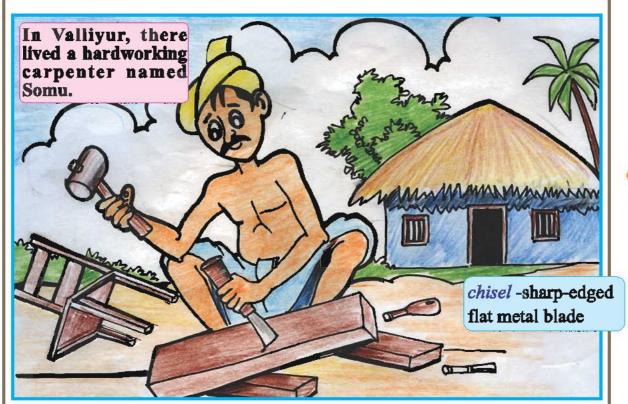


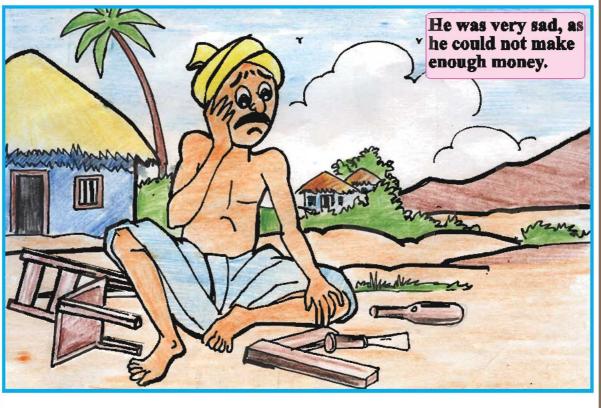
## CONTENTS **ENGLISH** (47-88)Page No. Unit Topic The Magic Chisel 1. 48 63 Bring Me A Letter I (Poem) 2. The Great Cultural Expo 66 76 My India (Poem) **Picture Dictionary** 78 80 **Grammar WorkSheet**

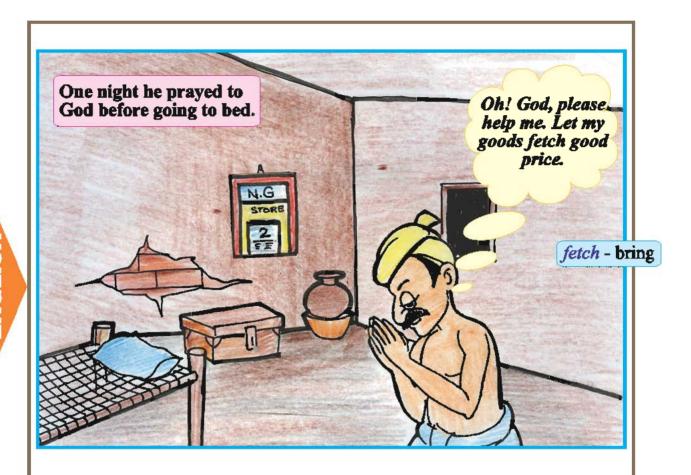
# Unit 1 - Prose Advance Organizer The teacher shares his / her childhood dreams with the children. The children are then encouraged to share their dreams. Match the tools with their users.

### THE MAGIC CHISEL

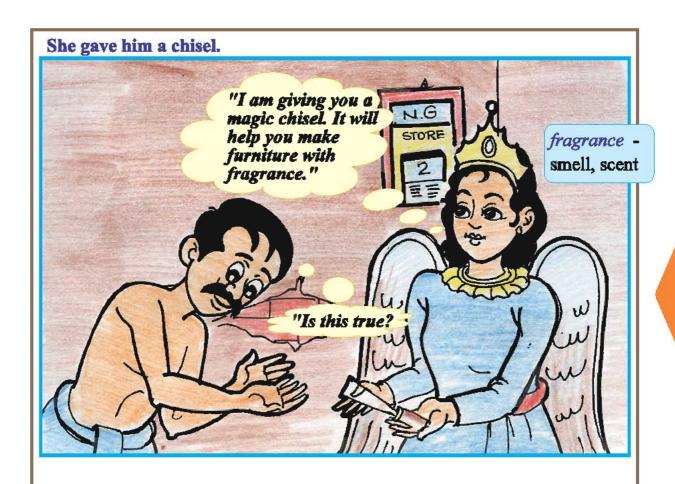
In this story, we learn an important value in life.

