. a movie 8. a circus 9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them from 1 to 9. (1 = like the most, 9 = don't like at all.)
2. a dance performance 3. a play 4. a cricket game 5. a football game 6. a concert 7. a movie 8. a circus 9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
3. a play 4. a cricket game 5. a football game 6. a concert 7. a movie 8. a circus 9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
4. a cricket game 5. a football game 6. a concert 7. a movie 8. a circus 9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
5. a football game 6. a concert 7. a movie 8. a circus 9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
6. a concert 7. a movie 8. a circus 9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
7. a movie 8. a circus 9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
8. a circus 9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
9. a magic show B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
B. What types of entertainment do you like? Rank them
· -
from 1 to 9. (1 – like the most, 9 – don't like at all.)
(A) (B) (C)
(G) (H) (I)
105

5. a. Match the following forms of folk dance.



Kolata



Gombe Kunitha



Kamsale



Suggi Kunitha



Veeragaase

b. Know more about these:

Veeragaase: This dance is performed during festivals

in the months of Shravana and Karthika.

Suggi Kunitha: Popular form of folk dance performed

after harvesting of the crops.

Kolata : Dance performance (to folk songs) by

both men and women with coloured

sticks in their hands.

Gombe Kunitha: It is the dance performed on stage using

dolls.

Kamsale: It is a unique folk dance performed by the

devotees of God Mahadeshwara. Kamsale is a musical instrument made of brass. Its origin is traced to the Mythological

period.



c. Now write.

Which of the above folk dances do you like?

a. _____

c. _____

b.

d. _____

6. Speaking: Likes and dislikes.

A. Look at the boxes. Circle what you like. The first one is done for you.

		My likes		My Choice								
1. a	a.	I like to	watch	on TV	onTV at home		me	in		with		
1	ο.	I don't like to	movies			theatre		friends				
2. a	à.	I like to	watch	bharatanatyamdrama		drama	yakshagana		ına	dance		
t	э.	I don't like to										
3. a	a.	I like to	play	in the	v	vith		with		with		
1	ο.	I don't like to		park	f	riend	ls	my		my	e	lone
								broth	ner	sister		
4. a	a.	I like to	play	cricket	-	football		ka	kabaddi k		hokho	
l	э.	I don't like to										
5. a	a.	I like to	visit	a park	а	a a	a		an		8	an
1	ο.	I don't like to			z	200	garden exhibition		n	amuse		
											-	nent
					_						1	park
6. a	a .	I like to	watch	a	;	an		a		an		a
l	Э.	I don't like to		horror	. ;	actio	n	come	edy	anima	atec	3-D
				movie	:	movi	e	movi	le	movie	e	movie

В.

- e.g. (A) I like to watch movies on T.V.
 - (B) I like to watch movies at home.
- (A) I don't like to watch movies at home.
- (B) I don't like to watch movies with friends.







7. Work in pairs. Ask the following questions to your partner. Let him/her answer "Yes, I can" or "No, I can't".

- 1) Can you ride a bicycle?
- 2) Can you play kabaddi?
- 3) Can you swim?
- 4) Can you dance?
- 5) Can you sing a song?

What else can you do? Write a few sentences on what you 'can' do and what you 'cannot do'.

8. Fun with learning : Make a paper hat.

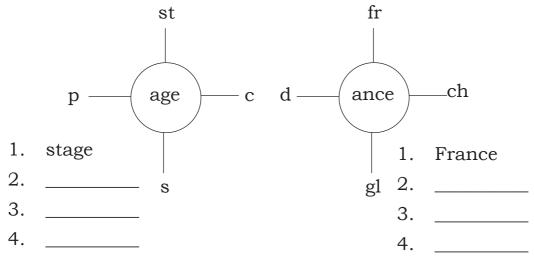


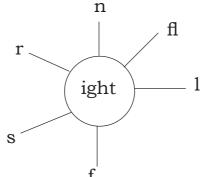


9. Make ten words using some of the letters given in the box.

e.g.: kite.

10. Sit in pairs and make new words. Read them aloud. One is done for you.





- 1. flight
- 2.
- 3.
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6. _____

11. Listen carefully and repeat after the teacher.

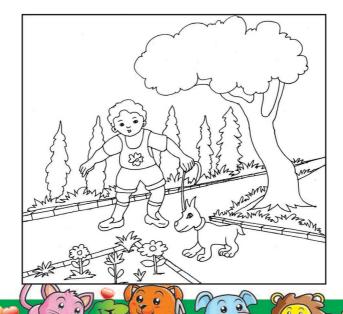
lead group style light
plead soup smile bright
read troop while height

12. Copy the sentences in the lines given below:

A day without sunshine is like a night

Laughter is the best medicine

13. Colour the picture using crayons or colour pencils.



14. Project Work

Preparation of a Scrap book

Collect pictures of different folk dance forms of our State and dance forms of other States of India. Paste them in a note book.

15. Proverb: Say the meaning of the proverb.

Hard work pays off in future; laziness pays off now.

MY PROGRESS

Read the statements and put a tick mark ✓ in the appropriate box.

