CBSE Class 10 Social Science Question Paper Solution 2020

Secondary School Examination (March-2020)

Social Science (087)

Marking Scheme 32/4/1

MM-80

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12.	Energy and Manure	H-pg 60	1
13.	C – Singhalese	DP. Pg 03	1
14.	Power sharing desirable	DP-pg 06	1
	i. To reduce Conflict.		
	ii. Ensure Political Stability.		
	iii. To maintain spirit of Democracy.		
	iv. Any other relevant point.		
	Any one of above to describe.		
	OR		
	Social groups in the administration of democratic countries		
		DP-pg 09	1
	i. To accommodate social differences.		
	ii. So that they do not feel alienated.		
	iii. Any other relevant point.		
	Any one point		
15.	A – Different Social Group.	DP-pg 04	1
16.	Suggestions to abolish Caste based discrimination	- (1)	
	i. Constitution should take stricter measures to prevent caste-	OX	
	discrimination.	25.7	
	ii. Promote Urbanization.	DP-pg 51	1
	iii. Growth of literacy.		
	iv. Occupational mobility.		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any one point		
	OR		
	Elections and caste system		
	i. Avoid caste-based appeal		1
	ii. Parties should not muster for caste-based support.	DP-pg 51	1
	iii. New consciousness among people.		
	iv. Any other relevant point.		
	Any one point		
17.	D – An Adivasi from Narmada valley – to fulfill livelihood	Eco-pg 4	1
18.	Bihar	Eco-pg	1
		10	
19.	Ways to increase the income of Indian industrial worker	Eco-pg	1
	Better employment benefits – Paid leave, PF, Medical etc.	31	
20.	Tertiary sector	Eco-pg	1
	i. Highest in term of total production.	23	
	ii. Highest in term of Employment generation.		

	iii. Any other relevant point. Any one point		
	OR	_	
	Advantages of organized sector	Eco-pg	1
	i. Job security.	31	
	ii. Fixed working hours.		
	iii. Paid leave/ Medical benefits.		
	iv. Any other relevant point. Any one point		
	SECTION-B		
21.	Source Based Question	H.Pg-36	1+1+1=3
	21.1 Explain the understanding of swaraj for plantation workers. Right to move freely in and out of the confined space. (1)		
	21.2 Explain the inland immigration act of 1859 as a barrier to freedom of plantation workers.)	
	Plantation workers were not permitted to have move from	100	
	tea gardens without permission. (1)	35	
	21.3 Explain the main outcome of the participation of workers in the Non-Cooperation Movement.		
	i. They were caught by the police and brutally beaten up.		
	ii. Any other relevant point (1) Any one		
22.	Three Flows identified by the economists during 19 th century i. Flow of trade in goods referred largely to trade in goods	H-pg 57	3
	(wheat or clothes).		
	ii. Flow of people (Migration of people in search of employment).		
	iii. Flow of Capital for Short/ Long term investment.		
	iv. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
	OR		
	Textile exports from India		
	i. Finer variety of cotton came only from India.	H-pg 89	3
	ii. Variety of Indian merchants/ banker were involved in this network of export of trade.		
	iii. They gave advances to weavers/ procured the woven clothes from weaving villages.		
	iv. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

