

Exercise 23.8

1. (i)

Solution:

Let P, Q and R be the points whose position vectors are $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$, $3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ respectively.

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\overrightarrow{PQ} &= \text{Position vector of } Q - \text{Position vector of } P \\ &= (3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}) - (2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}) \\ &= 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k} - 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k} \\ \overrightarrow{PQ} &= \hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\overrightarrow{QR} &= \text{Position vector of } R - \text{Position vector of } Q \\ &= (\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}) - (3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}) \\ &= \hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k} - 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k} \\ &= -2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} - 4\hat{k} \\ \overrightarrow{QR} &= -2\overrightarrow{PQ}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, \overrightarrow{QR} is parallel to \overrightarrow{PQ} but there is a common point Q. So, P, Q, R are collinear.

1. (ii)

Solution:

Let P, Q and R be the points represented by the vectors

$3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$, $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $-\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ respectively.

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\overrightarrow{PQ} &= \text{Position vector of } Q - \text{Position vector of } P \\ &= (-\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}) - (3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}) \\ &= \hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k} - 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 4\hat{k} \\ &= -2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

And,

$$\begin{aligned}\overrightarrow{QR} &= \text{Position vector of } R - \text{Position vector of } Q \\ &= (-\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}) \\ &= -\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k} - \hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k} \\ &= -2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - 3\hat{k} \\ \overrightarrow{PQ} &= \overrightarrow{QR}\end{aligned}$$

So, \overrightarrow{PQ} is parallel to \overrightarrow{QR} but Q is the common point Q.

Thus, P, Q and R are collinear.

2. (i)

Solution:

Given,

$$\vec{A} = 6\hat{i} - 7\hat{j} - \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{B} = 2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{C} = 4\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} - 0 \times \hat{k}$$

Now,

$$\vec{AB} = \vec{B} - \vec{A}$$

$$= (2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}) - (6\hat{i} - 7\hat{j} - \hat{k})$$

$$= 2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k} - 6\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{AB} = -4\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$$

And,

$$\vec{BC} = \vec{C} - \vec{B}$$

$$= (4\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} - 0 \times \hat{k}) - (2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k})$$

$$= 4\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} - 0 \times \hat{k} - 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{BC} = 2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$$

Thus, it is seen that

$$\vec{AB} = -2(\vec{BC})$$

So, \vec{AB} is parallel to \vec{BC} but B is the common point. Hence, A , B and C are collinear.

2. (ii)

Solution:

$$\vec{A} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{B} = 4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{C} = 3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$$

Now,

$$\vec{AB} = \vec{B} - \vec{A}$$

$$= (4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}) - (2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$$

$$= 4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k} - 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{AB} = 2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$$

And,

$$\vec{BC} = \vec{C} - \vec{B}$$

$$= (3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) - (4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k})$$

$$= 3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k} - 4\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{BC} = -\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\text{So, } \vec{AB} = -2(\vec{BC})$$

\vec{AB} is parallel to \vec{BC} but \vec{B} is a common vector.

Therefore, A, B, C are collinear.

2. (iii)

Solution:

Given,

$$\vec{A} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{B} = 2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{C} = 3\hat{i} + 10\hat{j} - \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{AB} = \vec{B} - \vec{A}$$

$$= (2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 7\hat{k})$$

$$= 2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} + 3\hat{k} - \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{AB} = \hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$$

And,

$$\vec{BC} = \vec{C} - \vec{B}$$

$$= (3\hat{i} + 10\hat{j} - \hat{k}) - (2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$$

$$= 3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k} - 2\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{BC} = \hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$$

Thus, it's seen that

$$\vec{AB} = \vec{BC}$$

So, \vec{AB} is parallel to \vec{BC} but \vec{B} is a common vector.

Therefore, A, B and C are collinear.

2. (iv)

Solution:

Given,

$$\vec{A} = -3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{B} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{C} = 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$$

Now,

$$\vec{AB} = \vec{B} - \vec{A}$$

$$= (\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) - (-3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} - 5\hat{k})$$

$$= \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k} + 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{AB} = 4\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 8\hat{k}$$

And,

$$\begin{aligned}\overrightarrow{BC} &= \overrightarrow{C} - \overrightarrow{B} \\ &= (3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) \\ &= 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 7\hat{k} - \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

$$\overrightarrow{BC} = 2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$$

$$\text{So, } \overrightarrow{AB} = 2\overrightarrow{BC}$$

Hence, \overrightarrow{AB} is parallel to \overrightarrow{BC} but \overrightarrow{B} is a common vector.

Therefore, A, B and C are collinear.

2. (v)

Solution:

Given,

$$\overrightarrow{A} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$$

$$\overrightarrow{B} = 3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\overrightarrow{C} = -\hat{i} + 11\hat{j} + 9\hat{k}$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\overrightarrow{AB} &= \overrightarrow{B} - \overrightarrow{A} \\ &= (3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + \hat{k}) - (2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) \\ &= 3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + \hat{k} - 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 3\hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$$

And,

$$\begin{aligned}\overrightarrow{BC} &= \overrightarrow{C} - \overrightarrow{B} \\ &= (-\hat{i} + 11\hat{j} + 9\hat{k}) - (3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + \hat{k}) \\ &= -\hat{i} + 11\hat{j} + 9\hat{k} - 3\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - \hat{k} \\ &= -4\hat{i} + 16\hat{j} + 8\hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{So, } \overrightarrow{AB} = -4(\overrightarrow{BC})$$

\overrightarrow{AB} is parallel to vector \overrightarrow{BC} but \overrightarrow{B} is a common vector.

Therefore, A, B and C are collinear.