

Difference between Rajya Sabha and Vidhan Sabha is explained here in detail. This topic is important from the perspective of Indian Polity Syllabus. The Parliament of India comprises the President, Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha (Upper House). The Lower House of State Legislature is known as the Legislative Assembly (Vidhan Sabha). The difference between Rajya Sabha and Vidhan Sabha given here can help the UPSC Civil Service exam aspirants to understand the basics better and know their comparisons thoroughly.

**BYJU'S**  
The Learning App

# Difference Between Rajya Sabha and Vidhan Sabha

RAJYA SABHA	VIDHAN SABHA
30 years	25 years
Permanent	Not Permanent
6 Years Tenure	5 Years Tenure

Aspirants would find this article very helpful while preparing for the [IAS Exam](#).

The major difference between Rajya Sabha and Vidhan Sabha are:

Sl.No.	Rajya Sabha (Council of States)	Vidhan Sabha (State Legislative Assembly)
1	Rajya Sabha refers to the Upper House of the Indian Parliament.	Vidhan Sabha refers to the lower house of the State Legislature
2	Rajya Sabha members are indirectly elected by the elected	Members of State Legislative Assembly or Vidhan Sabha are elected through direct

	representatives of the Assemblies of States and Union Territories	elections, that is they are directly elected by people.
3	The minimum age required to become a member of Rajya Sabha is 30 years	The Minimum age required to become a member of Vidhan Sabha is 25 years
4	The Vice President is the chairman of Rajya Sabha.	Speaker is the presiding officer of the Vidhan Sabha
5	Strength of Rajya Sabha is 250 members	In Vidhan Sabha, the maximum number of members is 500 and minimum number of members is 60.
6	Each member is elected for a term of 6 years	Each member is elected for a term of 5 years. 1/3rd members retire every second year.
7	There is only 1 Rajya Sabha in India.	All the states in India have Vidhan Sabha (State Legislative Assembly)
8	Rajya Sabha is a permanent body	Vidhan Sabha is not a permanent body.

These are the main differences between Rajya Sabha and Vidhan Sabha. The differences given in the above table can help the UPSC Civil Service Exam aspirants to answer any related questions easily in the exams.

After learning about the Rajya Sabha and Vidhan Sabha difference, it is better to know the details of members, chairman and elections of Rajya Sabha, elections composition and important amendments of Lok Sabha, powers and functions of Legislative Assembly, differences between Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha as well as differences between Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad thoroughly. Visit the below-given links to learn about Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha, differences between Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha and the differences between Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad, in detail along with other information.

- [Rajya Sabha - Members, Chairman and Elections of Rajya Sabha](#)
- [Lok Sabha - Elections, Composition and Important Amendments](#)
- [State Legislature - Powers and Functions of Legislative Assembly](#)
- [Difference between Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha](#)
- [Difference between Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad](#)

UPSC Civil Service Exam aspirants should diligently study the [Indian Polity Notes](#), as it is an extremely important component of UPSC Civil Service Exam Syllabus.

The above details would help candidates prepare for [UPSC 2020](#).

## Related Links

<a href="#">IAS Salary</a>	<a href="#">Static GK</a>
<a href="#">12 schedule of Indian Constitution</a>	<a href="#">Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana</a>
<a href="#">National Highway Authority of India</a>	<a href="#">Black Soil in India</a>
<a href="#">Civil Engineering Syllabus</a>	<a href="#">GC Leong Geography</a>