23.	Importance of equitable distribution of resources		3
	i. For a sustained quality of life.	G-pg 03	
	ii. To eliminate the difference between rich and poor in the		
	society		
	iii. To reduce poverty		
	iv. To maintain Global Peace.		
	v. To prevent our planet from danger.		
	vi. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
	OR		
	Resources for human survival		
	i. Human can transform material into resources and use them.	G-pg 03	
	ii. Human beings use resources as raw material to satisfy their needs and comforts.		3
	iii. They use them for making clothes, food, construct houses		
	iv. They use energy resources like coal, gases, etc.		
	v. For generating power, electricity or as a fuel to run vehicles, factories etc.		
	vi. Resources help to main quality of life too.		
	vii. Any other relevant point.		
	viii viii y etilei velevalit poliiti		
	Any three points to be explained		
24.	Problems of rail transport	G-pg 83	3
	i. Many passengers travel without tickets.		
	ii. Theft and damaging of Railway property.		
	iii. Unnecessary chain pulling		
	iv. Late running of trains.		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
25.	Distribution of powers between Centre and State		
	i. The constitution clearly distributes Legislative Powers between		_
	State and Union Government.	DP-pg	3
	ii. Subjects of National Importance like Foreign affairs/ banking	16,17	
	came under union list of Central Government.		
	iii. Subjects of Local importance like Police, Trade came under		
	state government under State list.		
	iv. Subject of common interest like education/ marriage came		
	under Concurrent list of both Centre and State government.		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	A south was a sint to be sought and		
	Any three points to be explained	l	I

26.	 Discrimination faced by women i. Indian Parents prefer male child and abort female. ii. The parents do not spend equally on education of girls. iii. Women are paid less than men in various field instead of equal work/ hours. 	DP-pg 42, 43	3
	iv. Domestic violence v. Any other relevant point. Any three points to be described		
	OR		
	Changes in castes and caste system in India	DP-pg 51	3
	i. Old notions of caste hierarchy are breaking down	5. 68.01	3
	i. Due to Economic development.		
	ii. Due to Large scale urbanization.		
	iii. Due to Growth of literacy and education.		
	iv. Due to Occupational mobility.		
	v. Breaking down of old caste hierarchy.		
	vi. Any other relevant point.		
		A 10	
	Any three points to be described	100	
27.	Basis for measuring development according to World Bank and		
	UNDP:	ECO-pg 8,	3
	A. According To UNDP	13	
	i. Literacy.		
	ii. Longitivity/ health facilities.		
	iii. Living standard as criteria.		
	B. World Bank measures the same only on the basis of per capita		
	income. Countries have been divided into three categories-		
	Rich (High Income Group), Middle income group countries and		
	Poor countries (Low Income Group)		
	C. World Bank only sees the average per capita income but UNDP		
	sees the overall development		
	D. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
28.	Protection of workers in the unorganized sector		
	i. They are often exploited and not paid fair wages.	ECO-pg	9
	ii. Low and irregular earning.	32	3
	iii. Insecure jobs and no other benefits.		
	iv. They are vulnerable people so need economic/ social		
	protection.		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		

	OR Activities in the private sector i. Ownership of assets and delivery of services is in the hands of private individuals or companies. ii. Motive is to earn profit. iii. Work according to price mechanism iv. To get services from private sector we have to pay money to these individuals and companies v. Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited (TISCO) or Reliance industries Limited (RIL) are privately owned. vi. Any other relevant point.	ECO-pg 32	3
	Any three points to be explained		
29.	 Isomorphical Section – C 1830 as the year of great hardship i. First half of 19th century saw enormous increase in population in Europe. ii. Number of job seekers greater than employment. iii. Migration of large population from rural to urban areas. iv. Stiff competition from imports of cheap machine-made goods from England. v. The aristocracy still enjoyed power privileges. vi. Peasants struggled under burden of Feudal dues. vii. Rise of food prices due to bad harvest. viii. Any other relevant point. Any five points to be explained	H-pg 15	5
	Nationalism aligned with imperialism became the cause of First World War i. The spread of the ideas of romantic nationalism in the Balkans together with the disintegration of the Ottoman Empire. ii. Intense rivalry among the European powers over trade, colonies, naval and military might. iii. The anti-imperial movements that developed everywhere were nationalist. iv. They all struggled to form independent nation state. v. They were inspired by sense of collective national unity. vi. European ideas of nationalism developed their own variety of nationalism.	H-pg 27	5

