

EXERCISE 8.1

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- 1. Write the following using numbers, literals and signs of basic operations. State what each letter represents:
- (i) The diameter of a circle is twice its radius.
- (ii) The area of a rectangle is the product of its length and breadth.
- (iii) The selling price equals the sum of the cost price and the profit.
- (iv) The total amount equals the sum of the principal and the interest.
- (v) The perimeter of a rectangle is two times the sum of its length and breadth.
- (vi) The perimeter of a square is four times its side. Solution:
- (i) Consider d as the diameter and r as the radius of the circle Hence, we get d = 2r.
- (ii) Consider A as the area, l as the length and b as the breadth of a rectangle Hence, we get $A = 1 \times b$.
- (iii) Consider S.P as the selling price, C.P as the cost price and P as the profit Hence, we get S.P = C.P + P
- (iv) Consider A as the amount, P as the principal and I as the interest Hence, we get A = P + I
- (v) Consider P as the perimeter, l as the length and b as the breadth of a rectangle Hence, P = 2 (1 + b)
- (vi) Consider P as the perimeter and a as the side of a square Hence, P = 4a
- 2. Write the following using numbers, literals and signs of basic operations:
- (i) The sum of 6 and x.
- (ii) 3 more than a number y.
- (iii) One-third of a number x.
- (iv) One-half of the sum of number x and y.
- (v) Number y less than a number 7.
- (vi) 7 taken away from x.
- (vii) 2 less than the quotient of x and y.
- (viii) 4 times x taken away from one-third of y.
- (ix) Quotient of x by 3 is multiplied by y.

Solution:

- (i) The sum of 6 and x can be written as 6 + x.
- (ii) 3 more than a number y can be written as y + 3.
- (iii) One-third of a number x can be written as x/3.
- (iv) One-half of the sum of number x and y can be written as (x + y)/2.



- (v) Number y less than a number 7 can be written as 7 y.
- (vi) 7 taken away from x can be written as x 7.
- (vii) 2 less than the quotient of x and y can be written as x/y 2.
- (viii) 4 times x taken away from one-third of y can be written as y/3 4x.
- (ix) Quotient of x by 3 is multiplied by y can be written as xy/3.

3. Think of a number. Multiply by 5. Add 6 to the result. Subtract y from this result. What is the result? Solution:

Consider x as the number. Multiplying the number by 5 = 5xAgain add 6 to the number = 5x + 6By subtracting y from the above equation = 5x + 6 - y.

Hence, the result is 5x + 6 - y.

4. The number of rooms on the ground floor of a building is 12 less than the twice of the number of rooms on first floor. If the first floor has x rooms, how many rooms does the ground floor has? Solution:

Consider y as the number of rooms on the ground floor

We know that

The number of rooms on the first floor = x

It is given that number of rooms on the ground floor of a building is 12 less than the twice of the number of rooms on first floor

So we get y = 2x - 12

Hence, the rooms on the ground floor is y = 2x - 12.

5. Binny spend Rs a daily and saves Rs b per week. What is her income for two weeks? Solution:

Amount spent by Binny = Rs a

Amount saved by Binny = Rs b

Amount spent by Binny in one week = 7a

So the total income for one week = Amount spent by Binny in one week + Amount saved by Binny

Substituting the values

Total income for one week = 7a + b

We get Binny's income for 2 weeks = 2(7a + b) = Rs 14a + 2b

Hence, the income of Binny for two weeks is Rs 14a + 2b.

6. Rahul scores 80 marks in English and x marks in Hindi. What is his total score in the two subjects? Solution:



Marks scored by Rahul in English = 80Marks scored by Rahul in Hindi = xSo the total scores in the two subjects = x + 80

Hence, the total score of Rahul in two subjects is x + 80.

7. Rohit covers x centimetres in one step. How much distance does he cover in y steps? Solution:

Distance covered by Rohit in one step = x cm So the distance covered by Rohit in y steps = xy cm

Hence, Rohit covers xy cm in y steps.

8. One apple weighs 75 grams and one orange weighs 40 grams. Determine the weight of x apples and y oranges.

Solution:

Weight of one apple = 75 g Weight of one orange = 40 g So the weight of x apples = 75x g So the weight of y oranges = 40y g We get the weight of x apples and y oranges = (75x + 40y) g

Hence, the weight of x apples and y oranges is (75x + 40y) g.

