CBSE Class 10 Social Science Question Paper Solution 2020

Secondary School Examination (March-2020)

Social Science (087)

Marking Scheme 32/4/2 MM-80

QNO.	EXPECTED ANSWERS/VALUE POINTS	PAGE	MARKS
	SECTION-A	NO.	
1.	A – William I	H-19	1
2.	Gandhi jis satyagraha in Ahmedabad- To support Cotton Mill Workers	H-31	1
3.	Bihar	Eco -pg 10	1
4.	C – An Adivasi from Narmada Valley – To fulfill livelihood	Eco -pg 4	1
5.	Zollverein	H- pg 10	1
6.	(B) – Mid 16 th Century	H- pg 120	1
7.	(A) – Lord Warren Hasting	H-pg	1
8.	(A) - Different Social Groups	DP -pg 4	1
9.	i. To reduce Conflict. ii. Ensure Political Stability. iii. To maintain spirit of Democracy. iv. Any other relevant point. Any one of above to describe. OR	DP -pg 06	1
	Social groups in the administration of democratic countries i. To accommodate social differences. ii. So that they do not feel alienated. iii. Any other relevant point. Any one point	DP-pg 09	1
10.	C – Sinhalese	DP-pg 3	1
11.	 i. Constitution should take stricter measures to prevent castediscrimination. ii. Promote Urbanization. iii. Growth of literacy. iv. Occupational mobility. 	DP-pg 51	1

	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any one point		
	OR		
	Caste System		
	: Avaid costs based arread		
	i. Avoid caste-based appeal		
	ii. Parties should not muster for caste-based support.	DD 54	
	iii. New consciousness among people.	DP-pg 51	1
	iv. Any other relevant point.		
	Any one point		
12.	Natural gas	G-pg 58	1
13.	(A) Renewable Resources	G-pg	1/2 + 1/2
	(B) Non-Renewable Resource		=1
14.	i. Jawaharlal Nehru Port	G-pg 85	1
	OR		
	ii. Haldia Port	G-pg 86	
			1
15.	D – Uttar Pradesh	G-pg 89s	1
16.	A – Kallol Oil Field – Gujarat	G-pg 57	1
17.	Manuscripts not widely used in India	H-pg 119	1
	i. They were fragile and expensive.	74X.	
	ii. Awkward to handle.		
	iii. Required too much care.		
	iv. Could not be read easily as written in different styles.		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any one point		
18.	Hind Swaraj – Mahatma Gandhi	H-pg 32	1
	Or		
	Anandmath – Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay	H-pg 47	1
19.	Income of house hold worker	Eco- pg	1
	i. By providing cheap and affordable credit.	13	_
	ii.By starting small scale industry.		
	iiiAny other relevant point. Any one point		
20.	Tertiary sector	Eco-pg	1
20.	i. Highest in term of Total production.	23	
	ii. Highest in term of Employment generation.		
	iii. Any other relevant point.		
	·		
	Any one point		
	O.P.		
	OR		

	Advantages of organized sector		
	i. Job security.	Eco-pg	1
	ii. Fixed working hours.	31	
	iii. Paid leave/ Medical benefits.		
	iv. Any other relevant point.		
	Any one point		
21.	SECTION-B		
	Protection of workers in the unorganized sector	ECO-pg	
	i. They are often exploited and not paid fair wages.	23	3
	ii. Low and irregular earning.		
	iii. Insecure jobs and no other benefits.		
	iv. They are vulnerable people so need economic/ social		
	protection.		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
	OR		
	Activities in the private sector		
	i Our analysis of accepts and delivery of any institute by the	ECO	2
	i. Ownership of assets and delivery of services is in the hands of	PG-32	3
	private individuals or companies.		
	ii. Motive is to earn profit.		
	iii. Work according to price mechanism		
	iv. To get services from private sector we have to pay money to these individuals and companies		
	v. Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited (TISCO) or Reliance		
	industries Limited (RIL) are privately owned.		
	vi. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
22.	Discrimination faced by women		
	i. Indian Parents prefer male child and abort female.	DP-pg 42,	
	ii. The parents do not spend equally on education of girls.	43	3
	iii. Women are paid less than men in various field instead of equal		
	work/ hours.		
	iv. Domestic violence		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be described		
	OR		