	vii. Any other relevant point.		
	To be evaluated as a whole		
30.	Features of Commercial Farming		
	i. The use of higher doses of modern inputs.	Geo-pg	5
	ii. Use of high yielding variety of seeds.	35	
	iii. Use of chemical fertilizers.		
	iv. Use of insecticides and pesticides to obtain high productivity.		
	v. Growth of single crop in large areas		
	vi. Production used largely for commercial purposes.		
	vii. Any other relevant point.		
	Any five points to be explained		
31.	Necessity of Political Parties		
	i. The rise of political parties is directly linked to the emergence		
	of representative democracies	DP-pg 72,	
	ii. As societies became large and complex, they also needed some	73	5
	agency to gather different views on various issues and		
	iii. To present these to the government.	100	
	iv. They needed some ways, to bring various representatives	0.00	
	together so that a responsible government could be formed.	X.	
	v. They needed a mechanism to support or restrain the		
	government, make policies, justify or oppose them.		
	vi. Political parties fulfill these needs that every representative		
	government has.		
	vii. We can say that parties are a necessary condition for a		
	democracy.		
	viii. Any other relevant point.		
	Any five points to be described.		
32.	Democracy is based on political equality.		
	i. Democracy have formal constitutions	DP-pg 90	5
	ii. They hold elections		
	iii. They have parties		
	iv. They guarantee rights of citizens.		
	v. Promotes equality among citizens		
	vi. Enhances the dignity of the individual		
	vii. Improves the quality of decision making		
	viii. Provides a method to resolve conflict		
	ix. Democracy guarantee right to vote to all citizens.		
	x. Any other relevant point.		
	Any five points to be explained		

33.	 Self Help Groups i. They help rural poor/ women to become self-reliant. ii. Regular meetings of SHG's provide platform to discuss social issues such as health, nutrition, domestic violence. iii. SHG's help borrower to overcome of problem of collateral. iv. They also develop pool of saving. v. They also reduce poverty 	Eco-pg 50, 51	5
	vi. Create opportunities for self-employment. vii. Any other relevant point. Any five points to be explained		
	Money in everyday life i. Goods are bought and sold with the use of money. ii. Many kinds of services are also exchanged with money. iii. Use of money reduce the need of double coincidence of wants. iv. A person holding money can easily exchange with goods/ services. v. For ex. A shoe manufacturer wants to sell shoes and buy wheat so he needs to sell his shoes and then only he can buy wheat. vi. Any other relevant point. Any five points to be explained	Eco-pg 39	5
34.	Source based question Source A – Foreign trade and the integration of markets 34.1 How does foreign trade integrate market? i) Foreign trade creates an opportunity for the producers to reach beyond the domestic markets. ii) Producers can sell their products in the markets located in other countries. iii) It helps for expanding the choice of goods beyond domestic market. iv) It is a main channel connecting countries v) Any other relevant point Any two points (2)	E-PG 59-67	2+2+1= 5
	34.2 How is globalization expanding human activity across regions and continents?		
	i. Movement of people from one country to another in		

			ı
	search of better income/ jobs/ education.		
	ii. Globalization creates greater opportunities for large		
	markets around the world.		
	iii. countries have more access to capital flows		
	iv. technology, human capital,		
	v. cheaper imports and larger export markets		
	vi. Any other relevant point		
	Any two points (2)		
	Source -C World Trade Organization		
	34.3- The actions and methods of the WTO have evoked strong		
	debate. Explain		
	i. Rules of WTO forced developing countries to remove trade		
	barriers which is unfair in interest of developing countries.		
	i) Any other relevant point	-0	
	Any one point (1	.)	
35	For Q 35 a and b - see attached map	2+4	=6
	Map for visually impaired candidates	1X6	=6
	35.1 Dandi		
	35.2 Kheda		
	35.3 Odisha		
	35.4 Odisha		
	35.5 Maharashtra		
	356. Tamil Nadu		
	35.7 Amritsar		
	35.8 Mohali		

