## CCE RF CCE RR

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪ್ರೌಢ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಪರೀಕ್ಸಾ ಮಂಡಳಿ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು – 560 003

KARNATAKA SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION BOARD, MALLESWARAM, BANGALORE - 560 003

ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಲ್.ಸಿ. ಪರೀಕ್ಸೆ, ಮಾರ್ಚ್ / ಏಪ್ರಿಲ್ – 2016

S. S. L. C. EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL, 2016

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ ರಗಳು

## **MODEL ANSWERS**

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 11. 04. 2016 ]

Date : 11. 04. 2016 ]

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 85-E

CODE NO. : 85-E

ವಿಷಯ : ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

# Subject : SOCIAL SCIENCE

( ಹೊಸ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ / New Syllabus )

( ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ + ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / Regular Fresh + Regular Repeater ) ( ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ / English Version )

[ ಪರಮಾವಧಿ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80

#### [ Max. Marks : 80

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
I.	Multiple Choice : $10 \times 1 = 10$	
1.	$\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{led}$ to the creation of a federal structure in the country.	1
2.	B - (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), (d) - (iii)	1
3.	B — Stree Shakti	1
4.	A — Human Rights were declared	1
5.	A — Employing children for work	1
6.	B — 1 — Bhakra Nangal, 2 — Kosi, 3 — Nagarjuna Sagar	1
7.	A — Kerala	1
8.	C— Sir M. Vishveswaraiah	1
9.	A — the increase in the production of foodgrains	1
10.	D — Azim Premji.	1
	<b>( ] RF+RR-437 ( + )</b> [	Turn over

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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Tota
I.	Answer the following questions in a sentence each : $14 \times 1 = 14$	
11.	More than 70% of the Indians were illiterate.	1
12.	In order to propagate the ideals of Ramakrishna Paramahamsa.	1
13.	Because of the defeat of Russia in the hands of Japan.	1
14.	It is inhuman and against human rights	1
15.	Nelson Mandela	1
16.	To avoid discrimination in remuneration.	1
17.	To free children from exploitation and to rehabilitate.	1
18.	i) The sunrays are perpendicular in the Northern hemisphere	
	ii) Days are quite long	
	iii) Away from the sea. (Any one)	1
19.	By adopting technology.	1
20.	This is the period of South-West monsoons. Farmers depend on it for agriculture.	1
21.	Due to deep excavation of earth to reach the ore deposits — Loosen the land.	1
22.	Central Finance Minister.	1
23.	Reserve Bank of India ( RBI )	1
24.	i) To establish industries in rural area.	
	<ul><li>ii) To provide integrated administrative support for promotion of small scale industries in rural areas. (any one)</li></ul>	1