	Changes in castes and caste system in India		
	i. Old notions of caste hierarchy are breaking down		
	, ·	DP	
	i. Due to Economic development.	PG 51	3
	ii. Due to Large scale urbanization.		
	iii. Due to Growth of literacy and education.		
	iv. Due to Occupational mobility.		
	v. Breaking down of old caste hierarchy.		
	vi. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be described		
23.	Distribution of power between Centre and State		
	i. The constitution clearly distributes Legislative Powers between		
	State and Union Government.	DP-pg	3
	ii. Subjects of National Importance like Foreign affairs/ banking	16,17	
	came under union list of Central Government.		
	iii. Subjects of Local importance like Police, Trade came under		
	state government under State list.		
	iv. Subject of common interest like education/ marriage came		
	under Concurrent list of both Centre and State government.	70	
	v. Any other relevant point.	N	
	Any three points to be described.		
24.	International Trade is called Economic Barometer for a country :		
	i. Advancement of International Trade is considered index of		
	economic prosperity.	G-pg 90,	
	ii. Value of Export exceeds of a nation raise its economy.	91	3
	iii. Value of import exceeds of nation create downfall in economy.		
	iv. Large Foreign exchange can be collected by export of nation.		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
25.			
	Source Based Question	H.Pg-36	1+1+1=
			3
	25.1 Explain the understanding of swaraj for plantation workers		
	Right to move freely in and out of the confined space. (1)		
	25.2 Explain the inland immigration act of 1859 as a barrier to		
	freedom of plantation workers.		
	Plantation workers were not permitted to have move from		
	tea gardens without permission. (1)		
	I	1	<u>I</u>

	25.3 Explain the main outcome of the participation of workers in		
	the Non-Cooperation Movement.		
	i. They were caught by the police and brutally beaten up.		
	ii. Any other relevant point		
26	Any one (1)		
26.	Three Flows identified by the economists during 19th century	H-pg 57	3
	i. Flow of trade in goods (wheat or clothes).		
	ii. Flow of people (Migration of people in search of		
	employment).		
	iii. Flow of Capital for Short/ Long term investment.		
	iv. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be described.		
	OR		
	Textile exports from India		
	i. Finer variety of cotton came only from India.	H-pg 89	3
	ii. Variety of Indian merchants/ banker were involved in this		
	network of export of trade.		
	iii. They gave advances to weavers/ procured the woven clothes	- 1	
	from weaving villages.	0.10	
	iv. Any other relevant point.	4.8	
	Any three points to be described.		
27.	Different people of urban areas have different development goals :		
	 They have different aspirations and desires like equality, 		3
	security	Eco-pg 4	
	ii. Urban unemployed youth need better options of employment.		
	iii. Urban women want more liberty and secure environment.		
	iv. Daily wages workers want more and more wages and safe		
	working conditions.		
	v. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
28.	Importance of equitable distribution of resources		
	i. For a sustained quality of life.	G-pg 03	3
	ii. To eliminate the difference between rich and poor in the		
	society		
	iii. To reduce poverty		
	iv. To maintain Global Peace.		
	v. To prevent our planet from danger.		
	vi. Any other relevant point.		
	,		
	Any three points to be described.		

	OR		
	Resources for human survival		
	 i. Human can transform material into resources and use them. ii. Human beings use resources as raw material to satisfy their needs and comforts. 	G-pg 03	3
	iii. They use them for making clothes, food, construct housesiv. They use energy resources like coal, gases, etc.v. for generating power, electricity or as a fuel to run vehicles,		
	factories etc. vi. Resources help to main quality of life too. vii. Any other relevant point.		
	Any three points to be explained		
	SECTION C		
29.	 Self Help Groups They help rural poor/ women to became self-reliant. Regular meetings of SHG's provide platform to discuss social issues such as health, nutrition, domestic violence. SHG's help borrower to overcome of problem of collateral. They also develop pool of saving. They also reduce poverty Create opportunities for self-employment. Any other relevant point. Any five points to be explained 	Eco-pg 50, 51	5
	Money in everyday life i. Goods are bought and sold with the use of money. ii. Many kinds of services are also exchanged with money. iii. Use of money reduce the need of double coincidence of wants. iv. A person holding money can easily exchange with goods/ services. v. For ex. A shoe manufacturer wants to sell shoes and buy wheat so he needs to sell his shoes and then only he can buy wheat. vi. Any other relevant point. Any five points to be explained	Eco-pg 39,40	5
30.	Challenges faced by farmers i. Stiff competitions with farmers of developed countries. ii. Green revolution promised much but create land degradation. iii. Lack of subsidies and support from our government.	PG- 42G	5

