## **EXERCISE 12(B)**

## 1. If x, y and z are in continued proportion, then which of the following is true:

(i) 
$$x: y = x: z$$

(ii) 
$$x: x = z: y$$

(iii) 
$$x: y = y: z$$

(iv) 
$$y: x = y: z$$

#### **Solution:**

Here option (iii) is in continued proportion i.e. x: y = y: z

## 2. Which of the following numbers are in continued proportion:

- (i) 3, 6 and 15
- (ii) 15, 45 and 48
- (iii) 6, 12 and 24
- (iv) 12, 18 and 27

### **Solution:**

Here options (iii) and (iv) are in continued proportion

(iii) 
$$6 / 12 = 12 / 24$$

$$1/2 = 1/2$$

(iv) 
$$12 / 18 = 18 / 27$$

$$2/3 = 2/3$$

Therefore (iii) and (iv) are in continued proportion

## 3. Find the mean proportion between

- (i) 3 and 27
- (ii) 0.06 and 0.96

## **Solution:**

(i) 3 and 27

The mean proportion between 3 and 27 can be calculated as below

Mean proportion = 
$$\sqrt{3} \times 27$$

$$=\sqrt{81}$$

Therefore mean proportion between 3 and 27 is 9

(ii) 0.06 and 0.96

The mean proportion between 0.06 and 0.96 can be calculated as below

Mean proportion = 
$$\sqrt{0.06 \times 0.96}$$

$$=\sqrt{.0576}$$

$$= 0.24$$

Therefore the mean proportion between 0.06 and 0.96 is 0.24

## 4. Find the third proportional to:

- (i) 36, 18
- (ii) 5.25, 7
- (iii) Rs 1. 60, Rs 0.40

### **Solution:**

(i) 36, 18

Let the required third proportional be x

Hence, 36, 18, x are in continued proportion

- $\Rightarrow$  36: 18 = 18: x
- $\Rightarrow$  36x = 18  $\times$  18
- $\Rightarrow$  x =  $(18 \times 18) / 36$
- $\Rightarrow$  x = 324 / 36
- $\Rightarrow$  x = 9

Therefore the required third proportional is 9

(ii) 5.25, 7

Let the required third proportional be x

Hence 5.25, 7, x are in continued proportion

- $\Rightarrow$  5.25: 7 = 7: x
- $\Rightarrow$  5.25x = 7 × 7
- $\Rightarrow$  x =  $(7 \times 7) / 5.25$
- $\Rightarrow$  x = 49 / 5.25
- $\Rightarrow$  x = 28 / 3
- $\Rightarrow x = 9\frac{1}{3}$

 $9^{\frac{1}{-}}$ 

Therefore the required third proportional is  $\frac{9}{3}$ 

(iii) Rs 1.60, Rs 0.40

Let the required third proportional be x

Hence Rs 1.60, 0.40, x are in continued proportion

- $\Rightarrow$  1.60: 0.40 = 0.40: x
- $\Rightarrow 1.60 \times x = 0.40 \times 0.40$
- $\Rightarrow$  x = (0.40 × 0.40) / 1.60
- $\Rightarrow$  x = 0.1

Therefore required third proportional is 0.1

# 5. The ratio between 7 and 5 is same as the ratio between Rs x and Rs 20.50; find the value of $\boldsymbol{x}$

## **Solution:**

Given

Ratio between 7 and 5 is same as the ratio between Rs x and Rs 20.50

Hence, the value of x can be calculated as below

$$7: 5 = x: 20.50$$

$$5x = 7 \times 20.50$$

$$x = (7 \times 20.50) / 5$$

$$x = (143.5) / 5$$

$$x = 28.7$$

Therefore the value of x is 28.7

### 6. If (4x + 3y): (3x + 5y) = 6: 7, find:

(ii) 
$$x$$
, if  $y = 10$ 

(iii) 
$$y$$
, if  $x = 27$ 

#### **Solution:**

$$(4x + 3y)$$
:  $(3x + 5y) = 6$ : 7

We can calculate x: y as below

$$7(4x + 3y) = 6(3x + 5y)$$

$$28x + 21y = 18x + 30y$$

$$28x - 18x = 30y - 21y$$

$$10x = 9y$$

$$x / y = 9 / 10$$

Therefore x: y is 9: 10

(ii) x, if 
$$y = 10$$

Given

$$(4x + 3y)$$
:  $(3x + 5y) = 6$ : 7

And 
$$y = 10$$

Hence we can calculate x as below

$$7(4x + 3 \times 10) = 6(3x + 5 \times 10)$$

$$7(4x + 30) = 6(3x + 50)$$

$$28x + 210 = 18x + 300$$

$$28x - 18x = 300 - 210$$

$$10x = 90$$

$$x = 90 / 10$$

$$x = 9$$

Therefore the value of x is 9

(iii) 
$$y$$
, if  $x = 27$ 

Given



$$(4x + 3y)$$
:  $(3x + 5y) = 6$ : 7

And 
$$x = 27$$

We can calculate x as below

$$7(4 \times 27 + 3y) = 6(3 \times 27 + 5y)$$

$$7(108 + 21y) = 6(81 + 5y)$$

$$756 + 21y = 486 + 30y$$

$$9y = 756 - 486$$

$$9y = 270$$

$$y = 270 / 9$$

$$y = 30$$

Therefore the value of y is 30

## 7. If $(2y + 5x) / (3y - 5x) = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$ , find:

(ii) 
$$x$$
, if  $y = 70$ 

(iii) 
$$y$$
, if  $x = 33$ 

### **Solution:**

Given

$$(2y + 5x) / (3y - 5x) = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

Hence x: y can be calculated as below

$$(2y + 5x) / (3y - 5x) = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

We get

$$(2y + 5x) / (3y - 5x) = 5 / 2$$

$$2[(2y + 5x)] = 5[(3y - 5x)]$$

$$4y + 10x = 15y - 25x$$

$$25x + 10x = 15y - 4y$$

$$35x = 11y$$

$$x / y = 11 / 35$$

$$x: y = 11: 35$$

Therefore x: y is 11: 35

(ii) x, if 
$$y = 70$$

Given

$$(2y + 5x) / (3y - 5x) = 2\frac{1}{2}$$
  
And  $y = 70$ 

And 
$$y = 70$$

Hence x can be calculated as below



$$(2 \times 70 + 5x) / (3 \times 70 - 5x) = \frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2}$$

On calculating further, we get

$$(2 \times 70 + 5x) / (3 \times 70 - 5x) = 5 / 2$$

$$2[140 + 5x] = 5[210 - 5x]$$

$$280 + 10x = 1050 - 25x$$

$$25x + 10x = 1050 - 280$$

$$35x = 770$$

$$x = 770 / 35$$

$$x = 22$$

Therefore x is 22

(iii) y, if 
$$x = 33$$

Given

$$(2y + 5x) / (3y - 5x) = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$$

And 
$$x = 33$$

Hence y can be calculated as below

$$(2y + 5 \times 33) / (3y - 5 \times 33) = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(2y + 5 \times 33) / (3y - 5 \times 33) = 5 / 2$$

$$2[(2y + 165)] = 5[(3y - 165)]$$

$$4y + 330 = 15y - 825$$

$$11y = 1155$$

$$y = 1155 / 11$$

$$y = 105$$

Therefore y is 105