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QII. Nos.	Value Points	Total
III.	Answer the following questions in <i>two</i> sentences each : $15 \times 2 = 30$	I
25.	i) Compass	
	ii) Gun powder	
	iii) Naval equipment	
	iv) Maps.	
	Use of these scientific instruments made sea voyages easy. $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
26.	i) Bidar	
	ii) Gulbarga	
	iii) Yadgir	
	iv) Koppal	
	v) Bellary	
	vi) Raichur. (any four) $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
27.	i) Endless struggle	
	ii) Suppressive measures by Portuguese	
	iii) Liberation movement from Satyagrahis	
	iv) Intervention of Indian Army, India took control over Goa (1961).	
	OR	
	i) Shelter	
	ii) Employment	
	iii) Land	
	iv) Education	
	v) Health care	
	vi) Social environment	
	efforts were made to provide these facilities to refugees $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
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Qn. Ios.		Value Points	Tota
28.	i)	Greatness of Aryan race	
	ii)	Only Germans are eligible to rule the world	
	iii)	Jews are responsible for Germans' problems	
	iv)	Appointment of ministers called 'Goebels'.	
	v)	Organisation of outfit called 'Brown shirts'.	
	vi)	Mass massacres ( Holocaust )	
	vii)	Concentration camps	
	viii)	Hitler's ambition — cause for II World War. $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
29.	i)	Splits the society on the basis of religion.	
	ii)	Creates threat	
	iii)	Affects National integrity	
	iv)	Leads to social unrest	
	v)	Ruins life and property. $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
30.	i)	Solves economic problems	
	ii)	Promotes World Trade	
	iii)	Promotes economic stability	
	iv)	Promotes sound balance payment	
	v)	Central Bank of central banks	
	vi)	Strives to harmonize relations between advanced and poor nations. $4\times \frac{1}{2}$	2
31.	i)	Self awareness, self motivation and mutual trust	
	ii)	Social and economic necessities	
	iii)	10 - 20 members	
	iv)	Local groups. $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
32.	i)	It has rich deposits of minerals	
	ii)	Rivers are helpful for the production of hydro-electricity	
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Qn. Ios.	Value Points	Tota
33.	i) Contour ploughing	
	ii) Construction of bunds	
	iii) Development of terraced agricultural field	
	iv) Afforestation	
	v) Prevention of deforestation	
	vi) Control of livestock grazing	
	vii) Planned use of water	
	viii) Construction of check dams. (any <i>four</i> ) $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
34.	Evergreen Desert	
	<ul><li>i) Regions receiving more than i) Regions receiving less than</li><li>250 cm of annual rainfall</li><li>50 cm of annual rainfall.</li></ul>	
	ii) Trees are always green and ii) Short vegetation tall	
	<ul><li>iii) Found in Western Ghats, iii) Found in Thar deserts and</li><li>North-eastern states</li><li>its adjoining states</li></ul>	
	iv) Rose, Teak iv) Date, Palm. (any two)	2
35.	i) Greenhouse effect	
	ii) Global warming	
	iii) Environmental pollution	
	iv) Resources get exhausted. (any two)	2
36.	Helps	
	i) to learn about various incidents of different places	
	ii) to create awareness about the policies of the government	
	iii) to speed the developmental process	
	iv) for the development of Trade and Commerce	
	v) to strengthen the unity and stability of the country. (any <i>two</i> )	2

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Nos.		Value Points		Tota
37.	i)	Establishment of industrial areas outside the city limits		
	ii)	Giving importance for rural handicrafts		
	iii)	Pura project		
	iv)	Transportation facilities from cities to rural areas		
	v)	Establishment of satellite towns.	( any <i>two</i> )	2
38.	i)	Does not reveal the distribution of income		
	ii)	May not increase the standard of life		
	iii)	Does not take into consideration education or health.	(any <i>two</i> )	2
39.	i)	Cities are becoming garbage dumps		
	ii)	Causes air, sound, water pollutions.		2
IV.	Ans	swer the following questions in <i>six</i> sentences each :	6 × 3 = 18	
40.		Political Causes		
	i)	Policy of Doctrine of Lapse		
	ii)	Satara, Jhansi, Udaipur, Jaipur came under British con	ntrol	
	iii)	Cancellation of princely titles		
	iv)	Removal of kings from the power		
	v)	Unemployment of Soldiers.		
		Economic Causes		
	i)	Industrial revolution		
	ii)	Unemployment of craftsmen		
	iii)	Heavy tax on sale of Indian goods.		
	iv)	Exploitation of farmers by Zamindars.		
	v)	Inam lands were taken back.	2 1	3
		( Any <i>three</i> from each aspect )	$3 \times 1$	3
	•,	OR		
	i)	Introduction of systematic education.	1-	
	ii) iii)	Foundation laid for English education by William Bentin Teaching of western literature, humanities and science.		
	iv)	Calcutta, Bombay, Madras — Universities		
	v)	Priority was given for Primary education		
	v) vi)	Establishment of Public Education Department.		
	vi)	Lord Curzon worked for the progress of education.	$6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
	·)	(†) (RF+RR-437) (†)	- 2	3

