

EXERCISE 14(B)

1. Reduce the given fractions to their lowest terms: (i) 8 / 10(ii) 50 / 75 (iii) 18 / 81 (iv) 40 / 120 (v) 105 / 70 Solution: (i) 8 / 10The fraction 8 / 10 can be simplified as below $8 / 10 = (8 \div 2) / (10 \div 2)$ = 4 / 5Hence 4 / 5 is the simplified form of 8 / 10(ii) 50 / 75 The fraction 50 / 75 can be simplified as below $50 / 75 = (50 \div 25) / (75 \div 25)$ = 2/3Hence 2/3 is the simplified form of 50/75(iii) 18 / 81 The fraction 18 / 81 can be simplified as below $18 / 81 = (18 \div 9) / (81 \div 9)$ = 2/9Hence 2 / 9 is the simplified form of 18 / 81 (iv) 40 / 120 The fraction 40 / 120 can be simplified as below $40 / 120 = (40 \div 40) / (120 \div 40)$ = 1 / 3Hence 1/3 is the simplified form of 40/120(v) 105 / 70 The fraction 105 / 70 can be simplified as below $105 / 70 = (105 \div 35) / (70 \div 35)$ = 3 / 2Hence 3/2 is the simplified form of 105/70

2. State, whether true or false? (i) 2 / 5 = 10 / 15 (ii) 35 / 42 = 5 / 6

(iii) 5/4 = 4/5



1 (iv) 7 / 9 =(v) 9 / 7 =Solution: (i) 2/5 = 10/15The given expression can be solved as below $2/5 = (10 \div 5)/(15 \div 5)$ 2 / 5 ≠ 2 / 3 Hence false (ii) 35 / 42 = 5 / 6The given expression can be solved as below $(35 \div 7) / (42 \div 7) = 5 / 6$ 5/6 = 5/6Hence true (iii) 5/4 = 4/5The given expression can be solved as below 5 / 4 ≠ 4 / 5 Hence false (iv) $7/9 = \frac{17}{7}$ The given expression can be solved as below $7/9 = (7 \times 1 + 1)/7$ $7/9 \neq 8/7$ Hence false (v) 9 / 7 =The given expression can be solved as below $9/7 = (7 \times 1 + 1)/7$ 9 / 7 ≠ 8 / 7 Hence false 3. Which fraction is greater? (i) 3/5 or 2/3(ii) 5/9 or 3/4(iii) 11 / 14 or 26 / 35 Solution: (i) 3 / 5 or 2 / 3

The given fractions can be simplified as follows



LCM of 5, 3 is 15 Hence $3 / 5 = (3 \times 3) / (5 \times 3)$ = 9 / 15 and $2/3 = (2 \times 5)/(3 \times 5)$ = 10 / 15We know that 10 / 15 > 9 / 15 [Numerator is greater] Thus. 2/3 > 3/5Hence 2/3 is greater fraction (ii) 5 / 9 or 3 / 4The given expression can be simplified as follows First convert the given expression into like fractions So, $5 / 9 = (5 \times 4) / (9 \times 4)$ = 20 / 36 and $3/4 = (3 \times 9)/(4 \times 9)$ = 27 / 36We know that 27/36 > 20/36[Numerator is greater] Thus 3/4 > 5/9Hence 3 / 4 is greater fraction (iii) 11 / 14 or 26 / 35 The given expression can be simplified as follows First convert the given expression into like fractions So, $11 / 14 = (11 \times 5) / (14 \times 5)$ = 55 / 70 and $26/35 = (26 \times 2)/(35 \times 2)$ = 52 / 70We know that 55 / 70 > 52 / 70 [Numerator is greater] Thus, 11 / 14 > 26 / 35Hence 11 / 14 is greater fraction 4. Which fraction is smaller?