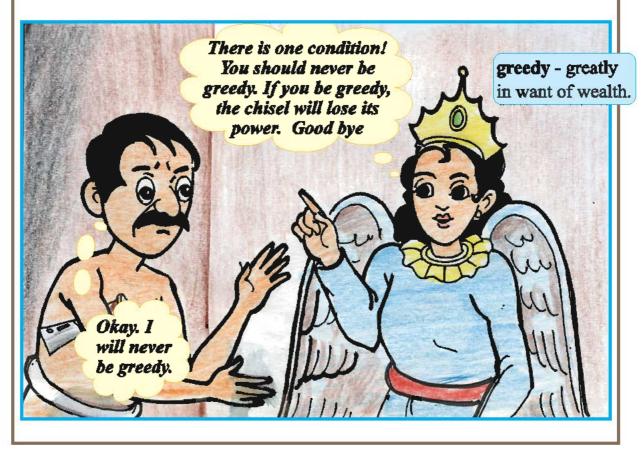




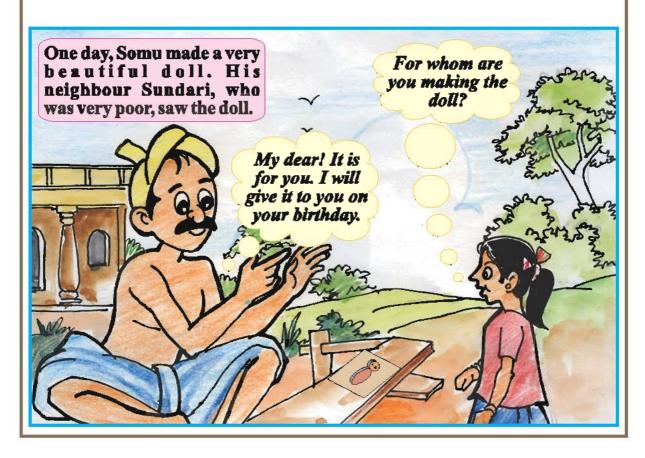


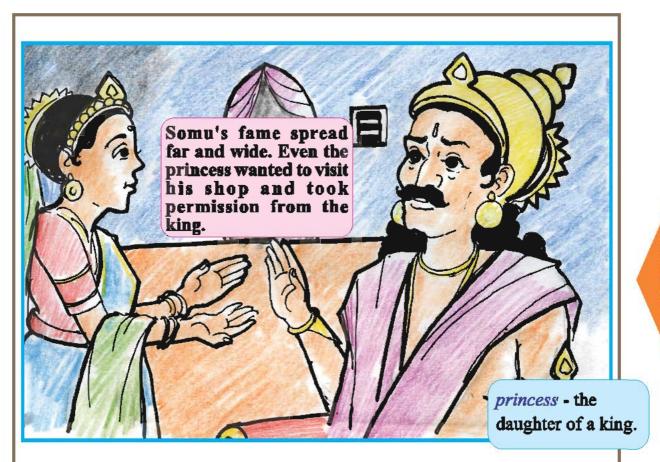




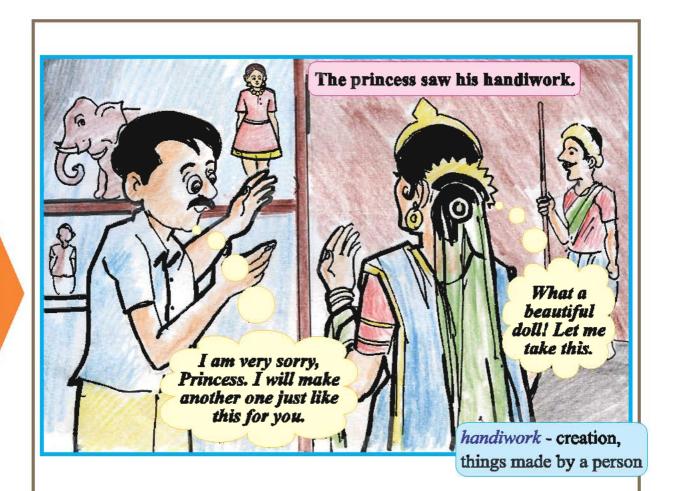


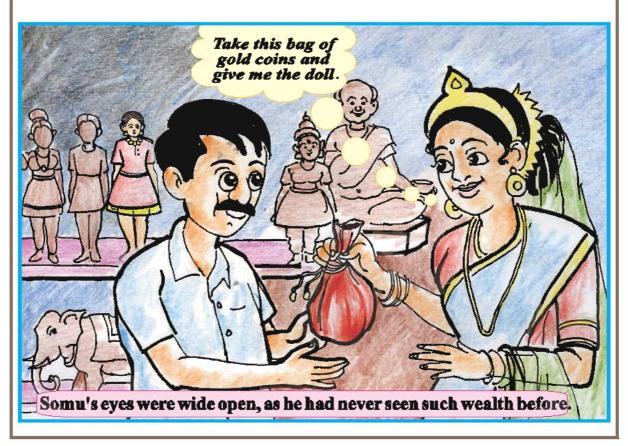




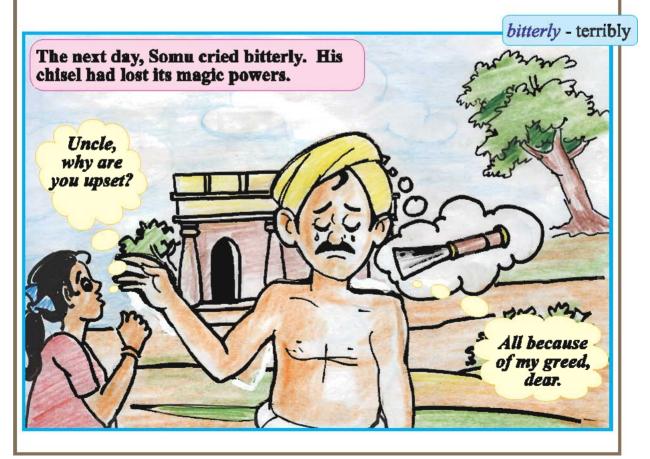


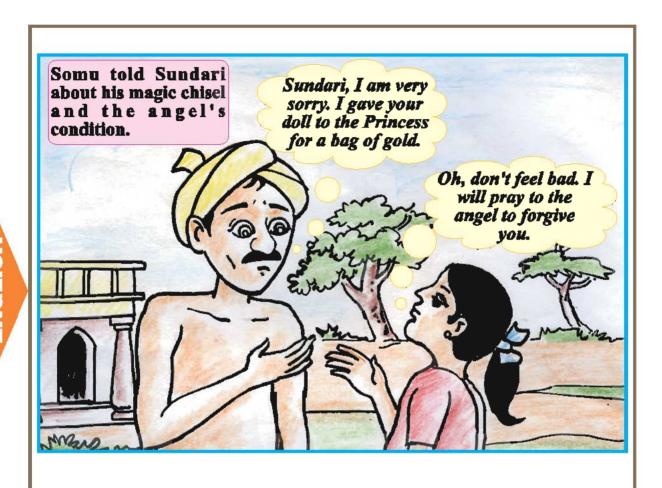


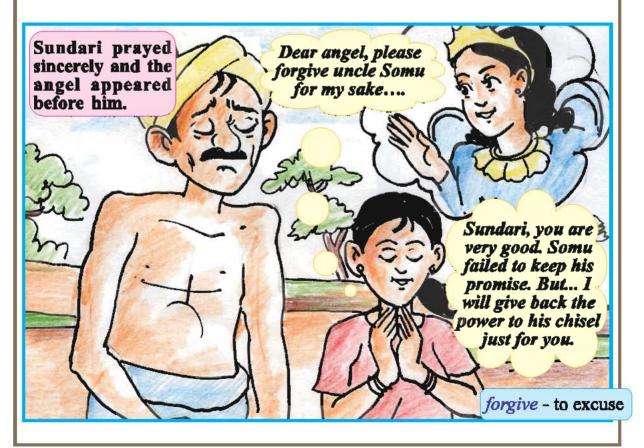


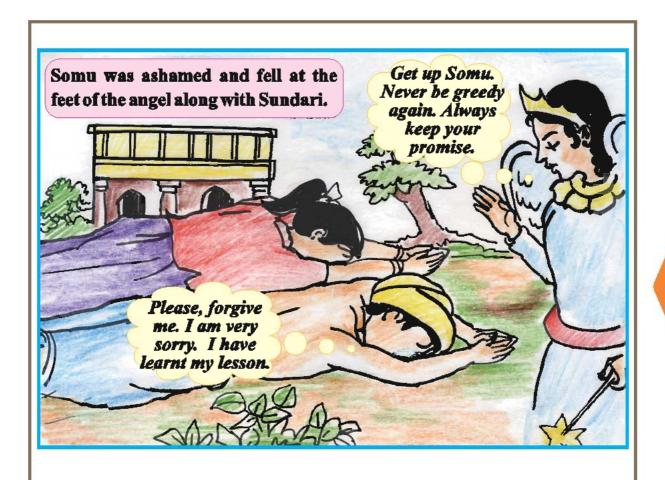


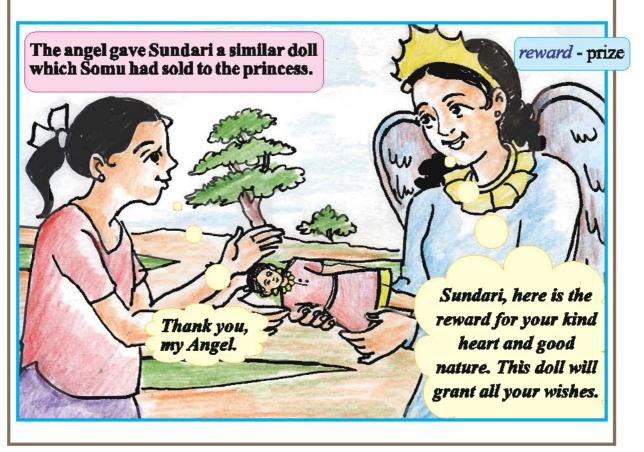














### I. Answer the following questions in complete sentences:-

- 1. Where did Somu live?
- 2. Who appeared in his dream?
- 3. What did the fairy give him?
- 4. What power did the chisel have?
- 5. What did Somu promise to give Sundari on her birthday?
- 6. Who visited Somu's shop?

### II. Choose the correct answer:-

- 1. The angel had given Somu one condition. He was not to be
  - a) happy
- b) honest
- c) greedy
- 2. Who was more generous in the story, The Magic Chisel?
  - a) The princess
- b) The angel
- c) Sundari
- 3. The story tells us that the angel helped a
  - a) Skilful carpenter b) Princess
- c) a kind hearted person

### III. Choose your helpers:-

You are building a house. Here are some persons. Whom do vou need? Circle them.



painter



carpenter



tailor



postman



electrician



policeman



mason



### LET US LISTEN AND LEARN:

 Listen to the rhyme that your teacher reads and repeat after her:

### **Squirrels**

Five little squirrels sitting on a tree,
The first one said, "What do I see?"
The second one said, "Some nuts on the ground."
The third one said, "Those nuts are found."
The fourth one said, "I'll race you there."
The fifth one said, "Alright, that's fair."
So they shook their tails and ran with glee.
To the nuts that lay at the foot of the tree.

⇒ Divide the class into small groups of five each. Play the role of each squirrel. Practise what the squirrels said.



Read the words in italics:

Thank you, Please and Sorry are the words that add sweetness to our speech.

The magical words: (Circle the magic words)
The carpenter said, "Thank you, angel."
Sundari said, "Please forgive uncle Somu."
Somu said, "Sorry! I can't keep my promise."

- 1. What will you say when some one gives you a place to sit?
- 2. How will you request your friend to lend you her/his pencil?
- 3. Imagine that you have misplaced your friend's notebook. How would you tell him/her?