9. One pencil costs Rs 2 and one fountain pen costs Rs 15. What is the cost of x pencils and y fountain pens? Solution:

Cost of one pencil = Rs 2 Cost of one fountain pen = Rs 15 Cost of x pencils = 2xCost of y fountain pens = 15ySo the cost of x pencils and y fountain pens = Rs (2x + 15y)

Hence, the cost of x pencils and y fountain pens is Rs (2x + 15y).



Solution:

EXERCISE 8.2

1 Write each of the following products in exponential form:

1. Write each of the following products in exponential form: (i) a × a × a × a × 15 times (ii) 8 × b × b × a × a × a × a (iii) 5 × a × a × a × b × b × c × c × c (iv) 7 × a × a × a 8 times × b × b × b × 5 times (v) 4 × a × a × 5 times × b × b × 12 times × c × c 15 times Solution:
(i) $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{a} \times \dots \dots 15$ times is written in exponential form as \mathbf{a}^{15} .
(ii) $8 \times b \times b \times a \times a \times a \times a$ is written in exponential form as $8a^4b^3$.
(iii) $5 \times a \times a \times b \times b \times c \times c \times c$ is written in exponential form as $5a^3b^2c^3$.
(iv) $7 \times a \times a \times a \times a \dots 8$ times $\times b \times b \times b \times b \times \dots 5$ times is written in exponential form as $7a^8b^5$.
(v) $4 \times a \times a \times$ 5 times $\times b \times b \times$ 12 times $\times c \times c$ 15 times is written in exponential form as $4a^5b^{12}c^{15}$.
2. Write each of the following in the product form: (i) $a^2 b^5$ (ii) $8x^3$ (iii) $7a^3b^4$ (iv) $15 a^9b^8c^6$ (v) $30x^4y^4z^5$ (vi) $43p^{10}q^5r^{15}$ (vii) $17p^{12}q^{20}$ Solution:
(i) $a^2 b^5$ is written in the product form as $a \times a \times b \times b \times b \times b \times b$.
(ii) $8x^3$ is written in the product form as $8 \times x \times x \times x$.
(iii) $7a^3b^4$ is written in the product form as $7 \times a \times a \times b \times b \times b \times b$.
(iv) $15 \text{ a}^9 \text{b}^8 \text{c}^6$ is written in the product form as $15 \times \text{a} \times \text{a}$ 9 times $\times \text{b} \times \text{b} \times$ 8 times $\times \text{c} \times \text{c} \times$ 6 times.
(v) $30x^4y^4z^5$ is written in the product form as $30 \times x \times x \times x \times x \times y \times y \times y \times z \times z \times z \times z \times z$.
(vi) $43p^{10}q^5r^{15}$ is written in the product form as $43 \times p \times p \dots 10$ times $\times q \times q \dots 5$ times $\times r \times r \times \dots 15$ times.
(vii) $17p^{12}q^{20}$ is written in the product form as $17 \times p \times p \dots 12$ times $\times q \times q \times \dots 20$ times.
3. Write down each of the following in exponential form: (i) $4a^3 \times 6ab^2 \times c^2$ (ii) $5xy \times 3x^2y \times 7y^2$ (iii) $a^3 \times 3ab^2 \times 2a^2b^2$



- (i) $4a^3 \times 6ab^2 \times c^2$ is written in exponential form as $24a^4b^2c^2$.
- (ii) $5xy \times 3x^2y \times 7y^2$ is written in exponential form as $105x^3y^4$.
- (iii) $a^3 \times 3ab^2 \times 2a^2b^2$ is written in exponential form as $6a^6b^4$.
- 4. The number of bacteria in a culture is x now. It becomes square of itself after one week. What will be its number after two weeks?

Solution:

Number of bacteria in a culture = x It is given that Number of bacteria becomes square of itself in one week = x^2 So the number of bacteria after two weeks = $(x^2)^2 = x^4$

Hence, the number of bacteria after two weeks is x^4 .