(i) 3 / 8 or 4 / 5
(ii) 8 / 15 or 4 / 7
(iii) 7 / 26 or 10 / 39
Solution:
(i) 3 / 8 or 4 / 5
The given expression can be simplified as follows



First convert the given expression into like fractions So, $3 / 8 = (3 \times 5) / (8 \times 5)$ = 15 / 40 and $4/5 = (4 \times 8)/(5 \times 8)$ = 32 / 40We know that 15/40 < 32/40[Numerator is smaller] Thus. 3 / 8 < 4 / 5Hence 3 / 8 is the smaller fraction (ii) 8 / 15 or 4 / 7 The given expression can be simplified as follows First convert the given expression into like fractions So, $8 / 15 = (8 \times 7) / (15 \times 7)$ = 56 / 105 and $4/7 = (4 \times 15)/(7 \times 15)$ = 60 / 105We know that 56 / 105 < 60 / 105 [Numerator is smaller] Thus, 8 / 15 < 4 / 7Hence 8 / 15 is the smaller fraction (iii) 7 / 26 or 10 / 39 The given expression can be simplified as follows First convert the given expression into like fractions So, $7/26 = (7 \times 3)/(26 \times 3)$ = 21 / 78 and $10/39 = (10 \times 2)/(39 \times 2)$ = 20 / 78We know that 20 / 78 < 21 / 78 [Numerator is smaller] Thus, 10/39 < 7/26Hence 10/39 is the smaller fraction

5. Arrange the given fractions in descending order of magnitude:

(i) 5 / 16, 13 / 24, 7 / 8
(ii) 4 / 5, 7 / 15, 11 / 20, 3 / 4
(iii) 5 / 7, 3 / 8, 9 / 11
Solution:
(i) 5 / 16, 13 / 24, 7 / 8
The given expression can be simplified as follows



2	16	24	8
2	8	12	4
2	4	6	2
2	2	3	1
3	1	3	1
	1	1	1

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LCM of 16, 24, 8 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3
= 48
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Converting given expression into like fractions, we get

 $5 / 16 = (5 \times 3) / (16 \times 3)$ = 15 / 48 and 13 / 24 = (13 × 2) / (24 × 2) = 26 / 48 and 7 / 8 = (7 × 6) / (8 × 6) = 42 / 48

Hence, fractions in descending order are 7 / 8, 13 / 24, 5 / 16 (ii) 4 / 5, 7 / 15, 11 / 20, 3 / 4

The given expression can be simplified as follows

4	5	15	20	4	
5	5	15	5	1	
3	1	3	1	1	
	1	1	1	1	

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LCM of 5, 15, 20, 4 = 4 \times 5 \times 3
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= 60
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Converting the given expression into like fractions, we get

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4 / 5 = (4 \times 12) / (5 \times 12)
=48 / 60 and
7 / 15 = (7 × 4) / (15 × 4)
= 28 / 60 and
11 / 20 = (11 × 3) / (20 × 3)
= 33 / 60 and
3 / 4 = (3 × 15) / (4 × 15)
= 45 / 60
Hence, fractions in descending order are 4 / 5, 3 / 4, 11 / 20, 7 / 15
(iii) 5 / 7, 3 / 8, 9 / 11
The given expression can be simplified as follows
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3	5	3	9	_
5	5	1	3	_
З	1	1	3	_
	1	1	1	-

LCM of 5, 3, $9 = 3 \times 3 \times 5$

= 45

Converting the given expression into like fractions, we get $5 / 7 = (5 \times 9) / (7 \times 9)$ = 45 / 63 and $3 / 8 = (3 \times 15) / (8 \times 15)$ = 45 / 120 and $9 / 11 = (9 \times 5) / (11 \times 5)$ = 45 / 55

The fraction with the smallest denominator is the biggest fraction if the numerator is same

Hence, fractions in descending order are 45 / 55, 45 / 63, 45 / 120 i.e 9 / 11, 5 / 7, 3 / 8

6. Arrange the given fractions in ascending order of magnitude:

(i) 9 / 16, 7 / 12, 1 / 4 (ii) 5 / 6, 2 / 7, 8 / 9, 1 / 3 (iii) 2 / 3, 5 / 9, 5 / 6, 3 / 8 Solution:

(i) 9 / 16, 7 / 12, 1 / 4 The given fractions can be simplified as follows

4	16	12	4
4	4	3	1
3	1	3	1
	1	1	1

LCM of 16, 12, 4 = 48

Converting the given expression into like fractions, we get

 $9 / 16 = (9 \times 3) / (16 \times 3)$ = 27 / 48 and 7 / 12 = (7 × 4) / (12 × 4) = 28 / 48 and 1 / 4 = (1 × 12) / (4 × 12)

$$= 12 / 48$$

Hence, fractions in ascending order are

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12 / 48, 27 / 48, 28 / 48 i.e 1 / 4, 9 / 16, 7 / 12 (ii) 5 / 6, 2 / 7, 8 / 9, 1 / 3 The given fractions can be simplified as follows