### LET US READ ALOUD AND ENJOY:

gift king dream greedy fragrance swift ring scream speedy entrance lift sing cream needy occurrence Thank you?

Please

Look at the picture and complete the following tasks.



- 1. Write the naming words in the picture. (Nouns)
- 2. Write three action words. (Verbs)
- 3. Write three describing words. (Adjectives)
- 4. Write three sentences about the picture using in, on, under and between. (Preposition)
- 5. Write the names of five things that are not in the picture.
- 6. Look at the tree in the picture and write the words related to a tree in the web given below.

swing Tree

- 7. Write three sentences about the picture.
- 8. Guess a) What did they do before coming here?
  - b) What will they do after going home?
- 9. Frame questions with Where, What, Which, How many, Who and Why?

U		
-	_	
G		
F		
Ū		

ELIN	CTIONA	CD AMMAD.
		GRAMMAR:  E: It is a punctuation mark (') used to indicate possession.
	nple : Somu	
	This is in	ossessive form. ssive form in the sentences below:-
1.	Mym	brother is my uncle.
2.	My f	sister is my aunt.
3.	My a	daughter is my cousin.
4.	My f	mother is my grandmother.  Mother Father
5.	My b	daughter is my niece.
6.	My s	son is my nephew.  Brother (Uncle)  Sister (Aun
7.	My u	daughter is my cousin.  (Aunt's Da
8.	My b	son is my nephew. Cousin (Uncle's Son)
9.	My s	daughter is my niece.
10.	Му а	son is my cousin.
B. W	rite down t	ne possessive forms of the words underlined:
e.g.	This pen bel	ongs to the teacher - It is the teacher's pen.
1.	The <u>famil</u>	of Channappa was very happy
2.	. Ramesh to	ok the <u>pen</u> of <u>Hari.</u>
2	The cong	of the hird was sweet

4. The bag of the lady looked beautiful.

5. The name of the dog was Laika.

### C. Observe these sentences:

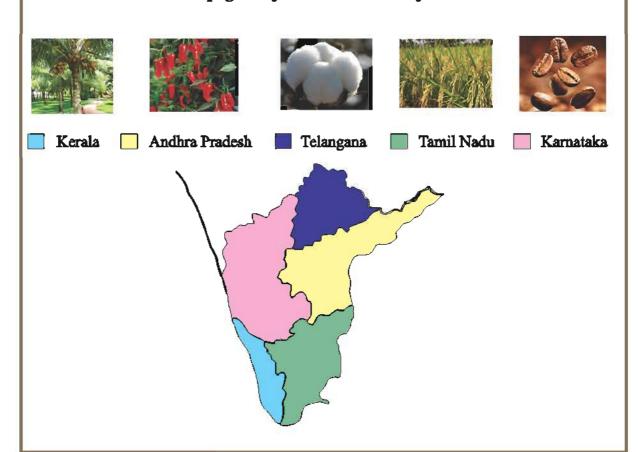
- 1. Where have you been? [Question mark]
- 2. Channappa's family entered the Tamil Nadu stall. [Apostrophe]
- 3. Food items like Vada, Dosa, Murukku and Adhirasam are mouth watering. [comma]



- 1. meera is in delhi
- 2. what work does your father do
- 3. ravi gita and anwar are playing football
- 4. my sisters dress is pink in colour

### **ACTIVITY:**

- 1. Prepare a scrapbook containing the famous features of the southern states of India.
- 2. In the South India map given fill in the states as follows:



### Advance Organizer

1. Look at the pictures below. What are these used for?











2. Listen to the conversation between Raju and Lakshmi. Lakshmi longs to receive a letter. Do you too?

Raju : Hello! Lakshmi, you look so happy today.

Lakshmi : Oh, Yes! My uncle is coming today.

Raju : How do you know?

Lakshmi : We received a letter yesterday.

Raju: Hmm! Good, have fun.

### BRING ME A LETTER!

Bring me a letter, postman!
Bring me a letter, do!
Tomorrow at the garden gate
I will wait for you.

fairy - An imaginary small creature with magical powers.

Bring me one from the fairy
Who says she'll come to tea,
Then I will put on my party frock,
How lovely that will be.



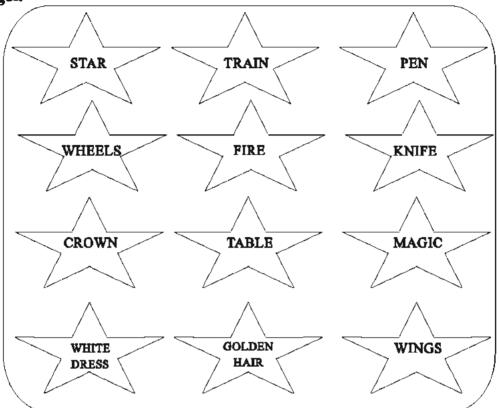
And please, oh Mr. Postman If fairies you know none, Write me a letter yourself, And bring it, just for fun.