5. The area of a rectangle is given by the product of its length and breadth. The length of a rectangle is two-third of its breadth. Find its area if its breadth is x cm. Solution:

It is given that Area of rectangle = $1 \times b$ Breadth = x cm Length = (2/3) x cm So the area of the rectangle = (2/3) x \times x = 2/3 x² cm²

Hence, the area of rectangle is (2/3) x² cm².

6. If there are x rows of chairs and each row contains x^2 chairs. Determine the total number of chairs. Solution:

Number of rows of chairs = x Each row contains = x^2 chairs So the total number of chairs = number of rows of chairs × chairs in each row We get Total number of chairs = $x \times x^2 = x^3$

Hence, the total number of chairs is x^3 .



OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

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Mark the correct alternative in each of the following:

1. 5 more than twice a number x is written as

- (a) 5 + x + 2
- **(b)** 2x + 5
- (c) 2x 5
- (d) 5x + 2

Solution:

The option (b) is correct answer.

5 more than twice a number x is written as 2x + 5.

2. The quotient of x by 2 is added to 5 is written as

- (a) x/2 + 5
- (b) 2/x+5
- (c) (x+2)/5
- (d) x/(2+5)

Solution:

The option (a) is correct answer.

The quotient of x by 2 is added to 5 is written as x/2 + 5.

3. The quotient of x by 3 is multiplied by y is written as

- (a) x/3y
- (b) 3x/y
- (c) 3y/x
- (d) xy/3

Solution:

The option (d) is correct answer.

It can be written as

 $x/3 \times y = xy/3$

4. 9 taken away from the sum of x and y is

- (a) x + y 9
- (b) 9 (x+y)
- (c) x+y/9
- (d) 9/x+y

Solution:

The option (a) is correct answer.

9 taken away from the sum of x and y is x + y - 9.

5. The quotient of x by y added to the product of x and y is written as

- (a) x/y + xy
- (b) y/x + xy
- (c) xy+x/y
- (d) xy+y/x

Solution:

The option (a) is correct answer.

The quotient of x by y added to the product of x and y is written as x/y + xy.

6. $a^2b^3 \times 2ab^2$ is equal to

- (a) $2a^3b^4$
- **(b)** $2a^3b^5$
- (c) 2ab
- (d) a^3b^5

Solution:

The option (b) is correct answer.

It can be written as

$$a^2b^3 \times 2ab^2 = 2a^2 \times a \times b^3 \times b^2 = 2a^3b^5.$$

7. $4a^2b^3 \times 3ab^2 \times 5a^3b$ is equal to

- (a) $60a^3b^5$
- (b) $60a^6b^5$
- (c) $60a^6b^6$
- (d) a^6b^6

Solution:

The option (c) is correct answer.

It can be written as

$$4a^{2}b^{3} \times 3ab^{2} \times 5a^{3}b = 4 \times 3 \times 5 \times a^{2} \times a \times a^{3} \times b^{3} \times b^{2} \times b = 60a^{6}b^{6}$$

8. If $2x^2y$ and $3xy^2$ denote the length and breadth of a rectangle, then its area is

- (a) 6xy
- **(b)** $6x^2v^2$
- (c) $6x^3y^3$
- (d) x^3v^3

Solution:

The option (c) is correct answer.

We know that area of a rectangle = length \times breadth

By substituting the values

Area =
$$2x^2y \times 3xy^2 = 6x^3y^3$$

9. In a room there are x^2 rows of chairs and each two contains $2x^2$ chairs. The total number of chairs in the room is

- (a) $2x^{3}$
- (b) $2x^4$
- (c) x^4
- (d) $x^4/2$

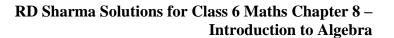
Solution:

The option (b) is correct answer.

We know that

Total number of chairs in the room = Number of rows \times Number of chairs

By substituting the values





Total number of chairs in the room = $x^2 \times 2x^2 = 2x^4$

10. $a^3 \times 2a^2b \times 3ab^5$ is equal to (a) a^6b^6 (b) $23a^6b^6$ (c) $6a^6b^6$

(d) None of these

Solution:

The option (c) is correct answer.

It can be written as
$$a^3 \times 2a^2b \times 3ab^5 = 2 \times 3a^3 \times a^2 \times a \times b \times b^5 = 6a^6b^6$$