3	6	7	9	3	_
3	2	7	3	1	_
2	2	7	1	1	_
7	1	7	1	1	_
	1	1	1	1	-
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LCM of 6, 7, 9, $3 = 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 7$ = 126

Converting the given expression into like fractions, we get

 $5 / 6 = (5 \times 21) / (6 \times 21)$

= 105 / 126 and

 $2/7 = (2 \times 18)/(7 \times 18)$

= 36 / 126 and

 $8 / 9 = (8 \times 14) / (9 \times 14)$

= 112 / 126 and

 $1/3 = (1 \times 42)/(3 \times 42)$

= 42 / 126

Hence, fractions in ascending order are

36 / 126, 42 / 126, 105 / 126, 112 / 126 i.e

2/7,1/3,5/6,8/9

(iii) 2 / 3, 5 / 9, 5 / 6, 3 / 8

The given fractions can be simplified as follows

2	3	9	6	8	
3	3	9	3	4	
3	1	3	1	4	
4	1	1	1	4	
	1	1	1	1	

LCM of 3, 9, 6, 8 = 72

Converting the given expressions into like fractions, we get $2/3 = (2 \times 24) / (3 \times 24)$

= 48 / 72 and

 $5/9 = (5 \times 8)/(9 \times 8)$

= 40 / 72 and

 $5 / 6 = (5 \times 12) / (6 \times 12)$

= 60 / 72 and

 $3 / 8 = (3 \times 9) / (8 \times 9)$



= 27 / 72 Hence, fractions in ascending order are 27 / 72, 40 / 72, 48 / 72, 60 / 72 i.e 3 / 8, 5 / 9, 2 / 3, 5 / 6

7. I bought one dozen bananas and ate five of them. What fraction of the total number of bananas was left?

Solution:

Given Number of bananas bought = 1 dozen We know there are 12 bananas in a dozen Number of bananas eaten = 5 Number of bananas left = 12 - 5= 7 Therefore, the required fraction is 7 / 12

8. Insert the symbol '=' or '>' or '<' between each of the pairs of fractions, given below:

(i) 6 / 11 5 / 9 (ii) 3 / 7 9 / 13 (iii) 56 / 64 7 / 8 (iv) 5 / 12 8 / 33 Solution: (i) 6 / 11 5 / 9 LCM of 11, 9 = 99 Converting the given expression into like fraction We get $6/11 = (6 \times 9)/(11 \times 9)$ = 54 / 99 and $5/9 = (5 \times 11)/(9 \times 11)$ = 55 / 99Therefore, 54 / 99 < 55 / 99 i.e 6/11<5/9 (ii) 3 / 7 9 / 13 LCM of 7, 13 = 91 Converting the given expression into like fraction We get $3 / 7 = (3 \times 13) / (7 \times 13)$



= 39 / 91 and $9/13 = (9 \times 7)/(13 \times 7)$ = 63 / 91Therefore. 39 / 91 < 63 / 91 i.e. 3/7 < 9/13(iii) 56 / 64 7 / 8 LCM of 64. 8 = 64Converting the given expression into like fraction We get $56 / 64 = (56 \times 1) / (64 \times 1)$ = 56 / 64 and $7 / 8 = (7 \times 8) / (8 \times 8)$ = 56 / 64Therefore, 56 / 64 = 56 / 64 i.e. 56 / 64 = 7 / 8 (iv) 5 / 12 8 / 33 LCM of 12, 33 = 132 Converting the given expression into like fractions We get $5/12 = (5 \times 11)/(12 \times 11)$ = 55 / 132 and $8/33 = (8 \times 4)/(33 \times 4)$ = 32 / 13255 / 132 > 32 / 132 i.e 5 / 12 > 8 / 33

9. Out of 50 identical articles, 36 are broken. Find the fraction of:
(i) The total number of articles and the articles broken.
(ii) The remaining articles and total number of articles.
Solution:
(i) Given
Total number of articles = 50
Number of articles broken = 36
Remaining articles = 50 - 36
= 14
The fraction of total number of articles and articles broken = 50 / 36
= 25 / 18



(ii) Given Total number of articles = 50 Number of articles broken = 36 Remaining articles = 50 - 36= 14 The fraction of remaining articles and total number of articles = 14 / 50= 7 / 25