Alice Todd

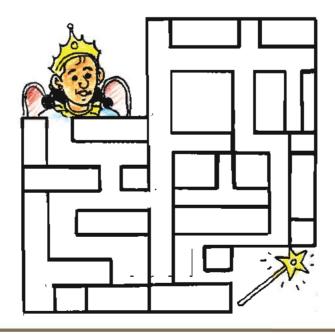
1	LET US DISCUSS: . The girl expects a letter from the f
	. The fairy will come to t
3	. She will wait at the g
4	. The girl will put on her p
I	LET US LISTEN AND LEARN:
1. Your teacher will	sing this rhyme. Listen and repeat after her.
	WISH by Joanna
If I could wish upon I wish I had a magic A magic car to take t A magic car to see di	car me places
_	
2. Write the rhymir e.g.	ng words in the wings of the fairy.
3. Familiarize the tap to tune:	rhyme with new words in the space provided and
If I could wish upon	a, I wish I had a
A to take m	ne places, Ato see different
	letters cl, pl, wl, tl, fd, md, gd and coin new words. An
example is given f	or you.
e.g. cool	

### **ACTIVITY TIME:**

• Read the words in the stars. Colour the words that are connected to the angel.



· Help the angel to find the magic wand.



# **Unit 2 - Prose** Advance Organizer What is the name of our country? · How many states are there? · Which state do you live in? · Which is our National Flag? When do we celebrate Flag day? THE GREAT CULTURAL EXPO Let us visit two Southern States in India. The school in Nellore village was buzzing with excitement. The children were dressed in colourful clothes. The entrance was decorated beautifully. There was a banner which read, Step in - Tour Tamil Nadu and Kerala buzzing - busy, active The children were busy arranging the stalls of Tamil Nadu and Kerala. Abhinav's family from Kashmir entered the TAMIL NADU stall. The traditional Sikku kolam was a welcome sight.



A girl in the Bharatanatyam costume and a couple dressed in saree and dhoti offered them kum kum, sandalwood paste and sprinkled rose water on them. Some performed the folk dances such as

Karagattam, Oyilattam, Silambattam

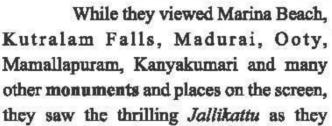
and Thappattam.







Monument structure of historical importance



tasted the sweet pongal.

They were also given hot steaming Idly with Chettinadu kuruma. Some of the food items exhibited were Vada, Dosa, Kuzhi paniyaram, Adhirasam and Murukku. They were all





delicious - very tasty



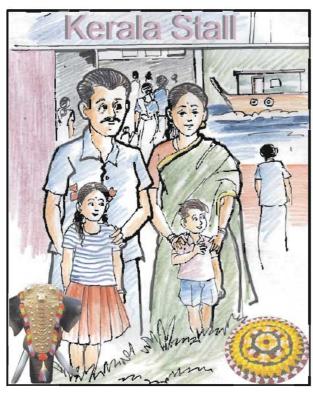
Pith work - art work done using the spongy tissues in the stems of plants. The Kancheepuram silk sarees, Thanjavur plates, pith work, earthen ware and many musical instruments found an important place in the art and craft section. When they came out Abhinav's son said, 'Tamil Nadu is excellent'.

delicious.









Sanjit's family was enjoying in the KERALA Stall.
Kerala is called "GOD'S OWN COUNTRY." Athapu, the elephants with Nettipattam welcomed





them. The family saw several dances.

Sanjit: Sonam, see there! How gracefully they dance! That is Mohiniyattam. Look here! This is Kathakali.

Sonam: Appa! See their colourful faces.

Simran: Oh! What a sweet smell. The Appam, Avial, Puttu, Kadala Kari-let me ask them for the recipe.

Sonam: Amma! No, no. See the art and craft gallery. The scent of sandal and the richness of ivory, steal my heart.

Simran: Hey! See the *Vallamkali* [boat race] on the screen.

Onam festival is also famous in Kerala.

: Appa! See the screen. Lot of tourist places - Athirapally Falls, Padmanabhapuram Palace,

Munnar, Cochin and Kovalam.

: Kerala is very beautiful!



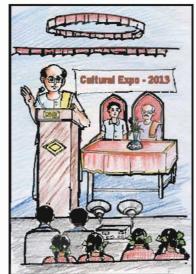
Sonam

Sanjit









[Everyone gathers in the auditorium. The Chief Guest arrives.

Chief Guest: Good evening. I'm very culture - the arts glad to see the efforts taken by the and customs of the nation. students. The exhibition is colourful and informative. The two southern states have different culture but they are inter-linked and inter-dependent. Tamil and Malayalam are a

part of Dravidian Languages and are closely

related.

citizen - native responsibility - duty uphold - Keep up

only one of "Unity in Diversity" is a unique its kind. feature of India. We are different from each other vet we are one. Every citizen has the responsibility to uphold the fame and name of the motherland.

wisdom knowledge.

unique -



### JAI HIND!!!

### LET US FIND OUT:

### I. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Where is this cultural expo taking place?
- What are the folk dance forms of Tamil Nadu?
- Name the famous festival of Tamil Nadu.
- 4. What is Kerala otherwise known as?
- 5. List out the important tourist spots of Kerala.
- 6. Which is the most famous festival celebrated in Kerala?

### II. Combine the pictures to form a new word:

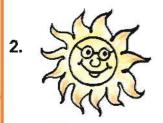


peacock



















=\_\_\_\_

### III. Complete the sentences with the opposite of the underlined words:

- 1. My house is in the <u>north</u> but my school is in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Tea is hot but ice-cream is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. The pen is on top of the shelf but the book is at the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. I <u>love</u> honest people but I <u>liars</u>.
- 5. Fish can live in water but will \_\_\_\_\_ out of it.