S1. No.	What I have learnt	\odot	(1)	(3)
1.	I was able to read and enact the dialogue.			
2.	I was able to match the pictures with the words.			
3.	I know the different folk dance forms of Karnataka.			
4.	I am able to express my likes and dislikes.			
5.	I am able to respond to simple questions.			
6.	I am able to construct simple words.			





Stories for Listening



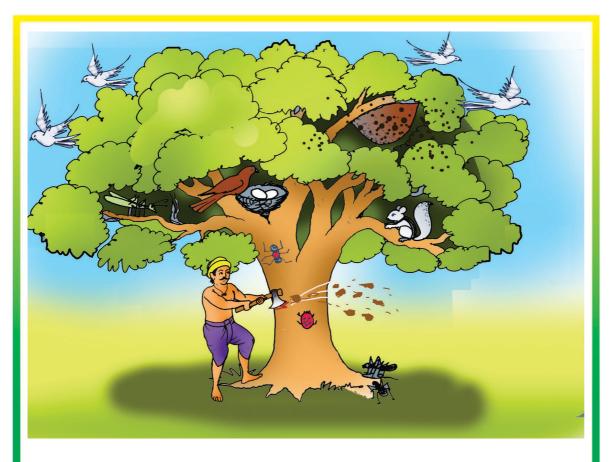
The Apple Tree

There was once an old apple tree in a farmer's garden. It could not bear fruit anymore. But a large number of sparrows, grasshoppers, squirrels and other small birds and insects lived in the tree.



One day, the farmer decided to cut down the tree. "It has become useless," he said to himself. "But its wood is still strong. I can make some tables and chairs with the wood." He took a sharp axe in his hands and struck at the roots of the tree. At once, the birds and animals in the tree cried aloud. The grasshoppers, the sparrows and the squirrels came out of their holes and nests.

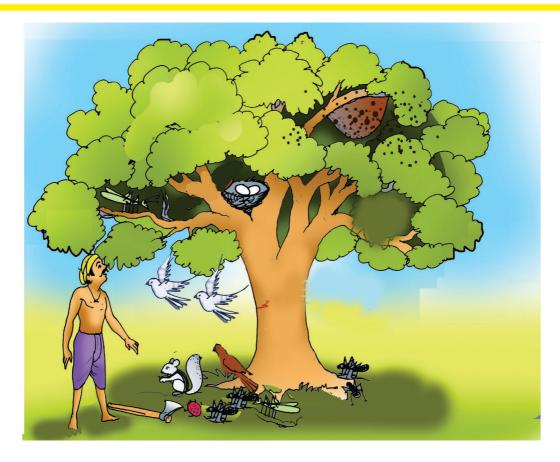




"Please, sir," they begged the farmer. "Save this tree. It's our only home!"

But the farmer only struck harder at the roots. "We'll sing to you as you work," said the sparrows. "That'll make you happy," said the squirrels. But the farmer did not listen to them.

He went on striking at the tree – harder and harder. He was in a hurry and wanted to finish off the chopping by the afternoon. As the farmer raised his axe one more time, he saw something in the hollow of the tree. It was a beehive. He looked closer. It was full of honey. He tasted the honey. "Ummmm! It tastes so sweet," he said.

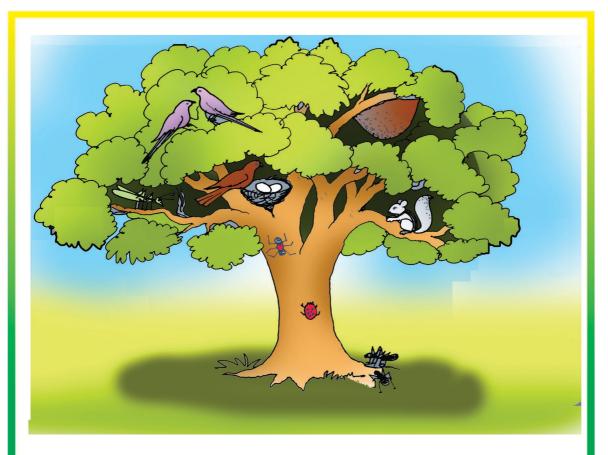


"So," said the farmer, "the tree is not useless after all. If I take some honey now, the bees will make more. They won't go away from their good home."

"Listen!" he cried to the birds and insects. "I shall not cut down this tree. It's your home. You can live in peace now." And he threw away his axe.

"The farmer isn't a kind man," said the sparrows, the grasshoppers and the squirrels. "He wants the tree because there is honey in the beehive."





But they cried out in joy. Their homes were safe.

New words: axe, chopping, hollow, beehive, nest, grasshopper

1. Match the words with the pictures. Draw lines.

axe



chopping



hollow



beehive



nest





2.	An	swer the following questions:
	1.	Who lived in the old apple tree? Tick \checkmark the correct answers.
		Squirrels insects monkeys sparrows snakes grasshoppers
	2.	Why did the farmer decide to cut down the tree? Choose the right word and write below.
		The farmer said to himself, "The tree has become
		(useful / useless)
	3.	Where was the beehive?
		The beehive was
	4.	Do you think the farmer was a kind man?
		(Yes, he was / No, he was not).

