

## EXERCISE 1D

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Mark against the correct answer in each of the following:

1.  $6 - (-8) = ?$

- a) -2                      b) 2                      c) 14                      d) none of the above

Solution:-  
 $= 6 - (-8)$   
 $= 6 + 8$   
 $= 14$ (c)

2.  $-9 - (-6) = ?$

- a) -15                      b) -3                      c) 3                      d) none of these

Solution:-  
 $= -9 - (-6)$   
 $= -9 + 6$   
 $= -3$  (b)

3. By how much does 2 exceed -3?

- a) -1                      b) 1                      c) -5                      d) 5

Solution:-  
 $= 2 - (-3)$   
 $= 2 + 3$   
 $= 5$ (d)

4. What must be Subtract from -1 to get -6?

- a) 5                      b) -5                      c) 7                      d) -7

Solution:-  
Let us assume closure property of subtraction  $[a - b = c]$   
Let,  
 $a = -1$ , missing integer  $b = x$ ,  $c = -6$   
 $= -1 - (x) = -6$   
 $= -1 + 6 = x$   
(By sending -6 from the right hand side to the left hand side it becomes 6 and  $-x$  from the left hand side to the right hand side it becomes  $x$ )  
 $= x = 5$ (a)

5. How much less than -2 is -6?

- a) 4                      b) -4                      c) 8                      d) -8

Solution:-  
 $= (-2) - (-6)$   
 $= -2 + 6$   
 $= 4$ (a)

6. On subtracting 4 from -4, we get

- a) 8                      b) -8                      c) 0                      d) none of these

**Solution:-**  
 $= -4 - (+4)$   
 $= -4 - 4$   
 $= -8$  (b)

7. By how much does -3 exceed -5?

- a) -2                      b) 2                      c) 8                      d) -8

**Solution:-**  
 $= (-3) - (-5)$   
 $= -3 + 5$   
 $= 2$  (b)

8. What must be subtracted from -3 to get -9?

- a) -6                      b) 12                      c) 6                      d) -12

**Solution:-**  
Let us assume closure property of subtraction  $[a - b = c]$   
Let,  
 $a = -3$ , missing integer  $b = x$ ,  $c = -9$   
 $= -3 - (x) = -9$   
 $= -3 + 9 = x$   
 $= x = 6$  (c)

9. On subtracting 6 from -5, we get

- a) 1                      b) 11                      c) -11                      d) none of these

**Solution:-**  
 $= -5 - (+6)$   
 $= -5 - 6$   
 $= -11$  (d)

10. On subtracting -13 from -8, we get

- a) -21                      b) 21                      c) 5                      d) -5

**Solution:-**  
 $= -8 - (-13)$   
 $= -8 + 13$   
 $= 5$  (c)

11.  $(-36) \div (-9) = ?$

- a) 4                      b) -4                      c) none of these

**Solution:-**  
 $= \frac{-36}{-9}$   
 $= 4$  (a)

12.  $0 \div (-5) = ?$

- a) -5                      b) 0                      c) not defined

**Solution:-**

$$= \frac{0}{-5}$$

= 0 (b) (when zero is divided by any non-zero number, then the quotient is zero)