### IV. Rearrange the words to form meaningful sentences:

- 1. shall/come/I/tomorrow
- 2. yesterday/she/reading/was/my/book
- 3. playing/now/are/we/cricket
- 4. am/painting/I/the/picture
- 5. be/leaving/will/he/this/evening



### LET US LISTEN:

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words aloud. Write in the box whether the pair of words pronounced is Same or Different:-

e.g. lion-line [different]; steal-steel [same]

1. Accept - except
2. Right - write
3. Dye - die
4. Higher - hair
5. I - eye



### LET US SPEAK AND DISCUSS

- 1. Why do you think your state is beautiful? Discuss in small groups.
- 2. Imagine you had seen the Independence Day parade in Delhi. Narrate your experience to your friends using the clues given in italics.

Red Fort, Order, Uniform, Drums, Horses, People, Prime Minister, Speech, Salute





### LETUS READ:

1. Circle the emblem of our nation:











2. Match the dance forms with the states:

DANCE FORM	STATE	
Bharatanatyam	Kerala	
Kathakali	Andhra Pradesh	
Kuchupudi	Tamil Nadu	

3. Identify the monuments given below. Write their names using the help box given below:

(Mamallapuram, Charminar, Gate way of India, Hampi, Taj Mahal)











#### **FUNCTIONAL GRAMMAR**

### I. Past and Present

The teacher divides the class into two groups. The children in group A tell a sentence in *Present tense*. The children in group B tell the same sentence in *Past tense*.

e.g: A Student from Group A: We play cricket on all holidays.

A Student from Group B: We played cricket last Sunday.

### II. Tick the correct describing word (Adjective) for the picture:

- 1) cold
  - hungry
  - ♦ warm



- 2) noisy
  - ♦ handsome
  - bad



- 3) fast
  - slow
  - sluggish



- 4) sleepy
  - ♦ fat
  - far



- 5) lazy
  - sick
  - full



### III. Fill in the blanks of the rhyme with suitable articles: (a, an, the)

### **INVISIBLE BOY**

Here we see \_\_\_\_ invisible boy

In his lovely invisible house,

Feeding \_\_\_ piece of invisible cheese

To small, little invisible mouse.

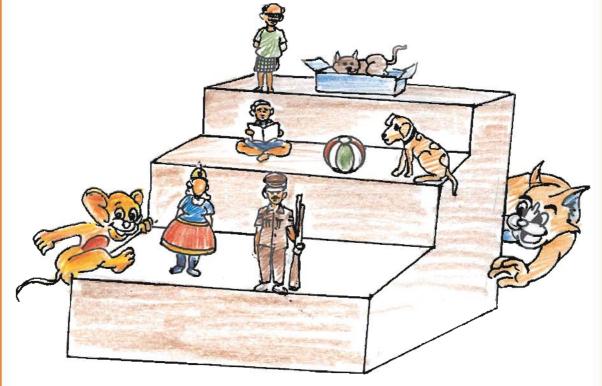
Oh! What \_\_\_\_ beautiful picture to see!

Will you draw \_\_\_ invisible picture for me?



Join the dots and make the boy visible!

IV. a. Fill in the blanks in the following text choosing the correct preposition from the list given: (between, in, on, inside, behind, over)



- 1. Tom is \_\_\_\_\_ the wooden step.
- 2. The cat is \_\_\_\_\_ the box.
- 3. A man is standing \_\_\_\_\_ the top step.
- 4. The ball is \_\_\_\_\_ the dog and the boy.
- 5. Jerry is climbing \_\_\_\_\_ the step.
- 6. The rifle is held \_\_\_\_\_ the police man's hand.

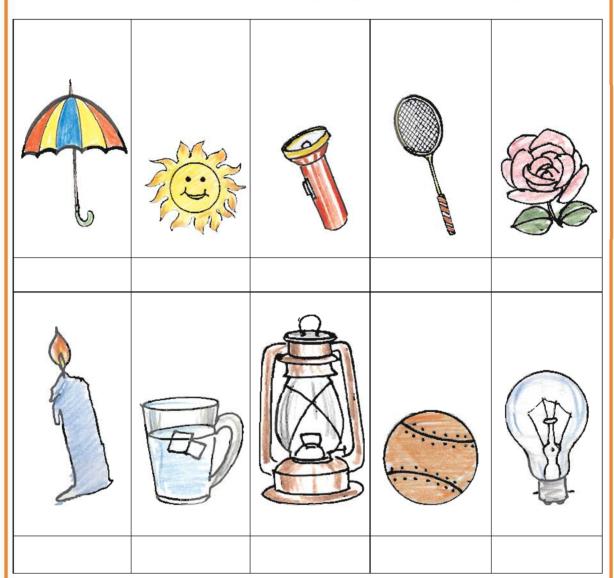


# b. Game: Your teacher will read out a sentence. Mark the correct number of the sentence in the correct box. Listen to every word carefully. See the example given.

Object				
			1	

- e.g. 1. A cat is on the chair.
  - 2. The book is under the chair.
  - 3. A monkey is in front of the tree.
  - 4. A boy is behind the tree.
  - 5. The book is on the chair.
  - 6. The monkey is on the table.
  - 7. A monkey is on the chair.
  - 8. A cat is under the chair.
  - 9. The book is on the table.
  - 10. The boy is in front of the tree.
  - 11. The monkey is behind the tree.
  - 12. The cat is under the table.
  - 13. The cat is on the table.

# V. 'Can' and 'Can't' Look at the pictures. Which of these can give light? Write "It can " or "It can't" in the space provided below the pictures:-



The full form of can't is 'can not'.