3. Match the speakers with their words.

Farmer says

Sparrows, Squirrels and grasshoppers say "Please, sir, save this tree. It's our only home!"

"We'll sing to you as you work, that'll make you happy".

"Ummmm! It tastes so sweet."

"I shall not cut down this tree. It's your home, you can live in peace now".

"The farmer isn't a kind man".

Manu and the Money

One day Manu was going to his grandma's house. On the way he found a 500 rupee note. He picked it up and looked here and there, to know whose money it was. He didn't find anyone around.





So, he kept the money with him and went on. After sometime he felt thirsty. He didn't have water. He saw a grocer's shop nearby. He went to the shop and asked for

water. The shopkeeper said, "I don't have water right now. But I have juice bottles. If you want, you can buy juice".

Manu took a juice bottle and paid for it. He drank the juice and started walking again. A little later, he found a woman on the road who was searching for









something. He stopped there and asked the woman, "What are you searching for, aunty?" The woman replied, "I have lost my 500 rupee note. I need the money urgently. I must take medicine for my son who is in hospital".

The boy then realized and said, "Oh! Aunty, please stop searching. I have your money. I found it a little behind on the path. I didn't see anyone around. So I kept the money with me. Now take this and buy medicine".







Manu continued, "But, aunty, I am so sorry. I bought a juice bottle worth rupees 20/- from your money as. I was very thirsty. Here's rupees 480/-. I am really sorry. I will return your twenty rupees after I go home aunty...! Please give me your address." The woman was happy at the boy's honesty.

She blessed him and rushed to the hospital.

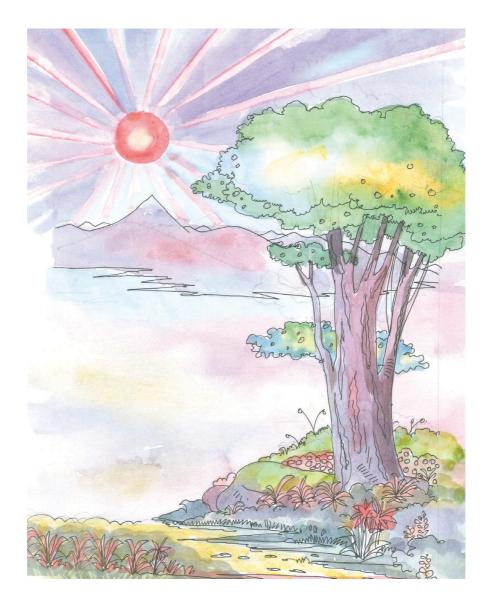
* Answer the following in a word or a phrase each.

1.	Where was Manu going?
Ans:	Manu was going to
2.	Who did Manu ask for water?
Ans:	Manu asked the
3.	What was the woman searching?
Ans:	The woman was searching for
4.	Did Manu give the money to the woman?
Ans:	



The Sun on a Holiday

One fine Sunday, Mr. Sun thought he would take a holiday. He suddenly disappeared from the sky. Darkness covered the earth.





Sparrow: Why is it so

dark? Where is the Sun? He

is nowhere.

Squirrel : Something is

wrong with the Sun.

May be he is

ill.

(Both rushed

to their

homes)

Plant:

: Where's the sun? I can't grow without his rays. I too should take

a holiday.

Crow : (Looking out

of its nest, whispered to its chicks)

Darlings, its dark outside. The Sun cannot be seen. I can't find grain for you. You will have to

go hungry today.













Honey-bee : Without

sunlight.I will not be able to find any flowers! I will also rest



today.

Drop of Water : What? The Sun is not shining?. Without

the Sun I cannot be turned into vapour. I cannot climb up into the sky. I shall

miss my trip to the sky!

Men and Women: The Sun cannot take a holiday! What is

going to happen now?

The Snow was very happy. It moved as it liked. It got colder and colder. The water in ponds, lakes and rivers froze.

Mr. Sun saw what everybody was doing while he was resting. He was shocked.

Mr. Sun: I am really sorry. I did not mean to harm anyone.

I will give up my holiday and shine again.

The Snow and the cold got scared and went away. The honeybee started buzzing. The drop of water started dancing. The wind began to move and sing. The crow left its nest to find food. Squirrels and sparrows began to jump and play.

Men, women and children came out of their homes. They welcomed the Sun. The Sun was very happy. From that day on, the Sun shines forever.

1. Answer the following questions in a word, a phrase or a sentence each.

- 1. Who disappeared from the sky suddenly?
- 2. "Something is wrong with the Sun. May be he is ill". Who said this?
- 3. Why was the Sun shocked?

chicks.

4. What did the Sun decide to do in the end?

2. Fill in the blanks with the words given below.

left, sunlight, scared, holiday.

1.	Mr. Sun thought he w	ould take a
2.	Without I flowers.	will not be able to find any
3.	The snow and the colaway.	d got and went
4.	The bird	its nest to find food for its