	iv. Lack of modern ways and technology in agriculture.		
	v. Farmers are badly affected by uncertainties of production and		
	market.		
	vi. Small land sizes also create low production of crops.		
	vii. Any other relevant point.		
	Any five points to be explained		
31.	Importance of political parties		
	i. Political parties frame policies and programs		
	ii. Political parties frame laws	Pg-72	
	iii. Parties form and run governments	DP	5
	iv. Parties recruit leaders, train them and then make them		
	ministers to run the government in the way they want.		
	v. Act as opposition:		
	vi. Criticize the government for its failures or wrong policies.		
	vii. Shaping public opinion:		
	viii. They raise and highlight issues.		
	of problems faced by people.	70	
	x. Access to government machinery and welfare schemes	200	
	xi. Any other relevant point.		
	Any five points to be explained		
32.	1830 as the year of great hardship		
	i. First half of 19 th century saw enormous increase in population		
	in Europe.	H-pg 15	5
	ii. Number of job seekers greater than employment.		
	iii. Migration of large population from rural to urban areas.		
	iv. Stiff competition from imports of cheap machine-made goods		
	from England.		
	v. The aristocracy still enjoyed power privileges.		
	vi. Peasants struggled under burden of Feudal dues.		
	vii. Rise of food prices due to bad harvest.		
	viii. Any other relevant point.		
	Any five points to be described.		
	OR		
	Nationalism aligned with imperialism became the cause of First	H-pg 27	5
	World War	11-P8 47	
	vvoliu vvai		
	i. The spread of the ideas of romantic nationalism in the Balkans		
	together with the disintegration of the Ottoman Empire.		
	ii. Intense rivalry among the European powers over trade,		
	1		

	colonies, naval and military might.		
	iii. The anti-imperial movements that developed everywhere		
	were nationalist.		
	iv. They all struggled to form independent nation state.		
	v. They were inspired by sense of collective national unity.		
	vi. European ideas of nationalism developed their own variety of		
	nationalism.		
	vii. Any other relevant point.		
	To be evaluated as a whole		
33.	Democracy is based on political equality.		
	i. Democracy have formal constitutions	PG-90	
	ii. They hold elections	DP-	
	iii. They have parties		5
	iv. They guarantee rights of citizens.		
	v. Promotes equality among citizens		
	vi. Enhances the dignity of the individual		
	vii. Improves the quality of decision making		
	viii. Provides a method to resolve conflict	- 4	
	ix. Democracy guarantee right to vote to all citizens	AY.	
	x. Any other relevant point.	18	
	Any five points to be described.		
34.	Source based question	E-PG	2+2+1=
	Source A – Foreign trade and the integration of markets	59-67	5
	34.1 How does foreign trade integrate market?		
	i) Foreign trade creates an opportunity for the producers		
	to reach beyond the domestic markets.		
	ii) Producers can sell their products in the markets located		
	in other countries.		
	iii) It helps for expanding the choice of goods beyond		
	domestic market.		
	iv) It is a main channel connecting countries		
	v) Any other relevant point		
	Any two points (2)		
	Source B - Globalization		
	34.2 How is globalization expanding human activity across regions and continents?		
	i. Movement of people from one country to another in search of better income/ jobs/ education.		
	ii. Globalization creates greater opportunities for large markets around the world.		
	iii. countries have more access to capital flows		
	iii. Countries have more access to capital nows		

	iv. technology, human capital,		
	v. cheaper imports and larger export markets		
	vi. Any other relevant point		
	Any two points (2)		
	Source -C World Trade Organization		
	34.3- The actions and methods of the WTO have evoked strong		
	debate. Explain		
	i. Rules of WTO forced developing countries to remove trade		
	barriers which is unfair in interest of developing countries.		
	i) Any other relevant point		
	Any one point (1)		
	35 a and 35 b - see attached map	2+4=6	
		214-0	
35.			
	Map for visually impaired candidates		
		1X6=6	
	35.1 DANDI		
	. 35.2 KHEDA		
	. 35.3 ODISHA		
	35.4 ODISHA		
	35.5 MAHARASHTRA		
	356. TAMIL NADU		
	. 35.7 AMRITSAR		
	35.8 MOHALI		