### VI. Write the full forms of:

- 1. didn't
- 2. isn't
- 3. won't
- 4. aren't
- 5. haven't

### Advance Organizer 🥟

Discuss with your friends and match the following important days:

7<sup>th</sup> December

Independence Day Republic Day

14<sup>th</sup> November

Flag Day Gandhi Javanti 26° January

15th August

Children's Day

2nd October



Unity is our country's strength !

### MY INDIA

Love for my country, I cannot hide, Burning within me, rooted inside, "Pledge taking" teaches brotherhood, Loyalty to all from childhood.

This beautiful country, where I live, With all her love, is ready to give. A feeling of unity in diversity, To its people living in simplicity.

To live in India, I'm surely blessed, For no one here, is ever stressed, Strangers come, to know its beauty, Sharing her knowledge is my duty.

burning - very strong rooted - deeply fixed loyalty - faithful

- Eather Stanley



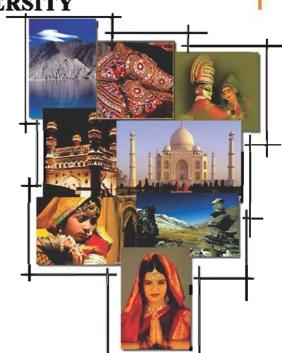
- I. Fill in the blanks:
- 1. I cannot hide the ...... for my country.
- 2. I learn ......from the country's pledge.
- 3. The word 'strangers' refer to .......
- II. Pick out the rhyming words from the poem, "My Country" for, hide, brotherhood, live, diversity, blessed and duty.

#### RHYME TIME:

Read the poem given below and learn to lead a life in unity.

### **UNITY IN DIVERSITY**

Unity, there always must be unity
Don't be misled by diversity.
People in India should have unity
For Indians always have integrity.
We should always stand united
For Indians can never be divided.
Non-violence is India's history
That is what set India free.
India is known for its universality
As an Indian I am proud of its beauty.



### **ACTIVITY TIME:**

Prepare a greeting card to present to your teacher for any festival of your choice:-

- Take a thick sheet of paper and fold into half.
- Draw and write wishes for the special day and decorate it with glitters and bindi.



### PICTURE DICTIONARY



Alligator – a large animal like a crocodile.

Bee – an insect that makes honey and wax.

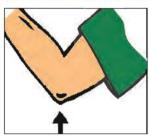




Cave – a large hole inside a mountain or under a ground.

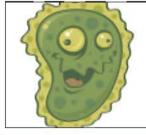
Desert – a large area of dry land.





 $E {\tt lbow-the\ part\ in\ the\ middle\ of\ your\ arm}$  where it bends.  $F {\tt lour-powder\ from\ rice\ or\ grain}.$ 





Germ – a very tiny living thing that causes illness.

Hatch - to be born by coming out of an egg.





Island – a piece of land with water around it.

Jungle – a thick forest in a hot country.

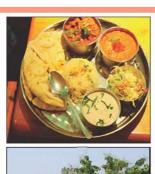




Kennel – a shelter outdoor for dogs.

Ladder – a wooden or metal frame with step used for climbing up or down.





Meal – the food that you eat at breakfast, lunch or supper.

 $N_{\text{est}-a}$  home of a bird.



Orchard – a fruit garden. Pond – a small lake.





Quarry – a place where sandstone or gravel is cut out of the ground.

 $R_{\text{eptile}-\text{an animal that creeps or crawls.}}$ 





Sapling – a young tree.

Tunnel – an underground passage made through a mountain.





 $U_{\text{tensil}-\text{vessels used in the kitchen.}}$   $V_{\text{ase-pot to keep flowers.}}$ 





Weep – to show you are unhappy by crying.

Xylophone – a musical instrument.





 $Y_{awn-to}$  open your mouth widely.

Zig zag - a line with a sharp turn like 'Z'.



### **GRAMMAR WORKSHEET**

### I. PRONOUNS.

Warm - up.

### A. Look at the pictures and fill up the blanks:

(Use the words given in the picture)

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_am Ranjit.
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_are friends.
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_are welcome.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_can meet the doctor now.
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ is coming.
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ is there.
- 7. \_\_\_\_ are playing with a doll.





The words you have filled in is called a pronoun. Pronouns are used instead of a noun.

The words you have used are called subject pronouns.

### Now see the table:

Subject pronoun	I	you	he	She	they	lt
Object pronoun	Me	you	him	Her	them	lt

Subject pronouns come in the place of a subject.

2. My mom is a good cook.

- 3. The lion is the king of the forest.
- 4. These are wild geese.
- 5. You are a kind girl.

In the above sentences 'is' and 'are' are verbs, but they do not show any action. They are called as **BEING VERBS**.

### B. Now underline the verbs in these sentences:

- 1. Praveen had a sandwich for lunch.
- 2. Jim has a shower everyday.
- 3. Rita has a big garden in her house.
- 4. I have two dogs at home.
- 5. Lion has a lovely mane.
- 6. Giraffe has a long neck.

In the above sentences, *has*, *have* and *had* are verbs. They are called as HAVING VERBS.

### III. ADVERBS

Read the sentences given below, and answer the questions.

1. The children were dressed colourfully.

Question: How were the children dressed?

2. The entrance was decorated beautifully.

Question: How was the entrance decorated?

Did you notice that the words like "colourfully and beautifully" tell us more about the verb words "dressed" and "decorated". Such words are called ADVERBS.

Adverbs are words that tell us more about verbs.

(We have already learnt that verbs are action words).