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Qn. Nos.		Value Points	Total
41.	i)	National interest	
	ii)	Geographical aspects	
	iii)	Political situation	
	iv)	Economic system	
	v)	Defence capability	
	vi)	Public opinion	
	vii)	International circumstances. $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
		OR	
	i)	Indo-Soviet co-operation continued in political, economic and other fields	
	ii)	Russia condemned China's aggression.	
	iii)	Co-operation for Tashkent pact.	
	iv)	Entered into 20 years treaty of peace, friendship and co-operation.	
	v)	Russia assisted India to have steel plants at Bhilai and Bokaro	
	vi)	Supporting India's claim for permanent seat in the Security Council of UNO. $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
42.	i)	Prohibition of practice of untouchability (Art. 17)	
	ii)	Untouchability Crime Act, 1955	
	iii)	Citizens' Rights Protection Act, 1976	
	iv)	Universal Suffrage, Right to equality	
	v)	Reservation in educational, political, economic and employment opportunities.	
	vi)	The regulation of 1989 — State Govt.	
	vii)	All citizens are equal. $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
		OR	
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Qn. Ios.	Value Points		Tota
	i) Population control		
	ii) Encouragement to cottage industries		
	iii) Agricultural Development		
	iv) Industrial development		
	v) Educational reforms		
	vi) Five-Year Plans		
	vii) Encouragement to vocational education		
	viii) Rural development programmes		
	ix) Employment guarantee programme.	$6  imes rac{1}{2}$	3
43.	i) Kandla		
	ii) Mumbai		
	iii) Marmagoa		
	iv) New Mangalore port		
	v) Kochi		
	vi) Tuticorin		
	vii) Chennai		
	viii) Vishakhapatnam		
	ix) Paradwip		
	x) Kolkata		
	xi) Haldia.	$6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
	OR		
	i) Availability of raw materials		
	ii) Energy resources		
	iii) Market		
	iv) Transport facility		
	v) Availability of labour		
	vi) Port facility		
	vii) Land availability at low cost		
	viii) Technology		
	ix) Governmental policies.	$6  imes rac{1}{2}$	3

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Qn. Nos.		Value Points	Total
44.	i)	Development of housing, education, health, hygiene, transport.	
	ii)	Improvement of knowledge, skills and capability	
	iii)	Making agriculture a profitable and attractive occupation	
	iv)	To avoid the migration of rural people to cities	
	v)	To improve small scale and cottage industries	
	vi)	Continued employment opportunities for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other backward classes	
	vii)	Providing essential facilities. $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
		OR	
	i)	The net profit earned by RBI	
	ii)	The net profit generated by the Indian Railways	
	iii)	The revenue generated by the post and telecommunications	
	iv)	The revenue generated by the public sector industries	
	v)	The revenue generated by the coins & mints	
	vi)	Various types of the fees and penalties etc. $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
45.	i)	Facilitates a safe custody of money	
	ii)	Helps in making payments	
	iii)	Helps in collection of money	
	iv)	A/c holders may get advances and loans	
	v)	Helps in smooth financial transactions	
	vi)	A/c holders may get safe deposit locker facilities.	
		OR	
	i)	It covers the risk of death, disability or loss	
	ii)	It encourages compulsory savings	
	iii)	It achieves the purpose of life assured	
	iv)	It gives the peace of mind	
	v)	It helps when loss of life occurs	
	vi)	It helps for social benefits	
	vii)	It promotes investment of funds	
	viii)	It facilitates for the payment of debits	
	ix)	It provides loan facility	
	x)	Tax relief. $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
V. 46.	Answer the following question in about <i>eight</i> sentences :4i)Advocated social and economic freedomii)Fought against caste systemiii)Mahad and Kalaram temple movementsiv)Established 'Bahishkruta Hitakarini Sabha'v)Established 'Swatantra Karmika Party'vi)Published —Prabuddha BharataJanataMukanayakaBahishkruta Bharata Papersvii)Worked towards the progress of agricultural laboursviii)Chairman of constitution drafting committee	
	ix) Served as Law Minister x) 'Bharat Ratna' awarded for his lifetime achievement. $8 \times \frac{1}{2}$	
VI. 47.	India	1 + 3 = 4

Qn. Nos.		Value Points	Total
	Alt	Alternative Question for Blind Candidates only :	
	( in lieu of Q. No. 47 )		
	i)	Provide protection	
	ii)	Obstructs the cold winds	
	iii)	Birth place of many rivers	
	iv)	Facilitate hydro-electric power generation	
	v)	Great plains	
	vi)	Many types of plants	
	vii)	A great treasure-house of minerals	
	viii)	Tourism and religious centres.	4





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