A. Can you change these adjectives into adverbs? Just add 'ly' to the words!
a. brave
b. bright
c. hot
d. sweet
e. graceful
f. rich
g. different
h. famous
B. Sometimes, the adverb comes by adding 'ily'. See these examples.
a. dirty (take off 'y' and add 'ily'
b. noisy
c. hungry
d. happy
C. Now let's see if you can find the verb and underline them. Find the adverbs and circle them in the following sentences!
Teacher asked me to walk softly.
Vamshika sat in the class quietly.
3. Priyan ran fast.
4. The hippopotamus opened its mouth wide.
5. The children in class III entered the class noisily.
Greet your elders politely.
7. Chitra dances gracefully.

- 8. The sandal furniture smelt sweetly.
- 9. Somu did his work perfectly.
- 10. Somu was crying bitterly.

### IV. APOSTROPHE.

- Somu's handiwork
- Kohli's bat
- Dog's tail

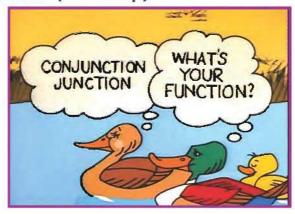


An apostrophe is a punctuation mark. It is used when one thing belongs to another.

### A. Can you insert the apostrophe correctly?

- 1. Kamalas book
- 2. Kevins bag
- 3. Grandpas stick
- 4. Lions mane
- 5. Teachers specs
- 6. Uncles mobile phone
- 7. Schools gate
- 8. Padmas dance
- 9. My friends pen
- 10. Mothers salwar

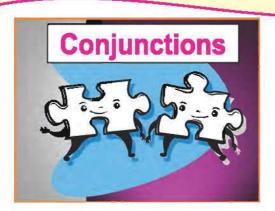
### V. CONJUNCTIONS. (Warm up)



### Read aloud:

- Ravi is playing foot ball. Raja is also playing football.
   Ravi and Raja are playing football.
- I might visit Karnataka. I like to visit Kerala.
  I might visit Karnataka but I like to visit Kerala.
- Would you like to have tea? Would you like to have coffee?
  Would you like to have tea or coffee?

The words in red – and, but, or are called conjunctions. Conjunctions are joining words. They help in joining two or more sentences.

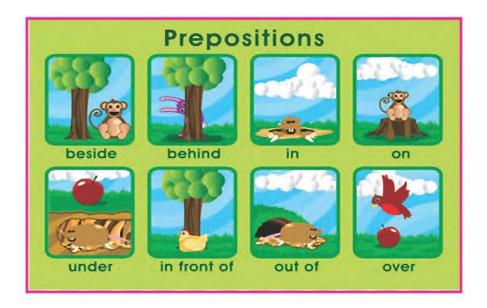


- A. Are you able to find out the conjunctions hiding in these sentences? Come on find them out. Circle them.
- 1. Somu made good furniture and soon became rich.
- 2. Sundari prayed sincerely and the angel appeared.
- 3. I will give you the magic chisel but you never must be greedy.
- 4. Would you like to become a painter or a policeman?
- 5. I wish I had a magic balloon or a magic car!

### B. Now fill in the blanks with and / but / or.

- 1. Ramu \_\_\_\_\_ Shamu are my close friends.
- 2. Either my mother \_\_\_\_\_ father will come to collect my Report Card.
- 3. I love to eat mangoes \_\_\_\_\_ I am not able to eat now.
- 4. The telephone rang \_\_\_\_\_ no one picked up.
- 5. Chennai is hot \_\_\_\_\_ dusty now.

### VI. PREPOSITIONS. (Warm-Up)



- The monkey stands beside the tree.
- The hen is in front of the tree.
- The bird flutters over the apple.

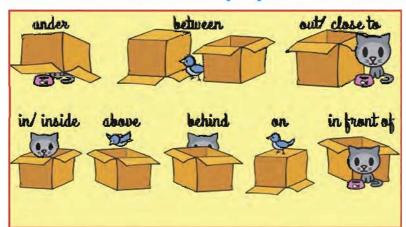
The words given in red are called prepositions.

A preposition is a word that tells us the position of a noun in a sentence. Usually it comes in between two nouns, and shows how they are related to one another.

### A. Circle the preposition, and underline the two nouns in the following sentences.

- 1. My mother is going to the market.
- 2. The car is parked in the shed.
- 3. The rabbit is hiding under the bush.
- 4. The badger burrows under the ground.
- 5. The racoon is coming out of the cave.
- 6. The monkey is sitting on a tree stump.
- 7. Some animal is hiding behind a tree.
- 8. The bakery is below the jewellery shop.
- 9. The train started from the station.
- 10. I play with my friend.

### B. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions from the box.



- 1. The toy is \_\_\_\_\_ of the box.
- 2. The bird is \_\_\_\_\_ the box.
- 3. The little blue jay flies \_\_\_\_\_ the box.
- 4. The cat is \_\_\_\_\_ the box.
- 5. I sit \_\_\_\_\_ Praveen and Shyam.
- 6. There is a chalk piece \_\_\_\_\_\_the table.
- 7. The children run \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the class, as soon as the bell rings.
- 8. Isleep \_\_\_\_\_ my mom.
- 9. We see the stars \_\_\_\_\_ the sky.
- 10. Don't go \_\_\_\_\_ to the edge of the rock.

### 'I can, I did' Student's Activity Record

### Subject:

SI. No.	Date	Lesson No.	Topic of the Lesson	Activities	Remarks